

Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative Merrill Samuel Senator \_\_\_\_\_  
Represented Clayton County, Iowa

1. Birthday and place 7 Aug 1822 Turner, Oxford County, Maine

2. Marriage (s) date place  
① Catharine Thomas evied 1846 (probably) New Hampshire  
② Elizabeth Dorothy Hill Jan 1851 (probably) New Hampshire  
③ Mary S.

3. Significant events for example:

A. Business President of the Citizens National Bank in Des Moines; organized  
the first National Bank; McHugh's store

B. Civic responsibilities GAR; Mason

C. Profession Merchant; Banker; Iowa Governor 1868-1872;  
teacher; farmer

4. Church membership Congregational

5. Sessions served 8<sup>th</sup> General Assembly 1860

6. Public Offices

A. Local \_\_\_\_\_

B. State Governor of Iowa 1868-1872; trustee of Iowa College, Des Moines, Iowa  
(now named Des Moines College)

C. National Member of New Hampshire Legislature 1856, 1858

7. Death 31 Aug 1899 Los Angeles, CA; buried Woodland Cemetery, Des Moines, Iowa

8. Children Nathaniel D.; Jerry D. (died young); two others died in infancy

9. Names of parents Abel and Abigail (Hill) Merrill, Jr.

Merrill, Samuel

10. Education

11. Degrees

12. Other applicable information Abolitionist, later Republican

- At age 16 he moved with his parents to Ruffin, Maine, the native place of his mother. There he attended several and taught school with skill. He left to go to the South to teach school, but stayed a short time saying he was "too far south."
- He then went to New Hampshire where he spent several years farming.
  - In 1847 he moved to Ferrisburgh, New Hampshire and engaged in the mercantile business.
  - In 1856 he decided to go west and located at McGregor, Iowa, where he again went into the mercantile business. During all these years he was active in politics. In 1854, while still in New Hampshire he was chosen on the Abolition ticket and went to the New Hampshire Legislature.
  - In Iowa he also went to the Legislature in 1860.
  - Military service - Civil War - he was commissioned Colonel of the 21<sup>st</sup> Iowa Infantry, wounded, and resigned in 1864.
  - He returned to McGregor, Iowa, and elected to the Legislature.
  - In 1867 he was elected Governor of Iowa.
  - His first wife, Catherine Stone, died in 1849.
  - After serving as Governor for one term, he returned to McGregor, Iowa, but soon moved to Des Moines, Iowa and became president of the Citizens National Bank.

## Sources Log For Legislation Entries

## Applicability

Source	Non Applicable	Applicable	Information obtained
- Obituary			<u>The Des Moines Leader, Des Moines, Iowa,</u> Fri. Sept. 1, 1899, p. 1, col. 6
- Obituary			<u>The Des Moines Daily News, Des Moines, Iowa,</u> Fri. Sept. 8, 1899, p. 1, col. 1
- Ancestry.com (accessed 10 Aug 2011)			
- Findagrave.com (accessed 10 Aug 2011)			
			<u>Portrait and Biographical Album 1890, p. 135-136</u>
			<u>Buried in Woodland Cemetery, 1998</u>
			<u>Biographical Dictionary, Iowa Volume, 1878, p. 14-16</u>
			<u>Several articles, Des Moines Daily Leader, Des Moines, Iowa,</u> Sat. Sept. 9, 1899, p. 2, col. 2, 3
- Obituary			<u>The Los Angeles Evening Express, Los Angeles, California</u> Sat. Sept. 2, 1899, p. 5, col. 5, p. 8, col. 2 and Mon. Sept. 4, p. 2, col. 4
- Obituary			<u>The Los Angeles Record, Los Angeles, California</u> Sat. Sept. 2, 1897, p. 1, col. 6
- Obituary			<u>The Daily Iowa Capital, Des Moines, Iowa</u> Fri. Sept. 1, 1899, p. 4, col. 3 and Sat. Sept. 6, 1899, p. 5, col. 7, Fri. Sept. 8, 1899, p. 1, col. 5, 6
- Portrait			<u>The original portrait is located in the archives at the State of Iowa</u> <u>Historical Library, 600 E. Grand, Des Moines, Iowa</u>





*Samuel Merrill*

COL. SAMUEL MERRILL.

Samuel Merrill,

Born

Maine,

*A citizen of McGregor, Clayton county, Iowa, when  
commissioned, August 1. 1862,*

[1st.] Colonel 21st Iowa Infantry.

Wounded

in

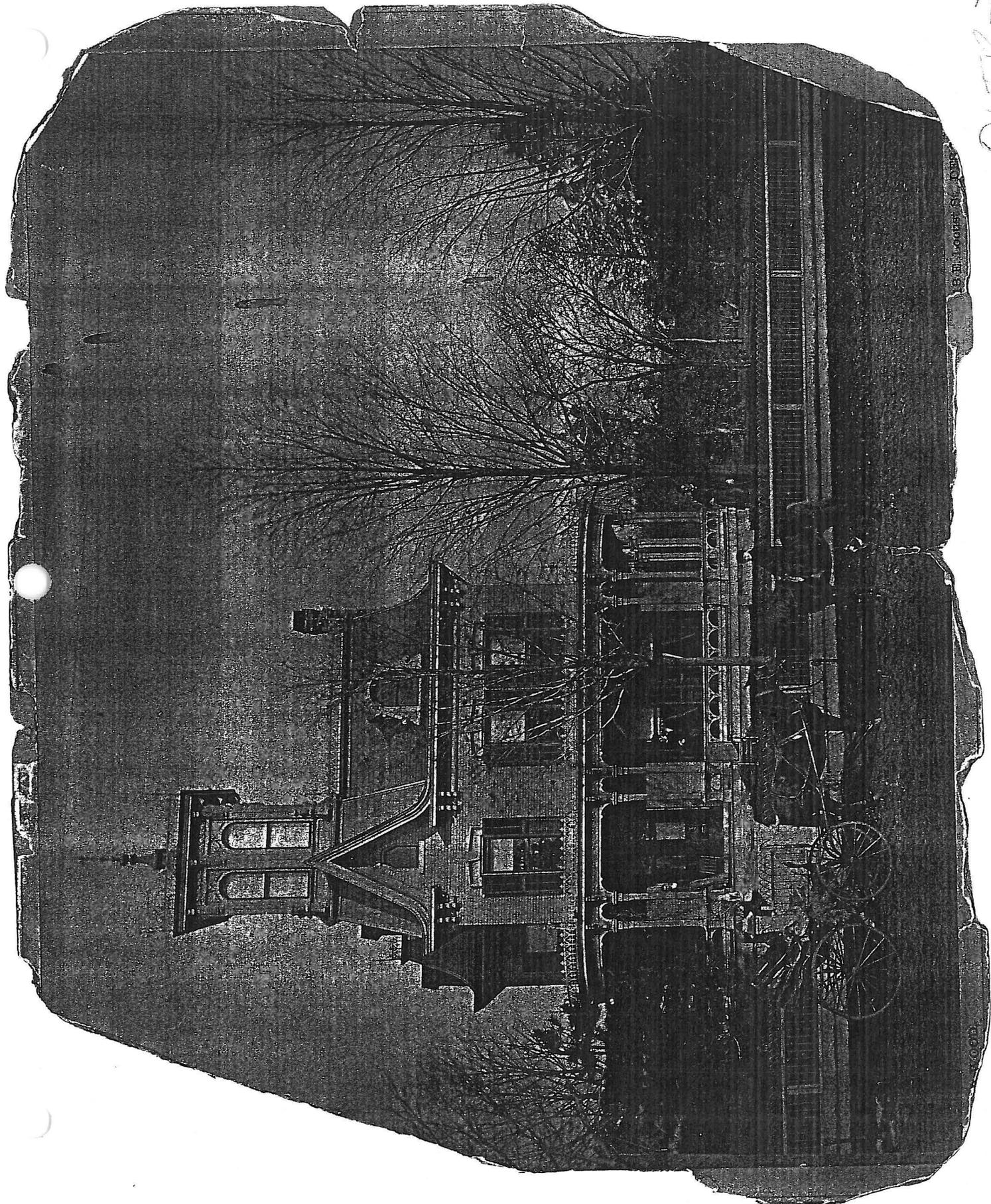
Battle at Big Black River Bridge, Miss, May 17. 1863.

*Mustered out for wounds, September 25. 1863.*

*Re-instated, by Special Order War Department, December 21. 1863.*

*Mustered out, May 27. 1864.*

← 2B10



Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.



# LEADER.

SEP. 1. 1899.

## PENSION BUREAU REPORT INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF NAMES ON ROLLS.

Report Shows That Arrears of Work  
Have Been Caught Up - Claimants  
and Their Attorneys Blamed  
for Alleged Delays.

Des Moines, Aug. 31.—The annual report of Pension Commissioner Evans shows an increase in round numbers, 40,000 names on the pension roll during the year, a 3 per cent increase, of which 35,000 were new deaths. Expended for pensions, \$1,000,000. The annual value of the pension roll is \$650,000 greater than ever before. The number of pensioners, 994,500, of whom 53,450 are soldiers and the rest are dependent relatives and nurses. The appointment of a commission to revise pension laws and rules was reported. The report says that considerable progress has been made in bringing up arrears of work in the bureau. The original claims are practically all paid and the work of ordering examinations in increase claims is pushed so that very little time is lost between dates of filing and the medical examinations. In the year, 107,919 claims of all kinds were rejected in the bureau. A detailed analysis of the causes of re-

were recommended last year and were the only ships not authorized by congress, so that it is thought the need of them will likely be again presented.

## EX-GOVERNOR MERRILL IS DEAD

Passed Away at His Home in Los Angeles  
Early Last Evening—Result of  
Paralysis.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 31.—Ex-Governor Samuel Merrill of Iowa died this evening, at the age of 73 years. About a week ago Governor Merrill suffered a stroke of paralysis, and but little hopes of his recovery were entertained. He was severely injured in an electric car accident several months ago, and he never entirely recovered from the shock.

## SEVEN MILLION BUSHELS OF CORN

Amount of Old Crop in Crib in Iowa  
According to Estimates—Its  
Movement.

The Rock Island has been co-operating with other lines of road in Iowa to ascertain the number of bushels of last year's corn crop now in crib in the state, and has announced that there is fully 7,000,000 bushels of the old crop that has not been sent to market yet, and that is in the hands of speculators. It is believed that because of the near approach of the time for marketing the new crop, that this corn will commence to move in a few days, and that most of the cribs will be cleared at present prices very shortly, to make way for the new crop. Reports are to the effect that much of the new crop is ready to cut and shock, and that a great deal of the early planted corn is out of the way of frosts, while nearly all of it will be out of the way by September 5. The same estimates place the number of bushels held in Kansas at 1,200,000 bushels, while scarcely any corn is held in Nebraska by specula-

## A SECOND GRAND

LAST EVENING'S SUBSTITUTION  
A REPETITION OF THE

Solos by Miss Stevenson, Miss  
Miss Reichard—Audience  
Is Discouragingly Small  
Entertainment Tonic

The second of the grand dedication week was given in the auditorium last evening, and in efforts to attract attention and deserts, it was heard once which did not occupy a third of the seats in the building. The evening was one of discouragement, most enthusiastic music lovers in the hall was warmer than on any previous occasion thus far. But this is not for the meager attendance explanation is that, when most dutiful and regular musical affairs are placed on the program it necessarily decimates the audience. The music lovers have been attending to their own affairs instead of listening to the concert. Despite that the small attendance was far from inspiring to the performers, many of whom were decidedly good. The entertainment was good. The entertainment was in better training than the first concert, but the band accompaniment lagged badly at times. The programme contained the same chorus numbers as the first evening. Instead of Dr. Baile's setting to the Kipling "Hymn," DeKoven's setting for number was given. Kellar's "Hymn" was the only other novelty, and it was probably the most satisfactory on either program. The soloists of the evening were Miss Stevenson of Chicago, Miss Reichard of Chicago, Mr. Garnet Hodge, former

day. was the Black Swamp of half century ago. But let us see how it was the commission when it said the district could not be reclaimed, it always remain a useless impediment to travel, a foul a large area of productive land. As the country bordering on the became thickly and still more settled the people gave the district closer investigation. It found that the swamp was filled with oak, ash and walnut timber of the quality. It was also found that the most pools and ponds were shallow and that the water was kept from going off by the accumulation of it from the great trees and by de-vegetation. American enterprise followed itself and great ditches approaching canals, were soon digging the water toward the river the result that acres upon acres of ground appeared where once might have been floated. By this roadways were secured and in a short time saw mills were in operation and the splendid timber was sent to the markets. The quality of "Black Swamp timber" soon became known to all the world, and the product found its way to the Clyde and into the cities where being built there. The man who subdued the district became rich from the sale of timber alone. It was then discovered that the soil was the richest in the world and would produce about everything but potatoes. The clearing out process was at once begun and in a few years we find the valuable farms in the country within the limits of the district which the commission had said was useless could not be reclaimed. The story of the Black Swamp is yet fully told. When natural gas was discovered in Ohio and Indiana, residents of the swamp area started investigation to learn what was beneath them. Gas was struck and this fact added greatly to the wealth of the Black Swamp residents. Some time ago oil was "struck," and at the present time the swamp is one of the most valuable of all the oil districts. Since the development of the oil industry, however, agriculture has been somewhat neglected, as is always the case in communities where money can be made so easily and where it virtually flows from the earth. But the lesson that is brought out strongest by a study of the history of the Black Swamp of Ohio is that American enterprise oftentimes interferes with the progress and conclusions contained in reports of commissioners. The seemingly useless portions of our new territory should not be despised un-

schoolhouse within sight of their homes. The fact that every section of land in the state has its schoolhouse and that school is conducted therein for a proper period in each year means a high state of intelligence, which, in turn, means a law-abiding, peaceful, happy and prosperous people. The good behavior of an Iowa crowd is easily accounted for. We have a small per cent of the illiterate element that is found in certain mining and manufacturing districts in the east. Iowa has her farms and her school houses, and therein is the secret of the commendable characteristics of her people. And her people have been taught temperance.

**SAMUEL MERRILL.**

This morning the news was received that ex-Governor Samuel Merrill had died at Los Angeles, Cal. The news was not unexpected, the people of Iowa being aware that the distinguished citizen was in a deep sleep, the result of a stroke of paralysis which he suffered on last Wednesday.

Samuel Merrill was the seventh governor of Iowa, serving two terms, and had reached the age of 77 when stricken down. He was a member of the war legislature of Iowa and was one of the staunch supporters of Governor Kirkwood when those who opposed the war were doing everything in their power to hinder and embarrass that official. Mr. Merrill not only assisted the governor, but he lent his personal credit in order that the first three regiments of Iowa troops might be equipped for the service. In 1862, he entered the army, as colonel of the Twenty-first, and led that regiment in many desperate engagements. He was wounded at Port Gibson and again at Black River bridge, the last time so seriously that after a long term in the hospital, he was discharged from the service.

Mr. Merrill entered upon the duties of governor in 1868 and his terms were marked by wisdom and loyalty to the public interest.

Governor Merrill, a few years ago, gave a promise that he would provide the material from which a work on his life might be prepared and placed in the state historical building, but his absence from the state no doubt interfered with the keeping of the promise, a fact that is to be greatly regretted.

Commenting on the fact that Mayor MacVicar had concluded to yield the cares of public life to take the road for a wall paper house, the Dubuque Times impertinently asks if the mayor is quite sure that the wall paper house is not a member of the trust.

