

Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative Atkins, Jeremiah T. Senator Atkins,

Jeremiah T. - Represented Allamakee, Winneshiek, Board Chickasaw, Mitchell, Floyd, North, Cerro Gordo, Hancock, Huntington and Casswell Counties, Iowa

1. Birthday and place 4 Apr 1811 Phillipson, Worcester County, Massachusetts

2. Marriage (s) date place
① Harriet Mathison Oct 1838

② Emilia Amanda Weston ca. 1843

③ Carrie Sawyer July 1872

④ Mrs. Bessie Raymond 1877

A. Business _____

B. Civic responsibilities _____

C. Profession Farmer; lawyer; bought and sold land

4. Church membership _____

5. Sessions served 6th, 7th General Assemblies 1856, 1858 - Senate

6. Public Offices 12th General Assembly 1868 - House of Representatives

A. Local Deputy postmaster of Phillipson, Iowa; appointed prosecuting attorney for Winneshiek County (one term)

B. State _____

C. National _____

7. Death 2 Feb 1895 Cotton, California; buried Pagan Cemetery Markville Township, Winneshiek County, Iowa

8. Children By 2nd wife - Jay C.; Harriet E. (Mrs. Kendall B. Stearns)

Lula (Mrs. Frank Lucas); Amelia; Almira (Mrs. John Sawyer); three other children preceded their father in death

9. Names of parents Thomas and Anna (Kendall) Atkins

10. Education He was educated in a common school in
his Massachusetts neighborhood

11. Degrees _____

12. Other applicable information

- Whig, later Republican
He was raised on a farm near Phillipson, Massachusetts
until age 19. Later he engaged in running line boats and
packets, as commander, on the Northern and Erie Canals.
- In December 1835, he visited Chicago for a short time, then went to Michigan
City, Indiana. There he worked for stage companies and for about 2 years
he dealt in government lands.
 - He lived in La Porte County, Indiana where he engaged in locating farms
for 16 years. During that time he studied law and practiced law.
 - October 1835, he came to Iowa locating near Frankfort in Winnebago County.
 - Then he engaged in improving land and practicing law for 20 years,
He then bought and sold lands
 - Military service - Civil War - he received an enrolling commission
to encourage enlistments for the war.
 - He moved to Decatur, Iowa in 1873.
 - There were no children born to Jeremiah by wife 1, 3, 4.
 - He lived later at Mitchell, South Dakota and at Cotton,
California, where he died.

DECORAH REPUBLICAN

BY A. K. BAILEY & SON.

Official Paper for Winneshiek County and the City of Decorah, Iowa.

A SUDDEN SUMMONS.

Gilbert K. Opdahl dies while on his way to Decorah with load of wood.

T. O. Storla and a son of Erick Anderson came into town yesterday noon just after dinner bringing the startling intelligence that Gilbert K. Opdahl, one of the best known farmers of Springfield township, had died while on his way to Decorah with a load of wood. The facts of his death are, briefly, as follows:—He and Mr. Anderson were coming to Decorah with wood and Mr. Opdahl requested Mr. A. not to drive too fast because he did not feel well. After that Mr. Anderson drove slowly, looking around occasionally to see that Mr. O. was all right. When about four miles from town, near Mr. Storla's place, it was noticed that Mr. Opdahl was lying on his side. Mr. Anderson stopped his team and ran back to see if anything was wrong. He found his companion unconscious but breathing. Assistance was secured and the prostrated man was taken into the house of Mr. Ronglie. Mr. Anderson and Mr. Storla came to town notified Mr. Opdahl's children, who have been living in town for some time, and his brother E. G. Opdahl. The latter accompanied by Dr. Williams went to Mr. Ronglie's but death had claimed its victim. An examination showed the cause of death to heart disease.

Mr. Opdahl is one of the earliest settlers of this county. He was born in Norway in 1846 and came to America in 1848 with his parents. They located in Dano Co., Wis., but two years later came to this county and took up land in Springfield township, where the subject of this notice has continued to reside ever since. In 1868 he was married to Miss Mary Omie, a native of Wisconsin, and to them three children were born, Martin K., Mury C., and Ida L., all of whom survive their parents. The mother died in 1879. The funeral will be held from the late residence on Monday probably.

Prof. Freeman's Lecture.

The first two of the University Extension series of lectures by Prof. J. C. Freeman, of Madison, Wis., were given at the Methodist Church on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week. It is to be regretted that larger audiences were not present to hear the speaker—a man very prominent in the educational world of to-day.

The first evening the subject was "Alfred, the Great," and in the hands of Prof. Freeman it became one of great interest, from a literary, philosophical and historical standpoint. Details of that period were brought out, and the legendary carefully distinguished from the authentic, religious and secular history had been searched for facts that of Saxon learning and literature; on Alfred's influence on these two important factors in the up-building of a na-

Death of Hon. Jeremiah T. Atkins.

A letter from Mrs. J. T. Atkins, dated Colton, Cal., Feb. 7th, informs us that her husband died on Saturday, Feb. 2d, at 2:20 p. m. She says "he seemed well in the morning, enjoyed his breakfast unusually well, and was about the doorway during the forenoon giving directions as to work, occasionally sitting on the porch, then walking out again, showing no signs of illness until about one o'clock, when he came in troubled for breath, sat a little time outside, then said 'I must lie down.' He did so and only spoke once afterwards. He had been well all winter, and had said a number of times that this had been the most pleasant winter he ever knew."

