

Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative Herriman, H. J. Senator Herriman,  
H. J. - Represented Carroll, Gordon, Franklin and Hancock Counties, Iowa

1. Birthday and place 16 Aug 1841 Warner, New Hampshire

2. Marriage (s) date place

Ellas R. Mitchell 1865

3. Significant events for example:

A. Business Admitted to the bar at Charles City, Iowa in 1869

B. Civic responsibilities Mason

C. Profession Attorney; farmer; stocks raised

4. Church membership

5. Sessions served 24<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> General Assemblies 1892 and 1894 House of Representatives

6. Public Offices 26<sup>th</sup>, 27<sup>th</sup>, 28<sup>th</sup>, 29<sup>th</sup> General Assemblies 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902 Senate

A. Local Mayor of Hampton

B. State

C. National

7. Death

8. Children John H.; Gilbert E.; Charles B.

9. Names of parents

10. Education

Educated in the public schools of his native town and in the New London Literary and Scientific Institution

11. Degrees

12. Other applicable information

Republican

- He worked on a farm and taught school until he moved with his parents to Iowa in 1860.
- He began to read law when he came to Iowa
- He settled in Cherokee and began his law practice.
- He soon became a large land owner
- In 1876 he moved to Hampton in Franklin County where he practiced law until 1888 when he retired from law practice and engaged extensively in farming and raising stock.



Book ?

W. F. HARRIMAN was born in Warner, New Hampshire, August 16, 1841. His education was acquired in the public schools of his native town and in the New London Literary and Scientific Institution. He worked on a farm and taught school until his parents removed to Iowa in 1860, when he began to read law. In 1869 he was admitted to the bar at Charles City and settled in Cherokee where he began practice. He soon became a large land owner and planted the first artificial grove in that county. In 1876 he removed to Hampton in Franklin County where he resumed the practice of law. Retiring from active practice in 1888, Mr. Harriman engaged extensively in farming and stock raising. In 1891 he was elected on the Republican ticket Representative in the House of the Twenty-fourth General Assembly, serving by reëlection also in the Twenty-fifth General Assembly. In 1895 he was elected to the Senate from the district composed of the counties of Cerro Gordo, Hancock and Franklin, serving in the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh General Assemblies. He was the author of the act creating the Department of Agriculture.

ELDEN J. HARTSHORN, soldier and legislator, was born in Lunenburg, Vermont, June 16, 1842. He was educated in the public schools and St. Johnsbury Academy where he prepared for college. In 1862 he enlisted in Company E, Fifteenth Vermont Volunteers, and was soon promoted to second lieutenant. He was offered a West Point cadetship, but declined to leave the service. In 1864 Lieutenant Hartshorn was promoted to captain of Company G, Seventeenth Vermont Infantry and joined Burnside's Ninth Army Corps in the Army of the Potomac. The regiment was in the battles of the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Tolopotomy Creek, North Anna River, Bethesda Church, Cold Harbor, Petersburg and the fall of Richmond. At the close of the war Captain Hartshorn studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1869 and coming west the following year, located at Emmetsburg, in Palo Alto County, Iowa. Here he was land agent for the Milwaukee Railroad and represented many non-resident land owners. In 1873 he was elected Representative in the House of the Fifteenth General Assembly from the district consisting of the counties of Pocahontas, Buena Vista, Palo Alto and Emmet. He was elected to the Senate in 1875 serving in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth General Assemblies. In 1898 Captain Hartshorn was appointed to a position in the Interior Department at Washington.

SERRANUS C. HASTINGS was born in Jefferson County, New York, on the 22d of November, 1814. He was liberally educated and at the age of twenty became Principal of Norwich Academy. In 1834 he removed to Lawrenceburg, Indiana, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar. In the presidential campaign of 1836 he was employed as editor of the *Indiana Signal*, supporting Martin Van Buren for President. In 1837 he

Webster he could not imagine; but Trumbull came along, stopped over night, and to him Leggett confided his troubles. Trumbull went to work and drew up a notice to Webster, citing him to appear before Judge Reeve, the county judge, at the next term of court, and told Leggett to go over and serve it. "But the county judge has no jurisdiction in such cases," said Leggett. "That makes no difference," said Trumbull, "the chances are ten to one that he don't know it." Accordingly, Leggett went over, and with great pomp and ceremony read his notice to Webster. This scared Webster, and he began negotiations for a compromise forthwith, which ended by his giving Leggett another cow, and paying for extra trouble and an attorney's fee besides, which Trumbull donated to Leggett, as perhaps his (Trumbull's) conscience would not allow him to take money for such advice.

X W. F. Harriman was born in New Hampshire August 16, 1841. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and in the New London Literary and Scientific Institution. Before his parents removed to Iowa in 1860, he worked on a farm and taught school. He read law, and was admitted to practice in 1869. He began to practice at Cherokee. In 1876 he removed to Hampton, Iowa, retiring from active life in 1888. In 1891 he was elected to the house, serving in the Twenty-fourth general assembly, and he was re-elected to the Twenty-fifth general assembly. In 1895 he was elected to the state senate, serving in the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh general assemblies. He was the author of the act creating the department of agriculture.

David W. Evans was born in Wisconsin, April 10, 1858. His parents, Evan J. and Anne (Davis) Evans, settled in Iowa county the year David W. was born. He was educated at the public schools of Williamsburg, Iowa, Iowa City academy, graduating from the State University of Iowa, collegiate course, in 1886. He then read