President McKinley, the commander-in-chief of our army and navy, met at North Pennsylvania, at Pittsburg, and

Begins the new year Septe

**Prof. J. Clifford K**

assistants, including Prof. Stamm  
Our Shorthand Textbook is

We can secure positions for nearly as many more operators not obliged to go and "learn in advance" positions (without salary)

**The**

has been strengthened by the Salt Lake City and San Jose B

Our attendance for this year School in the Co

**JENNIFER Fourth**

and had suffered perhaps the greatest losses in the Philippines fairly went wild when the opportunity came to show their love and admiration for the president. And with the roar of veteran voices still upon the air Prof. Herron's piping voice is heard telling the Iowa populists that President McKinley is a traitor to his country and that the war is nothing short of murder.

The Chicago Tribune gives out the following information as to the pronunciation of the names of the leading characters in the Dreyfus trial:

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**GOVERNOR MERRILL  
HAS PASSED AWAY**

**Ex-Chief Executive of Iowa Died Yesterday Afternoon at His Home in This City**

Samuel Merrill, ex-Governor of Iowa, died late yesterday afternoon at his home in this city, 200 Mott street, from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. Several months ago Governor Merrill was the victim of a trolley-car accident and has been in poor health since. He was stricken down last Wednesday, a week ago, and has been in an unconscious condition much of the time since then. His wife and daughter and grandchildren were at his bedside when the end came.

Hon. Samuel Merrill was New England born—Turner, Maine, in 1822—but it was in the great middle West that his name and his career grew with the country. He was married while still a young man to Elizabeth D. Hill of Buxton, Maine, who died in March, 1888.

Governor Merrill entered into public life before he left New England, being elected in 1850 to the New Hampshire State Legislature. In 1859 he emigrated to Iowa, and in '61 went to the front as the Colonel of the Twenty-first Iowa Volunteer Infantry. He was shot through both thighs in the battle of River Ridge, Mo., and saw much hard service. After the war he was elected to the Iowa State Legislature and served two terms as Governor of the State, taking office the first time in 1868.

In Iowa he had extensive business interests, being the president of a number of railroad, banking and insurance institutions and was associated with Russell Sage and others in building the Indiana, Illinois & Iowa Railroad.

At the beginning of the boom, Governor Merrill came to Southern California and made heavy investments in real estate. He was principally responsible for the establishment of three different towns, East Riverside, South Riverside and Rialto. In those sections he owned many valuable water rights and a large interest in the Southern California Motor road which he organized.

In 1894 the Governor married Miss Mary S. Greenwood. At that time he was worth about \$300,000, but divided the bulk of his property between his two children, Jerry H. Merrill of this city, and Mrs. J. W. Craig of Rialto, leaving just enough to comfortably support himself and wife.

**NEWMAN CLUB TO RETAIN  
ITS LITERARY FEATURE**

**Stirring Paper on the Subject Read at Last Night's Meeting by Joseph Scott**

**Men**

We buy our men's made comes to our We do not lower p regular prices our r saving is more not usual \$12.50 and \$



sertion; new yokes and plentifully shown; these from \$1.50 to \$2.00; your choice for.....

(Second Floor)

**Linen Skirts** Fine, pure skirts at e price. The the latest lap seams and are trim with buttons; excellent on sale now at.....

(Second Floor)

**Golf Hats** The "Devona" made of the b wool felt; sil and silk band best finish and leather s come in black, gray, l tor, cardinal, national a a regular \$1.50 hat; selling at.....

(Second Floor)

**AL BAKING POWDER**

**Y PURE**  
delicious and wholesome

POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

**A CHOIR FOR CENTRAL  
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**

**Mrs. Grace Miltimore Stivers Will Be the Leader—Prospect for a New Place of Worship**

A new choir has been engaged for the Central Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Grace Miltimore Stivers, the well known soprano, is to be the leader; Miss Louise Torry, the contralto, R. P. Skilling, the bass, and Mrs. W. D. Larrabee, the accompanist. The committee has not yet fully decided upon the tenor, but for next Sunday Roy Day will fill the position.

The church, which has along and hard struggle for an existence since it separated from the First Church, has determined to go on with its work. Arrangements for erecting a new church are being made, and it is probable that a pastor will be called next week to fill the vacancy caused by the departure of the Rev. Jones.

The new choir will sing for the first time next Sunday.

Until definite arrangements for a church home have been made the congregation will continue to meet at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium.

**TENNIS AT COVINA**

**The Semi-Annual Tournament Will Be Held September 15 and 16**

The third semi-annual tennis tournament of the Covina Tennis Club will be held on the Covina courts on Friday and Saturday, September 15 and 16. This tournament is open to all comers. Entries will close on the evening of September 13 for singles, and on the morning of September 15 for doubles. The entrance fee in each case is \$1. All communications should be addressed to the secretary, J. C. Hutchinson, Jr., Covina. Handsome first and second prizes will be awarded.

The popularity of this semi-annual event in tennis circles throughout Southern California was shown by the heavy entry list at the last tournament.

The management are very enthusiastic and will leave nothing undone to make this event in every way as successful as the late Santa Monica tournament.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection. Already a large number of the best players in Southern California have signified

insteel has returned from Camp from which point he explored the jungles, cascades and great main Santa Anita Canyon.

terew and A. Bachellery of ce, arrived at the Hollenbeck ug. These gentlemen are on a pe of the industries of allena.

irs. H. J. Woollacott will leave their eldest son Albert H. for sco, whence they go to San he purpose of placing the young Mathew's Military Academy.

berg, who is in San Francisco, arrangements to enter the ple- The crockery business of the closed out, but the brass goods be continued. Mr. Meyberg by active competition against sco firms the contract to furn- ss and art work of a 22-room sco flat.

rgan, the assayer, formerly of ut now the superintendent of Gold and Copper Mining Com- on, Ariz., is in Los Angeles. n says that the Azurite Com- talling another 30-ton smelting ds will give the company an capacity. The company at hipping from three to four car- back copper matte each month ck. The gold and silver in this affluent, Mr. Morgan says, to rtation expenses from the ew York, and have a small bal- copper is thus clear and passed lend account. While Ingats of per command 18 cents, Mr. s' producers seldom realize 16 1/2 to 17 cents a pound.

### D CONSOLIDATION MPHATICALLY DENIED

### in the Story That the Los es and Edison Companies Have Consolidated

was current today to the effect os Angeles Electric Company terests in the new Edison Elec- ny were about to consolidate. was that the corporation, of B. Cline is the head, has absorbed company. Treasurer John B. e Edison Company, when seen, ere is nothing in the story." ed about the identity of Presi- or's successor; Mr. Miller would rker's successor has as yet not n."

stood that it was the object of admissible intrigues and when I received from my former subordinate, Henry, while in Tunis a threatening letter which had been forwarded with the assent of Generals Gonse and De Bolsedeffre. If this letter was published I cannot be held responsible for it.

General Gonse maintained that the Henry letter was written without his assent and in reply to an insolent letter from Picquart. The latter, Gonse said, saw machinations everywhere. He alleged that he was sent to Tunis to be killed. The court could form its own conclusions.

Col. Picquart remarked that he brought the secret dossier to General Gonse simultaneously with the bordereau and that the General consequently was in a position to judge of the probabilities of the innocence of Dreyfus.

## VITAL STATISTICS

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

- James E. Quick, aged 42, and Lizzie Reynolds, aged 31, of Los Angeles.
- Edward L. Doran, aged 33, and Minnie V. Plummer, aged 30, of Los Angeles.
- Elario Acuna, aged 36, and Bisenta Arias, aged 44, of Los Angeles.
- Reuben Wixon, aged 38, of Riverside, and Elizabeth Williams, aged 26, of Los Angeles.
- Joseph P. Stark, aged 34, and Emma Lentz, aged 30, of Pomona.
- Joseph Carson, aged 33, and Lucy Emma Saunders, aged 28, of Needles.
- Robert William Coleman, aged 26, and Elizabeth Augusta Blessington, aged 23, of Los Angeles.

### BORN.

- To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cheeseborough, 838 Short street, a daughter, August 31.
- To Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Murphy, 1013 Maple avenue, a daughter, August 1.

### DEATHS.

- A 615 South Main street, September 9, Anna Frances Carson, native of California, cerebral meningitis, aged 38 years.
- At 857 Avenue 33, August 31, Henry B. Haight, native of Ohio, paralysis, aged 56 years.
- At 533 South Los Angeles street, August 31, E. S. Walker, native of Tennessee, phthisis pulmonalis, aged 28 years.

### DIED.

**MERRILL**—In this city, August 31, 1899, at his late residence, No. 200 North Mott street, Samuel Merrill, aged 77 years. Funeral from the First Congregational Church, corner Seventh and Hill streets, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

When poetry becomes a drug in the market it doesn't command prescription prices.

## It Will Open at Sycamore Grove To- morrow Morning—To Continue During the Entire Month

The annual camp meeting of the spiritualists of Southern California will open at Sycamore Grove tomorrow morning, and will continue during the entire month of September. Many of the local Spiritualists have made arrangements to go into camp at once, and will remain the whole month, and visitors are looked for from all over this end of the State, with a few sprinkling of the faithful from San Francisco.

Among the more prominent lecturers who will take part are Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Lillie, Mrs. S. Augusta Armstrong, Mrs. Maude L. Von Freitag, Prof. E. D. Babbitt, Dr. Charles A. Andrus and Rev. Wm. C. Bowman. Music is always a prominent feature in Spiritualistic gatherings, and arrangements have been made for an ample supply. The Spiritualists will be glad to see their friends, and will try to make their visits pleasant and instructive.

At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning there will be the formal flag-raising, after which formal greeting will be extended by President E. A. Humphrey of the Harmonials, and Mrs. Von Freitag will read an original poem. Five minute talks will then be given by invited guests, closing with general handshaking. In the afternoon there will be the children's progressive lyceum, followed by a lecture by Mrs. R. S. Lillie of San Francisco, with tests and spirit messages, and the exercises will close in the evening with a lecture by Mrs. Von Freitag and spirit messages by the same.

The full program for the week has already been published in the Express. A pleasant feature of the meeting will be camp dances Monday and Wednesday evenings, and a literary and musical entertainment Friday evening.

## SUGAR GRINDING SEASON

### Is Making a Heavy Tax on Railroad Rolling Stock

The rolling stock of the Southern Pacific Company is being heavily taxed in the movement of beets from the fields to the three Southern California factories which are now in operation. One hundred and fifty flat cars are being used for the purpose. The movement is being engineered from the office of Superintendent J. A. Muir.

A large part of the movement is from the Oxnard factory to the one at Chino. The Oxnard had at one time thought to grind nearly all of the Chino crop of beets

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at in 1890 a civil employee named Picquart betrayed the description of the German agents. A year later were public tests of the gun description of it was printed and

**OF QUESTIONS DE LOYE.**

It then began to question General Ve. He put his questions skillfully and soon the old general found himself agreeing with Major Hartman in points and disagreeing with the Mercier, Gonse and Roget. The general believe that the terms in the bordereau would allow to suppose that the document had been written by Dreyfus or by any artilleryer?" asked Labori.

**LOYE CAUSES A SENSATION.**

replied De Loye, and then, growing positive: "Never, on my soul of science, I can't believe so." change of front on the part of De Loye caused a sensation. It was evident he is uncertain as to the prisoner's

Wednesday De Loye's testimony to show that Dreyfus could have been author of the bordereau.

**MERCIER AND THE BRAKE.**

He next took the stand and asked Hartman what power experimented on the hydro-pneumatic brake. Hartman answered, "Germany before 1890. In my definitely decided not to use

er's next remarks were made triumphant. "It is a small matter," he said. "The defense insists, I will have the judges that Germany called the brake 'hydraulic' and not 'hydro-pneumatic.' Hence, the use of the former in the bordereau."

Hartman replied quietly: "But Germans abandoned the experiments on the brake in 1893."

**BORDEREAU WRITTEN BY A FOREIGNER.**

Louis Havet then gave important testimony in favor of the prisoner. He said the bordereau from a linguistic point and testified to the peculiar words in it. These indicated, he said, a document written by a foreigner like Esterhazy instead of a native man like Dreyfus.

His testimony was identical with those in the bordereau to be found in the letters of Esterhazy, said the witness, while he found them in the writing of the prisoner.

**PICQUART-GONSE LETTERS.**

On the request of Labori the letters that had been written between Picquart and Gonse at the time of the former's discoveries regarding Esterhazy were read to the court. They showed Gonse's uncertainty as to the authorship of the bordereau, and advised Picquart cautiously to inquire into the matter.

Labori arose and explained that the letters were not inconsistent with his belief that Dreyfus, Picquart accused Gonse of inconsistency, and Gonse denied the charge.

"Do you not, in September, 1896, believe Dreyfus is innocent?" demanded Picquart. Gonse made no reply.

Some of the Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

**Tax Rate Ordinance to be Adopted.**

At the next meeting of the city council, Tuesday, an ordinance will be adopted establishing the tax rate for the next year. The tax rate for the city, excepting the new annexed districts, will be \$1.47.

**STATESMEN WILL ATTEND**

**CEREMONIES OVER THE REMAINS OF EX-GOV MERRILL WILL BE IMPRESSIVE**

At the First Congregational Church at 3 p. m. tomorrow Afternoon the Burial Services Will Be Read.

Ex-Governor Samuel Merrill of Iowa, who died at his home in this city Thursday evening will have an impressive funeral tomorrow. Governors and ex-governors of half a dozen states and numerous ex-statesmen will act as honorary pall-bearers. Half a dozen of the most prominent citizens of Los Angeles will be the active pall-bearers, and the full strength of Stanton Post, G. A. R., of which the distinguished governor was a member, and the Bartlett Logan Post, G. A. R., will turn out.

The funeral services will be held at 3 p. m. tomorrow in the First Congregational church at Sixth and Hill streets, of which Governor Merrill was a member.

The funeral sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Edward F. Goff of Riverside, owing to the absence of the pastor, the Rev. W. F. Day. The Rev. Mr. Goff will be assisted by the Rev. W. A. Knighten of Stanton Post. Prof. W. F. Skel, the organist, and the church choir, will furnish the musical program, and Comrade O. T. Thomas of Stanton Post will sound bugle taps.

The active pall-bearers will be Messrs. H. E. Storrs, W. C. Brown, W. H. Griffin, J. Ross Clark, H. A. Brown, N. S. Averill, all members of the Congregational church.

The honorary pall-bearers are: Hon. Henry T. Gage, governor of California; Gen. John L. Beveridge, ex-governor of Illinois; Hon. Henry H. Markham, ex-governor of California; Gen. Lionel A. Sheldon, ex-governor of New Mexico; Hon. John J. Gosper, ex-governor of Arizona; General Harrison Gray Otis, editor Los Angeles Times; Hon. W. C. Patterson, president of the Los Angeles National bank; Capt. F. J. Cressey, chairman of the Red Cross society; Hon. B. F. Allen, ex-state senator of Iowa; Capt. J. M. Guinn, adjutant Stanton Post, G. A. R.; Hon. B. N. Smith, judge of the superior court; Maj. J. A. Donnell, ex-district attorney; Hon. Delos Arnold, ex-state senator of Iowa; General E. P. Johnson, ex-commander of Stanton Post; Hon. Fred Eaton, mayor of Los Angeles; William Young, Esq., of Marshalltown, Ia.; Judge Waldo M. York of the superior court.

After the services at the church, the remains of Ex-Governor Merrill will be taken to the mortuary of Peck & Chase, in the Masonic Temple.

