

CHAPTER 1137**TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS INVOLVING LAW ENFORCEMENT
OR EMERGENCY RESPONSE VEHICLES***H.F. 540*

AN ACT relating to reports of traffic accidents involving certified law enforcement officers and other emergency responders.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. NEW SECTION. 321.267A TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS INVOLVING CERTIFIED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS OR OTHER EMERGENCY RESPONDERS — REPORTS.

1. Any traffic accident involving the operation of a motor vehicle by a certified law enforcement officer or other emergency responder shall be reported to the department by the officer's or responder's employer. The officer's or responder's employer shall certify to the department whether or not the accident occurred in the line of duty while operating an official government vehicle or during the responder's deployment on an emergency call. Such a certification is effective only for the purposes of this section.

2. Notwithstanding section 321.200, upon receiving a certification pursuant to subsection 1, the department shall not include a notation of the accident described in the certification on the officer's or responder's driving record.

3. The provisions of this section shall not relieve a certified law enforcement officer or other emergency responder operating a motor vehicle of the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all persons.

4. For the purposes of this section, "certified law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement officer who is certified through the Iowa law enforcement academy as provided in section 80B.13, subsection 3, or section 80B.17.

5. For the purposes of this section, "other emergency responder" means a fire fighter certified as a fire fighter I pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 100B and trained in emergency driving or an emergency medical responder certified under chapter 147A and trained in emergency driving.

Approved May 30, 2006

CHAPTER 1138**CITY GOVERNANCE***H.F. 2282*

AN ACT relating to city government by providing for the election of mayor and city council members in a city governed by the council-manager-at-large form of city government and by providing for city continuity when concurrent city council vacancies exist.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 372.6, Code 2005, is amended to read as follows:

372.6 COUNCIL-MANAGER-AT-LARGE FORM.

1. A city governed by the council-manager-at-large form has five council members elected

at large for staggered four-year terms. At the first meeting of the new term following each city election, the council shall elect one of the council members to serve as mayor, and one to serve as mayor pro tem. The mayor is a member of the council and may vote on all matters before the council. As soon as possible after the beginning of the new term following each city election, the council shall appoint a manager.

2. a. The city council of a city governed by the council-manager-at-large form may adopt a resolution on its own motion, or shall adopt a resolution if a petition valid under section 362.4 is filed with the city clerk, proposing that the city be governed by a mayor elected by the people for a four-year term and four council members elected at large. After adoption of the resolution, the council shall direct the county commissioner of elections to put the proposal on the ballot for the next general election or the next regular city election, whichever occurs first. If the ballot proposal is approved, the city council shall adopt an ordinance meeting the requirements of paragraph "b", and the ordinance is effective beginning with the next following regular city election.

b. The ordinance shall provide that the mayor is a member of the council and may vote on all matters before the council. The ordinance shall provide that the term of office of the mayor is four years and, after each regular city election, the mayor shall appoint a council member as mayor pro tem. The ordinance shall provide that the mayor is a member of the council for purposes of maintaining staggered terms on the council. A council member's term shall not be shortened or lengthened as a means of initially implementing the ordinance.

c. An ordinance adopted and approved under this subsection is not subject to repeal until the ordinance has been in effect for at least six years. The question of repeal of the ordinance is subject to the requirements of paragraph "a".

3. The council may by ordinance provide that the city will be governed by council-manager-ward form. The ordinance must provide for the election of the mayor and council members required under council-manager-ward form at the next regular city election.

Sec. 2. Section 372.13, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 2005, is amended to read as follows:

b. By a special election held to fill the office for the remaining balance of the unexpired term. If the council opts for a special election or a valid petition is filed under paragraph "a", the special election may be held concurrently with any pending election as provided by section 69.12 if by so doing the vacancy will be filled not more than ninety days after it occurs. Otherwise, a special election to fill the office shall be called by the council at the earliest practicable date. If there are concurrent vacancies on the council and the remaining council members do not constitute a quorum of the full membership, a special election shall be called at the earliest practicable date. The council shall give the county commissioner at least sixty thirty-two days' written notice of the date chosen for the special election. The council of a city where a primary election may be required shall give the county commissioner at least eighty-five sixty days' written notice of the date chosen for the special election. A special election held under this subsection is subject to sections 376.4 through 376.11, but the dates for actions in relation to the special election, including dates for filing of nomination petitions, shall be calculated with regard to the date for which the special election is called.

If there are concurrent vacancies on the council and the remaining council members do not constitute a quorum of the full membership, a special election shall be called by the county commissioner at the earliest practicable date. The remaining council members shall give notice to the county commissioner of the absence of a quorum. If there are no remaining council members, the city clerk shall give notice to the county commissioner of the absence of a council. If the office of city clerk is vacant, the city attorney shall give notice to the county commissioner of the absence of a clerk and a council. Notice of the need for a special election shall be given under this paragraph by the end of the following business day.

Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 372.13A PAYMENTS WITHOUT PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF COUNCIL.

1. If concurrent vacancies exist on the council and the remaining council members do not

constitute a quorum of the full membership, the city clerk is authorized to make the following payments without prior approval of the council:

a. For fixed charges including but not limited to freight, express, postage, water, light, telephone service, or contractual services, after a bill is filed with the clerk.

b. For salaries and payrolls if the compensation has been fixed or approved by the council. The salary or payroll shall be certified by the officer or supervisor under whose direction or supervision the compensation is earned.

2. If concurrent vacancies exist on the council and the remaining council members do not constitute a quorum of the full membership and the office of city clerk is vacant, the county auditor of the county where the city is located shall make the payments described in subsection 1 without prior approval of the council.

3. The bills paid under this section shall be submitted to the city council for review and approval at the next regular meeting following payment in which a quorum of the council is present.

Approved May 30, 2006

CHAPTER 1139

STATE UNIVERSITY ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS STUDY

H.F. 2395

AN ACT directing the state board of regents to conduct a study of the admissions requirements common to the state universities.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. STATE BOARD OF REGENTS UNIVERSITY ADMISSIONS STUDY. The state board of regents shall conduct a study relating to the admission requirements common to the three state universities, including administrative rule 681 IAC 1.1 (1), which provides that graduates of approved Iowa high schools who have the subject matter backgrounds as recommended by each university and who rank in the upper one-half of their graduating class will be admitted. The state board shall submit a report to the senate and house of representatives standing committees on education by January 8, 2007, regarding the findings and recommendations of the study.

Approved May 30, 2006