to be appointed by the majority and minority leaders of the senate, three representatives to be appointed by the speaker and minority leader of the house of representatives, and 11 members appointed by the governor from each of the following targeted technology industries: advanced manufacturing; advanced materials; biomedicine and health sciences; biotechnology; computer and information sciences; electronics and related fields; engineering theory and application; energy and natural resources; environmental sciences; telecommunications; transportation and aerospace; and those established industries that may be using less than state-of-the-art technology. The task force shall make a report of its findings and any recommendations to the governor and general assembly by January 1, 1996.

Sec. 12. REPEALS. Sections 15.341 through 15.348 and 422.16A are repealed June 30, 1997. Section 260F.6, subsection 1, is amended by striking the subsection on June 30, 1997, and the Iowa Code editor shall return the language of section 260F.6, subsection 1, to the language of the 1995 Code of Iowa.

Approved May 19, 1995

CHAPTER 185

INSURANCE REGULATION H.F. 247

AN ACT relating to the regulation of insurance, including the authority of the insurance division to regulate certain policies and contracts and parties to such policies and contracts, providing for coordination of health care benefits with state medical assistance and for continuation of health care benefits pursuant to court-ordered medical child support and for coverage for an adopted child.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 87.4, Code 1995, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

<u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. The workers' compensation premium written on a municipality which is a member of an insurance pool which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage to a statewide group of municipalities, as defined in section 670.1, shall not be considered in the determination of any assessments levied pursuant to an agreement established under section 515A.15.

Sec. 2. Section 144C.4, Code 1995, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 1A. The commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the board.

Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 505.22 CERTAIN RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION ACTIVITIES EXEMPT FROM REGULATION.

A religious organization which, through its publication to subscribers, solicits funds for the payment of medical expenses of other subscribers, shall not be considered to be engaging in the business of insurance for purposes of this chapter or any other provision of Title XIII, and shall not be subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner of insurance, if all of the following apply:

- 1. The religious publication is provided by a nonprofit charitable organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 2. Participation is limited to subscribers who are members of the same denomination or religion.
- 3. The publication is registered with the United States postal service and acts as an organizational clearinghouse for information between subscribers who have financial, physical, or medical needs, and subscribers who choose to assist with those needs, matching subscribers with the present ability to pay with subscribers with a present financial or medical need.
- 4. The organization, through its publication, provides for the payment for subscriber financial or medical needs through direct payments from one subscriber to another.
- 5. The organization, through its publication, suggests amounts to contribute that are voluntary among the subscribers, with no assumption of risk or promise to pay either among the subscribers or between the subscribers and the publication.
 - Sec. 4. Section 507.2, subsection 3, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. In lieu of an examination under this chapter of any foreign or alien insurer licensed in this state, the commissioner may accept an examination report on the company as prepared by the regulatory authority for insurance for the company's state of domicile or port-of-entry state until January 1, 1994. Thereafter, such reports shall only be accepted if the regulatory authority was at the time of the examination accredited under the national association of insurance commissioners' financial regulation standards and accreditation program or the examination is performed under the supervision of an accredited regulatory authority or with the participation of one or more examiners who are employed by the accredited state and who, after a review of the examination work papers and report, state under oath that the examination was performed in a manner consistent with standards and procedures required by their insurance department.
 - Sec. 5. Section 507A.10, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

507A.10 CEASE AND DESIST ORDER - CIVIL PENALTY.

The commissioner Upon a determination by the commissioner, after a hearing conducted pursuant to chapter 17A, that a person or insurer has violated a provision of this chapter, the commissioner shall reduce the findings of the hearing to writing and deliver a copy of the findings to the person or insurer, may issue an order requiring the person or insurer to cease and desist from engaging in the conduct resulting in the violation, and may assess a civil penalty of not more than fifty thousand dollars against a the person or insurer who has violated a provision of this chapter.

Sec. 6. Section 507B.4, subsection 7, Code 1995, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

<u>NEW PARAGRAPH</u>. c. Making or permitting any discrimination in the sale of insurance solely on the basis of domestic abuse as defined in section 236.2.

Sec. 7. Section 508.5, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

508.5 CAPITAL AND SURPLUS REQUIRED.

A stock life insurance company shall not be authorized to transact business under this chapter with less than two million five hundred thousand dollars capital stock fully paid for in cash and two million five hundred thousand dollars of surplus paid in cash or invested as provided by law. A stock life insurance company shall not increase its capital stock unless the amount of the increase is fully paid in cash. The stock shall be divided into shares of not less than one dollar par value each. A stock life insurance company authorized to do business in Iowa that undergoes a change of control as defined under chapter 521A shall maintain the minimum capital and surplus requirements mandated by this section.

Sec. 8. Section 508.9, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

508.9 MUTUAL COMPANIES - CONDITIONS.

Level premium and natural premium life insurance companies organized under the laws of this state upon the mutual plan shall, before issuing policies, have actual applications on at least two hundred and fifty lives for an average amount of one thousand dollars each. A list of the applications giving the name, age, residence, amount of insurance, and annual premium of each applicant shall be filed with the commissioner of insurance, and a deposit made with the commissioner of an amount equal to three-fifths of the whole annual premium on the applications, in cash or the securities required by section 508.5. In addition, a deposit of cash or securities of the character provided by law for the investment of funds for life insurance companies in the sum of five million dollars shall be made with the commissioner, which shall constitute a security fund for the protection of policyholders. The contribution to the security fund shall not give to contributors to the fund or to other persons any voting or other power in the management of the affairs of the company. The security fund may be repaid to the contributors to the security fund with interest at six percent from the date of contribution, at any time, in whole or in part, if the repayment does not reduce the surplus of the company below the amount of five million dollars and then only if consent in writing for the repayment is obtained from the commissioner of insurance. Upon compliance with this section, the commissioner shall issue to the mutual company the certificate prescribed in this chapter. A mutual insurance company authorized to do business in Iowa that undergoes a change of control as defined in chapter 521A shall maintain the minimum surplus requirement mandated by this section.