Standard state and county series at startling cut prices; as well as pens, pencils, tablets, etc.

Special prices, too, on shoes, stockings, dr hats. You're foolish if you buy without these extraordinary priveleges.

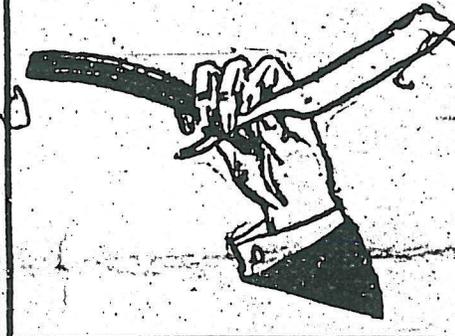
**Tonight's Bargain**

For 4 hours only—6 to 10

Ladies' Vests—4 hours only  
low necks, sleeveless and trim'd neck and arms, 81-3c. ones Saturday night..... **4 1/2c**

Ladies' Linen Collars  
in stylish shapes, the season's latest effects, but a little soiled from display and excessive handling, 81-3c and 10c ones tomorrow night..... **5c**

Veiling—4 hours on  
Take your choice Saturday night, 25c and 35c plain tuxedo net, chenille dots and bobinette, for only, yard.....



Ladies' Hose  
Fine combed ble-soles, he black of tan

Hose Support  
for misses of fine, stro pat, fastene:

Sale I  
\$2.50, \$2 an going for 4  
Torrey's, W other celebr with fine h:

William's  
10c cakes

**CAMPBELL CLIPS  
A BIRD'S WINGS**

CONVICTED FORGER CANNOT SECURE HIS FREEDOM ON BAIL

**THE PRISONER WAS ANGRY**

His Honor Insisted That There Is No Legal Provision for Bail for Convicted Men.

THEY ARE  
TERRIBLE DISASTERS

After Being  
Were

Scraps-Blade  
CHARLES  
steamer Wood today with 3 mund Thomas a raft 250 mill The men e wrecked Nor from Pascag from the

office?" asked Labori.  
**LOYE CAUSES A SENSATION.**  
 o," replied De Loye, and then, grow-  
 more positive: "Never, on my soul  
 conscience, I can't believe so."  
 isic" age of front on the part of De  
 ci" l a sensation. It was evident  
 he, uncertain as to the prisoner's

Wednesday De Loye's testimony  
 d to show that Dreyfus could have  
 the author of the bordereau.

**MERCIER AND THE BRAKE.**  
 refer, next took the stand and asked  
 r Hartman what power experimented  
 the hydro-pneumatic brake. Hart-  
 answered, "Germany before 1890. In  
 they definitely decided not to use

rcier's next remarks were made tri-  
 anantly. "It is a small matter," he  
 "but as the defense insists, I will  
 m the judges that Germany called  
 brake 'hydraulic' and not 'hydro-  
 matic.' Hence, the use of the form  
 l in the bordereau."  
 this Hartman replied quietly: "But  
 Germans abandoned the experiments  
 the brake in 1893."

**BORDEREAU WRITTEN BY A FOR-  
 GIGNET.**

of. Louis Havet then gave important  
 mony in favor of the prisoner. He  
 nined the bordereau from a linguistic  
 point and testified to the peculiar  
 of the words in it. These indicated,  
 said, a document written by a for-  
 Esterhazy instead of a native  
 ich. Like Dreyfus.

rors identical with those in the bor-  
 ou were to be found in the letters of  
 rhazy, said the witness, while he  
 r found them in the writing of the  
 used.

**PICQUART-GONSE LETTERS.**

the request of Labori the letters that  
 ed between Picquart and Gonse at  
 time of the former's discoveries re-  
 lling Esterhazy were read to the court.  
 c showed Gonse's uncertainty as to  
 authorship of the bordereau, and  
 he advised Picquart cautiously to in-  
 gate Esterhazy.  
 nse here arose and explained that the  
 rs are not inconsistent with his be-  
 in Dreyfus. Picquart accused Gonse  
 inconsistency, and Gonse denied the  
 asation.  
 id you not, in September, 1896, believe  
 yfus innocent?" demanded Picquart.

onse made no reply.

**OPENED.**  
 estioned by Picquart, Gonse admitted  
 the letters between him and Picquart  
 been opened by Henry, but at his  
 nsc's) orders.

**THE HENRY FORGERY.**  
 Labori then tackled Gonse as to the  
 ry forgery. Henry, he said, had tried  
 for another proof that the accused  
 cult, but this was not needed.

**THE PLOT TO RUIN PICQUART.**

Labori's further questions again brought  
 the plot supposed to have been con-  
 cted by Henry and De Clam to ruin  
 quart and shield Esterhazy, but Gonse  
 were evasively.  
 Source Iowa Territorial and State Legis-  
 lator Lamotte, who was formerly with  
 yfus in the second bureau, then

At the First Congregational Church at  
 3 p. m. tomorrow afternoon the  
 Burial Services Will Be Read.

Ex-Governor Samuel Merrill of  
 Iowa, who died at his home in this city  
 Thursday evening will have an impressive  
 funeral tomorrow. Governors and ex-  
 governors of half a dozen states and num-  
 crous ex-statesmen will act as honorary  
 pall-bearers. Half a dozen of the most  
 prominent citizens of Los Angeles will  
 be the active pall-bearers, and the full  
 strength of Stanton Post, G. A. R., of  
 which the distinguished governor was a  
 member, and the Bartlett Logan Post,  
 G. A. R., will turn out.

The funeral services will be held at 3  
 p. m. tomorrow in the First Congrega-  
 tional church at Sixth and Hill streets,  
 of which Governor Merrill was a mem-  
 ber.

The funeral sermon will be delivered by  
 the Rev. Edward F. Goff of Riverside,  
 owing to the absence of the pastor, the  
 Rev. W. F. Day. The Rev. Mr. Goff will  
 be assisted by the Rev. W. A. Knighten  
 of Stanton Post, Prof. W. F. Skeel, the  
 organist, and the church choir, will fur-  
 nish the musical program, and Comrade  
 O. T. Thomas of Stanton Post will sound  
 bugle taps.

The active pall-bearers will be Messrs.  
 H. E. Storrs, W. C. Brown, W. H. Griffin,  
 J. Ross Clark, H. A. Brown, N. S. Aver-  
 elli, all members of the Congregational  
 church.

The honorary pall-bearers are: Hon.  
 Henry T. Gage, governor of California;  
 Gen. John L. Beveridge, ex-governor of  
 Illinois; Hon. Henry H. Markham, ex-  
 governor of California; Gen. Lionel A.  
 Sheldon, ex-governor of New Mexico;  
 Hon. John J. Gosper, ex-governor of Ariz-  
 ona; General Harrison Gray Otis, edi-  
 tor Los Angeles Times; Hon. W. C. Pat-  
 terson, president of the Los Angeles Na-  
 tional bank; Capt. F. J. Cressey, chair-  
 man of the Red Cross society; Hon. B.  
 F. Allen, ex-state senator of Iowa; Capt.  
 J. M. Gulnn, adjutant Stanton Post, G. A.  
 R.; Hon. B. N. Smith, judge of the su-  
 perior court; Maj. J. A. Donnell, ex-dis-  
 trict attorney; Hon. Delos Arnold, ex-  
 state senator of Iowa; General E. P.  
 Johnson, ex-commander of Stanton Post;  
 Hon. Fred Eaton, mayor of Los Angeles;  
 William Young, Esq., of Marshalltown,  
 Ia.; Judge Waldo M. York of the superior  
 court.

After the services at the church, the  
 remains of Ex-Governor Merrill will be  
 returned to the undertaking parlors of  
 Peck & Chase, in the Masonic Temple.  
 Between the hours of 8:30 and 10 o'clock  
 tomorrow morning the friends of the dead  
 man may view the remains at the under-  
 taking parlors.

The body of ex-Governor Merrill will be  
 taken to his former home in Des Moines,  
 Ia., by his son at 9:50 Monday morning.  
 Soon after the remains reach Des Moines  
 a state funeral will be held, and the body  
 will then be placed in the family vault.

Governor Merrill was elected governor  
 of Iowa in 1869 and served two terms of  
 two years each.

**THE GREAT SINGLE TAXER  
 BIRTHDAY OF HENRY GEORGE TO BE**

**Tonight's Bargain**  
 For 4 hours only—6 to

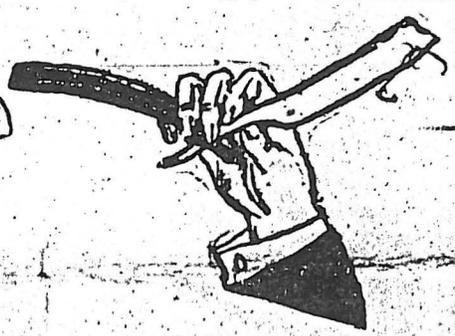
**Ladies' Vests—4 hours only** Ladies' B  
 low necks, sleeveless and  
 trim'd neck and arms,  
 81-3c. ones Saturday night..... **4 1/2c** Fine combi-  
 ble-socks,  
 black or t

**Ladies' Linen Collars**  
 in stylish shapes, the season's latest  
 effects, but a little soiled from display  
 and excessive handling,  
 81-3c and 10c ones to-  
 morrow night..... **5c** Hose Sup-  
 for misse-  
 of fine, st-  
 pat, fasto-

**Veiling—4 hours o**  
 Take your choice Saturday night, 25c and 35c p  
 tuxedo net, chenille dots and  
 bobinette, for only, yard.....

**Sale**  
**\$2.50, \$2**  
 going for  
 Torrey's,  
 other cele  
 with fine

**William**  
**10c cak**



**CAMPBELL CLIPS**  
**A BIRD'S WINGS**  
**THEY**  
**TERRIBLE**  
**OF**

**CONVICTED FORGER CANNOT SECURE**  
**HIS FREEDOM ON BAIL**  
 After Bein  
 We

**THE PRISONER WAS ANGRY**  
 Scripps-BI  
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 raft sever  
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 cept the  
 either swe  
 cide.

His Honor Insisted That There Is No  
 Legal Provision for Bail  
 for Convicted Men.

R. A. BIRD, the clerical-looking adven-  
 turer whose various convictions for the  
 forgery of G. A. Griffith's name have at  
 various times during the last few years  
 been noted in the local papers, suffered  
 this morning a clipping of his sable  
 wings.

Judge Campbell, who presided at Bird's  
 last trial, has refused to admit the pris-  
 oner to bail, pending Bird's contemplated  
 appeal to the supreme court, and, there-  
 fore, the poor but dishonest ex-secretary  
 of the Citizens' league will continue for a  
 time at his post of dishwasher in the  
 county jail.

The court's decision was a blow to the  
 prisoner, who showed his protruding teeth  
 when he is angered. The convicted for-  
 Battery D  
 nes, Iowa.  
 Scripps-BI

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

**POWDER**

**Makes the food more delicious and wholesome**

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

**BRIEFS.**

Land of Sunshine Publishing Company has moved its business and editorial from the Stinson building into the building with their mechanical department, 121 1/2 South Broadway.

are undelivered telegrams at the Union Telegraph office for Chas. Coy, Thomas W. Coppan, Ed. Ludlow, Cummings, Martha M. Winslow, J. W. A. G. Hillen, E. J. Gilbert.

check baggage at your residence to Cent. Los Angeles Transfer Co., 404 Broadway. Telephone M. 249.

need rates on fire insurance. John Schnell, 317 Wilcox block. Tel. Red 2214.

List, Notary Public. Legal papers neatly drawn. 223 Wilcox block.

bury's C.C.C. cures blackheads. 25c.

**Head-On Collision**

in, Ohio, Sept. 2.—Eight persons were killed to a more or less extent today as a result of a head-on collision between two cars on the Lorain and Elyra electric street car. A dense fog. Both cars were crowded with passengers and were running at a high rate of speed. The front half of one car was demolished. No one was injured.

**CITY ITEMS**

el, millinery, 337 S. Spring.

ney's Trunk Factory. 223 S. Main.

paper, \$1.50 for 12-foot room. Walter, Spring.

to theatrical cold cream, make-up rouge Gras at all druggists.

lage painting and bicycle repair Hawley, King & Co., cor. B'way & 5th.

in, another carload of Columbus Co. vehicles, newest styles. Prices quality correct. Cor. B'way and 6th.

r & Zobelein's lager on draught in principal saloons; delivered in bottles 75c. Office and brewery, 440 Aliso telephone 91.

are many good wheels on the market at \$40 and \$50, but the Victor bicycle is the best on earth and price only \$40, and quality only. We also carry the best stone at \$25 and \$35. Hawley, King & Co., B'way and 5th st.

**FUNERAL OF EX-GEN. MERRILL**

**IT WILL TAKE PLACE TOMORROW AFTERNOON**

**Services at the First Congregational Church—List of Honorary and Active Pall Bearers**

The funeral of the late Col. Samuel Merrill, ex-Governor of Iowa, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from the First Congregational Church, at Sixth and Hill streets, of which deceased was a member. In the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. F. Day, D. D., the services will be conducted by Rev. Edward F. Goff of Riverside, assisted by Rev. Will A. Knighten of Stanton Post, G. A. R. There will be music by the church choir, Prof. W. E. Steel, organist. Stanton Post, G. A. R., of which Governor Merrill was a member, will turn out, as will also Bartlett-Logan Post.

Following is the list of honorary pallbearers: Hon. Henry T. Gage, Governor of California; Gen. John I. Beveridge, ex-Governor of Illinois; Hon. Henry H. Markham, ex-Governor of California; Gen. Lionel A. Sheldon, ex-Governor of New Mexico; Hon. John J. Gosper, ex-Governor of Arizona; Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, Hon. W. C. Patterson, Capt. F. J. Cressey, Hon. B. F. Allen, Capt. J. M. Guinn, Hon. R. N. Smith, Major J. A. Donnell, Hon. Delos Arnold, Gen. E. P. Johnson, Mayor Fred Eaton, William Young of Marshalltown, Iowa; Hon. Waldo M. York.

The active pallbearers are as follows: H. E. Storrs, W. C. Brown, W. H. Griffin, J. Ross Clark, H. A. Brown, N. S. Averill.

**Labor Day Celebration at Redondo Beach, Monday, Sept. Fourth**

Attractive program; lots of fun. Take Santa Fe trains at 8:30, 9:55 a. m., 1:30, 5:35 p. m. Last train returns at 8 p. m. Round trip 50 cents.

Hotel Del Coronado, Sept 2, 1899.—Temperature today, noon, 73 degrees.

**Fruitful Results of Secretary's Visit to Los Angeles---So**

Arriving only day before yesterday morning and departing last evening, Varney W. Gaskill spent but a brief time in Los Angeles in the discharge of duties which devolve on him as secretary for the California Paris Exposition Commission. But Mr. Gaskill possesses in happy measure the faculties of accomplishment and assimilation, and it takes him only a little while to do much. The few hours spent in Los Angeles were packed with work that will bring results.

To a reporter of the Express Mr. Varney last evening expressed surprise at the notion prevalent, more or less, that there would be State or collective exhibits at the Paris fair, and this belief leads naturally to repeated inquiry as to the amount of space this State or that county will have. No estimate of space in square feet can be given, for space is not assigned that way. The Paris Exposition will be more along the lines of competition than of display, and products of a kind will be placed together and not allotted space in different localities according to State or county, except in rare instances.

"The collective exhibit method at an international fair," Mr. Gaskill says, "the French believe is not conducive to clean cut competition and renders an intelligent verdict by judges impracticable. Of course, exhibits will be designated by name of exhibitor, locality and statement of richness or character of specimen.

