

Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative Alvin Lyander - Represented Adams and Madison Counties, Iowa Senator Hager

1. Birthday and place 29 Oct 1849 Chautauque County, New York

2. Marriage (s) date place

Mrs. Ella M. Currell 29 Oct 1878 Adams County, Iowa

3. Significant events for example:

A. Business From 1911-1912 he was president of the Commercial Savings Bank, director of Des Moines Lumber Company at his death; admitted to the bar 1875

B. Civic responsibilities Des Moines Club; Des Moines Golf and Country Club

C. Profession Attorney; Banker

4. Church membership

5. Sessions served 24th General Assembly 1892

6. Public Offices

A. Local Lawrence city attorney 1879-1882

B. State Chairman of the Iowa Republican State Convention 1892

C. National United States Congressman 1893-1899

7. Death 30 Jan 1923 Des Moines Iowa; buried in Verbeck Funeral Home Vault

8. Children Effie Mildred (Mrs. John A. Elliott); Edith Reaf (Mrs. Manning Martin)

9. Names of parents

10. Education Attended schools in Monticello and Arva, Iowa,
both in Jones County, Iowa

11. Degrees Received his law degree from the University of Iowa, Iowa
City, Iowa on 25 June 1875

12. Other applicable information Republican

- He came to Iowa with his parents at age 10 settling on a farm in
Jackson County, Iowa, later moving to Jones County, Iowa
- After passing the bar, he moved to Greenfield, Iowa to practice law.
- He moved to Des Moines in 1901 became a partner of D. R. Patrick
and later Charles S. Powell law firm
- During World War I he was the leader of the Liberty Loan Drive
- In Greenfield, Iowa, he practiced law with his brother,
C. E. Hager and J. A. Story. In 1877 the firm became
A. L. Hager and J. A. Story and in 1891 the firm of Gow
and Hager began.

RELATIVES SAY MAN YET ALIVE; BODY WATCHED

Phoenix, Ariz., Jan. 30.—(Associated Press)—The watch over body of George W. Stevenson, declared dead by physicians a week ago, still continued today, with members of his family reaffirming their belief that he is in a state of suspended animation.

There will be no interference by the authorities as long as there is no public complaint registered. "I do not see how anyone can explain as long as the body is in the undertaking rooms," said one Hosen declared when asked if authorities were contemplating any further action. The body was removed to the undertaking establishment Friday under orders issued by the coroner.

Stokes' Divorce Suit Reinstated by Court; Assails Helen Again

(By The Associated Press.)
New York, Jan. 30.—A retrial of the divorce suit brought by W. D. Stokes, wealthy realty operator, against Helen Elwood Stokes, formerly of Denver, and her counter suit for separation was ordered today by Supreme Court Justice Bijur. Mr. Stokes lost his original suit in September, 1921, when his wife was granted a decree of separation and permitted to retain the custody of their children. Since then a complicated litigation has followed and Mr. Stokes moved to have the divorce suit be restored to the calendar of the court. Mr. Stokes instituted the original divorce action against his wife in 1919, eight years after they had been married. Shortly after Mrs. Stokes had been granted a separation there followed litigation involving her alleged dower rights, which Stokes said his wife had won away immediately after their marriage. Last July Supreme Court Justice Cohan decided that Mrs. Stokes' dower rights to \$100,000 of property had been restored. In October Stokes made his motion

A. L. HAGER DIES AT AGE OF 73

Was Prominent Attorney and Ex-Congressman.

A. L. Hager, 73 years old, prominent Iowa lawyer and former congressman, died last night at Lutheran hospital at 6:15 of uraemic poisoning, following a recent operation.

Close relatives were at the bedside when death came. He had been seriously ill for some time.

Mr. Hager was congressman from Iowa for three terms, from 1894 to 1900, representing the ninth district, where he had been practicing law in Greenfield.

Active in Civic Affairs.

Since 1901 he had had offices in Des Moines. From 1911 to 1918 he was president of the Commercial Savings bank, and at the time of death was a director of the Des Moines Silo company. He was a member of the Des Moines club and the Golf and Country club, and was active in various civic affairs. He was a leader of Liberty loan drives during the war and was in demand as a speaker.