- Sec. 9. Section 513B.2, subsection 10, paragraph b, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- b. "Health benefit plan" does not include accident-only, credit, dental, <u>Medicare supplement, long-term care</u>, or disability income insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, or automobile medical-payment insurance.
 - Sec. 10. Section 514B.10, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

514B.10 CHARGES—APPROVAL REQUIRED.

No schedule of charges for enrollees coverage for health care services or amendment to the schedule may be used by a health maintenance organization until a copy of the schedule or amendment to the schedule has been filed with and approved by the commissioner. Charges to enrollees may be established in accordance with actuarial principles for various categories of enrollees, but the charges shall not be determined according to the status of an individual enrollee's health or sex and shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.

- Sec. 11. Section 514B.17, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows: 514B.17 CANCELLATION OF ENROLLEES.
- 1. An enrollee enrolled in a prepaid individual plan shall not be canceled except for the failure to pay the charges permitted under section 514B.10 or for other reasons stated in the rules promulgated adopted by the commissioner and subject to review in accordance with chapter 17A. No Except as provided in subsection 2 concerning prepaid group plans, notice of cancellation to an enrollee shall not be effective unless delivered to the enrollee by the health maintenance organization in a manner prescribed by the commissioner and at least thirty days before the effective date of cancellation and unless accompanied by a statement of reason for cancellation. At any time before cancellation of the policy for nonpayment, the enrollee may pay to the health maintenance organization the full amount due, including court costs if any, and from the date of payment by the enrollee or the collection of the judgment, coverage shall revive and be in full force and effect.
- 2. The effect of cancellation of a prepaid group plan providing health care services to enrollees, and the duty to provide notice and liability for benefits, is the same as provided under section 509B.5, subsection 2, for the termination of accident or health insurance for employees or members.

Sec. 12. Section 514C.2, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

514C.2 SKILLED NURSING CARE COVERED IN HOSPITALS.

An insurer, a hospital service corporation, or a medical service corporation, which covers the costs of skilled nursing care under an individual or group policy of accident and health insurance regulated under chapter 509 or 514A, or under a nonprofit hospital or medical and surgical service plan regulated under chapter 514, or a health care service contract regulated under chapter 514B, shall also cover the costs of skilled nursing care in a hospital if the level of care needed by the insured or subscriber has been reclassified from acute care to skilled nursing care and no designated skilled nursing care beds or swing beds are available in the hospital or in another hospital or health care facility within a thirty-mile radius of the hospital. The insurer or corporation shall reimburse the insured or subscriber based on the skilled nursing care rate.

- Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 514C.8 COORDINATION OF HEALTH CARE BENEFITS WITH STATE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE.
- 1. An insurer, health maintenance organization, or hospital and medical service plan providing health care coverage to individuals in this state shall not consider the availability of or eligibility for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act and chapter 249A, when determining eligibility of the individual for coverage or calculating payments to the individual under the health care coverage plan.
- 2. The state acquires the rights of an individual to payment from an insurer, health maintenance organization, or hospital or medical service plan to the extent payment for covered expenses is made pursuant to chapter 249A for health care items or services provided to the individual. Upon presentation of proof that payment was made pursuant to chapter 249A for covered expenses, the insurer, health maintenance organization, or hospital or medical service plan shall make payment to the state medical assistance program to the extent of the coverage provided in the policy or contract.
- 3. An insurer shall not impose requirements on the state with respect to the assignment of rights pursuant to this section that are different from the requirements applicable to an agent or assignee of a covered individual.
- 4. For purposes of this section, "insurer" means an entity which offers a health benefit plan, including a group health plan under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- Sec. 14. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 514C.9 MEDICAL SUPPORT INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.
- 1. An insurer shall not deny coverage or enrollment of a child under the health plan of the obligor upon any of the following grounds:
 - a. The child is born out of wedlock.
 - b. The child is not claimed as a dependent on the obligor's federal income tax return.
- c. The child does not reside with the obligor or in the insurer's service area. This section shall not be construed to require a health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 514B to provide any services or benefits for treatment outside of the geographic area described in its certificate of authority which would not be provided to a member outside of that geographic area pursuant to the terms of the health maintenance organizations contract.
- 2. An insurer of an obligor providing health care coverage to the child for which the obligor is legally responsible to provide support shall do all of the following:
- a. Provide information to the obligee or other legal custodian of the child as necessary for the child to obtain benefits through the coverage of the insurer.
- b. Allow the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, or the provider with the approval of the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, to submit claims for covered services without the approval of the obligor.
- c. Make payment on a claim submitted in paragraph "b" directly to the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, the provider, or the state medical assistance agency for claims

submitted by the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, by the provider with the approval of the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, or by the state medical assistance agency.

- 3. If an obligor is required by a court order or administrative order to provide health coverage for a child and the obligor is eligible for dependent health coverage, the insurer shall do all of the following:
- a. Allow the obligor to enroll under dependent coverage a child who is eligible for coverage pursuant to the applicable terms and conditions of the health benefit plan and the standard enrollment guidelines of the insurer without regard to an enrollment season restriction.
- b. Enroll a child who is eligible for coverage under the applicable terms and conditions of the health benefit plan and the standard enrollment guidelines of the insurer, without regard to any time of enrollment restriction, under dependent coverage upon application by the obligee or other legal custodian of the child or by the department of human services in the event an obligor required by a court order or administrative order fails to apply for coverage for the child.
- c. Maintain coverage and not cancel the child's enrollment unless the insurer obtains satisfactory written evidence of any of the following:
 - (1) The court order or administrative order is no longer in effect.
- (2) The child is eligible for or will enroll in comparable health coverage through an insurer which shall take effect not later than the effective date of the cancellation of enrollment of the original coverage.
 - (3) The employer has eliminated dependent health coverage for its employees.
- (4) The obligor is no longer paying the required premium because the employer no longer owes the obligor compensation, or because the obligor's employment has terminated and the obligor has not elected to continue coverage.
- 4. A group health plan shall establish reasonable procedures to determine whether a child is covered under a qualified medical child support order issued pursuant to chapter 252E. The procedures shall be in writing, provide for prompt notice of each person specified in the medical child support order as eligible to receive benefits under the group health plan upon receipt by the plan of the medical child support order, and allow an obligee or other legal custodian of the child under chapter 252E to designate a representative for receipt of copies of notices in regard to the medical child support order that are sent to the obligee or other legal custodian of the child and the department of human services' child support recovery unit.
 - 5. For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- a. "Child" means a person, other than an obligee's spouse or former spouse, who is recognized under a qualified medical child support order as having a right to enrollment under a group health plan as the obligor's dependent.
- b. "Court order" or "administrative order" means a ruling by a court or administrative agency in regard to the support an obligor shall provide to the obligor's child.
 - c. "Insurer" means an entity which offers a health benefit plan.
 - d. "Obligee" means an obligee as defined in section 252E.1.
 - e. "Obligor" means an obligor as defined in section 252E.1.
- f. "Qualified medical child support order" means a child support order which creates or recognizes a child's right to receive health benefits for which the child is eligible under a group health benefit plan, describes or determines the type of coverage to be provided, specifies the length of time for which the order applies, and specifies the plan to which the order applies.

Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 514C.10 COVERAGE FOR ADOPTED CHILD.

- 1. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires:
- a. "Child" means, with respect to an adoption or a placement for adoption of a child, an individual who has not attained age eighteen as of the date of the issuance of a final adoption

decree, or upon an interlocutory adoption decree becoming a final adoption decree, as provided in chapter 600, or as of the date of the placement for adoption.

- b. "Placement for adoption" means the assumption and retention of a legal obligation for the total or partial support of the child in anticipation of the adoption of the child. The child's placement with a person terminates upon the termination of such legal obligation.
- 2. COVERAGE REQUIRED. A policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall provide coverage benefits to a dependent child adopted by, or placed for adoption with, an insured or enrollee under the same terms and conditions as apply to a biological, dependent child of the insured or enrollee. The issuer of the policy or contract shall not restrict coverage under the policy or contract for a dependent child adopted by, or placed for adoption with, the insured or enrollee solely on the basis of a preexisting condition of such dependent child at the time that the child would otherwise become eligible for coverage under the plan, if the adoption or placement occurs while the insured or enrollee is eligible for coverage under the policy or contract. This section applies to the following classes of third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 1995:
- a. Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.
- b. An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.
- c. An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.
- d. An individual or group Medicare supplemental policy, unless coverage pursuant to such policy is preempted by federal law.
 - e. An organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health.
- Sec. 16. Section 514G.7, subsection 3, paragraphs a and b, Code 1995, are amended by striking the paragraphs and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- a. A long-term care insurance policy or certificate shall not use a definition of preexisting condition which is more restrictive than the following: "Preexisting condition" means the existence of symptoms which would cause an ordinarily prudent person to seek diagnosis, care, or treatment, or a condition for which medical advice or treatment was recommended by or received from a provider of health care services within six months preceding the effective date of coverage of an insured person.
- b. A long-term care insurance policy shall not exclude coverage for a loss or confinement which is the result of a preexisting condition unless the loss or confinement begins within six months following the effective date of coverage of an insured person.
- Sec. 17. Section 514G.7, subsection 3, paragraph c, Code 1995, is amended by striking the paragraph.
- Sec. 18. Section 514G.7, subsection 6, Code 1995, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 6. RIGHT TO RETURN AFTER EXAMINATION. An individual long-term care insurance policyholder has the right to return the policy within thirty days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination, the insured person is not satisfied for any reason. Long-term care insurance policies must have a notice prominently printed on the first page or attached to the first page stating in substance that the policyholder has the right to return the policy within thirty days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded as provided in this subsection.
 - Sec. 19. Section 515.8, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows: 515.8 PAID-UP CAPITAL REQUIRED.

An insurance company other than a life insurance company shall not be incorporated to transact business upon the stock plan with less than two million five hundred thousand dollars capital, the entire amount of which shall be fully paid up in cash and invested as provided by law. An insurance company other than a life insurance company shall not increase its capital stock unless the amount of the increase is fully paid up in cash. The stock shall be divided into shares of not less than one dollar each. An insurance company authorized to do business in Iowa that undergoes a change of control as defined under chapter 521A shall maintain the minimum capital requirements mandated by this section.

Sec. 20. Section 515.10, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

515.10 SURPLUS REQUIRED.

An insurance company other than a life insurance company shall have, in addition to the required paid-up capital, a surplus in cash or invested in securities authorized by law of not less than two million five hundred thousand dollars. An insurance company authorized to do business in Iowa that undergoes a change of control as defined under chapter 521A shall maintain the minimum surplus requirements mandated by this section.

- Sec. 21. Section 515.12, subsection 5, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- 5. The mutual company shall have in cash or in securities in which insurance companies are authorized to invest, surplus in an amount not less than five million dollars. The surplus so required may be advanced in accordance with section 515.19. A mutual company authorized to do business in Iowa that undergoes a change of control as defined under chapter 521A shall maintain the minimum surplus requirements mandated by this section.

However, the surplus requirements do not apply to a company which establishes and maintains a guaranty fund as provided by section 515.20.

Sec. 22. Section 515.94, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

515.94 COPY OF APPLICATION - DUTY TO ATTACH.

All insurance companies or associations shall, upon the issue or renewal of any policy, attach to such policy, or endorse thereon provide to the insured, a true copy of any application or representation of the assured insured which, by the terms of such policy, is made a part thereof of the policy, or of the contract of insurance, or referred to therein in the contract of insurance, or which may in any manner affect the validity of such policy.