Alexander's History of Winneshiek Co. supplies the following sketch of Mr. Atkins' life:—

J. T. Atkins was born in Phillipstown, Worcester Co., Mass., April 2, 1811. The early part of his life was spent in the eastern states, where he followed steamboating as a vocation during the season when navigation was open, and taught school during the winter months. He received a common school education. Mr. Atkins emigrated to Indiana in 1835, where he commenced a real estate brokerage business. In 1841 there was much talk of the "new purchase," a part of which was Winneshiek County. The Judge contracted the fever, and came to Winneshiek County, Iowa, in the autumn of that year. Here he resumed his old business, that of land speculating, and also practiced law for several years, but not being a resident of the county seat, he concluded to abandon his profession and gave his attention solely to his speculations. Oct. 19, 1841, he was appointed Prosecuting Attorney and Enrolling Officer, by Gov. Kirkwood. He was elected County Judge at one time, but failed to qualify. In 1847 he was chosen to represent this county in the State Legislature.

The late Horace B. Williams was Mr. Atkins' colleague in the 12th General Assembly, and it was largely due to their shrewdness and wide acquaintance that the line of the Iowa and Dakota division of the Milwaukee RR. was selected to start from Calmar, and the building of the Decorah branch secured. For this Decorah owes both these gentlemen a vast debt of gratitude; but for their labors this town would have been given the go-by, and it would have retrograded instead of progressing. It should also be added that in 1856 he was elected State Senator and represented a district composed of Allamakee, Winneshiek, Howard, Mitchell and Floyd counties in the 7th General Assembly.

Mr. Atkins was an enterprising business man, a successful farmer, and acquired a handsome competence, which he handled with shrewdness and profit. During the last twenty years of his life he was a great traveler, usually spending his winters in southern climes and enjoying his income. When the railroad pushed on into South Dakota he made investments at Mitchell, and treated that as his summer home, and California, where he died, as his winter resort. He was married four times, and five children, by his second wife, survive him. These are Mrs. W. B. Stevens and Miss Amelia, of Charles City; Mrs. Frank Lucas, of St. Paul; Mrs. Will Sawyer, of Portland, Ore.; and the only son Jay, who is a resident of California. In 1877 he married Mrs. Bessie Raymond, of Charles City, who has ever since been his companion in the fullest sense of the term, and who is now his sorrowing widow.

District Court.

Court was duly called to order Monday morning at 10 o'clock by Judge H. C. Goddard. After drawing the Grand Jury and giving them their charge, the probate docket was begun on, and

Death of James Cameron.

The REPUBLICAN was deeply pained, last week to hear that James Cameron, late of Military township, was dead. The only particulars of his death we have are supplied in the following paragraph taken from the Osage News:

It was known for several weeks that Mr. James Cameron, of Rock township, was quite seriously ill but hopes were entertained of his recovery. Such hopes were all in vain; however, as he passed away Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 5th. Although 62 years of age he had been an active man until a few months ago when he complained of not being well. Progressive paralysis set in finally and resulted in his death. Mr. Cameron came to this county last year and settled on a farm in Rock township which he purchased from Ole Skuttlo. His former home was in Winneshiek County. He leaves a wife and two children, his son Grant, being at home and his daughter is the wife of Prof. F. E. Clark, a teacher in the public schools of this city. The funeral service will be held at the house on Saturday at 10:30, conducted by Rev. Lockwood and the burial will take place in the Osage cemetery about 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Cameron had been, up to May last year, a resident of Winneshiek county for forty years. He was born in New York city in 1832, but had lived near Janesville, Wis., after 1843. Soon after attaining his majority he came over into Iowa, looking up a location, and selected the farm on which he resided until he purchased his Mitchell Co. farm.

When he removed from this county, the REPUBLICAN regretted exceedingly the loss of such an excellent citizen, and it sorrows now at the final parting. Enterprising and intelligent, genial in temper, prosperous and progressive, his death is more than a painful affliction to his family; it is a great loss to all who enjoyed his acquaintance and friendship.

St. Agatha's Entertainment.

The entertainment at Steyer's hall last evening by the young ladies of St. Agatha's guild was a success in every way. The program presented was a popular one and included besides musical numbers by Miss Stiles, Mr. Hitchcock and the orchestra, a skirt dance by Laura Stone, the Minnet, tableau d'art by Miss Tee Barrow, scarf drill by sixteen young ladies, a series of living pictures, and the Gladiators by Messrs. Hitchcock and Neufert. The larger part of the entertainment was under the direction of Mrs. H. C. Goddard, and the Minnet, tableaux "the living pictures," and drill were her own arrangement. Their execution is an added evidence of the ability of this lady as an instructor. The reception given the program by the audience was exceedingly hearty. At its close those who desired indulged in the impromptu dance which was arranged for the completion of a very pleasant evening.

City Election Matters.

The Iowa ballot law requires all nominations for City offices to be filed with the City Clerk at least ten days before the day of election. Ten clear days makes Thursday next the last day for filing such nominations. Inasmuch as there will be no party nominations, such nominations must be by petition; and petition of ten signatures each for one name put on the ballot.