"In the exhibit of mines and metallurgy the United States has been allowed 16 cases and of this number California has been appointed 4. It is the intention of the commission to give in these 4 cases as perfect a presentation of California's mineral resources as possible. Examples of every method of mining gold in this State will be given. In fact, gold as the chief metal of the State, will be given the bulk of space in the cases allowed this State. One case will probably go to the copper, and another to quicksilver. The common minerals of California will be placed in the general mineral exhibit. In connection with the mineral exhibit will be a handsome working model of a quartz mill now being built at the Union Iron Works at San Francisco, at a cost of \$1500. The model will be worked by electric power and the stamps be made to drop in velvet so as to deaden the sound. Permission has also been asked of the United States commission to exhibit a model in borax, of a 40-mule borax hauling outfit."

Mr. Gaskill states that what is desired at Paris from the different countries, are what might be termed natural exhibits. The purpose is to obtain a faithful reflection of the social, industrial, commercial, scientific and artistic status, respectively, of the countries participating in the exposition. While the abnormal and the unusual is to secure a comprehensive presentation of the world's products.

**SERIOUS DROUGHT IN WESTLAKE PARK**

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa from Des Moines, Iowa.

are child's play to those in  
ere the government is trying to  
the gold standard without any  
erve, and maintain a silver rupee,  
ally worth about ten pence, in cir-  
at an exchangeable value against  
16 pence.

house report appeared this  
d 1 ay interest you to know that  
£23,000,000 of £29,999,000 gross col-  
y this department came from four  
of goods imported, viz.: tobacco,  
its and wine. That collected from  
ticles, such as cocoa, chicory, cof-  
rants, raisins, dried fruits, was  
not worth the trouble of collecting.  
alone produces £11,000,000 and tea  
), although the duty on the latter  
four pence per pound. Our traffic  
t contain a single import on any  
rticle, raw or manufactured, but  
ound that our extravagance and  
a against foreign tariffs may soon  
is happy condition.

**FI-TRUST CONFERENCE**

for the Chicago Meeting Indi-  
cate a Large Attendance

o, Sept. 3.—The committee of ar-  
nts for the conference on combi-  
and trusts, which will meet in this  
ember 13-16, has thousands of an-  
at have come to the Civic feder-  
quarters in reply to the series of  
s sent out more than a week ago  
arious commercial, industrial and  
turing interests. It is expected

*Laughs Best*  
*"Who Laughs Last."*

arty laugh indicates a degree of  
alth obtainable through pure blood.  
one person in ten has pure blood,  
her nine should purify the blood  
ood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can  
first, last and all the time, for

**Woods' Sarsaparilla**  
**Never Disappoints**

Edward Kern, threw the hammer 68 5-12  
feet; Officer McLain, 65 10-12; W. Willis, 61;  
Charles Craig, 55.  
Butchers' foot race, 100 yards—First,  
Charles Linde; second, D. C. Jackson.  
Second butchers' foot race, 100 yards—  
First, Charles Linde.  
Ex-Councilman Edward L. Hutchison  
acted as judge and Dennis Shea as starter.

**GOV. MERRILL'S FUNERAL**

**Impressive Services at the First Con-  
gregational Church**

The funeral of the late ex-Governor  
**Samuel Merrill** was held yesterday after-  
noon from the First Congregational  
Church, and was very largely attended.  
The altar and organ rail were decorated  
with flowers, and American flags were  
prominently arranged about the audi-  
torium. On either side of the pul-  
pit were hung the banners of the  
Stanton and Bartlett-Logan Posts,  
G. A. R., of this city, the members of which  
organizations occupied the seats on the  
left of the church. In the absence of the  
pastor, Rev. Warren S. Day, D. D., the  
services were conducted by Rev. Edward  
F. Goff of Riverside, assisted by Rev. Will  
A. Knighten, chaplain of the Southern Cal-  
ifornia Veteran association and of the De-  
partment of California, Nevada and Ha-  
waii, G. A. R.

The church choir, under the leadership of  
Prof. Bacon, sang, "Lead, Kindly Light,"  
and "Nearer, My God to Thee," and an or-  
gan voluntary was rendered by the organ-  
ist of the church, Prof. W. F. Skeele. Rev.  
Mr. Knighten delivered the invocation, fol-  
lowed by a most impressive sermon by  
Rev. Mr. Goff.

Those of the honorary pallbearers who  
were in attendance were General John I.  
Beveridge, ex-governor of Illinois; Hon.  
John J. Gosper, ex-governor of Arizona;  
General Harrison Gray Otis, Hon. W. C.  
Patterson, Captain F. J. Cressey, Hon. B.  
F. Allen, Captain J. M. Guinn and Hon.  
Waldo M. York.

The active pallbearers were as follows:  
H. E. Storrs, W. C. Brown, W. H. Griffin,  
J. Ross Clark, H. A. Brown and N. S.  
Averill.

At the conclusion of the services at the  
church the remains were accompanied to  
the parlors of Peck & Chase by the mem-  
bers of the G. A. R., from whence they will  
be shipped east for burial.

Dr. C. C. Van Diew, the newly elected presi-  
dent of the Normal School of that place,  
Prof. H. L. Lunt who was formerly prin-  
cipal of the High School here, will leave on  
Thursday for San Bernardino to assume  
his duties as superintendent of schools at  
that place.  
J. C. Riatt of Whittier, who has been  
staying at the Seaside Inn, has returned

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 46,970]

"I had female com-  
plaints so bad that it  
caused me to have  
hysterical fits; have had  
as many as nine in one  
day.

"Five bottles of  
Lydia E. Pinkham's  
Vegetable Compound  
cured me and it has  
been a year since I had  
an attack.

Mrs. Edna Jackson,  
Pearl, La.

If Mrs. Pinkham's Compound will cure  
such severe cases as this surely it  
must be a great medicine—is there  
any sufferer foolish enough not to  
give it a trial?

# LAST TRIBUTES ARE PAID

## FUNERAL OF EX-GOVERNOR SAMUEL MERRILL.

Sermon Preached by Dr. A. L. Frisbie, and Addresses Made by President Gates and Governor Shaw—Body Laid in State at Capitol.

All that was mortal of Samuel Merrill, ex-governor of Iowa, after laying in state in the rotunda of the capitol building, was conveyed to Plymouth Congregational church yesterday afternoon where, beginning at 3 o'clock, funeral services were held. Interment at Woodland cemetery followed. Military and civic honors were paid to the memory of the ex-governor as his manifold services to the state and to the nation made proper. Rev. Dr. A. L. Frisbie, pastor of Plymouth church, preached the sermon and fitting remarks were made by President Gates of Iowa college and Governor L. M. Shaw.

The remains of ex-Governor Merrill lay in state in the governor's private reception room at the state house from 10 o'clock Thursday night until 10 o'clock yesterday morning when they were removed to the center of the rotunda on the main floor, where the body remained till 2 o'clock in the afternoon and was viewed by the public. The casket rested on chairs, was draped with the American flag and covered with numerous floral designs. A floral chair symbolic of the chair of state occupied a position at the head of the casket. This design contained a copy of the great seal of the state of Iowa. A detail of cavalymen from A troop stood guard in full uniform over the remains and to further add to the military appearance fitting to the occasion a squad of men patrolled the rotunda. Relatives of deceased remained with the body nearly all the morning and then gave way to the large concourse of people who had gathered to pay tribute to the ex-soldier and statesman.

### The Funeral Procession.

The funeral procession formed at the state house at 2 o'clock. The casket was followed to the Congregational church by numerous carriages, containing men of national and state prominence. A detail of twenty men from Troop A led the procession and came to the church and later car-

## Conversation of the C...



**Calumet Can:** What trouble, old man, you pretty sick for a high price baking powder and made the trust at that.

**Trust Can:** That's right. You would look sick too, if you were as full of Rochelle Salts as I am.

the deceased, which commenced ten years ago in New York city, when Merrill invited him to accept the presidency of the college at Grinnell. He dwelt at considerable length on the rugged, stalwart life of deceased and his clean, moral, firm and upright principles. He said it was fitting at so solemn an occasion "for us to pause in our activities and pay tribute to the memory of one whose life stood out as such a splendid example of the possibilities of American manhood." He maintained that while death was a solemn occasion, life was still more so; that when death comes the book is closed, the record is made, but that at every birth arises the infinite possibilities before the child to go up or down in morality and all else that makes life a blessing or the reverse to humanity. It is this terrible solemnity and earnestness of human life that makes us pause and gather to pay our last tribute to the memory of this son of the common people; it is well and fitting that there should be represented here today men who make, interpret and execute our laws and who admira-

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THE  
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PREPARED BY  
WYRVP CO.  
NEW YORK  
50c PER BOTTLE.

OF DES MOINES  
ASSOCIATION  
IOWA.  
Building, Corner  
1st Street,  
1879.  
PUBLICATION JANU-

Source: Iowa Historical Society  
.....\$114,863,000.00  
.....3,365,260.29

pay tribute to the ex-soldier and statesman.

**The Funeral Procession.**

The funeral procession formed at the state house at 2 o'clock. The casket was followed to the Congregational church by numerous carriages containing men of national and state prominence. A detail of twenty men from Troop A led the procession and came to present arms when the casket was taken into the church and later carried back to the house. The honorary ballbearers were: Senator Allison, Hon. Dave Henderson, Governor Gear, Governor Jackson, Hon. James Callanan, Judge C. C. Nourse, Judge P. M. Casady, Judge J. R. Barcroft and ex-Lieutenant-Governor John Scott.

Of the other governors surviving, Drake, Sherman and Acting Governor Newbold are ill and were therefore unable to attend. Governor Larrabee is in Duluth and Governor Boies is in New York.

In the march from the state house the carriages contained the following:

First carriage—G. L. Godfrey, La Moyne Mott, H. B. Hedge, D. F. Witter.

Second carriage—Governor L. M. Shaw, Governor F. D. Jackson, Lieutenant-Governor John Scott, Secretary of State G. L. Dobson.

Third carriage—Judges P. M. Casady, C. C. Nourse, J. R. Barcroft, Hon. James Callanan.

Fourth carriage—Auditor Frank Merriam, Treasurer John Herriott, Hon. Charles Aldrich, Librarian Johnson Brigham.

Fifth carriage—Superintendent R. C. Barrett, Clerk C. T. Jones, Judge Josiah Given, Railway Commissioner D. J. Palmer.

Sixth carriage—Adjutant General Byers, Secretary William Fleming.

**Services at the Church.**

The services at the church were attended by many old settlers of Des Moines, as well as by members of the church, state officials, the two United States senators from Iowa, members of congress from Iowa and many prominent in state affairs.

The ceremony was solemn and impressive. The casket was draped with the American flag and covered with beautiful floral offerings, while placed on top in conspicuous prominence was the sword used by the ex-soldier in the civil war.

Dr. Frisbie opened the services by reading appropriate passages from the scripture, after which he delivered a carefully prepared sermon. He dwelt upon the story of the life of deceased, calling attention to the fact that in his early life Mr. Merrill in his New England home was just of an age to be impressed by the war with England and pointing out that it was not therefore manhood, he should regard a military

that at every birth arises the infinite possibilities before the child to go up or down in morality and all else that makes life a blessing or the reverse to humanity. It is this terrible solemnity and earnestness of human life that makes us pause and gather to pay our last tribute to the memory of this son of the common people; it is well and fitting that there should be represented here today men who make, interpret and execute our laws and who admired the rugged, simple, stalwart life of him who has departed.

**Governor Shaw's Address.**

Governor L. M. Shaw spoke very briefly, paying particular attention to the public record of the departed, his high reputation as a business man and his willingness to discharge his every duty, in private as well as public life. He was a man who never worried over what is; he met conditions as he found them and always gave all or offered all he had to his state and nation.

The services at the cemetery were of a military character and were simple, though impressive.

**"Scranton Hard Coal."**

We sell this coal and can assure you that there is nothing better sold on this market. If you have not tried it, do so. We know it will please you. Bennett Bros., 317 Fourth street.

Men's sample \$4 tan shoes at \$2.95, today. The Hub

**COMING STATE MEETING OF TEACHERS**

**It Will Be a Record-Breaker in Many Respects—Prominent Men Will Be Heard.**

The Iowa State Teachers' association will hold its next annual session in the new Auditorium in Des Moines Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, December 27-29, 1899. An unusually strong programme is in process of preparation. Among the speakers already promised are Hon. Murat Halstead of Cincinnati, President James B. Angell, late minister to Turkey; Prof. Paul Shorey of the University of Chicago, Judge H. F. Deemer of the Iowa supreme court, Hon. Henry Sabin and others prominent in and out of the state. Specialists will address the general association on music in the public schools, art in the schools and the kindergarten. Four strong addresses will be given on various phases of the rural school problem; four on the plan of campaign for arousing a more enlightened sentiment and increasing difficult cases and how

**OF DES MOINES**

**ASSOCIATION S. IOWA.**

Building, Corner Locust Street. LY. 1. 1879.

**DITION JANU-99.**

.....	\$114,868,000.00
.....	8,365,260.29
Departments....	2,245,905.28
and un-.....	None
.....	1,000
.....	5.90
Age of.....	8.80
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**NAL BANK, IOWA.**

**EPOSITORY,**

..... President  
 ... Vice President  
 ..... Cashier  
 Assistant Cashier  
 Samuel Merrill,  
 M. P. Turner,  
 J. R. Rollins,  
 Odell, B. A. Lock-

rs National Bank  
 ch 's National  
 rt and Trad-  
 ew York.

**K. DES MOINES.**

and Walnut, in National Bank.

..... President  
 ... Vice President  
 ..... Cashier  
 Assistant Cashier

**GS BUSINESS. TIME DEPOSITS.**

l, E. R. Clapp, M. L. P. Turner, Dr. Mrs. J. G. Rounds,

National Bank, National Bank,

**INGS BANK OF IOWA.**

.....	\$ 75,000.00
.....	25,000.00
.....	600,000.00

RS. .... President  
 ... Vice President  
 ..... Cashier  
 Assistant Cashier

ns. Martin Tuttle, ekey, W. R. Warr- C. Loomis, C. IL

**MINING COM**

# MINING COM.

President  
Vice President  
Secretary  
Treasurer  
\$125,000.00

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Trust Building  
IOWA.

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Medical Co.  
Chicago

land home was just of an age to be im-  
pressed by the war with England and  
pointing out that it was not therefore  
strange that as childhood ripened into  
manhood, he should regard a military  
officer as little less than a demi-god  
and finally chose a military career as  
a beginning in his life, succeeding at the  
early age of 20 in securing a commis-  
sion as lieutenant colonel.

Dr. Frisbie briefly passed over the  
events of the early life of Governor  
Merrill, dwelling on his energetic ef-  
forts in the cause of temperance back  
in his New England home, and renew-  
ing his fight for the cause of the free-  
dom of slaves and calling attention to  
the fact that he gained such promi-  
nence as an anti-slavery advocate that  
he was twice sent to the legislature by  
the free soil party; that after he had  
removed to McGregor, Iowa, he became  
so prominent in business and political  
circles that he was sent to the legisla-  
ture and helped to shape the policy of  
state in those anxious days of 1860,  
when the war clouds were rising omi-  
nously in the south. Whatever he had  
was at the service of the country, and  
he and his brother helped to equip three  
regiments when volunteers were called  
for at the commencement of war. Dr.  
Frisbie spoke in highest terms of the  
military record of Mr. Merrill, espe-  
cially as to his services when he com-  
manded a brigade at Hartford, and of  
his gallantry when wounded at Block  
river bridge.