- Sec. 23. Section 515.109, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- 515.109 FORMS OF POLICIES AND ENDORSEMENTS APPROVAL.
- 1. The form of all policies, and of applications, and of agreements or endorsements modifying the provisions of policies, and of all permits and riders used generally throughout the state, issued or proposed to be issued by any insurance company doing business in this state under the provisions of this chapter, shall first be examined and approved by the commissioner of insurance.
- 2. The commissioner, upon a determination that the examination required under subsection 1 is unnecessary to achieve the purposes of this section, may exempt either of the following:
 - a. Any specified person by order, or any class of persons by rule.
- b. Any specified risk by order, or any line or kind or* insurance or subdivision of insurance or any class of risk or combination of classes of risks by rule.
 - Sec. 24. Section 515A.15, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

515A.15 ASSIGNED RISKS.

Agreements may shall be made among insurers with respect to the equitable apportionment among them of insurance which may be afforded applicants who are in good faith entitled to but who are unable to procure such insurance through ordinary methods and such insurers may agree among themselves on the use of reasonable rate modifications for such insurance, such the agreements and rate modifications to be subject to the approval of the commissioner.

[&]quot;The word "of" probably intended

For purposes of this section, "insurer" includes, in addition to insurers defined pursuant to section 515A.2, a self-insurance association formed on or after July 1, 1995, pursuant to section 87.4 except for an association comprised of cities or counties, or both, or an association comprised of community colleges as defined in section 260C.2, which have entered into an agreement pursuant to chapter 28E for the purpose of establishing a self-insured program for the payment of workers' compensation benefits.

- Sec. 25. Section 515F.5, subsection 4, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. Under rules adopted under chapter 17A, the commissioner may, by written order, suspend or modify the requirement of filing as to any kind of insurance, or subdivision or combination of insurance, or as to classes of risks, which are unnecessary to achieve the purposes of this chapter and the rates for which cannot practicably be filed before they are used. The commissioner may make an examination as the commissioner deems advisable to ascertain whether rates affected by the order meet the standards set forth in section 515F.4.
- Sec. 26. Section 518.14, Code 1995, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

518.14 INVESTMENTS.

- 1. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS. The following considerations apply in the interpretation of this section:
 - a. This section applies to the investments of county mutual insurance associations.
- b. The purpose of this section is to protect and further the interests of policyholders, claimants, creditors, and the public by providing standards for the development and administration of programs for the investment of the assets of associations organized under this chapter. These standards, and the investment programs developed by associations, shall take into account the safety of the association's principal, investment yield and growth, stability in the value of the investment, and liquidity necessary to meet the association's expected business needs, and investment diversification.

All investments made pursuant to this section shall have investment qualities and characteristics such that the speculative elements of the investments are not predominant.

- c. Financial terms relating to county mutual insurance associations have the meanings assigned to them under statutory accounting methods. Financial terms relating to companies or associations other than county mutual insurance associations have the meanings assigned to them under generally accepted accounting principles.
- d. Investments shall be valued in accordance with the valuation procedures established by the national association of insurance commissioners, unless the commissioner requires or finds another method of valuation reasonable under the circumstances.
- e. If an investment qualifies under more than one subsection, an association may elect to hold the investment under the subsection of its choice. This section does not prevent an association from electing to hold an investment under a subsection different from the one under which it previously held the investment.
 - 2. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this section:
- a. "Admitted assets", for purposes of computing percentage limitations on particular types of investments, means the assets which are authorized to be shown on the commissioner's annual statement blank as admitted assets as of the December 31 immediately preceding the date the association acquires the investment.
 - b. "Clearing corporation" means as defined in section 554.8102.
 - c. "Custodian bank" means as defined in section 554.8102.
 - d. "Issuer" means as defined in section 554.8201.
- e. "Member bank" means a national bank, state bank, or trust company which is a member of the United States federal reserve system.
- f. "National securities exchange" means an exchange registered under section 6 of the federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or an exchange regulated under the laws of Canada.

- g. "Obligations" includes bonds, notes, debentures, transportation equipment certificates, domestic repurchase agreements, and obligations for the payment of money not in default as to payments of principal and interest on the date of investment, which constitute general obligations of the issuer or payable only out of certain revenues or certain funds pledged or otherwise dedicated for payment of principal and interest on the obligations. A lease is an obligation if the lease is assigned to the insurer and is nonterminable by the lessee upon foreclosure of any lien upon the leased property, and if rental payments are sufficient to amortize the investment over the primary lease term.
 - 3. INVESTMENTS IN NAME OF ASSOCIATION OR NOMINEE AND PROHIBITIONS.
- a. An association's investments shall be held in its own name or the name of its nominee, except as follows:
- (1) Investments may be held in the name of a clearing corporation or of a custodian bank or in the name of the nominee of either on the following conditions:
- (a) The clearing corporation, custodian bank, or nominee must be legally authorized to hold the particular investment for the account of others.
- (b) When the investment is evidenced by a certificate and held in the name of a custodian bank or the nominee of a custodian bank, a written agreement shall provide that certificates so deposited shall at all times be kept separate and apart from other deposits with the depository, so that at all times they may be identified as belonging solely to the association making the deposit.
- (c) If a clearing corporation is to act as depository, the investment may be merged or held in bulk in the name of the clearing corporation or its nominee with other investments deposited with the clearing corporation by any other person, if a written agreement between the clearing corporation and the association provides that adequate evidence of the deposit is to be obtained and retained by the association or a custodian bank.
- (2) An association may loan stocks or obligations held by it under this chapter to a broker-dealer registered under the federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or to a member bank. The loan must be evidenced by a written agreement which provides all of the following:
- (a) That the loan will be fully collateralized by cash or obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or an agency or an instrumentality of the United States, and that the collateral will be adjusted as necessary each business day during the term of the loan to maintain the required collateralization in the event of market value changes in the loaned securities or collateral.
- (b) That the loan may be terminated by the association at any time, and that the borrower will return the loaned stocks or obligations within five business days after termination.
- (c) That the association has the right to retain the collateral or use the collateral to purchase investments equivalent to the loaned securities if the borrower defaults under the terms of the agreement, and that the borrower remains liable for any losses and expenses incurred by the association due to default that are not covered by the collateral.
- (3) An association may participate through a member bank in the United States federal reserve book entry system, and the records of the member bank shall at all times show that the investments are held for the association or for specific accounts of the association.
- (4) An investment may consist of an individual interest in a pool of obligations or a fractional interest in a single obligation if the certificate of participation or interest or the confirmation of participation or interest in the investment is issued in the name of the association, the name of the custodian bank, or the nominee of either, and, if the interest as evidenced by the certificate or confirmation is, if held by a custodian bank, kept separate and apart from the investments of others so that at all times the participation may be identified as belonging solely to the association making the investment.
- (5) Transfers of ownership of investments held as described in paragraph "a", subparagraph (1), subparagraph subdivision (c), and subparagraphs (3) and (4), may be evidenced

by bookkeeping entry on the books of the issuer of the investment, its transfer or recording agent, or the clearing corporation without physical delivery of a certificate evidencing the associations's* investment.