All the wards have called citizens' caucuses for next Tuesday evening, at which, in addition to nominating Council-

Decorah's S.

Last Saturday Mr. New York to purchase ninth time a stock of in the midst of bl prudent merchant l of what the spring of his large body o and goes to prepar

In a few weeks years since Mr. Be and decided that had been looking did not then see choice he was m hoped for them; have been gratify young man. Few dreamed of what business man, a p individually and all.

Last week we p an exchange in Cl the thought is th It, t. e., account cos. This is onl While he is the h user of printer's i it would be a gro that it has over 1 but a means to n been the substant could serve his en class establishme ex, is able to d draw custom, s if they are not k ers; nor will it re are not pursude that full value is paid the seller.

Speaking of p vertisement in t exceedingly mod- ter column long he was hampere ner who had suc other methods; a had secured entri to display the co vertising expen heavy rental, n the current daily

Ben was a goo when he came t training had be store. He plant- out a single ac discouraging co observer would of success were degree but he h never egotistea in himself to tal is not necessary with which he conquered preju commanding po and won friends scores and hund because of sh man; but mory oughly identifi- thing that will u his adopted hom most vital to the has taken a fore the same titles his private busi secured results t need as the mo- in the late o In such work e a word as fall, e ed. These are s

POSSUM'S LOSS \$3,500 with \$2,200 insurance. J. E. Borlaug had \$1,200 insurance on his gallery. The adjoining stores were also damaged by smoke and also the rooms over Mr. Bear's west store, occupied by Richard Schrubbe.

Test for Tuberculosis Applied.

The state board of health in session at Des Moines last week and considerable attention to the investigation of tuberculosis in cattle which has been carried on by Dr. M. Stalker, state veterinarian. During the last three months he has applied the tuberculin test to over 1,200 animals that have shown by the test that they were infected, and on subsequent examination the presence of the disease was proved. The state veterinarian has been overwhelmed with applications for examination of herds of cattle and family cows, but the latter he has not attempted to examine. In cases where the owners were willing to pay for the work he has sent an assistant to make the test. The examinations made by Dr. Stalker have been mainly confined to dairy herds where the product was being sold to the public. The owners, as a general thing, he says, are willing to have the tests made and to abide by the results. The state board of health is resolved to carry on the tests to the farthest possible extent, hoping to stamp out the disease in the state before it shall have gone much farther.

If this desperate winter continues, it will be difficult to tell how Bro. Cole of the Fayette Postal Card can write snake and fish stories all next spring and summer. There has been such a shiver going up his back lately as has chilled all fountains of imagination.—Des Moines Capital. Never you mind; when the thermometer gets so low that Bro. Cole's "fountains of imagination" are frozen up beyond operation, there will be none of the rest of us in a condition to appreciate any sort of imaginations—, d—nation will be more popular with most of us.

A fellow at Independence last week traded a fine young horse for a six weeks old puppy, at which the Bulletin is moved to remark: "In

survive him.

The funeral services will take place tomorrow, Wednesday, at 2 p. m.

Jeremiah T. Atkins.

On the third day of this month there passed away in Cotton, Cal., a man whose history was so closely interwoven with that of this county in pioneer days, that although he has not resided here for several years, his death must not pass unnoticed.

Mr. J. T. Atkins came to Iowa in 1851, locating near what was to be Frankville; when Decorah was little more than a name, and when there were as many Indians as white men in the county. He was deputy postmaster of the first postoffice in the county,—Jamestown, on Washington Prairie—which received one mail a week. He served a term as prosecuting attorney and was elected county judge, but on account of some informality in the election, the previous incumbent held over.

In 1856 Mr. Atkins became state senator, and distinguished himself for industry and ability. In 1857 he was returned to the lower house. His zealous services in getting a railroad into Decorah earned him the gratitude of her people at the time and must be remembered to this day by the older inhabitants. He was always one of the foremost in promoting progress and improvement in his locality.

In 1873 he moved into Decorah. He has since resided in Mitchell, S. D. and in Cotton, Cal. He maintained full possession of his powers up to the last, dying after an illness of only a few hours, at the age of eighty-four.

Mr. Atkins was living with his fourth wife at the time of death. Five children, all by the second wife, survive him. Jay, in California; Myra, (Mrs. Will Sawyer) in Portland, Oregon; Hattie, (Mrs. B. W. Stevens) and Miss Ametia Atkins, Charles City and Lou, (Mrs. Frank Lucas) in St. Paul.

What will the geographers do with the old text books, now that the frigid zone has been shattered into smithereens and scattered in high

past with that class of gages us to make great hoping that our efforts appreciated in the future past. Respectfully,

Ive

Farmers Atter

Owing to the corn crop year there will be a great spring wheat sown the feed purposes to take corn; farmers have four appearance of feeding the past six months, the excellent feed for hogs and shall have some clean seed at our mills at reas and also have some silv wheat for seed; call for 1st as we shall grind thereafter.—A. BERNAT 7-w2.

