NURSING BOARD[655]

Notice of Intended Action

Proposing rule making related to licensing regulation, veterans and military spouses and providing an opportunity for public comment

The Board of Nursing hereby proposes to amend Chapter 18, "Military Service and Veteran Reciprocity," Iowa Administrative Code.

Legal Authority for Rule Making

This rule making is proposed under the authority provided in Iowa Code section 147.76.

State or Federal Law Implemented

This rule making implements, in whole or in part, 2022 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2383.

Purpose and Summary

These proposed amendments implement the licensure-related provisions of 2022 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2383. Specifically, this rule making updates the Board's requirements for licensure of veterans and spouses of active duty members of the military forces of the United States.

Fiscal Impact

This rule making has no fiscal impact to the State of Iowa.

Jobs Impact

After analysis and review of this rule making, no impact on jobs has been found.

Waivers

Any person who believes that the application of the discretionary provisions of this rule making would result in hardship or injustice to that person may petition the Board for a waiver of the discretionary provisions, if any, pursuant to 655—Chapter 15.

Public Comment

Any interested person may submit written comments concerning this proposed rule making. Written comments in response to this rule making must be received by the Board no later than 4:30 p.m. on March 28, 2023. Comments should be directed to:

Kathy Weinberg
Iowa Board of Nursing
400 S.W. Eighth Street, Suite B
Des Moines, Iowa 50309
Email: kathy.weinberg@iowa.gov

Public Hearing

No public hearing is scheduled at this time. As provided in Iowa Code section 17A.4(1)"b," an oral presentation regarding this rule making may be demanded by 25 interested persons, a governmental subdivision, the Administrative Rules Review Committee, an agency, or an association having 25 or more members.

Review by Administrative Rules Review Committee

The Administrative Rules Review Committee, a bipartisan legislative committee which oversees rule making by executive branch agencies, may, on its own motion or on written request by any individual or group, review this rule making at its regular monthly meeting or at a special meeting. The Committee's meetings are open to the public, and interested persons may be heard as provided in Iowa Code section 17A.8(6).

The following rule-making actions are proposed:

- ITEM 1. Adopt the following <u>new</u> definition of "Spouse" in rule 655—18.1(272C):
- "Spouse" means a spouse of an active duty member of the military forces of the United States.
- ITEM 2. Amend rule 655—18.3(272C) as follows:

655—18.3(272C) Veteran and spouse reciprocity.

- **18.3(1)** A veteran <u>or spouse</u> with a nursing license in another jurisdiction may apply for licensure in Iowa through reciprocity (endorsement) pursuant to 655—Chapter 3. A veteran <u>or spouse</u> must pass any examinations required for licensure to be eligible for licensure through reciprocity. A fully completed application for licensure submitted by a veteran <u>or spouse</u> under this subrule shall be given priority and shall be expedited.
- **18.3(2)** Such an application Any application for licensure by reciprocity shall contain all of the information required of all applicants for licensure who hold licenses in other jurisdictions and who are applying for licensure by reciprocity, including, but not limited to, completion of all required forms, payment of applicable fees, disclosure of criminal or disciplinary histories, and, if applicable, a criminal history background check. The applicant shall use the same forms as any other applicant for licensure by reciprocity and shall additionally provide such documentation as is reasonably needed to verify the applicant's status as a veteran under Iowa Code section 35.1(2) or as a spouse under rule 655—18.1(272C).
- 18.3(3) Upon receipt of a fully completed licensure application, the board shall promptly determine if the professional or occupational licensing requirements of scope of practice in the jurisdiction where the applicant is licensed are is substantially equivalent to the licensing requirements scope of practice in Iowa. The board shall make this determination based on information supplied by the applicant and such additional information as the board may acquire from the applicable jurisdiction. The board may consider the following factors in determining substantial equivalence: scope of practice, education and coursework, degree requirements, postgraduate experience, and examinations required for licensure.
- **18.3(4)** The board shall promptly grant a license to the applicant if the applicant is licensed in the same or similar profession in another jurisdiction whose licensure requirements are scope of practice is substantially equivalent to those required the scope of practice in Iowa, unless the applicant is ineligible for licensure based on other grounds, for example, the applicant's disciplinary or criminal background.
- 18.3(5) If the board determines that the licensing requirements scope of practice in the jurisdiction in which the applicant is licensed are is not substantially equivalent to those required the scope of practice in Iowa, the board shall promptly inform the applicant of the additional experience, education, or examinations training required for licensure in Iowa. Unless the applicant is ineligible for licensure based on other grounds, such as disciplinary or criminal background, the following shall apply:
- a. If an applicant has not passed the required examination(s) for licensure, the applicant may not be issued a provisional temporary license but may request that the licensure application be placed in pending status for up to one year or as mutually agreed to provide the applicant with the opportunity to satisfy the examination requirements.
- b. If additional experience or education or training is required in order for the applicant's qualifications to be considered substantially equivalent, the applicant may request that the board issue a provisional temporary license for a specified period of time during which the applicant will successfully complete the necessary experience or education or training. The board shall issue a provisional temporary license for a specified period of time upon such conditions as the board deems

reasonably necessary to protect the health, welfare or safety of the public unless the board determines that the deficiency is of a character that the public health, welfare or safety will be adversely affected if a provisional temporary license is granted.

- c. If a request for a provisional temporary license is denied, the board shall issue an order fully explaining the decision and shall inform the applicant of the steps the applicant may take in order to receive a provisional temporary license.
- d. If a provisional temporary license is issued, the application for full licensure shall be placed in pending status until the necessary experience or education or training has been successfully completed or the provisional temporary license expires, whichever occurs first. The board may extend a provisional temporary license on a case-by-case basis for good cause.
- 18.3(6) A veteran An applicant who is aggrieved by the board's decision to deny an application for a reciprocal license or a provisional temporary license or is aggrieved by the terms under which a provisional temporary license will be granted may request a contested case (administrative hearing) and may participate in a contested case by telephone. A request for a contested case shall be made within 30 days of issuance of the board's decision. No The procedures of 655—Chapter 20 shall apply, except that no fees or costs shall be assessed against the applicant in connection with a contested case conducted pursuant to this subrule.