He lived at 2116 Grand avenue and had law offices in the Iowa National bank building.

Mr. Hager had been in poor health for six months and Jan. 18 was taken to the hospital. A minor operation a few days later brought only temporary relief.

Was Born in New York.

He was born in Chautauqua county, N. Y., Oct. 29, 1849. When he was 10 years old his parents moved to Iowa and farmed in Jackson county. Six years later they moved to Jones county, where Mr. Hager received his high school education in the Monticello and Anamosa High schools.

He entered the University of Iowa law school in 1874, receiving his degree a year later. After passing the state bar examination he began practicing at Greenfield. In 1876 he was married to Miss Almira Baker. He was a member of the state senate in 1893 and was re-elected, intending to go to congress in

conclusion.
The British delegation of the British stand at that time with the most est. relations. The spokesman for the French delegation informed The Associated Press tonight that there was no idea of leaving at the end of the week if the Turks sign. France, he said, however, finds it difficult to adhere to any tentative program of procedure if the Turks ask for several days in which to examine the draft treaty and request further negotiations on the spot.

He added that France could not put herself in the position of blocking the road to peace nor of brusquely severing negotiations vital to the future of Europe. Moreover, M. Bompard, was not a free agent like Earl Curzon, who is foreign minister of Great Britain.

The French representative added that M. Bompard was subject to instructions from his government in Paris.

The British Statement.

The statement from the British delegation follows:

"A semi-official announcement appearing this evening, giving an alleged communication from the French government to the Angora government that the treaty submitted at Lausanne is only part of a series of pourparlers leading to fresh negotiations, and that the French government is prepared to leave its entire delegation in Lausanne is not credited by the British delegation.

"It would be a flagrant violation of the mutual understanding arrived at by the allied plenipotentiaries, only a few days ago, and it has been issued without reference either to the British government or delegation. The latter does not propose to alter its plans as already announced."

The British idea has been that further detailed discussions on the treaty to be presented tomorrow would be impossible because the conference already has dragged out too long. They announced last week that Earl Curzon would depart Friday, leaving an expert or two here to give any information the Turks might desire; when the Turks were ready to sign, if ever, then all hands would return to Lausanne.

Revolt Grows for Week.

The revolt against the British has been steadily growing this week. The ground taken is that it would be liable to imperil the chances of peace because it was too much in the nature of an ultimatum.

The British protest of tonight caused a tremendous sensation. It immediately switched general interest away from near east peace negotiations to the protest which is to happen among the allies when the conference resumes tomorrow.

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In October Stokes made his motion to reopen the case on the ground that he had new evidence pertinent to the divorce case against his wife.

The re-trial will come up Feb. 5, Justice Bijur said. Unless a successful appeal is taken from today's decision, all the evidence in both divorce cases will be re-heard, it was stated.

Justice Bijur said he based his action on the conclusion that Justice Finch, assigned to the appellate division after finding in Mrs. Stokes' favor and dismissing her complaint, did not render a decision, such as is required to terminate the trial of a case.

He said that Justice Finch, not having signed a decree before his elevation, was now unable to do

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He was a member of the state senate in 1893 and was re-elected, resigning to go to congress in 1894. In 1900 he returned to Greenfield and in 1901 moved to Des Moines, where he entered a partnership with O. R. Patrick, and later with Charles L. Powell.

Names of Survivors.

He is survived by his widow, two daughters, Mrs. Manning Martin, 612 Forty-fourth street, and Mrs. John A. Elliott, 2324 Terrace drive; one brother, A. B. Hager, Mitchell, S. D.; two sisters, Mrs. C. L. Closson, Watertown, S. D., and Mrs. A. H. Hall, Mitchell, S. D., and five grandchildren, Harry and Jeannette Elliott and Mary Jane, Mildred Hager and Sue Martin.

Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

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The British protest of tonight caused a tremendous sensation. It immediately switched general interest away from near east peace negotiations to the question: what is to happen among the allies when the conference resumes tomorrow.

It is understood the Italian delegation had adopted the same attitude as the French and will remain in Lausanne, while there is any hope of making peace.