Mr. Schanck, of E

is a happy man now. him happy? Why! one "Crown" pianos with the attachment." This att you a perfect imitation Zither, Mandolin, Banjo. It is the wonder of the get one at the same pl and be happy too. At 6-2w MARSH'S M

A Des Moines woman troubled with frequent colds concluded to try an old remedy, and accordingly took a spoonful (four times the dose) of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy before going to bed. The next morning she found that her cold had almost entirely disappeared. The day she took a few more spoonfuls and at night again took a spoonful before going to bed. The following morning all symptoms of the cold had disappeared. She has, on several occasions, used this remedy in like manner with the same good results, and is now over her discovery of so simple a remedy for curing a cold. For sale by W. W. Weiser, Druggist.

Mr. F. J. Kovarik, o

carawps county, until 1850, when he immigrated to Iowa. He spent about four years in Scott and Cedar counties, teaching school, practicing law and conducting a newspaper. He edited the "News-letter," at Rochester, Cedar county, when that town was contesting with Tipton for the honors of the county seat, and failed in its ambitious aims; the press was removed to Cedar Falls, and, at the solicitation of the publisher, Mr. Brown followed it in June, 1854. During the first six months after his arrival, he devoted a part of his time to editing the "Cedar Falls Banner." This was the first paper west of Dubuque on this line of railroad. Discontinuing journalism, Mr. Brown thenceforward gave his whole time, except when holding office, to the legal profession.

He was elected prosecuting attorney of Black Hawk county in 1855, and served one year. In 1859 he was elected to the state senate, and served four years. During the first session he was chair-

man of the committee on public lands, and in the second held the same position on the committee on federal relations, taking the place of Hon. J. F. Wilson, who was elected to Congress. He was also an active member of the eighth and ninth general assemblies, and in the famous debate in 1862, on the resumption of the railroad land grants, he took a prominent part; and a speech of his on this question was published in full, and had a wide circulation.

In 1860 Mr. Brown was a delegate to the republican national convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln. Though still a republican, he does not allow politics to interfere with the regular duties of his profession, which has become prosperous, extending beyond Black Hawk into adjoining counties.

Though not a member of any church organization, he attends the Baptist service.

In September, 1867, he was married to Miss Jennie McCall, daughter of Dr. McCall, of Canton, Ohio.

HON. JEREMIAH T. ATKINS,

DECORAH.

OF the early settlers in Winneshiek county no one has been the recipient of more honors, or is more worthy of them, than Jeremiah T. Atkins. He was born at Phillipson, Worcester county, Massachusetts, on the 4th of April, 1811. His father, Thomas Atkins, was a farmer, stone cutter, and contractor, and came of a Cape Cod seafaring race. Some of them were masters of vessels. Anna Kendall Atkins was his mother's name. He was reared on a farm until he was nineteen years of age, after which period, for a few years, he was engaged in running line boats and packets, as commander, on the Northern and Erie canals.

In December, 1835, Mr. Atkins visited Chicago, spending, however, only two or three weeks there. He went to Michigan City, Indiana; was for a short time agent for stage companies, and for about two years dealt in government lands. Subsequently he was engaged in locating farms in La Porte county, being, altogether, a resident of that county about sixteen years, during the latter part of which he studied and practiced law.

In October, 1851, Mr. Atkins came to Iowa, locating in the eastern part of Winneshiek county, near Frankville, and twelve miles from Decorah.

One of these towns was at that time not much known except in name, and Frankville had not even risen to that dignity. There was no frame house at the present county seat, and not more than two or three hundred voters in the county. Indians were as numerous as white men.

For several years after his settlement in Iowa Mr. Atkins was engaged in improving lands and practicing law. He spent considerable time at Decorah, and at other county seats, in attendance at the courts. He abandoned the practice of law about twenty years ago, devoting his time largely to buying and selling land, in which business he has been quite successful. In 1873 he moved to Decorah, and is living a life of comparative ease, enjoying the results of a busy and truly honorable career.

The first postoffice in Winneshiek county was at Jamestown, on Washington prairie; James B. Cutler was postmaster and Mr. Atkins deputy—the first deputy postmaster in the county. In these early days the duties of the office were not laborious, there being only one mail a week, but in the absence of the postmaster a deputy was requisite.

A year or two after settling in Iowa Mr. Atkins was appointed prosecuting attorney for the county,

and served one term. At an early day he was elected county judge, but by some informality in the returns some of the votes were thrown out, and then incumbent of the office held over.

In 1856 Mr. Atkins was elected State senator, representing eleven counties in the northeastern part of the State. He was among the leading members of that body, and conspicuous for his industry and his knowledge of parliamentary practice. The year after he was elected the new constitution came before the people for their adoption, and Mr. Atkins canvassed his senatorial district in its support, rendering good service in that direction.

In 1867 he was returned to the lower house of the general assembly, and proved an earnest and successful worker in the interests of his constituents. He aided essentially in getting the railroad through Winneshiek county and to Decorah, and his services in this respect are to-day highly appreciated. Mr. Atkins has been identified with most of the important improvements in his locality.

Mr. Atkins is of whig antecedents, and on the dissolution of that party promptly joined the republican, to which he is indebted for his political honors. On the outbreak of the rebellion he was interested in the salvation of the Union, and though too old himself to enlist, he did a great deal to encourage others. In 1861 he was the first in the county to receive an enrolling commission, which Governor Kirkwood sent him early in that summer.