- b. Except as provided in paragraph "a", subparagraph (5), if an investment is not evidenced by a certificate, adequate evidence of the association's investment shall be obtained from the issuer or its transfer or recording agent and retained by the association, a custodian bank, or clearing corporation. Adequate evidence, for purposes of this paragraph, means a written receipt or other verification issued by the depository or issuer or a custodian bank which shows that the investment is held for the association.
- 4. INVESTMENTS. Except as otherwise permitted by this section, an association organized under this chapter shall only invest in the following:
- a. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. CERTAIN DEVELOPMENT BANK OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by the international bank for reconstruction and development, the Asian development bank, the inter-American development bank, the export-import bank, the world bank, or any United States government-sponsored organization of which the United States is a member, if the principal and interest is payable in United States dollars. An association shall not invest more than five percent of its total admitted assets in the obligations of any one of these banks or organizations, and shall not invest more than a total of ten percent of its total admitted assets in the obligations authorized by this paragraph.
- c. STATE OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by a state, a political subdivision of a state, or an instrumentality of a state.
- d. CANADIAN GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by Canada, by an agency or province of Canada, by a political subdivision of such province, or by an instrumentality of any of those provinces or political subdivisions.
- e. CORPORATE AND BUSINESS TRUST OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued, assumed, or guaranteed by a corporation or business trust organized under the laws of the United States or a state, or the laws of Canada or a province of Canada, provided that an association shall not invest more than five percent of its admitted assets in the obligations of any one corporation or business trust. Investments shall be made only in investment grade bonds.
- f. STOCKS. Common stocks, common stock equivalents, mutual fund shares, securities convertible into common stocks or common stock equivalents, or preferred stocks issued or guaranteed by a corporation incorporated under the laws of the United States or a state, or the laws of Canada or a province of Canada. Aggregate investments in nondividend paying stocks shall not exceed five percent of surplus.
- (1) Stocks purchased under this lettered paragraph shall not exceed fifty percent of surplus. With the approval of the commissioner, an association may invest any amount in common stocks, preferred stocks, or other securities of one or more subsidiaries provided that after such investments the association's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the association's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- (2) An association shall not invest more than ten percent of its surplus in the stocks of any one corporation.
- g. HOME OFFICE REAL ESTATE. Funds may be invested in a home office building, at the direction of the board of directors and with the prior approval of the commissioner of insurance. An association shall not invest more than twenty-five percent of its total admitted assets in such real estate. With the prior approval of the commissioner, an association may exceed the real estate investment limitation to effectuate a merger with, or the acquisition of, another association.
- Sec. 27. Section 518.16, Code 1995, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

^{*}According to enrolled Act

518.16 QUALIFICATION OF AGENTS.

A person shall not solicit any application for insurance for an association in this state without having procured from the commissioner of insurance a license authorizing the person to act as an agent pursuant to chapter 522.

Sec. 28. NEW SECTION. 518.26 LOANS TO OFFICERS PROHIBITED.

Assets or other funds shall not be loaned directly or indirectly to an officer, director, or employee of the association, or directly or indirectly to a relative of an officer, director, or an employee of the association.

Sec. 29. NEW SECTION. 518.27 FORM - APPROVAL.

The form of all policies, applications, agreements, and endorsements modifying the provisions of policies, and all permits and riders used in this state, issued or proposed to be issued by a county mutual insurance association doing business in this state under the provisions of this chapter, shall first be examined and approved by the commissioner of insurance.

Sec. 30. NEW SECTION. 518.28 FAILURE TO FILE COPY.

Upon the failure of a county mutual association to file a copy of its forms of policies or contracts pursuant to section 518.27, the commissioner of insurance may suspend its authority to transact business within the state until such forms of policies or contracts have been filed and approved.

Sec. 31. NEW SECTION. 518.29 DISAPPROVAL OF FILINGS.

If the commissioner finds that a filing does not meet the requirements of this chapter, written notice of disapproval shall be sent to the county mutual insurance association specifying in what respect the filing fails to meet the requirements of this chapter and stating that the filing is not effective. If a filing is disapproved by the commissioner, the association may request a hearing on the disapproval within thirty days. The association bears the burden of proving compliance with the standards established by this chapter.

If, at any time after a form has been approved, the commissioner finds that the form no longer meets the requirements of this chapter, the commissioner may order the discontinuance of the use of the form. The order of discontinuance shall be in writing and may be issued only after a hearing with at least ten days' prior notice to all county mutuals affected by the order. The order shall state the grounds upon which the order is based and when the order of discontinuance is effective.

Sec. 32. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 518.30 CERTIFICATE SUSPENSION.

The commissioner of insurance may suspend a county mutual insurance association's certificate of authority to do business if the association neglects or fails to comply with this chapter.

Sec. 33. Section 518A.12, Code 1995, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

518A.12 INVESTMENTS.

- 1. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS. The following considerations apply in the interpretation of this section:
- a. This section applies to the investments of mutual casualty assessment insurance associations.
- b. The purpose of this section is to protect and further the interests of policyholders, claimants, creditors, and the public by providing standards for the development and administration of programs for the investment of the assets of associations organized under this chapter. These standards, and the investment programs developed by companies, shall take into account the safety of the association's principal, investment yield and growth, stability in the value of the investment, and liquidity necessary to meet the association's expected business needs, and investment diversification.