A telegram received by the French delegation from Paris tonight, confirming the decision of the delegation to remain here, said France did not consider the allied treaty definitive and that France was even ready to make further concessions to the Turks, if necessary.

The Franco-British complication appeared to bring considerable satisfaction to Turkish circles here. The Turkish delegation was busily employed throughout the night in preparing...
CONTINUED ON PAGE 2

HIGHWAY BOARD MUST EXPLAIN FEDERAL GIFTS

Senate Calls Members of the Commission "On the Carpet" Following Trip to Ames.

Four days after its return from Ames, where it spent the afternoon as guests of the state highway commission, and view thousands of dollars worth of property donated to the commission by the federal government, the senate today adopted a resolution by McIntosh which, in substance, asks the commission by what authority it accepted the gift and spent money in receiving, storing and distributing it to the various counties of the state.

Debate over the adoption of the resolution resolved itself in several steps leading to its passage into a test of the attitude of the members toward the highway commission, but after exhausting every resource to ward off what was regarded as an insulting and embarrassing demand upon the commission, the senate adopted the McIntosh resolution by a vote of 44 to 4.

It not only called upon the highway commission to transmit to the senate the information requested, but authorizes any committee of the senate to require the personal appearance before it of members of the commission to answer queries as to the conduct of business.

The resolution called for a detailed invoice of the trucks, tents, blankets, tools and other property received from the federal government, with valuation of each item, and approximation of the original cost; a list of all such items; a statement of material to Ames; a statement of distribution of materials,

Attorney Hager Dies At Age 73



A. L. Hager, 2116 Grand avenue, attorney, business man and former congressman from the Ninth district, died late Tuesday at the Lutheran hospital of uraemic poisoning. He had undergone an operation recently, but relief was only temporary.

Mr. Hager is survived by his widow, two daughters, Mrs. Manning Martin, 612 Forty-fourth street, and Mrs. John A. Elliott, 2324 Terrace drive; one brother, A. B. Hager, Mitchell, S. D.; two sisters, Mrs. C. L. Closson, Watertown, S. D., and Mrs. A. H. Hall, Mitchell, S. D., and five grandchildren, Harry and Jeannette Elliott, and Mary Jane, Mildred Hager, and Sue Martin.

The deceased lawyer was congressman from Iowa for three terms, from 1894 to 1900. While in congress he was in charge of the enrolled bills committee.

Since 1901 Mr. Hager had had offices in Des Moines. From 1911 until 1918 he was president of the Commercial Savings bank and was vice president of the bank at the time of his death. He was also a director of the Des Moines State

INSIST HAYS IS NOT GIVING UP HIS MOVIE JO

Persistent Reports of Breach in New Film Regime A Emphatically Denied Headquarters.

International News Service
NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—A steadily increasing number of reports that the movie dynasty established by Will H. Hays is tottering to fall and that the power of "Czar" has been greatly curtailed by the allied producers and distributors were scouted as "absurd" today by Cortland Smith, secretary of the board of directors of American Producers' and Distributors association.

Apparently well founded rumors which have been current in the screen world for some months that a crisis loomed in the reign of film emperor gained new impetus with the "rebellion" of Douglas Fairbanks several days ago; were seemingly further verified when it was reported that Famous-Lasky corporation, former producers of "Fatty" Arbuckle pictures, had refused to lift the ban against the comedian despite the fact that "the czar" had announced his intention of giving Arbuckle "a chance to make good."

NO FUSS WITH FAIRBANKS!
Smith declared rumors that "Hays might be asked to resign" that he was being used as a scapegoat by the great motion picture corporations were entirely false. He scoffed at statements that action taken by Fairbanks and combination of stars had caused trouble.

"Mr. Hays signed a contract with the producers' and distributors on Jan. 17, 1922, the contract to start on March 5, 1922, and continue until March 5, 1925," he declared. "Any talk of Mr. Hays leaving his position until that time is untrue. During the past few years our organization has practically doubled in membership, and we know of no other organization that

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The resolution called for a detailed invoice of the trucks, tents, blankets, tools and other property received from the federal government, with valuation of each item, and approximation of the original cost; freight paid upon such shipments of material to Ames; a statement of distribution of materials, and the cost of such distribution, and a statement of the cost of leasing ground and erecting buildings upon it for the storage of the material.