Mr. Atkins was married to Miss Harriett Mattison, of Washington county, New York, in October, 1838; to Miss Amanda Heaton, of La Porte county, Indiana, about 1843, and to Miss Carrie Dawson, of Allamakee county, in July, 1872, all since deceased. He has no issue except by his second wife, who had eight children, of whom five are living. The only son, Jay, is married, and lives on the old homestead in the eastern part of the county; the eldest daughter, Hattie, is the wife of Wendell B. Stevens, of Charles City, Iowa, and the other three daughters, Amelia, Almira and Lulu, are living at home.

HON. LUCIAN L. AINSWORTH,

WEST UNION.

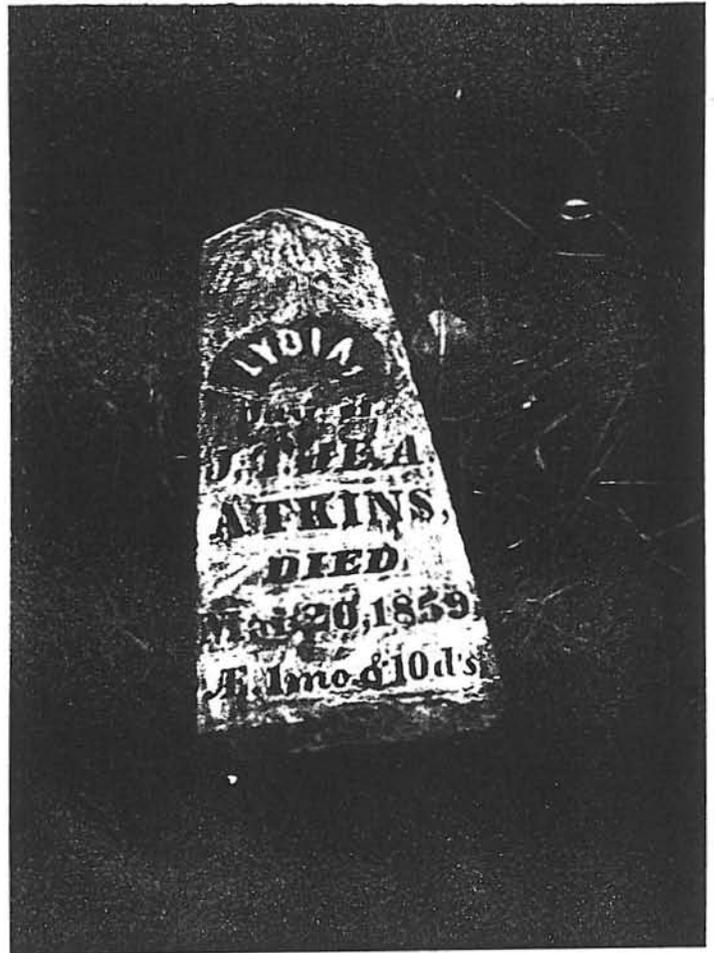
LUCIAN LESTER AINSWORTH has always been esteemed as the best read and ablest lawyer in Fayette county, Iowa. He has thought less of accumulating a fortune than of building up a reputation in his profession; hence he has made the profession of law his life-study.

