

Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative Keatley, John Henry Senator _____

Represented Pottawattamie County, Iowa

1. Birthday and place 1838 Pennsylvania

2. Marriage (s) date place
① _____

② _____

3. Significant events for example:

A. Business Admitted to the bar in 1860

B. Civic responsibilities _____

C. Profession Lawyer; newspaper writer; newspaper editor;

4. Church membership _____

5. Sessions served 21st General Assembly 1886

6. Public Offices

A. Local Council Bluffs mayor;

B. State _____

C. National Idland judge in Alaska; clerk in the treasury department

7. Death 20 June 1905 Washington, D.C.; buried

8. Children By 1st wife - 1 daughter; Frank;

9. Names of parents _____

10. Education Self-taught

11. Degrees _____

12. Other applicable information Democrat

- He worked on a farm during the summer and taught school in winters.
- When he practiced law he also edited a newspaper
- Military service - Civil War - attained rank of Colonel
- After a brief time in spring 1887 he lived in Sioux City, Iowa
- In March 1887 the Sioux City Herald newspaper was established
- He was induced to come to Council Bluffs, Iowa to be editor of The Council Bluffs Globe, but lack of capital brought it to a quick demise.
- Later an employee of The Council Bluffs Nonpartisan newspaper
- He came to Council Bluffs from Holidayburg, Pennsylvania after the Civil War.

TO RAISE BRIDGES

NORTHWESTERN TO ASSIST IN PREVENTING FLOODS.

COUNCIL TO RAISE BROADWAY CROSSING GRADE.

POUNDMASTER M'RAVEN HAS CHARGE AGAINST CITY COWS.

Mayor Macrae's Ordinance Forbidding the Use of Large Fire Crackers Passes Unanimously.

Action toward avoiding the overflow of Indian creek near the Northwestern depot was begun by the council last night in voting to allow the Northwestern people to raise their bridge, with the promise that the grade of Broadway where the tracks now to be raised, and in ordering the city engineer to prepare a higher grade between Ninth and Thirteenth streets. Mayor Macrae stated that Superintendent Whalen of Boone and Agent Montgomery of this city called upon him yesterday and desired to know at once what the city council intends to do. The railroad officials told the mayor and Alderman Gilbert that their company stands ready to begin work at once on raising the bridge and dredging the stream, providing the council will raise the grade on Broadway.

At the suggestion of the mayor, it was decided to notify the Northwestern officials that the grade on Broadway will be raised.

"I think that we can relay Broadway from Ninth to Thirteenth streets so that the tracks will be raised a foot or more," said Alderman Weaver. "I think that we ought to have the city engineer run levels between those streets on Broadway and ascertain what can be done toward raising the grade. I believe the paving is now below grade now."

"If the Northwestern railroad will do its part, I am satisfied that the other roads will do theirs toward raising their bridges and dredging the creek," said Alderman Maloney, chairman of the committee having the matter in charge. He said that J. Whitmore, chief engineer of the Northwestern, will be in charge of the

COL. J. H. KEATLEY CALLED BY DEATH

FORMER EDITOR OF NONPAREIL AND WAS ONCE FEDERAL JUDGE OF ALASKA.

Col. John H. Keatley, for a number of years an employe of The Nonpareil, and for a few years its editor in chief, once a federal judge in Alaska and later a clerk in the treasury department, died yesterday at his home in Washington, D. C. While the press dispatches do not state the cause of his death, it is presumed that the end came as the result of an attack of paralysis, which first affected his right arm several months ago.

Mr. Keatley spent many years of his life in Council Bluffs. He came to the city from Holidaysburg, Pa., at the close of the war. He was educated in the law, but first engaged as a writer on The Nonpareil. Later he alternated between the practice of his profession and newspaper employment. He finally became editor of The Nonpareil and later, during the life of the Globe, he wrote editorials for that paper. When the Greeley movement sprang up he joined his fortunes to the democratic party.