Senator Holdoegel, chairman of the highway committee, and chairman of the commission in the senate, made futile efforts to head off the resolution, by reading a communication from the commission to the effect that the senate need not resort to resolutions to secure information, but might be assured that the commission was ready to submit any information desired to any individual member.

JESSUP DISCUSSES EDUCATION PROBLEM

Shows Necessity of Educating Our Voters.

Selection is not the solution of the nation's problem in education, stated President W. A. Jessup of the University of Iowa in his address to the Des Moines Federation of Women's clubs, meeting in the auditorium of Hoyt Sherman place. More than 400 women heard his



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During the war Mr. Hager was very active in Liberty Loan work and was much interested in the Public Welfare campaigns.

He was a member of the Des Moines club and the Golf and Country club.

NATIVE OF NEW YORK.

Mr. Hager was born in Chautauqua county, N. Y., on October 29, 1849, and came to Iowa when he was ten years old. His parents first engaged in farming in Jackson county, moving later to Jones county, where Mr. Hager attended the Monticello and Anamosa High schools. He received his degree from the University of Iowa law school in 1875, and after passing the state bar examination began the practice of law at Greenfield. He was married to Miss Ellen Burrell in 1876.

He was a member of the state senate in 1893, and was re-elected, resigning to go to congress in 1894. After moving to Des Moines in 1901 he was in partnership with O. R. Patrick and later with Charles L. Powell.

Funeral services will be held Thursday at 2 p. m. at the John A. Elliott home, 2324 Terrace drive.

The Commercial Savings bank will close at 1 p. m. Thursday for

which have been current in screen world for some months; a crisis loomed in the reign of film emperor gained new impetus with the 'rebellion' of Douglas Fairbanks several days ago were seemingly further weakened when it was reported that Famous-Lasky corporation, producers of 'Fatty' Arbuckle pictures, had refused to lift ban against the comedian on the fact that 'the czar' had denounced his intention of appearing with Arbuckle 'a chance to good.'

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'Mr. Hays signed a contract with the producers' and distributor's on Jan. 17, 1922, the contract to start on March 5, 1922, and to continue until March 5, 1925,' he declared. 'Any talk of Mr. Hays leaving his position until the end of the year is untruthful. During the past year our organization has practically doubled in membership, and I know of no time that there ever any questioning of a decision made by Mr. Hays.'

CASE OF ARBUCKLE

'As to the Arbuckle matter there is certainly no room for conflict over that. The Famous-Lasky corporation wrote the Arbuckle pictures off their books on November, fully a month before Hays issued the statement that he had decided to permit the comedian to seek a livelihood in another profession.'

'In taking this step, Mr. Hays simply took a stand that I have taken all along—that he is not a sense a dictator. He did not intend to bar Arbuckle arbitrarily, did he wish to give orders to the producers—Lasky.'

'Mr. Hays seeks only to prove and safeguard the star value of the films.'

DOUG MAKES DENIAL

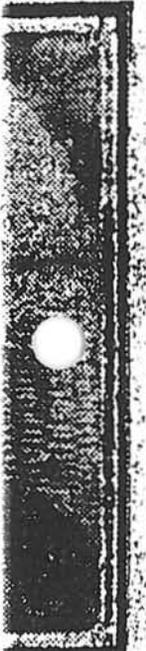
Smith laughed at stories that there was ill feeling between Douglas Fairbanks and Douglas Fairbanks referring to the letter from the movie star to the arbiter which gave the Douglas Fairbanks' formal statement on Friday and declared 'report that I have any unfriendly feelings toward you are absolutely untrue.'

'If Fairbanks and other producers wish to organize independent organizations I am sure that neither Mr. Hays nor the members of this association will have any objection to it,' Smith declared.

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FUNERAL OF ATTORNEY HAGER NEXT THURSDAY

Pioneer Law Maker Dies at Lutheran Hospital Tuesday.



