- 2. Within a reasonable amount of time following receipt of the state implementation plan, if the general assembly is in session, the senate standing committee on natural resources and environment and the house of representatives standing committee on environmental protection shall convene public hearings to receive comments from agencies of government and other interested parties on the prospective impact of the state implementation plan on this state's economy and environment, including impacts on energy use, the environment, economic development, utility costs and rates, transportation fuel costs, and industrial competitiveness. If the general assembly is not in session, the legislative council may convene public hearings for the same purposes.
- 3. The department shall not implement the state implementation plan through the use of emergency rules adopted under section 17A.4, subsection 2, or made effective under section 17A.5, subsection 2.
- 4. In the absence of a recommendation or other act of the general assembly, or of the legislative council if the general assembly is not in session, endorsing the state implementation plan, the director shall not submit to the United States environmental protection agency any state implementation plan related to ozone transport which would impose emission controls in Iowa more stringent than necessary for Iowa to demonstrate attainment with any national ambient air quality standard for ozone, unless all of the following can be shown:
- a. Emissions from other than natural sources located within the state of Iowa contribute at a level greater than eight parts per billion to nonattainment of an ozone standard in another state.
- b. Technically feasible emission reductions in such other nonattaining state would not permit the nonattaining state to demonstrate attainment and maintenance of an ozone standard.
- c. Technically and economically feasible emission reductions in the state of Iowa will significantly benefit or enable a nonattaining state to achieve the ozone standard.
 - Sec. 3. 1997 Iowa Acts, chapter 12, is repealed.

Approved April 29, 1999

CHAPTER 93

ASSOCIATE JUVENILE AND PROBATE JUDGES

H.F. 647

AN ACT relating to judges, concerning associate juvenile judges, and associate probate judges.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 46.16, Code 1999, is amended by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Subject to removal for cause, the initial term of office of a full-time associate juvenile judge or a full-time associate probate judge shall be for one year after appointment and until January 1 following the next judicial election after expiration of such year, and the regular term of office of a full-time associate juvenile judge or a full-time associate probate judge retained at a judicial election shall be four years from the expiration of the initial or previous regular term, as the case may be.

Sec. 2. Section 46.20, Code 1999, is amended to read as follows:

46.20 DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY.

At least one hundred four days before the judicial election preceding expiration of the initial or regular term of office, a judge of the supreme court, court of appeals, or district court including district associate judges, <u>full-time associate juvenile judges</u>, or <u>full-time associate probate judges</u>, or a clerk of the district court who is required to stand for retention under section 602.1216 may file a declaration of candidacy with the state commissioner of elections to stand for retention or rejection at that election. If a judge or clerk fails to file the declaration, the office shall be vacant at the end of the term. District associate judges, <u>full-time associate judges</u>, and <u>full-time associate probate judges</u> filing the declaration shall stand for retention in the judicial election district of their residence.

Sec. 3. Section 46.21, Code 1999, is amended to read as follows: 46.21 CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS.

At least sixty-nine days before each judicial election, the state commissioner of elections shall certify to the county commissioner of elections of each county a list of the judges of the supreme court, court of appeals, and district court including district associate judges, full-time associate juvenile judges, and full-time associate probate judges, and clerks of the district court to be voted on in each county at that election. The county commissioner of elections shall place the names upon the ballot in the order in which they appear in the certificate, unless only one county is voting thereon. The state commissioner of elections shall rotate the names in the certificate by county, or the county commissioner of elections shall rotate them upon the ballot by precinct if only one county is voting thereon. The names of all judges and clerks to be voted on shall be placed upon one ballot, which shall be in substantially the following form:

STATE OF IOWA JUDICIAL BALLOT (Date)

VOTE ON ALL NAMES BY PLACING AN X IN THE APPROPRIATE BOX AFTER EACH NAME.

SUPREME COURT

Shall the following judges of the Supreme Court be retained in office?

CANDIDATE'S NAME YES NO CANDIDATE'S NAME YES NO

COURT OF APPEALS

Shall the following judges of the Court of Appeals be retained in office?

CANDIDATE'S NAME YES NO
CANDIDATE'S NAME YES NO
DISTRICT COURT

Shall the following judge, or associate judge, associate judge, or associate probate judge of the District Court be retained in office?