Mr. Keatley also served Council Bluffs as mayor, and was defeated for congress on the democratic ticket.

During President Cleveland's first term he was appointed to a federal judgeship in Alaska. Following this service he returned to Sioux City where he practiced law and where he was married a second time. From Sioux City about six or seven years ago he received an appointment to a clerkship in the treasury department in Washington, which he retained until his death. About six months ago he was stricken with paralysis of the right arm and since that time has been gradually failing.

Was an Able Writer.

Mr. Keatley was an able and capable writer and during his clerkship in Washington was for many years the regular Washington correspondent of The Nonpareil. His letters covering the various departments of government at the national capital were full of interest and information.

The first Mrs. Keatley and a daughter who survive, reside in Omaha. Frank, a son lives in Denver and A. C. Keatley, a brother, is an employe of the Chicago Tribune. Mrs. Keatley, the second wife, was with her husband at the time of his death.

Home Missionary Society.

A Visit to Our Millinery Department Will Pay You. : :

Reveals

We want the public to copy others, and you will find them earnest. Remember now is

Ready-to-View

VERIFY OUR STATEMENT OF THE CITY. Women who have been prices are revelations of high grade

Phenomenal Sale Women's Silks

\$5.00 is the made price on skirts would be cheap at \$7.50. Among are Dress Skirts of French Voile Walking Skirts of Panama and hair. The colors are the rich and black and fancy mixtures. word, the greatest collection you saw sold at \$7.50. Sale price..... 5 (Second Floor.)

Petticoats

Gingham, Moreen, Silk, regular \$1.50..... 1 Heavy black mercerized Satin Petticoats, six different styles; full width some have graduated pleated the finished with hemstitched tucked ruffles..... 1 \$1.25—regularly \$1.75 and \$2.00 mercerized Satin Petticoats, circular flounce. Sale price..... 1 \$1.60—regularly \$2.25—deep flounce, ruffles tucked and hemstitched the new sunburst styles. Sale price..... 1 \$2.95—regularly \$5.00 and \$6.00 Silk Petticoats, many pretty styles heavy rustle Taffeta, full width pleated flounce, dust ruffle. Sale price..... 3

We have others at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$8.00, \$9.00, \$10.00. 98c—regular \$1.50—Gingham Petticoats in blue and pink, lace and ruffle trimming. Sale price..... (Second Floor.)

Great Quantities of Muslin Underwear

It is surprising how many are taking advantage of these specially priced undermuslins. 25c—Corset Covers of cambree muslin; some are trimmed with rows of Val, insertion and others are trimmed in Torchon and some with embroidery. Sale price..... 39c—regular 50c—Drawers of cam full umbrella flounce; some have lace and embroidery. Sale price.....

Basement

A visit to our Basement will surprise you. Bargains are plentiful.

(Notes for June 25 by Rev. C. Hoover.)

This is a review of the last twelve lessons and covers comparatively a short time from October, A. D. 29, to April, A. D. 30, excepting the last two, which are dated by some thirty-eight or thirty-nine years later and by others nearly seventy years later. They open with the care of the Good Shepherd and close with the final blessing of the pure in heart in glory to go out no more forever.

The first lesson, "The Good Shepherd," teaches the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of men, and assures us that the infinite powers of the Eternal One shall be used for our good. "No good thing will He withhold from them that walk uprightly." "Our lives are hid with Christ in God." The christian minister who serves the church for pay "is a hireling and not a shepherd, and is at heart a coward and selfish." "The Good Shepherd giveth His life for the Sheep."

Lesson two teaches us that Christ has power over physical decay that what we call loss may be great gain; that audible prayer may have a good purpose in assuring others that "God is and that He is a rewarder of them that diligently seek Him."