A. L. HAGER.

Funeral services for Attorney A. L. Hager, 73 years old, Iowa lawyer and former congressman, who died Tuesday evening at the Iowa Lutheran hospital will be held at the home of his son-in-law, John Elliott, 2324 Terrace road, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

After the services the body will be taken to Harbach's undertaking parlors, pending arrangements for burial.

Attorney Hager was congressman from Iowa for three terms

difficulty before the state department persuaded the ambassadors and ministers to ask their staffs in the interest of public safety to obey the speed laws. Something of that sort may have to be done ultimately but there is no evidence now that the embassies or legations are using their supply improperly. The isolated cases rather prove that on the whole little if any liquor of this kind has been sold.

FACKLER HIGHWAY BILL PASSED LOWER HOUSE

Continued From Page One.
amendment was defeated, 38 to 60.

Another amendment, previously offered by Representative Hansen of Scott, to limit the new authority granted to purchase of rights of way only, was defeated, 38 to 62.

Big Appropriations.

Appropriations totalling more than \$2,000,000 were involved in bills introduced today in house and senate. The board of control appropriation bill, carrying askings of \$1,614,000 for the support of state institutions during the next biennium, appeared in the senate, introduced by Senator Kimberly of Scott.

In the house bills to create a statewide teachers' annuity system and to build three more state normal schools during the next six years, were introduced by Representative Colbert of Union and Williams of Montgomery.

Under the terms of the Colbert bill a state teachers' retirement board of five would be appointed, one by the state treasurer, two by the governor, and two by the teachers who would benefit from the annuities. This board would serve without pay, and would appoint a medical board of examiners of three, an actuary, and an office force.

Must Become Members.

Teachers desiring to participate in the retirement funds would be required to become members of the annuity organization, and to contribute toward it 3.07 per cent of their average annual salaries. At first, there would be required an additional contribution of 2.28 per cent, to create a buffer fund.

Upon retirement, teachers would be paid a proper share of the fund accumulated from their contributions, as worked out by actual methods. In addition the

highway commission an accounting of the gift of surplus war material given to the commission by the federal government.

Despite that the highway commission has declared itself ready to furnish this information, the senators fought for two hours over the form of the resolution and ended by passing it practically unamended, with only four dissenting votes.

The resolution calls for detailed invoices of trucks, tents, blankets, tools and other property received from the federal government, and an account of its distribution. Highways committees of both houses viewed much of the material as is still in Ames last Friday, in the course of their inspection trip.

Discuss Patterson Bill.

After the disposing of the Fackler bill, the house immediately took up the Patterson bill, which proposes to allow counties t

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Upon retirement, teachers would be paid a proper share of the fund accumulated from their contributions, as worked out by actual methods. In addition the state would contribute an amount per year equal to 1 1/2 per cent of the average annual salary during the last ten years of teaching, multiplied by the number of years the teacher had served in Iowa schools.

The bill proposes an initial appropriation of \$30,000 for the expenses of the retirement board, and \$100,000 to initiate the state retirement fund.

Million a Year.

It has been informally estimated that the pensions given under this measure would average about \$60 a month, and that state's portion of the retirement fund would require about a million dollars a year.

The Williams bill proposes the erection of three new state normal schools, in northwest, southwest, and southeast Iowa, one to be built in 1923, one in 1925 and one in 1927. Sites for these schools would be selected by the state board of education, and \$275,000 would be appropriated to build each, of which \$30,000 could be spent for land.

Senate in Wrangle.

The senate wrangled most of the morning over a resolution proposed by Senator McIntosh of Decatur, demanding of the state

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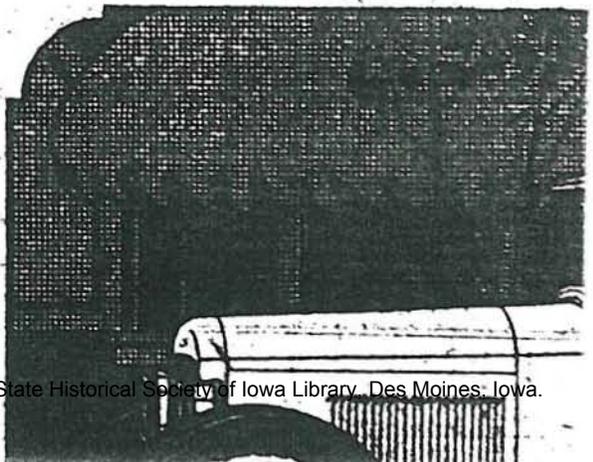
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Our

If you can we will take l

The Sturdy



who combined mental and physical power with youth and delicacy as did Mme. Novaes, and she exhibited ripeness of temperament and an ability to grasp the themes of the masters, unusual in so young an artist.