CANDIDATE'S NAME YES NO

Shall the following clerk of the District Court be retained in office?

CANDIDATE'S NAME YES NO

Sec. 4. Section 46.24, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1999, is amended to read as follows:

A judge of the supreme court, court of appeals, or district court including a district associate judge, <u>full-time associate juvenile judge</u>, or <u>full-time associate probate judge</u>, or a clerk of the district court must receive more affirmative than negative votes to be retained in office. When the poll is closed, the election judges shall publicly canvass the vote forthwith. The board of supervisors shall canvass the returns on the Monday or Tuesday after the election, and shall promptly certify the number of affirmative and negative votes on each judge or clerk to the state commissioner of elections.

- Sec. 5. Section 602.1501, Code 1999, is amended by adding the following new subsection: <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 4A. Full-time associate juvenile judges and full-time associate probate judges shall receive the salary set by the general assembly.
 - Sec. 6. Section 602.6104, subsection 1, Code 1999, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The jurisdiction of the Iowa district court shall be exercised by district judges, district associate judges, associate judges, associate judges, and magistrates.
 - Sec. 7. Section 602.7103, Code 1999, is amended to read as follows:
 - 602.7103 ASSOCIATE JUVENILE JUDGE PROCEDURE JURISDICTION APPEALS.
- 1. The chief judge may appoint and may remove for cause with due process an associate juvenile judge. The associate juvenile judge shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in this state, and shall be qualified for duties by training and experience.
- 2.1. The An associate juvenile judge shall have the same jurisdiction to conduct juvenile court proceedings, to issue warrants, nontestimonial identification orders, and contempt arrest warrants for adults in juvenile court proceedings, and to issue orders, findings, and decisions as the judge of the juvenile court. However, the appointing* judge may limit the exercise of juvenile court jurisdiction by the associate juvenile judge.
- 3. 2. The parties to a proceeding heard by an associate juvenile judge are entitled to appeal the order, finding, or decision of an associate juvenile judge, in the manner of an appeal from orders, findings, or decisions of district court judges. An appeal does not automatically stay the order, finding, or decision of an associate juvenile judge.
- Sec. 8. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 602.7103A PART-TIME ASSOCIATE JUVENILE JUDGE APPOINTMENT REMOVAL QUALIFICATIONS.

The chief judge may appoint and may remove for cause with due process a part-time associate juvenile judge. The part-time associate juvenile judge shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in this state, and shall be qualified for duties by training and experience.

- Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 602.7103B APPOINTMENT AND RESIGNATION OF FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE JUVENILE JUDGES.
- 1. Full-time associate juvenile judges shall be appointed by the district judges of the judicial election district from persons nominated by the county magistrate appointing commission. In the case of a full-time associate juvenile judge to be appointed to more than one county, the appointment shall be from persons nominated by the county magistrate appointing commissions acting jointly and in the case of a full-time associate juvenile judge to be appointed to more than one judicial election district of the same judicial district, the appointment shall be by a majority of the district judges in each judicial election district.
- 2. In November of any year in which an impending vacancy is created because a full-time associate juvenile judge is not retained in office pursuant to a judicial election, the county magistrate appointing commission shall publicize notice of the vacancy in at least two publications in the official county newspaper. The commission shall accept applications for consideration for nomination as full-time associate juvenile judge for a minimum of fifteen days prior to certifying nominations. The commission shall consider the applications and shall, by majority vote, certify to the chief judge of the judicial district not later than December 15 of that year the names of three applicants who are nominated by the commission for the vacancy. If there are three or fewer applicants, the commission shall certify all applicants who meet the statutory qualifications. Nominees shall be chosen solely on the basis of the qualifications of the applicants, and political affiliation shall not be considered.
- 3. Within thirty days after a county magistrate appointing commission receives notification of an actual or impending vacancy in the office of full-time associate juvenile judge, other than a vacancy referred to in subsection 2, the commission shall certify to the chief judge of the judicial district the names of three applicants who are nominated by the

^{*} See chapter 208, §60 herein

commission for the vacancy. The commission shall publicize notice of the vacancy in at least two publications in the official county newspaper. The commission shall accept applications for consideration for nomination as full-time associate juvenile judge for a minimum of fifteen days prior to certifying nominations. The commission shall consider the applications and shall, by majority vote, certify to the chief judge of the judicial district the names of three applicants who are nominated by the commission for the vacancy. If there are three or fewer applicants, the commission shall certify all applicants who meet the statutory qualifications. Nominees shall be chosen solely on the basis of the qualifications of the applicants, and political affiliation shall not be considered. As used in this subsection, a vacancy is created by the death, retirement, resignation, or removal of a full-time associate juvenile judge, or by an increase in the number of positions authorized.