All investments made pursuant to this section shall have investment qualities and characteristics such that the speculative elements of the investments are not predominant.

- c. Financial terms relating to mutual casualty assessment insurance associations have the meanings assigned to them under statutory accounting methods. Financial terms relating to companies other than mutual casualty assessment insurance associations have the meanings assigned to them under generally accepted accounting principles.
- d. Investments shall be valued in accordance with the valuation procedures established by the national association of insurance commissioners, unless the commissioner requires or finds another method of valuation reasonable under the circumstances.
- e. If an investment qualifies under more than one subsection, an association may elect to hold the investment under the subsection of its choice. This section does not prevent an association from electing to hold an investment under a subsection different from the one under which it previously held the investment.
 - 2. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of this section:
- a. "Admitted assets", for purposes of computing percentage limitations on particular types of investments, means the assets which are authorized to be shown on the national association of insurance commissioner's annual statement blank as admitted assets as of the December 31 immediately preceding the date the association acquires the investment.
 - b. "Clearing corporation" means as defined in section 554.8102.
 - c. "Custodian bank" means as defined in section 554.8102.
 - d. "Issuer" means as defined in section 554.8201.
- e. "Member bank" means a national bank, state bank, or trust company which is a member of the United States federal reserve system.
- f. "National securities exchange" means an exchange registered under section 6 of the federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or an exchange regulated under the laws of Canada.
- g. "Obligations" includes bonds, notes, debentures, transportation equipment certificates, domestic repurchase agreements, and obligations for the payment of money not in default as to payments of principal and interest on the date of investment, which constitute general obligations of the issuer or payable only out of certain revenues or certain funds pledged or otherwise dedicated for payment of principal and interest on the obligations. A lease is an obligation if the lease is assigned to the insurer and is nonterminable by the lessee upon foreclosure of any lien upon the leased property, and if rental payments are sufficient to amortize the investment over the primary lease term.
 - 3. INVESTMENTS IN NAME OF ASSOCIATION OR NOMINEE AND PROHIBITIONS.
- a. An association's investments shall be held in its own name or the name of its nominee, except as follows:
- (1) Investments may be held in the name of a clearing corporation or of a custodian bank or in the name of the nominee of either on the following conditions:
- (a) The clearing corporation, custodian bank, or nominee must be legally authorized to hold the particular investment for the account of others.
- (b) When the investment is evidenced by a certificate and held in the name of a custodian bank or the nominee of a custodian bank, a written agreement shall provide that certificates so deposited shall at all times be kept separate and apart from other deposits with the depository, so that at all times they may be identified as belonging solely to the association making the deposit.
- (c) If a clearing corporation is to act as depository, the investment may be merged or held in bulk in the name of the clearing corporation or its nominee with other investments deposited with the clearing corporation by any other person, if a written agreement between the clearing corporation and the association provides that adequate evidence of the deposit is to be obtained and retained by the association or a custodian bank.
- (2) An association may loan stocks or obligations held by it under this chapter to a broker-dealer registered under the federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or to a member bank. The loan must be evidenced by a written agreement which provides all of the following:

- (a) That the loan will be fully collateralized by cash or obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or an agency or an instrumentality of the United States, and that the collateral will be adjusted as necessary each business day during the term of the loan to maintain the required collateralization in the event of market value changes in the loaned securities or collateral.
- (b) That the loan may be terminated by the association at any time, and that the borrower will return the loaned stocks or obligations within five business days after termination.
- (c) That the association has the right to retain the collateral or use the collateral to purchase investments equivalent to the loaned securities if the borrower defaults under the terms of the agreement, and that the borrower remains liable for any losses and expenses incurred by the association due to default that are not covered by the collateral.
- (3) An association may participate through a member bank in the United States federal reserve book entry system, and the records of the member bank shall at all times show that the investments are held for the association or for specific accounts of the association.
- (4) An investment may consist of an individual interest in a pool of obligations or a fractional interest in a single obligation if the certificate of participation or interest or the confirmation of participation or interest in the investment is issued in the name of the association, the name of the custodian bank, or the nominee of either, and, if the interest as evidenced by the certificate or confirmation is, if held by a custodian bank, kept separate and apart from the investments of others so that at all times the participation may be identified as belonging solely to the association making the investment.
- (5) Transfers of ownership of investments held as described in paragraph "a", subparagraph (1), subparagraph subdivision (c), and subparagraphs (3) and (4), may be evidenced by bookkeeping entry on the books of the issuer of the investment, its transfer or recording agent, or the clearing corporation without physical delivery of a certificate evidencing the associations's* investment.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph "a", subparagraph (5), if an investment is not evidenced by a certificate, adequate evidence of the association's investment shall be obtained from the issuer or its transfer or recording agent and retained by the association, a custodian bank, or clearing corporation. Adequate evidence, for purposes of this paragraph, means a written receipt or other verification issued by the depository or issuer or a custodian bank which shows that the investment is held for the association.
- 4. INVESTMENTS. Except as otherwise permitted by this section, an association organized under this chapter shall only invest in the following:
- a. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. CERTAIN DEVELOPMENT BANK OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by the international bank for reconstruction and development, the Asian development bank, the inter-American development bank, the export-import bank, the world bank, or any United States government-sponsored organization of which the United States is a member, if the principal and interest is payable in United States dollars. An association shall not invest more than five percent of its total admitted assets in the obligations of any one of these banks or organizations, and shall not invest more than a total of ten percent of its total admitted assets in the obligations authorized by this paragraph.
- c. STATE OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by a state, a political subdivision of a state, or an instrumentality of a state.
- d. CANADIAN GOVERNMENT OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued or guaranteed by Canada, by an agency or province of Canada, by a political subdivision of such province, or by an instrumentality of any of those provinces or political subdivisions.
- e. CORPORATE AND BUSINESS TRUST OBLIGATIONS. Obligations issued, assumed, or guaranteed by a corporation or business trust organized under the laws of the United States or a state, or the laws of Canada or a province of Canada, provided that an association

^{*}According to enrolled Act

shall not invest more than five percent of its admitted assets in the obligations of any one corporation or business trust. Investments shall be made only in investment grade bonds.