Omit Beethoven Opus.

Beethoven Sonata, "Opus III," was omitted in favor of "Les Aires by Gluck-Saint Saens, which rather added to the brilliance of the program. This number is featured by a crisp, sparkling staccato and strong left hand accent with enough infused color and warmth into the number to assure the audience they were listening to a musical treat.

"The Carnival" by Schumann, which calls for adaptation to the moods and fancies which distinguish this number, seemed to fit the poetic temperament of the Latin pianist.

Hearty encores brought forth the Chopin group, Ballad, Prelude, Etude in F. Major with the C sharp minor waltz, rendered with dignity, fine understanding and musical beauty.

One Modern Number.

The only modern number on the program, "El Albalcin," by Albeniz portraying life in the crowded Italian quarter of a foreign city. The periodic emphasis of this number with its dazzling staccato and its limpid fluent tone makes it popular with any lover of music when treated in the masterful style exhibited by the artist yesterday.

To close the program, Madame Novaes chose the "Mephistos Valse" from Listz, which is intricate and taxes the technique of any pianist. The artist left nothing to be desired in the consummate manner of interpretation. An encore, "Le Ballet" by Gluck-Friedman, closed the recital.

Madame Novaes is a new star on the musical horizon, but should in a few years time stand out as one of the leading concert artists in her chosen field.

Some furnished rooms remain vacant a long time; others are advertised in The Register and Tribune and become rented quickly.—Adv.

rardi of Omaha on the Stewart farm twelve miles northwest of Red Oak on Monday afternoon, Jan. 22. Girardi came to his death when beaten over the head with a heavy weapon.

His body, it is charged, was loaded into his own car and driven by Stewart and Austin two miles to a sparsely traveled road, where an attempt was made to burn the body and car in a pile of brush. The brush failed to burn and the body was found by Rice Emerson, an auto dealer.

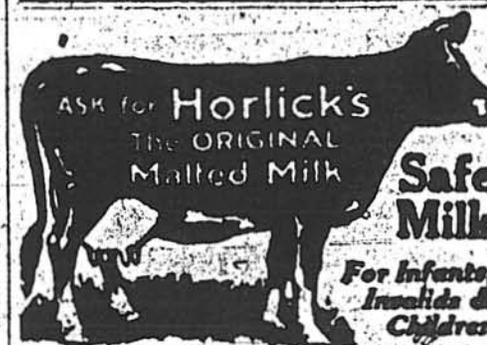
It is alleged the men got into argument over the payment of a gallon of moonshine whisky Girardi was selling to Stewart and Austin, the former refusing payment by check offered by Stewart for the booze.

Stewart and Austin will be arraigned for preliminary hearing in District court Feb. 6. Judge Thompson, who has been holding court at Council Bluffs, was called to Red Oak to hear the report of the grand jury.

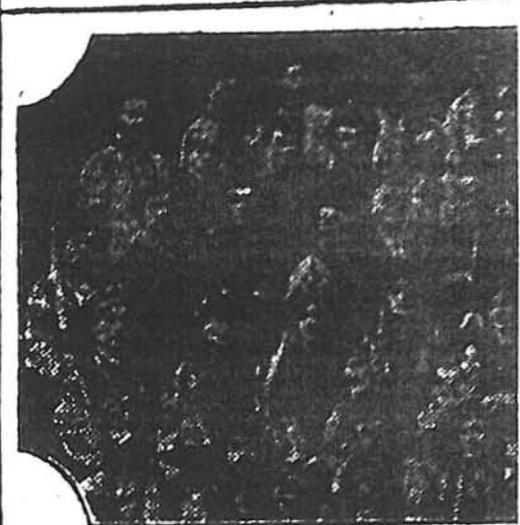
Hold Hager Funeral at 2 O'clock Today

Funeral services for A. L. Hager, attorney and former congressman, who died Tuesday evening, will be held this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of his son-in-law, John Elliott, 2324 Terrace road.