- 4. Within fifteen days after the chief judge of a judicial district has received the list of nominees to fill a vacancy in the office of full-time associate juvenile judge, the district judges in the judicial election district shall, by majority vote, appoint one of those nominees to fill the vacancy.
- 5. A full-time associate juvenile judge who seeks to resign from the office of district associate* judge shall notify in writing the chief judge of the judicial district as to the full-time associate juvenile judge's intention to resign and the effective date of the resignation. The chief judge of the judicial district, upon receipt of the notice, shall notify the county magistrate appointing commission and the state court administrator of the actual or impending vacancy in the office of full-time associate juvenile judge due to resignation.
- 6. The supreme court may prescribe rules of procedure to be used by county magistrate appointing commissions when exercising the duties specified in this section.
- Sec. 10. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 602.7103C FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE JUVENILE JUDGES TERM, RETENTION, QUALIFICATIONS.
- 1. Full-time associate juvenile judges shall serve terms and shall stand for retention in office within the judicial election districts of their residences as provided under sections 46.16 through 46.24.
- 2. A person does not qualify for appointment to the office of full-time associate juvenile judge unless the person is at the time of appointment a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists, licensed to practice law in Iowa, and will be able, measured by the person's age at the time of appointment, to complete the initial term of office prior to reaching age seventy-two. An applicant for full-time associate juvenile judge shall file a certified application form, to be provided by the supreme court, with the chairperson of the county magistrate appointing commission.
- 3. A full-time associate juvenile judge must be a resident of a county in which the office is held during the entire term of office. A full-time associate juvenile judge shall serve within the judicial district in which appointed, as directed by the chief judge, and is subject to reassignment under section 602.6108.
- 4. Full-time associate juvenile judges shall qualify for office as provided in chapter 63 for district judges.
 - Sec. 11. Section 633.20, subsection 3, Code 1999, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The chief judge of a judicial district may appoint an associate probate judge and may remove the associate probate judge for cause following a hearing. The associate probate judge shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in this state and shall be qualified for the position by training and experience. The Aperson appointed as an associate probate judge shall have jurisdiction to audit accounts of fiduciaries and to perform ministerial duties and judicial functions as the court prescribes.
- Sec. 12. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 633.20A PART-TIME ASSOCIATE PROBATE JUDGE APPOINTMENT REMOVAL QUALIFICATIONS.

^{*} See chapter 208, §61 herein

The chief judge of a judicial district may appoint a part-time associate probate judge and may remove the part-time associate probate judge for cause following a hearing. The associate probate judge shall be an attorney admitted to practice law in this state and shall be qualified for the position by training and experience.

Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 633.20B APPOINTMENT AND RESIGNATION OF FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE PROBATE JUDGES.