- f. STOCKS. Common stocks, common stock equivalents, mutual fund shares, securities convertible into common stocks or common stock equivalents, or preferred stocks issued or guaranteed by a corporation incorporated under the laws of the United States or a state, or the laws of Canada or a province of Canada. Aggregate investments in nondividend paying stocks shall not exceed five percent of surplus.
- (1) Stocks purchased under this lettered paragraph shall not exceed fifty percent of surplus. With the approval of the commissioner, an association may invest any amount in common stocks, preferred stocks, or other securities of one or more subsidiaries provided that after such investments the association's surplus as regards policyholders will be reasonable in relation to the association's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs
- (2) An association shall not invest more than ten percent of its surplus in the stocks of any one corporation.
- g. HOME OFFICE REAL ESTATE. Funds may be invested in a home office building, at the direction of the board of directors and with the prior approval of the commissioner of insurance. An association shall not invest more than twenty-five percent of its total admitted assets in such real estate. With the prior approval of the commissioner, an association may exceed the real estate investment limitation to effectuate a merger with, or the acquisition of, another association.
- Sec. 34. Section 518A.17, unnumbered paragraph 3, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

Not less than fifty percent of such aggregate amount of assessments, and other sums paid by the members shall be returned to the members, either through the payment of losses or through discounts, credits, or dividends, to be credited on the assessments required for the current or succeeding year, or, at the discretion of the board of directors, may be set aside in the emergency fund as defined in section 518A.12 as surplus to policyholders, but no sum less than forty percent of such aggregate assessments, and other sums paid by the members, shall be returned to the members through payment of such losses or through discounts, credits, or dividends during the current or succeeding year.

Sec. 35. NEW SECTION. 518A.44 LIMITATION ON RISKS.

An association shall not expose itself to loss on any one risk or hazard to an amount exceeding ten percent of its surplus to policyholders unless one of the following applies:

- 1. The excess is reinsured in some other good and reliable company licensed to sell insurance in this state.
- 2. The excess is reinsured by a group of incorporated or individual unincorporated insurers who are authorized to sell insurance in at least one state of the United States and who possess assets which are held in trust for the benefit of the American policyholders in the sum of not less than fifty million dollars, and a certificate of such reinsurance shall be furnished to the insured.
- 3. The excess is reinsured with a company which has, with respect to the ceding insurer, created a trust fund, made a deposit, or obtained letters of credit, on terms satisfactory to the commissioner.

Sec. 36. NEW SECTION. 518A.51 LOANS TO OFFICERS PROHIBITED.

Assets or other funds shall not be loaned directly or indirectly to an officer, director, or employee of the association, or directly or indirectly to a relative of an officer, director, or employee of the association.

Sec. 37. NEW SECTION. 518A.52 FORM – APPROVAL.

The form of all policies, applications, agreements, and endorsements modifying the provisions of policies, and all permits and riders used in this state, issued or proposed to be

issued by a mutual casualty assessment insurance association doing business in this state under the provisions of this chapter, shall first be examined and approved by the commissioner of insurance.

Sec. 38. NEW SECTION. 518A.53 FAILURE TO FILE COPY.

Upon the failure of a mutual casualty assessment insurance association to file a copy of its forms of policies or contracts pursuant to section 518A.52, the commissioner of insurance may suspend its authority to transact business within the state until such forms of policies or contracts have been filed and approved.

Sec. 39. NEW SECTION. 518A.54 DISAPPROVAL OF FILINGS.

If the commissioner finds that a filing does not meet the requirements of this chapter, written notice of disapproval shall be sent to the mutual casualty assessment insurance association specifying in what respect the filing fails to meet the requirements of this chapter and stating that the filing is not effective. If a filing is disapproved by the commissioner, the association may request a hearing on the disapproval within thirty days. The association bears the burden of proving compliance with the standards established by this chapter.

If, at any time after a form has been approved, the commissioner finds that the form no longer meets the requirements of this chapter, the commissioner may order the discontinuance of the use of the form. The order of discontinuance shall be in writing and may be issued only after a hearing with at least ten days' prior notice to all mutual casualty assessment insurance associations affected by the order. The order shall state the grounds upon which the order is based and when the order of discontinuance is effective.

Sec. 40. NEW SECTION. 518A.55 CERTIFICATE SUSPENSION.

The commissioner of insurance may suspend a mutual casualty assessment insurance association's certificate of authority to do business if the association neglects or fails to comply with this chapter.

Sec. 41. Section 521.1, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

521.1 DEFINITIONS.

"Company" or "companies" when used in this chapter means a company or association organized under chapter 508, 511, 515, 518, 518A, or 520, except county mutuals and includes a mutual insurance holding company organized pursuant to section 521A.14.

Sec. 42. Section 521.2, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:

521.2 LIFE COMPANIES - CONSOLIDATION AND REINSURANCE.

No A company organized under the laws of this state to do the business of life insurance, either on the stock, mutual, stipulated premium, or assessment plan, shall <u>not</u> consolidate with any other company or reinsure its risks, or any part thereof of such risks, with any other company, or assume or reinsure the whole or any part of the risks of any other company, except as hereinafter provided; provided that nothing contained in this chapter. However, this chapter shall <u>not</u> be construed to prevent any company, as defined in section 521.1, from reinsuring a fractional part of any single risk.

Sec. 43. NEW SECTION. 521.16 APPLICABILITY OF CHAPTER.

Chapter 521A is applicable to a merger or consolidation made pursuant to this chapter, and the provisions of chapter 521A and this chapter shall apply exclusively with respect to such merger or consolidation.

Sec. 44. NEW SECTION. 521A.14 MUTUAL INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANIES.