### An Incident of Battle.

He related an interesting incident of  
the latter battle. It was during the  
momentary hush just preceding the  
battle when the men were all drawn up  
in line, the officers were in their sad-  
dles and everybody was waiting with  
almost breathless interest for the first  
sound of that bloody engagement, when  
deceased called out: "Let's sing Old  
Hundred," and the next moment the  
air was filled with the sound coming  
from thousands of tongues, "Praise  
God from whom all blessings flow." A  
few minutes later the fierce battle was  
waging.

Dr. Frisbie next returned to the  
scenes following the war when Mr.  
Merrill organized the first national  
bank at McGregor, passed on to the  
time when he was elected governor;  
reviewed his acts, including the lay-  
ing of the corner stone of the capitol  
and spoke of his difficult but successful  
efforts toward securing an appropria-  
tion which was the nucleus of the  
present magnificent and priceless state  
library, of which he was practically the  
founder.

Dr. Frisbie then spoke of the ex-  
governor's life as a churchman, saying  
that when he assumed the pastorage of  
the Plymouth Congregational Church  
at Governor Mer-

rural school problem; four on the plan  
of campaign for arousing a more en-  
lightened sentiment and increasing  
school efficiency in the state; four on  
difficult cases and how to manage  
them, and four on neglected children  
and how to reach them. There will be  
a department symposium on the sub-  
ject, "How May the General Associa-  
tion Increase Its Power and Efficiency  
in the State?" Other features yet to be  
announced will make this one of the  
largest and most successful gatherings  
of teachers ever held in Iowa. There  
is a good prospect of securing one  
fare for the round trip on the railroads.

The chairman of the executive commit-  
tee, Professor Thomas Nicholson of  
Mount Vernon, says that the meeting  
will be a record breaker in several  
particulars.

## "A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."

But some stubborn people  
wait until "down sick" be-  
fore trying to ward off illness  
or cure it. The wise recog-  
nize in the word "Hood's"  
assurance of health.

For all blood troubles, scrofula, pim-  
ples, as well as diseases of the kidneys,  
liver and bowels, Hood's Sarsaparilla is  
the effective and faultless cure.

**Poor Blood**—"The doctor said there  
were not seven drops of good blood in my  
body. Hood's Sarsaparilla built me up and  
made me strong and well." SUSIE E. BROWN,  
16 Astor Hill, Lynn, Mass.

**Dyspepsia**—"We all use Hood's Sarsa-  
parilla. It cured my brother-in-law and  
myself of dyspepsia. I owe my life to it."  
M. H. KIRK, 607 Franklin St., Philadelphia.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

NEVER DISAPPOINTS

Hood's Pills cure liver ills: the non-irritating and  
only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

As Good as t

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 for sale.  
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**Waukegan Beer**  
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 UP-TO-DATE PILL  
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**NDS PROMPTLY**  
**D TO.**  
**Des Moines, Iowa**

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 dom of slaves and calling attention to  
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 founder.

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 governor's life as a churchman, saying  
 that when he assumed the pastorage of  
 the Plymouth Congregational church  
 twenty-eight years ago Governor Mer-  
 rill was one of the first men he be-  
 came acquainted with and that he had  
 ever since remained his friend and ad-  
 viser. In conclusion he said: "And so  
 my friend, statesman, soldier, citizen,  
 may peace rest with you; wait  
 for us in the morning."

**President Gates' Address.**

"President Gates spoke feelingly of  
 his acquaintance and friendship with

of teachers ever held in Iowa. There  
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 fare for the round trip on the railroads.  
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**Never Disappoints**

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 only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

**As Good as t**  
**JUN**

# HOUSE OF DETENTION

# MERRILL FUNERAL

## NEW HOME FOR CRIMINALS IS WANTED.

## THE ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED.

State Bar Association Is Backing Up the Enterprise and Will Ask the Legislature to Make Provision for One.

Relatives Will Not Use the State House—Gov. Shaw and Ex-Governors Will Act as the Pall Bearers.

The State Bar association is preparing to bring before the next session of the legislature a measure for the establishment of another penal institution in the state. The new institution would be known as a house of detention. The plan is to make of it a place to which can be sent the young criminals of the state who are not yet so far led away from the path of right and rectitude but that it is harmful for them to be associated with the convicts who are confined in the penitentiaries. The separation of the different grades of criminals in the state is a matter which is at the present time receiving the attention and consideration of many of the members of the bench in the state and others of the profession. It is considered very harmful to the younger class of criminals—boys who are not naturally vicious; but who have been led away by the example of their companions or a natural desire for mischief—to be confined in close association with older and more dangerous members of society such as are to be found in the penitentiaries. The majority of these boys are sent to the reform school if they are not over the age of admission, which is 16. Among the number of boys who are yearly sent to the reform school, are many who are absolutely incorrigible and whose influence is detrimental to the other boys in the institution. The plan of the association is to permit the new establishment to be open to receive these youngsters. It will thus be made a house of correction midway between the reform school and the penitentiaries.

Arrangements for the funeral of ex-Governor Samuel Merrill have been completed. The remains are expected to arrive on Thursday evening, accompanied by his son J. H. Merrill, Jr., and the latter's wife. They will be met on arrival by Troop A of the I. N. G., who will act as military escort.

It has been decided not to place the remains in state at the capitol. The relatives preferred to have the body taken to the home of his brother, J. H. Merrill, and their wishes were, of course, respected.

They are deeply grateful for the action of the state officials in tendering them the use of the state house, but have been induced to decline the offer for the reason that it is feared the long journey across the continent and the extreme heat will have so decomposed the body, notwithstanding the efforts of the embalmers to preserve it, that it will be impossible to permit the public to view it. They also state that there was an impressive funeral at Los Angeles and that it is their wish that one here be as quiet as possible and characterized by the utmost simplicity.

The military part of the funeral program has been arranged. Troop A will meet the body at the train on Thursday evening and escort it to the residence of Samuel A. Merrill, 1401 Woodland or that of J. H. Merrill, 1310 Pleasant street. The funeral services will be held at 3 o'clock on Friday at the Plymouth Congregational church. Rev. Mr. Frisbie will preach the sermon. Governor Shaw and the ex-governors of Iowa who can be present will act as honorary pall bearers. Troop A will accompany the remains to the church and thence to the cemetery and this military organization will fire the salute and perform the other military honors at the grave.

Gov. Gear has signified his intention to be present, but Gov. Drake is ill and word comes from Centerville this morning that it will be impossible for him to attend the obsequies.

Governor Merrill is the only chief executive of the state to be buried at Des Moines. The men who have held this office of honor and then passed on to the Great Beyond sleep in various places. Of the territorial governors there were three. Robert Lucas was buried at Iowa City; John Chambers in Kentucky; James Clarke rests in the cemetery at Burlington. Of the governors since the admission of Iowa to the union, Ansell Briggs was buried at Omaha; Stephen Hempstead at Dubuque; James W. Grimes at Burlington; Ralph P. Lowe in Washington; Samuel J. Kirkwood at Iowa City and Wm. M. Stone at Knoxville.

The matter has been discussed considerably of late among the members of the association and will be presented to the legislature in proper shape at the next term. In regard to the proposition to establish the new institution, Judge Woolson of the federal court said this morning:

"The question of the separation of criminals in the penitentiaries and different penal institutions is a grave one and should receive the attention of the legislature. The influence of the older and more vicious criminals is very bad for the younger men and the boys who are in many cases confined with them. In the reform school all boys under 16 years of age are at present confined. I was in the senate when we changed the age at which boys could be admitted to the school from 18 years to 16 years. This was done for the purpose of keeping out of the school boys who had developed a great amount of viciousness during the two years which constitute the difference. There is a great difference in the character of the boys at that age. They are very susceptible to influence and are the worst

NEWS FROM CHICAGO

raiders were robbers and  
and should have been  
continued until late in the  
and the volksraad was work-  
pitch of patriotic fervor.  
regard the flight of the  
leaders from the Rand with  
contempt; their action hav-  
uced demoralization among the  
who are without means to  
the country.

course of the debate President  
said that aliens had been of-  
ficial rights with the burghers,  
ld not take them. Mr. Cham-  
was striving to get a franchise.  
the outlanders did not want. He  
hat Mr. Chamberlain really  
get possession of the country.  
ghers were willing to give much  
sake of peace, but they would  
lice their independence. He  
d Mr. Gladstone's retrocession  
is a noble deed. The president  
hat if it now came to fighting  
ghtly would be the arbiter. A  
om Mr. Chamberlain was now  
, and if the proposal for the  
ment of a commission was  
o the republic would send dele-  
further discuss the matters in  
and; if possible, make peace.  
tsraad rose without passing the  
on which had called forth the

**Stocks Are Weak.**

n, Sept. 8.—Stocks opened weak  
er all around. Consols for men-  
ioned 5-16. Rand mines 1 1/4, a  
covery following. Speculators  
ously awaiting the decision of  
inet council today. Fears are  
ed it may decide on war. There  
apprehensions with regard to  
tical situation in France.

**Orders Ordered to Transvaal.**

ay, Sept. 8.—The Nineteenth  
and the Twenty-first field bat-  
artillery were ordered to leave  
erbad for the Transvaal Sept.

**Lawyer & Beeks.**

**Working for Miles.**

**President Urged to Send Him to Manila as Commanding General.**

ington, Sept. 8.—Since his re-  
Washington, much pressure has  
rought to bear upon the presi-  
recall Major General Otis from  
Philippines or at least to intrust  
ly with duties purely civil, plac-  
ing an officer of known ability as a  
commander in charge of mili-  
operations. General Miles yester-  
declined to discuss the question of  
going to the Philippines. It is  
however, that he would be  
than pleased should the president  
him to such duty. General  
did not deny that it was his wish  
sent to Manila and when asked  
al, do you think that it is  
lines?" he replied: "If it is

# THE FUNERAL OF EX-GOV. MERRILL

## WAS LARGELY ATTENDED THIS AFTERNOON.

Remains Lay in State All Forenoon  
—Conveyed at 2 O'clock to  
Plymouth Congrega-  
tional Church.

The remains of Hon. Samuel Merrill,  
twice governor of the state of Iowa,  
arrived in Des Moines at 8:15 last even-  
ing and were conveyed to the state  
house under escort of Troop A, where  
they lay in state from 10 until 2 o'clock  
today, after which they were conducted  
to Plymouth Congregational church,  
where Dr. Frisbie preached the funeral  
sermon and at 5 o'clock they were laid  
to rest in Woodland cemetery.

Upon arrival at the union depot last  
evening, the body was immediately con-  
ducted to the state house and placed  
in the governor's private reception  
room. A guard detail from Troop A,  
watched over the remains during the  
night. Relatives came early this morn-  
ing and remained with the body until  
10 o'clock, when it was removed to the  
center of the rotunda on the main floor  
of the capitol and the public was per-  
mitted to view it. The casket rested on  
chairs, which were entirely covered  
beautiful floral designs, and was draped  
with the flags of the senate and house  
of representatives. At its head was  
a floral chair symbolic of the chair of  
the state, containing a design from the  
great seal of Iowa. Surrounding the  
casket were magnificent palms. The  
whole presented a most beautiful spec-  
tacle. Four members of Troop A, in full  
uniform stood guard at either corner  
of the casket and each hall was pat-  
rolled by other members of the guard.  
There the remains of Iowa's former  
governor laid in state while hundreds  
of her citizens marched by and paid  
their last sad respects to them.

At 2 o'clock the casket was placed  
in a funeral car and conveyed to Ply-  
mouth Congregational church, followed  
by Troop A and carriages containing  
the honorary pall bearers and  
all the state officers. Senator Allison,  
Hon. Dave Henderson, Governor Gear,  
Governor Jackson, Hon. James Callan-  
an, Judge C. C. Nourse, Judge P. M.  
Casady, Judge J. R. Barcroft and ex-  
Lieutenant Governor John Scott, con-  
stituted the honorary pall bearers. The  
latter was lieutenant governor during  
the administration of Governor Merrill.  
Of the other governors surviving,  
Dan S. Clark, Charles G. Vest and  
Newbold, are ill and were therefore un-  
able to attend. Governor Larrabee is

migrant, which was copied in every  
part of the United States and in every  
European tongue.

Governor Merrill was the first gov-  
ernor of Iowa to move with his family  
to Des Moines. He immediately be-  
came one of the city's most enterpris-  
ing citizens and took intense interest in  
the city's development. He founded the  
Citizens' National bank.

He was always of a cheerful disposi-  
tion, full of life and highly entertai-  
ing to his friends. He used to tell a story  
on himself which always provoked a  
laugh in view of the fact that he was  
six feet tall and weighed over 215  
pounds. While he was governor, he  
paid a visit to his old home in Ma-  
ne. While there he called upon a good old  
neighbor lady who had been a great  
friend during his childhood and was in  
fact one of his strongest christian ad-  
visors. When she beheld the former boy,  
now grown to the great man he was,  
she exclaimed: "Why, Sammy, how  
you've growned!"

### ANOTHER FOR BRYAN.

#### The Nebraskan's Election Expected by Recent New York Opponent.

London, Sept. 8.—Perry Belmont pre-  
vious to his sailing for the United  
States on the new White Star line  
steamer Oceanic, said: "The country is  
sick of the jellyfish imperialism of  
President McKinley. Screaming is all  
very well, coupled with shouts about a  
vigorous campaign, but the fact is the  
administration has no faith in itself. It  
is boneless and in the face of the tre-  
mendous under-seething of public opin-  
ion which is clear cut for vigor, or  
against expansion, the government sat-  
isfies neither party. With Mr. William  
J. Bryan's middle-of-the-road policy,  
it is difficult to prophesy anything but  
a sweeping majority for Mr. Bryan  
next election. The trusts have their  
value, but the system is so honeycomb-  
ed with abuses that their powers and  
constitutions must be better defined in  
the interests of the country."

This declaration of Mr. Belmont has  
added interest because of his contro-  
versy with W. J. Bryan last winter. At  
the election three years ago Belmont  
was a vigorous gold democrat and op-  
ponent of Bryan. When Belmont in-  
vited Bryan to attend Tammany's Jef-  
ferson banquet in New York last win-  
ter the Nebraskan wrote a letter of re-  
fusal on account of Belmont's gold  
sympathies, and a spirited controver-  
sy followed. In one of the letters Bel-  
mont refers to Bryan's "unwarranted  
letter" and "offensive statements,"  
while Bryan characterizes Belmont as  
one who "masqueraded" as a democrat  
between elections to "give more poten-  
cy of the betrayal of democratic prin-  
ciples on election day."

Perry Belmont is a brother of Oliver  
H. P. Belmont, who hopes to be a can-  
didate for vice president with Bryan  
next year.

### CHOICE BARGAINS.

Kimball Piano Company Announces  
a Number of Bargains.

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... however, that he would be than pleased should the president n him to such duty. General did not deny that it was his wish sent to Manila and when asked eral, do you desire to go to the pines?" he replied: "If it is ab" to the president I should be ed, go. It is a soldier's duty to any command cheerfully, and I eady to comply with any order may come to me."

... you requested to be sent to hillppines?"  
... it is not an officer's place to re- any assignment, but to obey ver orders come to him."  
... unquestionably true that there is der current of feeling in military s against the continuance of Gen- Otis as the commander of the army e Philippines; that the president he secretary of war have not been ndful of this feeling, appears to be ly true.