- 1. Full-time associate probate judges shall be appointed by the district judges of the judicial election district from persons nominated by the county magistrate appointing commission. In the case of a full-time associate probate judge to be appointed to more than one county, the appointment shall be from persons nominated by the county magistrate appointing commissions acting jointly and in the case of a full-time associate probate judge to be appointed to more than one judicial election district of the same judicial district, the appointment shall be by a majority of the district judges in each judicial election district.
- 2. In November of any year in which an impending vacancy is created because a full-time associate probate judge is not retained in office pursuant to a judicial election, the county magistrate appointing commission shall publicize notice of the vacancy in at least two publications in the official county newspaper. The commission shall accept applications for consideration for nomination as full-time associate probate judge for a minimum of fifteen days prior to certifying nominations. The commission shall consider the applications and shall, by majority vote, certify to the chief judge of the judicial district not later than December 15 of that year the names of three applicants who are nominated by the commission for the vacancy. If there are three or fewer applicants, the commission shall certify all applicants who meet the statutory qualifications. Nominees shall be chosen solely on the basis of the qualifications of the applicants, and political affiliation shall not be considered.
- 3. Within thirty days after a county magistrate appointing commission receives notification of an actual or impending vacancy in the office of full-time associate probate judge, other than a vacancy referred to in subsection 2, the commission shall certify to the chief judge of the judicial district the names of three applicants who are nominated by the commission for the vacancy. The commission shall publicize notice of the vacancy in at least two publications in the official county newspaper. The commission shall accept applications for consideration for nomination as full-time associate probate judge for a minimum of fifteen days prior to certifying nominations. The commission shall consider the applications and shall, by majority vote, certify to the chief judge of the judicial district the names of three applicants who are nominated by the commission for the vacancy. If there are three or fewer applicants, the commission shall certify all applicants who meet the statutory qualifications. Nominees shall be chosen solely on the basis of the qualifications of the applicants, and political affiliation shall not be considered. As used in this subsection, a vacancy is created by the death, retirement, resignation, or removal of a full-time associate probate judge, or by an increase in the number of positions authorized.
- 4. Within fifteen days after the chief judge of a judicial district has received the list of nominees to fill a vacancy in the office of full-time associate probate judge, the district judges in the judicial election district shall, by majority vote, appoint one of those nominees to fill the vacancy.
- 5. A full-time associate probate judge who seeks to resign from the office of district associate* judge shall notify in writing the chief judge of the judicial district as to the full-time associate probate judge's intention to resign and the effective date of the resignation. The chief judge of the judicial district, upon receipt of the notice, shall notify the county magistrate appointing commission and the state court administrator of the actual or impending vacancy in the office of full-time associate probate judge due to resignation.
- 6. The supreme court may prescribe rules of procedure to be used by county magistrate appointing commissions when exercising the duties specified in this section.

^{*} See chapter 208, \$62 herein

- Sec. 14. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 633.20C FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE PROBATE JUDGES TERM, RETENTION, QUALIFICATIONS.
- 1. Full-time associate probate judges shall serve terms and shall stand for retention in office within the judicial election districts of their residences as provided under sections 46.16 through 46.24.
- 2. A person does not qualify for appointment to the office of full-time associate probate judge unless the person is at the time of appointment a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists, licensed to practice law in Iowa, and will be able, measured by the person's age at the time of appointment, to complete the initial term of office prior to reaching age seventy-two. An applicant for full-time associate probate judge shall file a certified application form, to be provided by the supreme court, with the chairperson of the county magistrate appointing commission.
- 3. A full-time associate probate judge must be a resident of a county in which the office is held during the entire term of office. A full-time associate probate judge shall serve within the judicial district in which appointed, as directed by the chief judge, and is subject to reassignment under section 602.6108.
- 4. Full-time associate probate judges shall qualify for office as provided in chapter 63 for district judges.
- Sec. 15. FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE JUVENILE AND FULL-TIME ASSOCIATE PROBATE JUDGES AS OF JULY 1, 1999 EXCEPTION RETENTION. Associate juvenile judges and associate probate judges serving full-time as of July 1, 1999, shall, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 46.16, 602.7103B, 602.7103C, 633.20B, and 633.20C to the contrary, remain as full-time associate judges and shall stand for retention in office within the judicial election districts of their residences at the judicial election in 2000 and every four years thereafter, under sections 46.17 through 46.24.

Approved April 29, 1999

CHAPTER 94

MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY — PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES S.F. 211

AN ACT relating to eligibility of certain persons with disabilities under the optional services coverage category of medical assistance.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 249A.3, subsection 2, Code 1999, is amended by adding the following new lettered paragraph before paragraph a and renumbering the subsequent paragraphs:

NEW PARAGRAPH. a. As allowed under 42 U.S.C. § 1396a(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XIII), individuals with disabilities, who are less than sixty-five years of age, who are members of families whose income is less than two hundred fifty percent of the most recently revised official poverty line published by the federal office of management and budget for the family, who have earned income and who are eligible for medical assistance or additional medical assistance under this section if earnings are disregarded. As allowed by 42 U.S.C. § 1396a(r)(2), unearned income shall also be disregarded in determining whether an individual is eligible for assistance under this paragraph. For the purposes of determining the amount of an individual's resources under this paragraph and as allowed by 42 U.S.C.