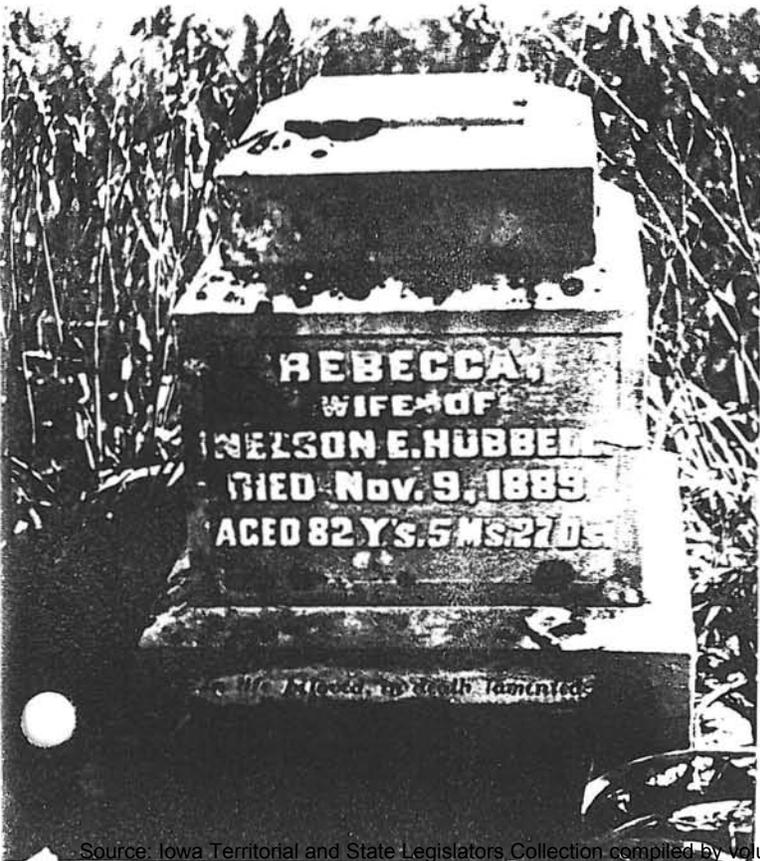
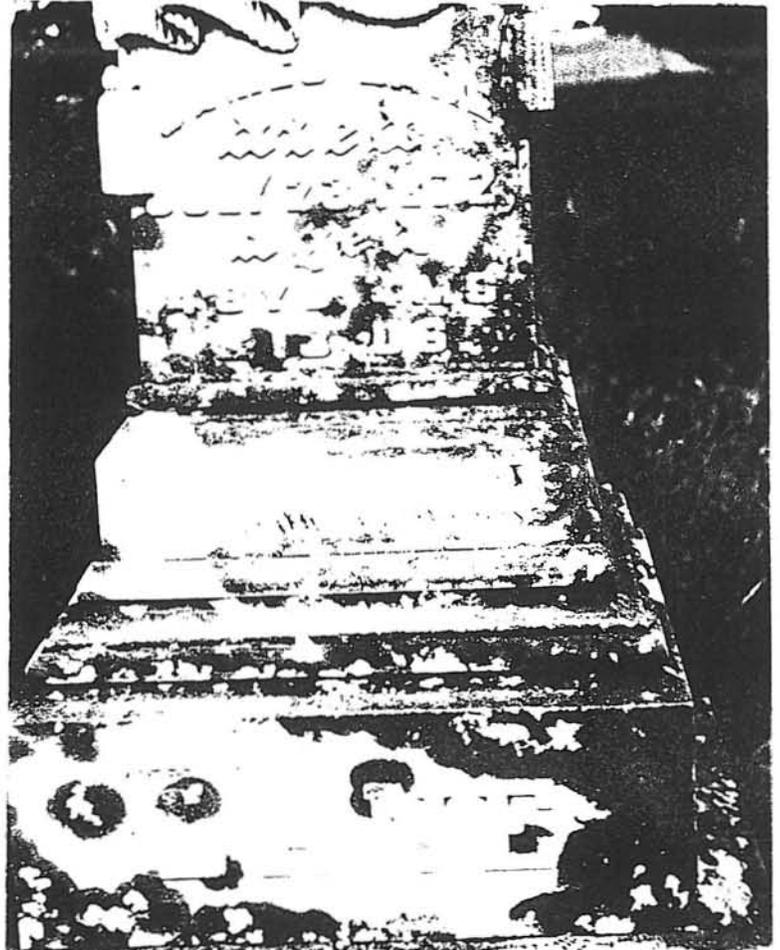
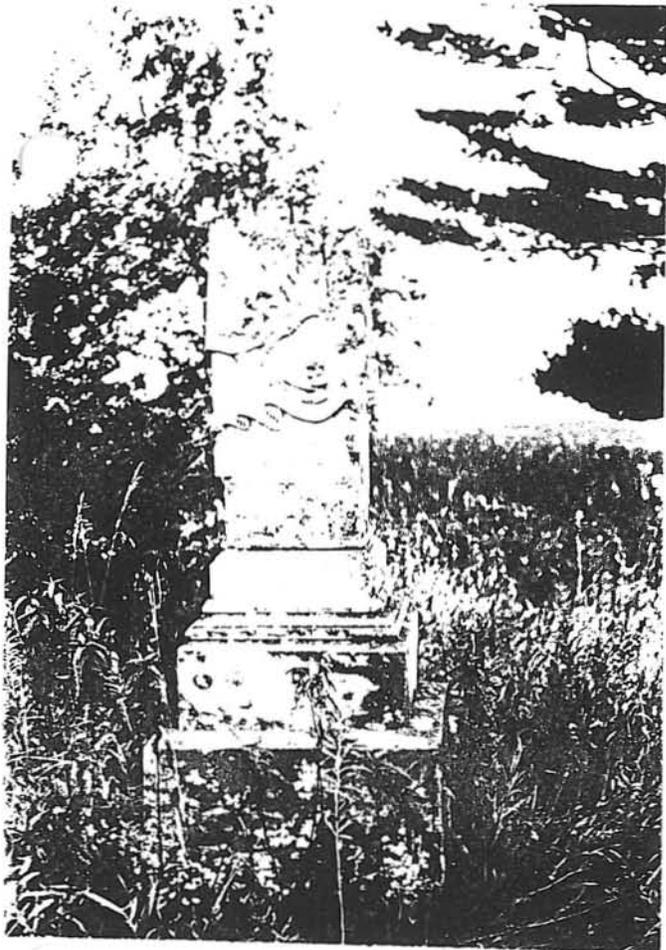
Mr. Ainsworth was born at New Woodstock, Madison county, New York, on the 31st of June, 1831. His parents were Parmenas and Kezia (Webber) Ainsworth, and belonged to a farming community. His great-grandfather on the maternal side lost his life in the struggle for independence. Mr. Ainsworth's mother was a woman of strong mind, kind and affectionate in the treatment of her children, and extremely anxious that they should be successful in life; and to her careful training, wholesome advice and early teaching, the subject of our sketch is largely indebted for his success in after-life.