... just what extent the criticisms of al Otis are put forward for the it of other officers of high rank, is scertainable. The friends of Gen- Otis are urging that he be sent to hillppines to take supreme com- of military operations. One of rguments in support of this is that nange of commands could be made out reflection on General Otis, as ould be eminently proper to send najor general commanding the to assume charge of operations in h the bulk of the military force of nited States is engaged.

### THEY IN THE UNION.

**Chicago Organized Labor Pro- es For the Corner Stone Laying.**  
Chicago, Sept. 8.—President McKinley g to a trades union. He was ed an honorary member of the Brick- s and Stonemasons' International o No. 21 of Chicago yesterday. The dent of the union said this was sary if the president is to lay the r stone of the new postoffice.  
"e will have to take the card away hm," said Secretary Starn, "if Mr. nley sets a stone prepared by non- a labor, which the stone intended he corner of the new postoffice is- ill be deprived of all the benefits e union and we, as a national or- zation, will strike on any building ny part of the United States at h he lays a corner stone or does onstruction work."

... a good hat, at \$3.00.  
**LAWYER & BEEKS.**

### ROCKEFELLER'S LATEST.

**Yan University Receives a Quarter a Million Dollars From Him.**  
vidence, R. I., Sept. 8.—John D. eefeller has contributed \$250,000 to 0,000 endowment fund now be- d for Brown university. Brown ntly secured a new president to the place vacated by E. Benjamin rwn a year ago. The new presi- is the Rev. W. H. P. Faunce, pas- of a New York Baptist church. sides the several millions that Mr. eefeller has given to the Chicago versity she has made large gifts to r institutions, especially those of

Lieutenant Governor John Scott, con- stituted the honorary pall bearers. The latter was lieutenant governor during the administration of Governor Merrill. Of the other governors surviving, Drake, Sherman and Acting Governor Newbold, are ill and were therefore un- able to attend. Governor Larrabee is in Duluth and Governor Boies is in New York.

In the march from the state house the carriages contained the following:  
First carriage—G. L. Godfrey, La. Moyné Mott, H. B. Hedge, D. F. Wit- ter.

Second carriage—Governor L. M. Shaw, Governor F. D. Jackson, Lieuten- ant Governor John Scott, Secretary of State G. L. Dobson.

Third carriage—Judges P. M. Casady, C. C. Nourse, J. R. Barcroft, Hon. James Callanan.

Fourth carriage—Auditor Frank Mer- riam, Treasurer John Herriott, Hon. Charles Aldrich, Librarian Johnson Brigham.

Fifth carriage—Superintendent R. C. Barrett, Clerk C. T. Jones, Judge Josiah Given, Railway Commissioner D. J. Palmer.

Sixth carriage—Adjutant General Byers, Secretary William Fleming.

The exercises at the church were most solemn and impressive. Besides the sermon of Dr. Frisbie, Governor Shaw and President Gates of Grinnell, spoke briefly. The music was beautiful and the floral pieces were even more grand than those at the state house.

It was shortly after 4 o'clock when the funeral procession left the church and started for the cemetery. Troop A again led it. A great line of carriages containing many men prominent in the city, state and nation, followed. The procession was a magnificent one. It proceeded west on Locust street to Twelfth. North on Twelfth to Wood- land avenue and thence on Woodland avenue to the cemetery. The cere- monies at the grave were very impres- sive and the entire audience was visibly affected.

Thus were laid to rest the remains of one of Iowa's greatest governors; one who occupied the foremost rank among her greatest patriots and soldiers; one whose chief characteristic was his sterling integrity and unswerving loy- alty to his nation and his church; one who devoted the best hours of his life in developing the great state of Iowa and whose influence has been felt per- haps more than any other; one whose upright character, moral integrity and christianity have ever been above re- proach or even suspicion.

His four years administration were characterized by some of the most im- portant legislation in the history of the state. He was not a man of many words, while occupying the executive chair, but his messages to the legisla- ture were quoted far and near and were conceded to be state documents of the highest quality. He made a consant study of the state's welfare and took a personal pride in the state institutions. At that time there were three homes for soldiers' orphans in the state. He recommended that two, those at Glen- wood and Cedar Falls, be abolished and converted into some other kind of state institution, and aroused a perfect storm of abuse by recommending that the ad- mission of soldiers' children be restrict-

next year.

### CHOICE BARGAINS.

#### Kimball Piano Company Announces a Number of Bargains.

Kimball company's special bargains for Saturday (tomorrow.)

One square piano, in good condition, \$25.00

One upright second hand piano, for \$90.00.

One upright second hand piano, for \$140—this is a snap.

One new upright piano, (Dunham) for \$175.

One second hand organ, for \$10.

One organ, little used, for \$35.

Call early as these are rare bargains. Goods sold on easy payments. 407 Walnut street.

W. H. WEIR, manager.

### KILLED THREE BROTHERS.

#### Missouri Boys Driving to Town With Cucumbers Struck by a Train.

Kahoka, Mo., Sept. 8.—Three brothers were killed here Wednesday afternoon by a train on the Keokuk and Western railroad. They were Wilby Bash, 19 years old; Wesley Bash, 17, and Roy Bash, 9 years old. They were driving from their home, near Wayland, Mo., to Alexandria with a load of cucumbers when the train struck the wagon.

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### WITH 16,812 SEALSkins.

#### Cargo of the Steamer Del Norte in San Francisco From Alaska.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—The steamer Del Norte has arrived from Alaska with 16,812 sealskins consigned to the North American Commercial company. They were taken under license and will net the government a heavy royalty.

Use the celebrated Keystone Coal. Ninth and Locust and 1211 West 24th-st.

### ACADEMY BURNED.

#### Loss Is Estimated at Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars.

Ottawa, Ill., Sept. 8.—The St. Xavier's academy and Sisters of Mercy convent burned early this morning. The inmates numbered 60. The sisters and pupils escaped in their night clothes without injury. The loss is \$75,000, and it is thought the fire was started from a tinner's furnace.

### SHOT HIS SON.

#### Then Committed Suicide—Act of M. H. Roberts of Hannibal.

Hannibal, Mo., Sept. 8.—M. H. Roberts, a machinist, killed his son Sidney, while on duty in the morning, and then shot himself. He was arrested

it of other officers of high rank, is ascertainable. The friends of Gen- viles are urging that he be sent to Philippines to take supreme com- of military operations. One of arguments in support of this is that of commands could be made out section on General Otis, as uly is eminently proper to send major general commanding the to assume charge of operations in the bulk of the military force of United States is engaged.

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**DR. READ'S ANTISEPTIC LOTION**  
the complexion has no equal. For face nothing better for sun burn- ing like it. Sold by all druggists e, 25 cent.

### AT THE WEATHER IS TO BE

light and rain, Saturday continued...  
...and continued tonight...  
...at 11 o'clock...  
...at 11 o'clock...  
...at 11 o'clock...

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Hannibal, Mo., Sept. 8.—M. H. Roberts, a machinist, killed his son Sidney while asleep, early this morning, and then shot himself. He was evidently insane. He left a note for the coroner, saying that he did the deed.

New fall shirts, now on sale.  
**LAWYER & BEEKS.**

### ANOTHER HURRICANE.

#### Signal Flag of Weather Department Is Up in the West Indies.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The weather bureau has issued the following: The hurricane signal is displayed at St. Kitts, West Indies. The storm is in the central east of that island, appar- ently moving northwest.

Dress and driving gloves, for fall...  
**LAWYER & BEEKS**

...at 11 o'clock...  
...at 11 o'clock...  
...at 11 o'clock...

THE UNITED STATES  
BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY

AND

PORTRAIT GALLERY

OF

EMINENT AND SELF-MADE MEN.

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IOWA VOLUME.

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CHICAGO AND NEW YORK:  
AMERICAN BIOGRAPHICAL PUBLISHING COMPANY.

1878.

which exhibit his great legal acumen and exhaustive research.

The wife of Judge Cole was Miss Amanda M. Bennett, an associate of his youth. They were married on the 24th of June, 1848, and have had seven children, four sons and three daughters, five of

whom are still living, two sons dying in childhood. His eldest son, William W., graduated at the law department of the Iowa State University, and is now engaged in his profession in Des Moines. His eldest daughter was married to A. C. Atherton, in December, 1874.

## HON. SAMUEL MERRILL,

DES MOINES.

AMONG the men in the west who have been called from private life to places of trust on account of their peculiar fitness for office, is Colonel Samuel Merrill, ex-governor of Iowa. He was born in the town of Turner, Oxford county, Maine, on the 7th of August, 1822. He is of English ancestry, being a descendant, on his mother's side, of Peter Hill, who came from the west of England and settled in Saco, Maine (now known as Biddeford), in 1653. From this ancestry have sprung the most of the Hills of America. On his father's side he is a descendant of Nathaniel Merrill, who, with his brother John, came from Salisbury, England, and settled in Newburg, Massachusetts, in 1636.

Abel Merrill married Abigail Hill, on the 25th of June, 1809, in Buxton, Maine. They soon moved to Turner, where they became the parents of eight children; Samuel, the subject of this sketch, being next to the youngest, the fourth and youngest son in the family, and in the eighth generation from his pilgrim fathers.

Samuel was married to Catherine Thoms, who died in 1847, but fourteen months after their marriage. In January, 1851, he was again married, his second wife being a Miss Hill, of Buxton, Maine. To this union there has been four children, three of whom died young, the eldest living only to be two and a half years old. Little Hattie is now seven years of age, full of life, and buoyant with the hope of coming usefulness in the approaching years of womanhood.

At the age of sixteen he moved with his parents to Buxton, where his time was mostly engaged in turns at teaching and in attending school until he attained his majority. Having determined to make teaching a profession, he set out for that purpose toward the sunny south, but, as he says, he was "born too far north" for his political comfort. Suspicion having been raised as to his abolitionist pro-

clivities, and finding the elements not altogether congenial, he soon abandoned the land of the palm and palmetto for the old Granite State, where he engaged for several years in farming.

In 1847 he moved to Tamworth, New Hampshire, where he embarked in the mercantile business in company with a brother. In this, as in all his industrial enterprises, he was quite successful. Not being satisfied with the limited resources of northern New England, he determined to try his good fortune on the broad prairies of the new and more fertile west. Accordingly, in 1856, he turned his face toward the setting sun. He made a final settlement at McGregor, Iowa, where he established a branch house of the old firm.

During all these years of business Mr. Merrill took an active but not a noisy part in politics. In 1854 he was elected as an abolitionist to the New Hampshire legislature, at the same time General N. B. Baker, ex-adjutant-general of Iowa, was governor of the state. In 1855 he was returned a second term to the legislature.

In Iowa he was equally fortunate in securing the good-will of those who knew him. His neighbors, and those who had dealings with him, found a man, honest in business, fair in his dealings, social in his relations, and benevolent in his disposition. He took an active interest in the prosperity of the town and ever held an open hand to all needed charities. These traits of character had drawn around him, but not realized or intended by himself, a host of personal admirers. This good-will resulted in his being nominated for a seat in the state legislature, and the only one elected on his ticket.

The legislature met in extra session in 1861 to provide for the exigencies of the rebellion, in which Governor Merrill rendered effective and unselfish service in providing for the defense and perpetuity of our nation against the hand of treason.

He continued in business at McGregor until the summer of 1862, when he was commissioned as colonel of the 21st Iowa Volunteer Infantry, proceeding immediately to Missouri, where active service awaited him. Marmaduke was menacing the Union forces in central Missouri, which called for prompt action on the part of Union generals. Colonel Merrill was placed in command of a detachment of the 21st Iowa, a detachment of the 99th Illinois, a portion of the 3d Iowa Cavalry and two pieces of artillery, with orders to make a forced march to Springfield, he being at Houston, eighty miles distant. On the morning of the 11th of January, 1863, they having come across a body of rebels, found them advancing in heavy force. Colonel Merrill immediately made disposition for battle, and brisk firing was kept up for an hour, when the enemy fell back. Colonel Merrill now moved in the direction of Harts-ville, where he found the rebels in force under Marmaduke, and from six to eight thousand strong, with six pieces of artillery, while Colonel Merrill had but eight hundred men and two pieces of artillery. This was the first time the 21st had been under fire, and considering the number engaged was one of the most remarkable engagements of the war. Says Lieutenant Colonel Dunlap in his report, "I make mention of no one as having distinguished himself above another. Every man was brave, cool, active and a hero. Too much praise cannot be accorded them." In this engagement the rebels lost several officers and not less than three hundred men in killed and wounded. The Union loss was seven killed and sixty-four wounded, five captured and two missing. The conduct of the officers and men engaged elicited the highest praise of General Warren. The regiment performed severe marches and suffered much in sickness during the winter. At the proper time it moved to take part in the campaign of Vicksburg. It is sufficient here to say that it was assigned to the thirteenth corps, General John A. McClernand; that it fought gallantly at the battle of Port Gibson; that while the impetuous charge of Black River Bridge was being made Colonel Merrill was severely, and reported fatally, wounded. The battle of Black River Bridge, the last of the series of engagements during the campaign of Vicksburg in which the rebels fought without their fortifications, was a short but bloody combat of the 17th of May. The rebels were posted in a strong position. The west bank of the river here consists of bluffs rising abruptly from the water's edge. On the east

side there is an open bottom surrounded by a deep bayou. Following the bayou was a strong line of defenses, consisting of a series of works for artillery and breastworks. The bayou served admirably as a ditch. In rear of the principal line of works was another line, shorter but strong, and both extended in something like semi-circular shape from the river above the bridge, which gives the battle its name, to the river below. The works were well defended by artillery and infantry. McClernand was ordered to take them. Lawler's brigade, in which was Colonel Merrill's regiment, was ordered to make the charge. It did so with the greatest gallantry. The rebels were driven from their works in a very short time, leaving eighteen guns, fifteen hundred prisoners, and many of their dead in the Union hands. The charge had hardly occupied more time than it takes to tell of it. But along its track the ground was covered with the dead and the dying. The victims on the Union side, most of whom belonged to the 21st and 23d Iowa regiments, Colonel Kinsman of the latter command being slain, numbered three hundred and seventy-three. While Colonel Merrill was leading his regiment in this deadly charge he received an almost fatal wound through the hips. This brought his military career to a close. Suffering from his wounds, he resigned his commission and returned to McGregor, but was unable to attend to his private affairs for many months, and is still, at times, a sufferer from his "tokens of remembrance," received on the battlefields of freedom.

During the gubernatorial career of Governor Merrill, extending through two terms, from January, 1868, to January, 1872, he was actively engaged in the discharge of his official duties, and probably no incumbent of that office ever devoted himself more earnestly to the public good.

The thirteenth general assembly had provided for the building of a new state house, to cost one million five hundred thousand dollars, and made an appropriation therefor of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; with this sum the work was begun, and on the 23d of November, 1871, the corner stone was laid in the presence of citizens from all parts of the state. On this occasion the governor delivered the address. It was a historical review of the incidents culminating in the labors of the day. It was replete with historical facts; showed patient research; was logical and argumentative, and at times eloquent. It is a paper worthy the occasion, and does justice to the head and heart that conceived it.

Thus briefly has been reviewed the leading features in the record of a busy life, and there can be no more fitting conclusion than the closing words of his last public message, on the eve of surrendering the robes of office to his chosen successor. He says:

I cannot close this my last message without expressing to the people of Iowa my grateful acknowledgment for the generous confidence they have reposed in me. During the four years of my service to the state I have received from them a support, a sympathy and an encouragement which have greatly aided me in the discharge of my official duties.