Lesson three teaches that a true, pure, social life is to be cultivated, that to invite and accept invitations for the purpose of cultivating helpful friendship is a duty we owe one another; that true gratitude seeks an expression, and that the value of our acts may and often do far exceed our thought in the act—"Some have entertained angels unawares"—that it is possible for us to enter the professed service of Christ from selfish and sinister motives, and waste the best opportunities and die in disgrace; that money is not the great want of the church, nor bread what the unchurched and poor need most.

Lesson four is an earnest of the hallelujahs of Revelation—the "New Jerusalem come down from God out of heaven," the city that "lieth four square"—the achievements of eternal righteousness. In this lesson we see that there are times when the spirit of truth sweeps over us and we catch the inspiration and for the time see higher and brighter visions. Such is the Welsh revival and kindred ones—temperance reforms, civic righteousness, which is just now pervading the thought of society. There may come a decline, but the general thought will remain the higher for the coming of the wave. Who shall say that Christ has not always been more to the world for the hallelujahs of that day.

Lesson five teaches us that "The spirit of man never dies"; that "Dust, thou art to dust returneth Was not written of the soul"; that whether we wish it or not, future existence is our inheritance. We cannot have annihilation though we wish it; that it is possible, easily possible, for us to so be in this life that our future shall be a blessed immortality; that we shall have an endless approximation to the divine mind.

Lesson six shows us the undying love of Christ for us; the tenacity with which He holds onto us to save us from our sins; His care that we be thoroughly instructed in all that pertains to nobility of character; that "every temptation to forsake Christ and play the traitor to His cause comes from the devil."

Lesson seven, "The One and the Branches," Here facts, familiar facts,

Sioux City Journal: John H. Keatley, whom death called in Washington on Monday, for a quarter of a century was a man of some prominence in Iowa, though the later years of his life had been passed in obscurity. Coming to the state at the close of the civil war, in 1867, he first located at Cedar Falls, but in the following year he removed to Council Bluffs, where he became editor of The Council Bluffs Nonpareil. This position he held until April, 1876, when he accepted a position as assistant collector of internal revenue. In the Greeley campaign of 1872 Colonel Keatley identified himself with the liberal republican movement, was made chairman of the state committee and directed the state campaign in behalf of Mr. Greeley. In 1874 he was the democratic nominee for attorney general of the state and in 1878 the democratic candidate for congress in the Eighth district, both candidates being unsuccessful. During the first Cleveland administration he was appointed a federal judge in Alaska. Following this last service he disappeared from public notice, and, menaced by the increasing infirmities of his years, found grateful refuge in a clerkship in the treasury department in Washington.

Colonel Keatley was born in Pennsylvania in 1838 and was in his 67th year at the time of his death. Such education as he had he secured by his own exertions, working on a farm during the summer and teaching school in the winter. He was admitted to the bar in 1860, and, while practicing his profession also edited a paper. In 1862 he enlisted in the union army and was in active service until the close of the war, leaving the army in 1867 with a gallant and creditable record.

For a brief period in the spring of 1887 Colonel Keatley was a resident of Sioux City. In March of that year the Sioux City Herald, a democratic morning newspaper, was established, and Colonel Keatley was induced to come from Council Bluffs, where he had been the editor of the Globe, to accept the managing editorship of the paper. The venture was an unfortunate one for him, as the Herald had been improperly financed at the outset and after six issues had been published died for want of capital. Colonel Keatley had assembled a capable force of editors, the quality of the Herald was first class, and the outlook was of the best, and therefore the sudden demise of the paper was a great disappointment to him.

Colonel Keatley was a man of geniality, ability and great ambition. In politics he could always be depended upon for service on the stump, where he was at his best. The strength of his desire for public service and public notice is illustrated by the deviations of his career, in which strenuous pursuit rarely brought the coveted reward. To this extent Colonel Keatley was a disappointed man. In later years his ambition deserted him, and, broken in health and feeling the increasing weight of years, the problem of sustaining life was the only one that concerned him. In this situation a government clerkship was a haven, and it was there that death, kind at the last, found him and took him to the beyond. Peace be to his spirit.

Out of Place.