1. a. A domestic mutual insurance company upon approval of the commissioner, may reorganize by forming an insurance holding company based upon a mutual plan and continuing the corporate existence of the reorganizing insurance company as a stock insurance company. The commissioner, after a public hearing as provided in section 521A.3,

subsection 4, paragraph "b", if satisfied that the interests of the policyholders are properly protected and that the plan of reorganization is fair and equitable to the policyholders, may approve the proposed plan of reorganization and may require as a condition of approval such modifications of the proposed plan of reorganization as the commissioner finds necessary for the protection of the policyholder's interests. The commissioner may retain consultants as provided in section 521A.3, subsection 4, paragraph "c". A reorganization pursuant to this section is subject to section 521A.3, subsections 1, 2, and 3. The commissioner shall retain jurisdiction over a mutual insurance holding company organized pursuant to this section to assure that policyholder interests are protected.

- b. All of the initial shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company shall be issued to the mutual insurance holding company. The membership interests of the policyholders of the reorganized insurance company shall become membership interests in the mutual insurance holding company. Policyholders of the reorganized insurance company shall be members of the mutual insurance holding company in accordance with the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the mutual insurance holding company. The mutual insurance holding company shall at all times own a majority of the voting shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company.
- 2. a. A domestic mutual insurance company, upon the approval of the commissioner, may reorganize by merging its policyholders membership interests into a mutual insurance holding company formed pursuant to subsection 1 and continuing the corporate existence of the reorganizing insurance company as a stock insurance company subsidiary of the mutual insurance holding company. The commissioner, after a public hearing as provided in section 521A.3, subsection 4, paragraph "b", if satisfied that the interest of the policyholders are properly protected and that the merger is fair and equitable to the policyholders, may approve the proposed merger and may require as a condition of approval such modifications of the proposed merger as the commissioner finds necessary for the protection of the policyholder's interests. The commissioner may retain consultants as provided in section 521A.3, subsection 4, paragraph "c". A merger pursuant to this section is subject to section 521A.3, subsections 1, 2, and 3. The commissioner shall retain jurisdiction over the mutual insurance holding company organized pursuant to this section to assure that policyholder interests are protected.
- b. All of the initial shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company shall be issued to the mutual insurance holding company. The membership interests of the policyholders of the reorganized insurance company shall become membership interests in the mutual insurance holding company. Policyholders of the reorganized insurance company shall be members of the mutual insurance holding company in accordance with the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the mutual insurance holding company. The mutual insurance holding company shall at all times own a majority of the voting shares of the capital stock of the reorganized insurance company. A merger of policyholder's membership interests in a mutual insurance company into a mutual insurance holding company shall be deemed to be a merger of insurance companies pursuant to chapter 521 and chapter 521 is also applicable.
- 3. A mutual insurance holding company resulting from the reorganization of a domestic mutual insurance company organized under chapter 491 shall be incorporated pursuant to chapter 491. This requirement shall supersede any conflicting provisions of section 491.1. The articles of incorporation and any amendments to such articles of the mutual insurance holding company shall be subject to approval of the commissioner and the attorney general in the same manner as those of an insurance company.
- 4. A mutual insurance holding company is deemed to be an insurer subject to chapter 507C and shall automatically be a party to any proceeding under chapter 507C involving an insurance company which as a result of a reorganization pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 is a subsidiary of the mutual insurance holding company. In any proceeding under chapter 507C involving the reorganized insurance company, the assets of the mutual insurance

holding company are deemed to be assets of the estate of the reorganized insurance company for purposes of satisfying the claims of the reorganized insurance company's policyholders. A mutual insurance holding company shall not dissolve or liquidate without the approval of the commissioner or as ordered by the district court pursuant to chapter 507C.

- 5. a. Chapters 508B and 515G are not applicable to a reorganization or merger pursuant to this section.
- b. Chapter 508B is applicable to demutualization of a mutual insurance holding company which resulted from the reorganization of a domestic mutual life insurance company organized under chapter 508 as if it were a mutual life insurance company.
- c. Chapter 515G is applicable to demutualization of a mutual insurance holding company which resulted from the reorganization of a domestic mutual property and casualty insurance company organized under chapter 515 as if it were a mutual property and casualty insurance company.
- 6. A membership interest in a domestic mutual insurance holding company shall not constitute a security as defined in section 502.102.
- Sec. 45. Section 521B.2, subsection 4, paragraph a, Code 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- a. Credit is allowed if the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer which maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in section 521B.4, subsection 2, for the payment of the valid claims of its United States policyholders and ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in interest. The assuming insurer shall report annually to the commissioner information substantially the same as that required to be reported on the national association of insurance commissioners' annual statement form by licensed insurers to enable the commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund. In the case of a single assuming insurer, the trust shall consist of a trusted account representing the liabilities of the assuming insurer attributable to business written in the United States and, in addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusted surplus of not less than twenty million dollars. In the case of a group of including individual unincorporated and incorporated underwriters, the trust shall consist of a trusted account representing the liabilities of the group attributable to business written in the United States and, in addition, the group shall maintain a trusted surplus of which one hundred million dollars shall be held jointly for the benefit of United States ceding insurers of any member of the group. The incorporated members of the group shall not engage in any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and shall be subject to the same level of solvency regulation and control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members. The group shall make available to the commissioner an annual certification of the solvency of each underwriter by the group's domiciliary regulator and its independent public accountants.
 - Sec. 46. 1994 Iowa Acts, chapter 1072, section 9, is amended to read as follows:
- SEC. 9. CREATION OF INSURANCE FRAUD BUREAU CONTINGENT UPON FUND-ING. The creation of an insurance fraud bureau within the insurance division shall only be implemented, and <u>sections 507E.2, 507E.4, 507E.5, 507E.6, and 507E.8 of</u> this Act shall only be effective, if the state receives a federal grant for its implementation and the general assembly appropriates matching funds from the general fund of the state for its implementation.
 - Sec. 47. Sections 518A.33, 518A.34, and 518A.42, Code 1995, are repealed.
- Sec. 48. The Code editor is directed to codify new section 521A.14, as enacted in this Act, as a separate division of chapter 521A.