After the services the body will be taken to Harbach's funeral home, pending arrangements for burial.



The Original Food-Drink for All Ages. Quick Lunch at Home, Office & Fountains. Rich Milk, Malted Grain Extract in Powder & Tablet forms. Nourishing—No cooking. Avoid Imitations and Substitutes.



Ukrainian Nation

NINA KOSHETZ, SOPRANO
COLISEU

Tomorrow Night

A mighty musical instrument, five rare human voices, instantly will of a director! Grand opera critics are amazed at the power at singing.

They have confided their rare records exclusively and their first display their complete mastery of well as the artistic fidelity of Bru

Russian-Ukrainian

NINA KOSHETZ, So

15029—None But the Lonely Heart (Tale by Nicolai Stember; Cello Op At the Ball (Tchailkowsky) Stember; In Russian

15031—Eastern Romance (Rimsky-Ko Humoresque (Mousorgsky) In

UKRAINIAN NATIONAL

15032—Over the Vast Plains (Stetsen Ukrainian

Our Lady of Petchaly (Leonto P. Ordynski; Mixed Chorus; 1

15033—Meyl Near Baryshpol (Koshe Lezhly; Mixed Chorus; In Uk The High Mountains (Lyssent Ukrainian

15034—Poor Hawthorne (Koshets) Sej gievaka; Mixed Chorus; In U

(a) Shtchedryk (b) Kosa (Leontovich); Mixed (

15035—(a) Ouckee, Gray Ouckee (St In Ukrainian (b) Kolemalyka (Koleva)

In the Jordan (Stetsenks) Mixe

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A. L. HAGER DIES AFTER OPERATION

Was Former Congress- man From Ninth District

A. L. Hager of Des Moines, who formerly served in Congress from the ninth district, and a former resident of Greenfield died Tuesday afternoon at 6:15 o'clock at the Iowa Lutheran Hospital following an operation.

When he lived in Greenfield Mr. Hager was one of the law firm of Gow and Hager. He was prominent in Republican politics in an early day and gained quite a reputation in this district as a political speaker.

He was born in Chautauqua County, New York, October 29, 1850. He made this his home until he was ten years of age, when his family moved to Jackson county, Iowa. They remained there for three years and later moved to Jones county. Here Mr. Hager was educated and in 1874 attended the law department of the Iowa State University, from which he graduated on the 25th of June, 1875.

In November the same year he came to Greenfield and engaged in the practice of law with his brother, C. E. Hager, and J. A. Story. In 1877 the firm became A. L. Hager and J. A. Story and in 1891 the firm of Gow and Hager came into existence.

Mr. Hager was city attorney from 1878 until 1882. He was married on October 29, 1878 to Mrs. Ella M. Burrell. Two children were born to this union, Effie and Rea.

Mr. Hager left Greenfield and went to Des Moines, where he has practised law for twenty years.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Burrell of Greenfield went to Des Moines Wednesday to attend the funeral.

COME DISTANCE TO BE MARRIED
Bride From Oregon and Groom From
Tennessee Are Married Here

MRS. E. E. GARRETT DIES AT HOME IN LINDEN

Wife of Rev. E. E. Garrett, Former
Adair County Methodist
Minister

Mrs. Edward E. Garrett died suddenly at her home in Linden Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon at Penn Avenue and interment was made in the Penn Avenue cemetery. The deceased is the wife of Rev. E. E. Garrett, former pastor of the Penn Avenue church and also had a charge at Stringtown. Upon leaving Adair county they moved to Linden, in Guthrie County. The deceased is a sister of Arthur and C. A. Shaffer of Greenfield.