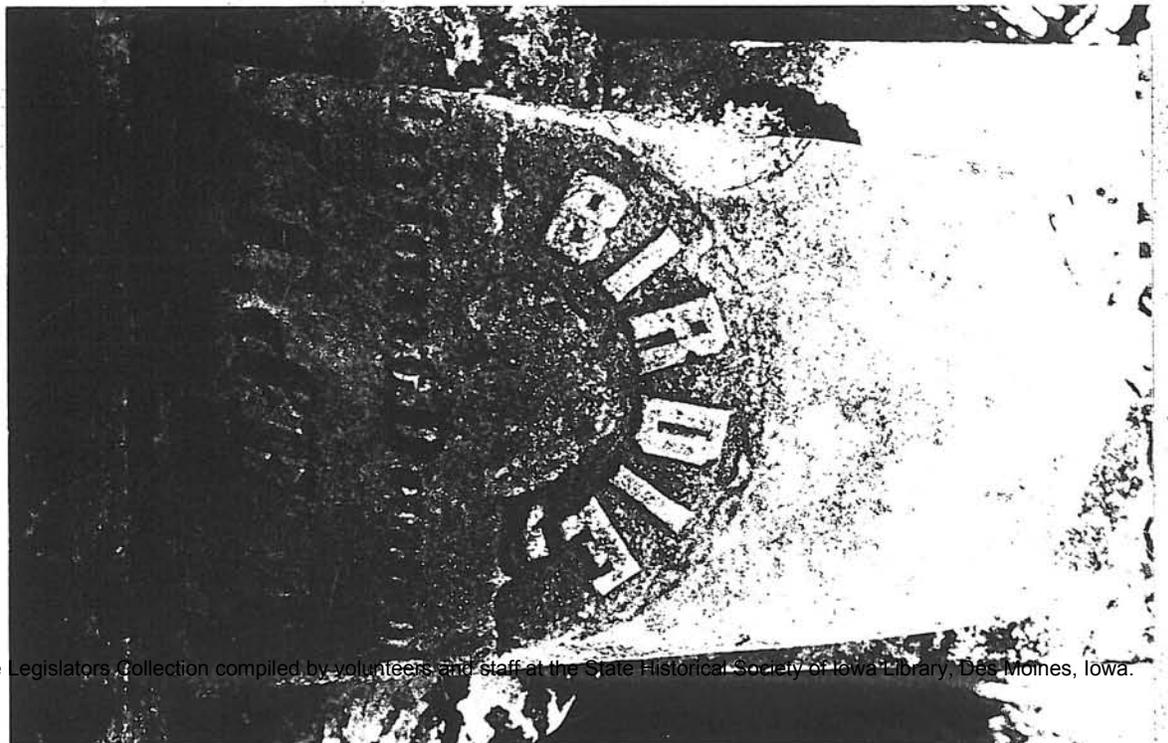
At the age of eighteen, after receiving what education a common school could afford, supplemented with the aid of his mother at the fireside, he went to the Oneida Conference Seminary at Cazenovia, attending there about four years, teaching during the winters and working on the farm during vacations.

Leaving the seminary in 1853, he commenced studying law with Messrs. Miner and Sloan, of De-Ruyter, Madison county. A. Scott Sloan is now the attorney-general of Wisconsin. Mr. Ainsworth was admitted to the bar at the general term of the supreme court for that county in September, 1854. The next year he bent his course westward, halting during the summer at Belvidere, Illinois, and practicing with J. R. Beckwith, Esq., now United States district attorney in Louisiana. In the autumn following he pushed farther westward, crossed the Mississippi, and selected West Union for his future home. He was young and full of ambition—ambition to excel in the legal profession; clung to law-books because he loved them, and few men in the tenth judicial district are more familiar with their contents.

In 1859 Mr. Ainsworth was elected to represent Fayette and Bremer counties in the upper house of the general assembly, and in 1871 to represent his own county in the lower house. During the session of 1860 the laws of the state were codified, and again in 1872 and 1873. In both houses Mr. Ainsworth was on the judiciary committee, and his legal attainments were eminently serviceable.