While administering the office of chief magistrate I have been filled with increasing respect for the institutions of the state. No one, so well as he who upon this post of observation has been called to keep constant watch of the whole field, can grasp in thought and feeling the history and growth of our commonwealth. While discharging my

duty, to be diligent in aiding the development of our state, to labor for the success of our schools and charities, and to temper mercy with justice, it has been my privilege to realize the intelligence, justice and humanity of our people.

In severing my connection with the state government I cannot close this communication without bearing my willing testimony to the fidelity, zeal and industry of the various officers of the state, and those associated with me in the different agencies of the government during my administration of its affairs. I shall ever carry with me in my retirement a grateful remembrance of the friendship and courtesy which have always marked our official relations.

To have served the state at this time of its greatest prosperity, and to have been permitted to aid in an official station in laying the foundations of her future greatness, may justly be regarded as an honor. But there is an honor, too, in being a private citizen of such a state; and as I pass from the one station to the other, permit me to unite with you in dedicating ourselves, our commonwealth and our country anew to freedom and to God.

## GENERAL JAMES B. WEAVER,

### BLOOMFIELD.

ONE of the most prominent lawyers and politicians in southern Iowa, one of the purest-minded men, and best type of a statesman in the state, is James Baird Weaver, a native of Dayton, Ohio. He dates his birth on the 12th of June, 1833, his parents being Abram and Susan Imley Weaver. His father, also a native of Ohio, was for ten years clerk of the court in Davis county, Iowa, and for fourteen years clerk of the court in Atchison county, Kansas, where he now resides, he being in his seventy-fifth year.

The Weavers were originally from England; settled in New York, and scattered thence over the country. William Weaver, the grandfather of James B., removed to Ohio when it was a wilderness, and was a judge of one of the courts at an early day. At one time, during the Indian wars, he had command of a fort at the foot of Main street, where the city of Cincinnati now stands. He also participated in the second struggle with England, and had good revolutionary blood in his veins. The mother of James B. belonged to an old and prominent New Jersey family.

Abram Weaver removed with his family to Cass county, Michigan, in 1835, remaining on a farm there until 1842, when he crossed the Mississippi river, and, after a little delay, settled in Davis county, on the 1st of May, 1843, that being the day on which the whites were allowed on the reservation purchased of the Sac and Fox Indians.

The subject of this memoir farmed until fifteen

years old; then moved into town and reaped what educational advantages he could in the rude school-houses of that early day, spending part of his time at this period in carrying at first the weekly and then semi-weekly mail between Bloomfield and Fairfield, his father having the contract on this route. Caleb Baldwin, since a chief justice of Iowa, was then postmaster at Fairfield.

About 1850 young Weaver concluded he would fit himself for the practice of the law; commenced reading in the office of Hon. Samuel G. McAchran, of Bloomfield, afterward state senator; in a short time entered the store of C. W. Phelps as a salesman, continuing his legal studies during the leisure time which he could command; in 1853 drove an ox team to California across the plains for a relative; returned by water in the autumn of the same year; the following winter clerked for Edwin Manning, of Bonaparte, Iowa, Mr. Manning urging him to remain with a promise of increased wages and a future partnership; but increased love for his contemplated profession induced Mr. Weaver to leave the store and resume his studies. He connected himself with the Cincinnati Law School in the autumn of 1854, and graduated in the April following with the title of LL.B. The next month he opened an office in Bloomfield, and has since been in steady practice, except while in the military service.

In April, 1861, at the first call of the President for troops, Mr. Weaver enlisted as a private in company G, 2d Iowa Infantry, intending to go into the first

PORTRAIT AND

BIOGRAPHICAL



—OF—

POLK COUNTY, IOWA,

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Full Page Portraits and Biographical Sketches of Prominent and  
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TOGETHER WITH

PORTRAITS AND BIOGRAPHIES OF ALL THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES  
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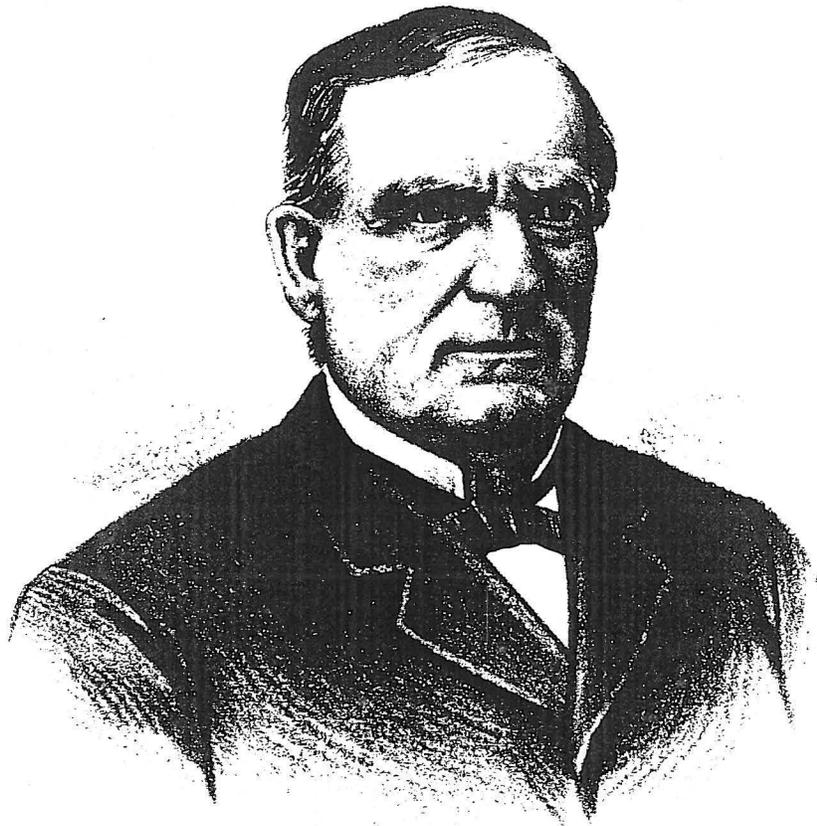
1890.



**S**AMUEL MERRILL, Governor from 1868 to 1872, was born in Oxford County, Maine, Aug. 7, 1822. He is a descendant on his mother's side of Peter Hill, who came from England and settled in Maine in 1653. From this ancestry have sprung most of the Hills in America. On his father's side he is a descendant of Nathaniel Merrill, who came from England in 1636, and located in Massachusetts. Nathaniel had a son, Daniel, who in turn had a son named John, and he in turn begat a son called Thomas. The latter was born Dec. 18, 1708. On the 4th of August, 1728, was born to him a son, Samuel, who was married and had a family of twelve children, one of whom, Abel, was taken by his father to Boston in 1750. Abel was married to Elizabeth Page, who had five children, one of whom, Abel, Jr., was the father of our subject. He married Abigail Hill June 25, 1809, and to them were born eight children, Samuel being the youngest but one. At the age of sixteen Samuel moved with his parents to Buxton, Maine, the native place of his mother, where his time was employed in turns in teaching and attending school until he attained his majority. Having determined to make teaching a profession, and feeling that the South offered better opportunities, he immediately set out for that section. He

remained, however, but a short time, as he says "he was born too far North." Suspicion having been raised as to his abolition principles and finding the element not altogether congenial, he soon abandoned the sunny South and went to the old Granite State, where the next several years were spent in farming. In 1847 he moved to Tamworth, N. H., where he engaged in the mercantile business in company with a brother, in which he was quite successful. Not being satisfied with the limited resources of Northern New England he determined to try his good fortune on the broad prairies of the fertile West.

It was in the year 1856 that Mr. Merrill turned his face toward the setting sun, finding a desirable location near McGregor, Iowa, where he established a branch house of the old firm. The population increased, as also did their trade, and their house became one of the most extensive wholesale establishments on the Upper Mississippi. During all these years of business Mr. Merrill took an active part in politics. In 1854 he was chosen on the abolition ticket to the Legislature of New Hampshire. The following year he was again returned to the Legislature, and doubtless had he remained in that State would have risen still higher. In coming to Iowa his experience and ability were demanded by his neighbors, and he was here called into public service. He was sent to the Legislature, and though assembled with the most distinguished men of his time, took a leading part in the important services demanded of that body. The Legislature was convened in an extra session of 1861, to provide for



*Sam Merrill*

the exigencies of the Rebellion, and in its deliberations Mr. Merrill took an active part.

In the summer of 1862, Mr. Merrill was commissioned Colonel of the 21st Iowa Infantry, and immediately went to the front. At the time Marmaduke was menacing the Union forces in Missouri, which called for prompt action on the part of the Union Generals, Col. Merrill was placed in command, with detachments of the 21st Iowa and 99th Illinois, a portion of the 3d Iowa Cavalry and two pieces of artillery, with orders to make a forced march to Springfield, he being at the time eighty miles distant. On the morning of Jan. 11, 1863, he came across a body of Confederates who were advancing in heavy force. Immediate preparations for battle were made by Col. Merrill, and after briskly firing for an hour, the enemy fell back. Merrill then moved in the direction of Hartville, where he found the enemy in force under Marmaduke, being about eight thousand strong, while Merrill had but one-tenth of that number. A hot struggle ensued in which the Twenty-first distinguished itself. The Confederate loss was several officers and three hundred men killed and wounded, while the Union loss was but seven killed and sixty-four wounded. The following winter the regiment performed active service, taking part in the campaign of Vicksburg. It fought under McClelland at Port Gibson, and while making the famous charge of Black River Bridge, Col. Merrill was severely wounded through the hip. He was laid up from the 17th of May to January, when he again joined his regiment in Texas, and in June, 1864, on account of suffering from his wound, resigned and returned to McGregor. In 1867 Mr. Merrill was chosen Governor of the State, being elected upon the Republican ticket. He served with such satisfaction, that in 1869 he was re-nominated and accordingly elected.

Under the administration of Gov. Merrill, the movement for the erection of the new State House was inaugurated. The Thirteenth General Assembly provided for the building at a cost of \$1,500,000, and made an appropriation with which to begin the work of \$150,000. With this sum the work was begun, and Nov. 23, 1871, the corner stone was laid in the presence of citizens from all

parts of the State. On this occasion the Governor delivered the address. It was an historical view of the incidents culminating in the labors of the day. It was replete with historical facts, showed patient research, was logical and argumentative, and at times eloquent with the fire and genius of American patriotism. It is a paper worthy of the occasion, and does justice to the head and heart that conceived it.

During the gubernatorial career of Gov. Merrill, extending through two terms, from January, 1868, to January, 1872, he was actively engaged in the discharge of his official duties, and probably no incumbent of that office ever devoted himself more earnestly to the public good, standing by the side of Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin. The two were instrumental in placing the slack-water navigation between the Mississippi and the Lakes in the way of ultimate and certain success. The Governor treated this subject to great length and with marked ability in his message to the Thirteenth General Assembly, and so earnest was he in behalf of this improvement, that he again discussed it in his message to the Fourteenth General Assembly. In the instigation of the work the Governors of the different States interested, called conventions, and through the deliberations of these assemblies the aid of the General Government was secured.

Samuel Merrill was first married to Catherine Thomas, who died in 1847, fourteen months after their marriage. In January, 1851, he was united in marriage with a Miss Hill, of Buxton, Maine. She became the mother of four children, three of whom died young, the eldest living to be only two and a half years old.

After the expiration of his public service he returned to McGregor, but shortly afterward removed to Des Moines, where he is now residing, and is President of the Citizens' National Bank.

Thus briefly have been pointed out the leading features in the life of one of Iowa's most prominent citizens, and one who has made an honorable record both in public positions and private enterprises. He is highly esteemed in the city where he resides and is regarded as one of the faithful representatives of the sons of New England. In stature he is fully six feet high and finely proportioned.

You searched for **Samuel Merrill** in **Iowa**

## U.S. Civil War Soldier Records and Profiles

Name: **Samuel Merrill**  
Residence: **McGregor, Iowa**  
Age at enlistment: **40**  
Enlistment Date: **8 Jan 1862**  
Rank at enlistment: **Colonel**  
State Served: **Iowa**  
Was Wounded?: **Yes**  
Survived the War?: **Yes**  
Service Record: **Commissioned an officer in [Company S, Iowa 21st Infantry Regiment](#) on 09 Sep 1862. Mustered out on 21 Jun 1864.**  
Birth Date: **7 Aug 1822**  
Death Date: **31 Aug 1899**  
Death Place: **Los Angeles, CA**  
Sources: **Roster & Record of Iowa Soldiers in the War of Rebellion  
Photo courtesy of Massachusetts Commandery of MOLLUS  
Research by Brian Heintzelman**

**Source Information:**

Historical Data Systems, comp., *U.S. Civil War Soldier Records and Profiles* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 2009.  
Original data: Data compiled by Historical Data Systems of Kingston, MA from the [following list of works](#).

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PO Box 35  
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**Description:**

This database is a compilation of military records (including state rosters, pension records, and regimental histories) of individual soldiers who served in the United States Civil War. [Learn more...](#)

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You searched for **Samuel Merrill** in **Iowa**

## American Civil War Soldiers

Name: **Samuel Merrill**  
Residence: **McGregor, Iowa**  
Enlistment Date: **1 Aug 1862**  
Side Served: **Union**  
State Served: **Iowa**  
Service Record: **Enlisted as a Colonel on 1 August 1862 at the age of 40. Commission in [Company S, 21st Infantry Regiment Iowa](#) on 9 Sep 1862. Discharged from [Company S, 21st Infantry Regiment Iowa](#) on 21 Jun 1864.**  
Sources: **71,125**

**Source Citation:** Side served: *Union*; State served: *Iowa*; Enlistment date: *1 Aug 1862*..

**Source Information:**

Historical Data Systems, comp.. *American Civil War Soldiers* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 1999.  
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You searched for **Samuel Merrill** in **Iowa**

## U.S. Civil War Soldiers, 1861-1865

Name: **Samuel Merrill**  
Side: **Union**  
Regiment: **Iowa**  
State/Origin:  
Regiment Name: **21 Iowa Infantry**  
Regiment Name: **21st Regiment, Iowa Infantry**  
Expanded:  
Company: **F&S**  
Rank In: **Colonel**  
Rank In: **Colonel**  
Expanded:  
Rank Out: **Colonel**  
Rank Out: **Colonel**  
Expanded:  
Film Number: **M541 roll 18**

**Source Information:**

National Park Service. *U.S. Civil War Soldiers, 1861-1865* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 2007.  
Original data: National Park Service, Civil War Soldiers and Sailors System, online <<http://www.itd.nps.gov/cwss/>>, acquired 2007.

**Description:**

This database contains the names of approximately 6.3 million soldiers who served in the American Civil War. In addition to their names, information that may be listed for each soldier includes regiment, company, and rank. [Learn more...](#)

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Buried Woodland Cem., Des Moines, Ia.

Set. E 25 Iowa Inf.

Offices of Honor in G. A. R.

Serial No.

FD-1255

Sources:

Roster Iowa Soldiers.  
Register & Leader D 15, 1906/

Department of Iowa  
Grand Army of the Republic

Name Merrill, Samuel

Occupation Banker

Born Aug 7, 1822, Turner, Maine

Died Aug 31, 1899, Los Angeles, Cal.

Buried Woodland Cem., Des Moines, Ia.

War Record: Col. 21 Iowa Inf.

Membership

Post Name	Number	Location	Date Joined
Joe Hooker	21	Des Moines	
Crocker	12(49) Tr. S 4 1894	Des Moines	Mr 26, 1880 age 58

Offices of Honor in G. A. R.