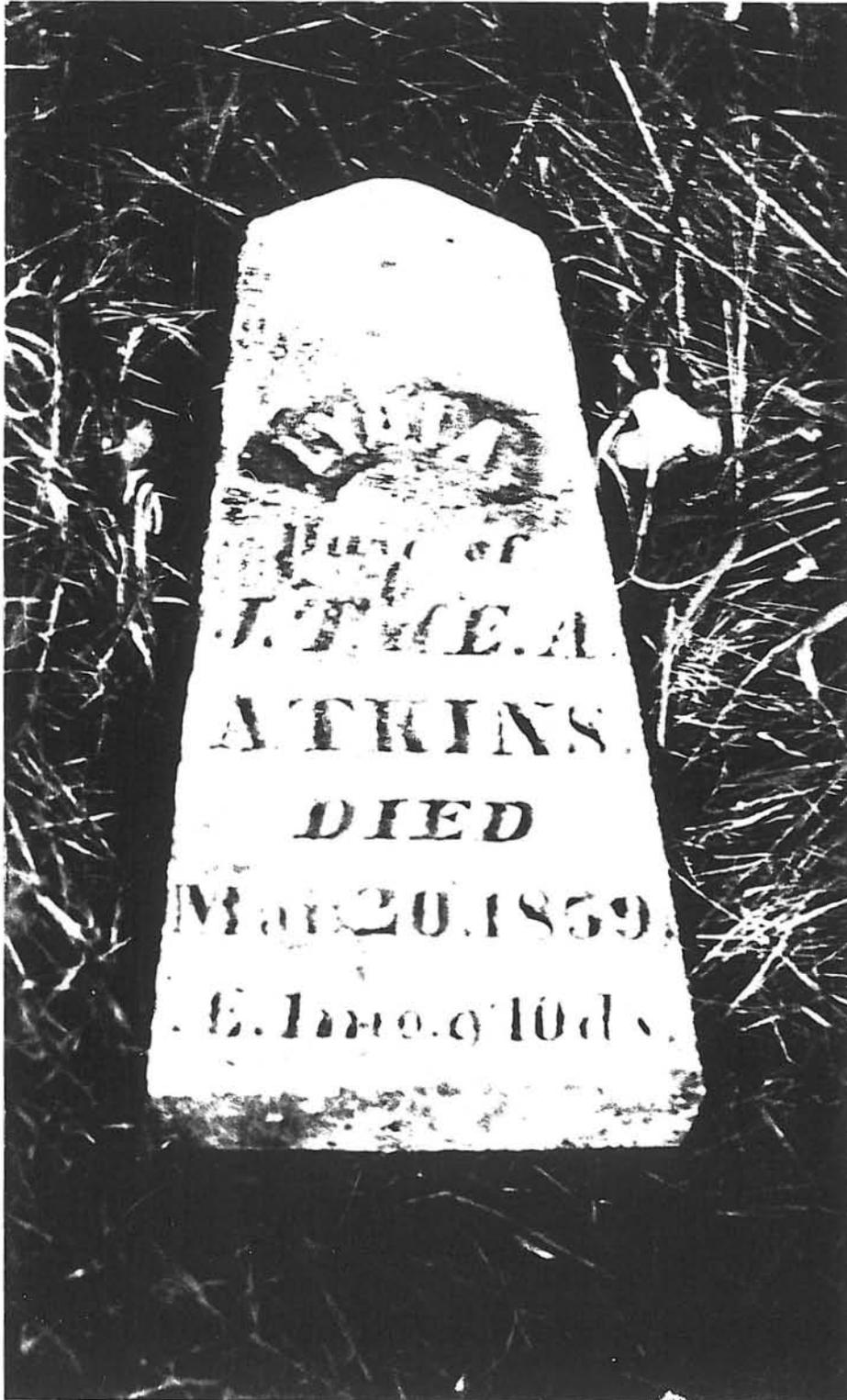
















1860 United States Federal Census

Name: **Jeremiah T Atkins**
 Age in 1860: 48
 Birth Year: abt 1812
 Birthplace: Massachusetts
 Home in 1860: Frankville, Winneshiek, Iowa
 Gender: Male
 Post Office: Frankville
 Value of real estate:

Household Members:	Name	Age
	<u>Jeremiah T Atkins</u>	48
	<u>Eunice A Atkins</u>	41
	<u>Jay C Atkins</u>	14
	<u>Harriet E Atkins</u>	11
	<u>Amelia H Atkins</u>	7
	<u>Almira C Atkins</u>	4
	<u>Chas H Hawes</u>	20
	<u>Christopher Canada</u>	34
	<u>Ann Cleverly</u>	18
	<u>Caroline Dancan</u>	40

Source Citation: Year: 1860; Census Place: Frankville, Winneshiek, Iowa; Roll: M659_743; Page: 34; Image: 171.



1880 United States Federal Census

Name: **Jeremiah T. Atkins**
 Home in 1880: Frankville, Winneshiek, Iowa
 Age: 69
 Estimated birth year: abt 1811
 Birthplace: Massachusetts
 Relation to head-of-household: Self (*Head*)
 Spouse's name: Bessie
 Father's birthplace: Massachusetts
 Mother's birthplace: Massachusetts
 Neighbors:
 Occupation: Farmer
 Marital Status: Married
 Race: White
 Gender: Male
 Cannot read/write:
 Blind:
 Deaf and dumb:
 Otherwise disabled:
 Idiotic or insane:

Household Members:	Name	Age
	Jeremiah T. Atkins	69
	Bessie Atkins	37

Source Citation: Year: 1880; Census Place: Frankville, Winneshiek, Iowa; Roll: T9-370; Family History Film: 1232270; Page: 119,3000; Enumeration District: 344; Image: 0427.

Source Information:

Ancestry.com and The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. 1880 United States Federal Census [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2005. 1880 U.S. Census Index provided by The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. © Copyright 1999 Intellectual Reserve, Inc. All rights reserved. All use is subject to the limited use license and other terms and conditions applicable to this site. Original data: United States of America. Bureau of the Census. *Tenth Census of the United States, 1880*. Washington, D.C.: National Archives and Records Administration. T9-1,454 rolls.

Description:

This database is an index to 50 million individuals enumerated in the 1880 United States Federal Census. Census takers recorded many details including each person's name, address, occupation, relationship to the head of household, race, sex, age at last birthday, marital status, place of birth, parents' of birth. Additionally, the names of those listed on the population schedule are linked to actual images of the 1880 Federal Census. Learn more...