Serial No.

FD-1255

Sources:

Dup in Post 12  
Department of Iowa  
Grand Army of the Republic

Veteran's name Merrill, William

Residence Des Moines

Occupation Merchant

War

Battles, etc.

Nearest relatives

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

Date Birth Mr 18, 1822 Place N. Sidney, Maine



You searched for **Samuel Merrill** in **Iowa**

### 1880 United States Federal Census

Name: **Samuel Merrill**  
 Home in 1880: **Des Moines, Polk, Iowa**  
 Age: **57**  
 Estimated Birth Year: **abt 1823**  
 Birthplace: **Maine**  
 Relation to Head of Household: **Self (Head)**  
 Spouse's Name: **Elizabeth D. Merrill**  
 Father's birthplace: **Maine**  
 Mother's birthplace: **Maine**  
 Neighbors: [View others on page](#)  
 Occupation: **Banker**  
 Marital Status: **Married**  
 Race: **White**  
 Gender: **Male**  
 Cannot read/write:  
 Blind: [View image](#)  
 Deaf and dumb:  
 Otherwise disabled:  
 Idiotic or insane:  
 Household Members:

Name	Age
<a href="#">Samuel Merrill</a>	57
<a href="#">Elizabeth D. Merrill</a>	53
<a href="#">Hattie G. Merrill</a>	14
<a href="#">Jerry H. Merrill</a>	6
<a href="#">Peter Johnson</a>	32
<a href="#">Augusta Johnson</a>	29
<a href="#">Ottolena Johnson</a>	20

**Source Citation:** Year: 1880; Census Place: *Des Moines, Polk, Iowa*; Roll: 360; Family History Film: 1254360; Page: 289D; Enumeration District: 162; Image: 0099.

#### Source Information:



Ancestry.com and The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. *1880 United States Federal Census* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 2010. 1880 U.S. Census Index provided by The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints © Copyright 1999 Intellectual Reserve, Inc. All rights reserved. All use is subject to the limited use license and other terms and conditions applicable to this site.

Original data: Tenth Census of the United States, 1880. (NARA microfilm publication T9, 1,454 rolls). Records of the Bureau of the Census, Record Group 29. National Archives, Washington, D.C.

#### Description:

This database is an index to 50 million individuals enumerated in the 1880 United States Federal Census. Census takers recorded many details including each person's name, address, occupation, relationship to the head of household, race, sex, age at last birthday, marital status, place of birth, parents' place of birth. Additionally, the names of those listed on the population schedule are linked to actual images of the 1880 Federal Census. [Learn more...](#)

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You searched for **Samuel Merrill** in **Iowa**

### Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925

**Name:** Samuel Merrill  
**Birth Year:** abt 1823  
**Birth Place:** ME  
**Gender:** Male  
**Marital Status:** Married  
**Census Date:** 1885  
**Residence state:** Iowa  
**Residence County:** Polk  
**Locality:** Des Moines  
**Roll:** IA1885\_249  
**Line:** 8  
**Family Number:** 509  
**Neighbors:** [View others on page](#)

Household Members:	Name	Age
	<a href="#">Samuel Merrill</a>	62
	<a href="#">Elizabeth Merrill</a>	57
	<a href="#">Hattie G Merrill</a>	19
	<a href="#">Jerre H Merrill</a>	11
	<a href="#">August Johnson</a>	34
	<a href="#">Lena Johnson</a>	24
	<a href="#">Cyphert Synkerson</a>	19

#### Source Information:

Ancestry.com. *Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 2007.  
 Original data: Microfilm of Iowa State Censuses, 1856, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, 1925 as well various special censuses from 1836-1897 obtained from the State Historical Society of Iowa via Heritage Quest.

#### Description:

This database contains Iowa state censuses for the following years: 1856, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, and 1925. It also includes some head of household censuses and other special censuses from 1836-1897. Information available for an individual will vary according to the census year and the information requested on the census form. Some of the information contained in this database though includes: name, age, gender, race, birthplace, marital status, and place of enumeration. [Learn more...](#)

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Morris Snyder Allen Welsh Family Tree

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Owner: [mcm537](#)

Samuel Merrill

Birth **7 AUG 1822** in [Turner, Oxford, Maine](#)  
 Death **31 AUG 1899** in [Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California](#)

[Save this person to your tree](#)  
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Media Gallery

No photos, stories, audio or video have been added yet.

Timeline [\(View details\)](#)

1822 7 Aug	<b>Birth</b> <a href="#">Turner, Oxford, Maine</a>	<a href="#">6 source citations</a>
1846 abt Age: 24	<b>Marriage to Catherine Thomas</b> <a href="#">Maine, USA</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1850 Age: 28	<b>Residence</b> <a href="#">Buxton, York, Maine</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1851 Jan Age: 28	<b>Marriage to Elizabeth Dorothy Hill</b> <a href="#">Maine, USA</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1856 Age: 34	<b>Move to Iowa</b> <a href="#">McGregor, Clayton, Iowa</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1860 Age: 38	<b>Residence</b> <a href="#">McGregor, Clayton, Iowa</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1862 8 Jan Age: 39	<b>Military</b> <a href="#">McGregor, Clayton, Iowa</a> Commissioned an officer in Company S, Iowa 21st Infantry Regiment	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1870 Age: 48	<b>Residence</b> <a href="#">Portland, Cumberland, Maine</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1880 Age: 58	<b>Residence</b> <a href="#">Des Moines, Polk, Iowa</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1885 Age: 63	<b>Residence</b> <a href="#">Des Moines, Polk, Iowa</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>
1894 Age: 72	<b>Marriage to Mary S</b>	
1899 31 Aug Age: 77	<b>Death</b> <a href="#">Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California</a>	<a href="#">1 source citation</a>

Comments

No comments have been added yet.

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Family Members

Parents

[Abel Merrill](#)  
1785 – 1859

[Abigail Hill](#)  
1788 – 1835

[Show siblings](#)

Spouse & Children

[Catherine Thomas](#)  
– 1847

Other Spouse & Children

[Elizabeth Dorothy Hill](#)  
1827 – 1888

[C. H. Merrill](#)  
1856 –

Other Spouse & Children

[Mary S](#)  
1847 –

[Family group sheet](#)

Source Information

[view details](#)

1850 United States Federal Census

1 citation provides evidence for **Residence, Name, Birth**

1860 United States Federal Census

1 citation provides evidence for **Residence, Birth, Name**

1870 United States Federal Census

1 citation provides evidence for **Name, Birth, Residence**

1880 United States Federal Census

1 citation provides evidence for **Residence, Birth, Name**

An Illustrated History of the State of Iowa: Being a Complete Civil, Political, and Military History of the State From Its First Exploration Down to 1875

3 citations provide evidence for **Marriage, Custom Event**

Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925

1 citation provides evidence for **Birth, Name, Residence**

The National Cyclopaedia of American Biography: Being the History of the United States as Illustrated in the Lives of the Founders, Builders, and Defenders of the Republic, and of the Men and



## Iowa Cemetery Records

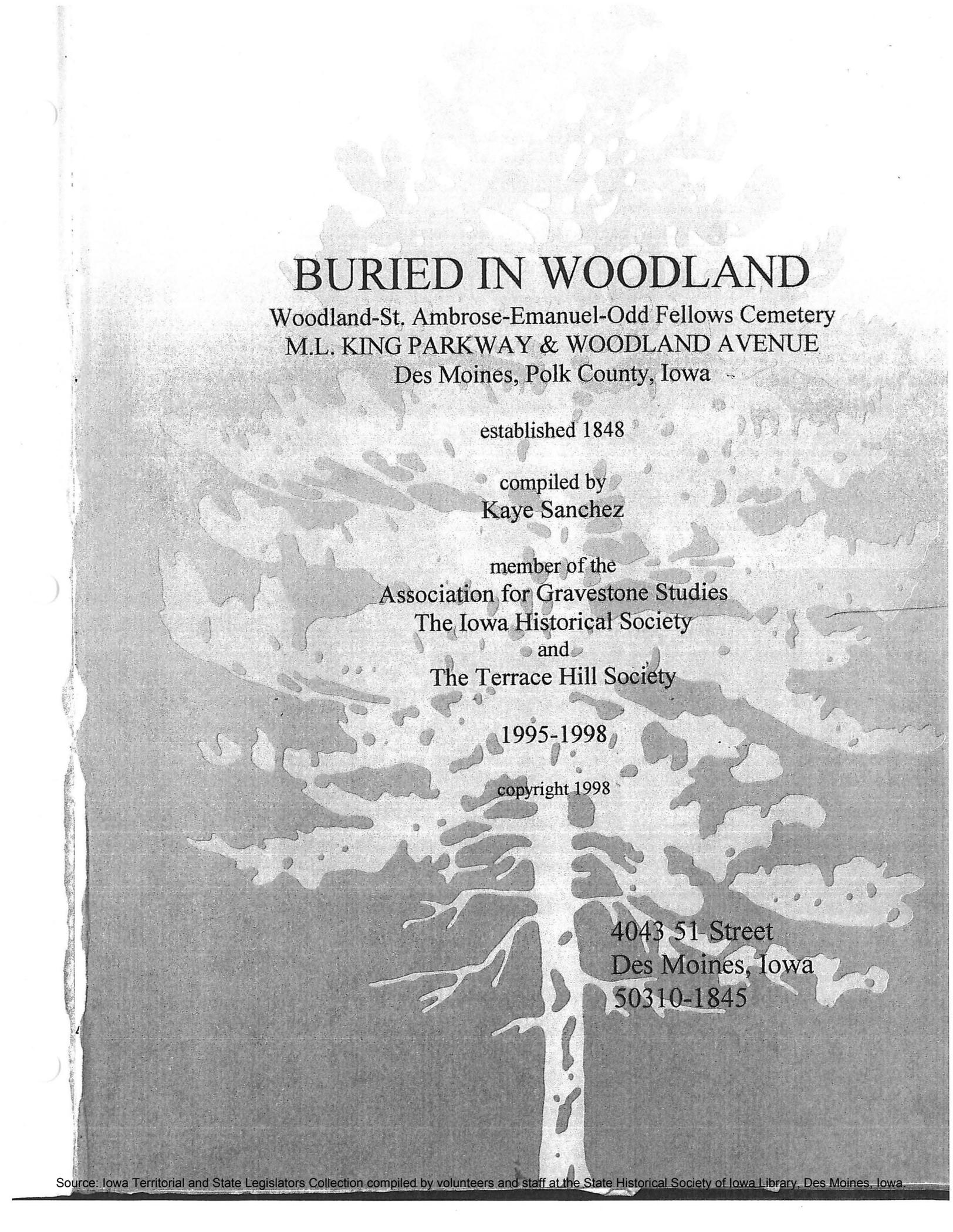
Name: **Samuel Merrill**  
Death Date: **1899**  
Page #: **510**  
Birth Date: **07 Aug 1822**  
Cemetery: **Woodland**  
Relative: **77**  
Level Info: *Iowa Graves Registration Survey W P A Polk County Iowa*

**Source Information:**

Ancestry.com. *Iowa Cemetery Records* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2000. Original data: Works Project Administration. *Iowa Graves Registration Project*. Washington, D.C.: n.p., n.d.

**Description:**

These cemetery records represent seventy-six counties and Graceland Cemetery of Sioux City, Iowa, in the United States, that were transcribed by the WPA Administration. Records in this database generally include the page number where the record can be found in the WPA index, the name of the deceased, date, age, cemetery name, town name, and additional comments if any. [Learn more...](#)



# BURIED IN WOODLAND

Woodland-St. Ambrose-Emanuel-Odd Fellows Cemetery  
M.L. KING PARKWAY & WOODLAND AVENUE  
Des Moines, Polk County, Iowa

established 1848

compiled by  
Kaye Sanchez

member of the  
Association for Gravestone Studies  
The Iowa Historical Society  
and  
The Terrace Hill Society

1995-1998

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4043 51 Street  
Des Moines, Iowa  
50310-1845

## GOVERNOR SAMUEL MERRILL

Samuel was born on August 7, 1822 in Oxford County, Maine, the second to the youngest, son of Abel Jr. and Abigail (Hill.) He moved with his parents to Buxton, Maine the native of his mother where he attended and taught school. He went south for a time to teach. In 1847, he moved to Tamworth, New Hampshire where he engaged in the mercantile business with his brother. Samuel married Catherine Thomas who died fourteen months after they married. he married second to Miss Hill of Buxton, Maine and they had four children, the oldest one dying at 2 years. He was elected to the Legislature of New Hampshire on the abolition ticket in 1854 and he served two terms.

He came to McGregor, Iowa in 1856 and established a general store, taking an active part in politics. Merrill was elected on the Republican ticket to the House of the Eighth General Assembly. When the Civil War broke out in 1861, he took the contract to furnish three Iowa regiments with clothing before the Government could furnish them with uniforms. In 1862 he was commissioned Colonel of the Twenty-first Iowa Infantry and immediately went to the front. He was placed in command with the detachment of the 21st Iowa, the 99th Illinois, a portion of the 3rd Iowa Cavalry and two pieces of artillery with orders to make a forced march to Springfield 80 miles away. Merrill was severely wounded in the hip at the Battle of Black River Bridge and he resigned.

In 1867 he was nominated Republican governor and served from 1868-1872. Under his administration was the push for the erection of a new State House. Merrill and Governor Fairchild of Wisconsin were instrumental in placing slack water navigation between the Mississippi and the Lakes. He moved to Des Moines and became a banker helping to establish the Citizen's National Bank. He helped to bring about the great reunion of Iowa soldiers in the summer of 1870 and was a an influential trustee of the Iowa College of Grinnell. He acquired his wealth in banking and railroad building, retiring to Pasadena, California.

Samuel Merrill died August 31, 1899. His funeral held in Des Moines, was attended by many public officials and prominent men of the state.

Blk. 14, Lot 00050 & 51

Samuel Merrill, buried 8 September 1899

Samuel Merrill, buried 4 April 1921, 64 years

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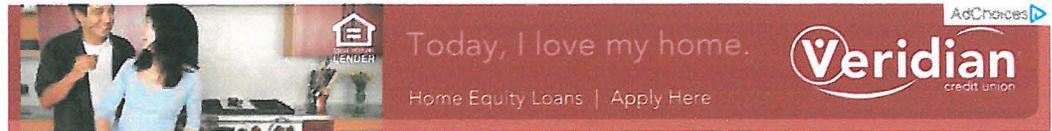


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## Samuel Merrill

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**Birth:** Aug. 7, 1822  
Turner  
Androscoggin County  
Maine, USA

**Death:** Aug. 31, 1899  
Los Angeles County  
California, USA



Added by: [Bill McKern](#)

Iowa Governor. During the Civil War, he served with the 21st Regiment, Iowa Infantry. He was Governor of the state from 1868 to 1872. (bio by: [Mr. Denardo](#))

**Family links:**

**Spouse:**  
Catherine *Thomas* Merrill (1810 - 1848)\*

\*[Point here for explanation](#)

[Search Amazon for Samuel Merrill](#)

**Burial:**  
[Woodland Cemetery](#)  
Des Moines  
Polk County  
Iowa, USA

Maintained by: Find A Grave  
Originally Created by: [Mr. Denardo](#)  
Record added: Jul 31, 2006  
Find A Grave Memorial# 15103300



Added by: [Mr. Denardo](#)



Added by: [Mr. Denardo](#)

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Governor of Iowa, 1868-1872.  
- [Garver Graver](#)

Added: May. 17, 2011



-Anonymous

Added: Nov. 30, 2010

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