MRS. WALTER LAID TO REST

Funeral Services Held at Home Thure-
day Afternoon

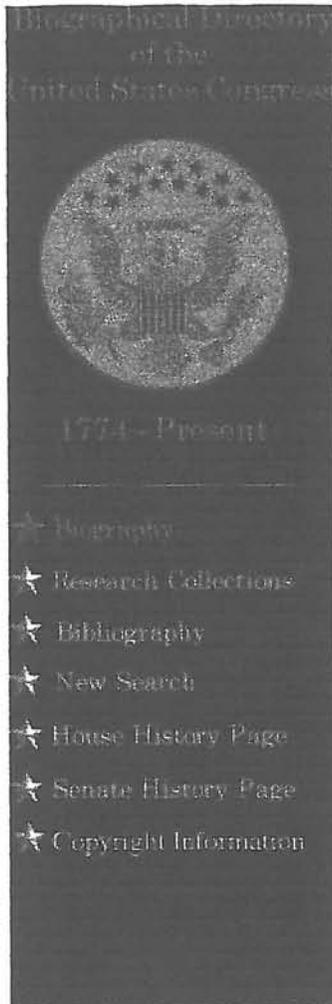
Virginia Hall was born at Phillippi, West Virginia, November 24, 1848, where she lived until after her marriage to J. F. Walters September 27, 1872.

In March the following year they came to Iowa making their home for nine years in Van Buren county near Bonaparte. Late in the year 1882 they moved to Greenfield which has since been their home.

In her early years she united with the Baptist church in her home town of which she was a faithful, devoted member, until she came to Greenfield and became a charter member of the Greenfield Baptist church which she served gladly and faithfully.

She was a good mother to the five children who came to the home and who pay the highest tribute to the mothers care and training. She has done her life work well and passed on to the reward her devotion and fidelity merits. She leaves the husband and five children, Clara Parrott, Greenfield Ia., Stella Russell, Menlo, Ia., Roscoe Walters, Blainstown, Ia., Maude Babcock, Alden, Ia., Chauncey Walters, Omaha, Neb.

The funeral services were held at the home Thursday afternoon, January 25th, conducted by Rev. John Young, assisted by Rev. J. I. Deal.



HAGER, Alva Lysander, 1850-1923

HAGER, Alva Lysander, a Representative from Iowa; born near Jamestown, Chautauqua County, N.Y., on October 29, 1850; moved in 1859 to Iowa with his parents, who settled near Cottonville, Jackson County; moved to Jones County in 1863; attended the public schools of Monticello and Anamosa; was graduated from the law department of the University of Iowa at Iowa City in 1875; was admitted to the bar in 1875 and commenced practice in Greenfield, Iowa; member of the State senate in 1891; chairman of the Iowa Republican State convention in 1892; elected as a Republican to the Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, and Fifty-fifth Congresses (March 4, 1893-March 3, 1899); unsuccessful candidate for reelection; resumed the practice of law; moved to Des Moines in 1901 and continued the practice of his profession; engaged in banking 1911-1918; died in Des Moines, Iowa, January 29, 1923; interment in Harbach Funeral Home vault.

during the civil war, attaining the rank of Captain. For many years he engaged in banking. I recollect his coming to my desk one day during the Thirty-first General Assembly and saying, "It is just thirty years ago today that I became cashier of a bank at Washington and I have served in the bank ever since." I understand that his son is now the manager of that bank and that he has a grandson who is cashier of a national bank at Arlington, Iowa. They are a family of bankers. He was the grandfather of Norman Hall, the renowned aviator and author.

Senator Young was an able and conscientious legislator. He was the author of the first anti-discrimination law enacted in this state, which applied to petroleum and its products. This law has since been extended, constituting the present law.

Iowa in his death lost a most worthy and useful citizen.

ALVA  HAGER

MR. PRESIDENT—Your committee appointed to prepare resolutions commemorating the life, character and services of Alva C. Hager, beg leave to submit the following report:

Mr. Hager was born in Chautauqua county, New York, October 29, 1849, and when he was ten years of age moved with his parents to Iowa where they farmed in Jackson county. Six years later they moved to Jones county where Mr. Hager received his high school education in the Monticello and Anamosa High Schools.

In the year 1874 he entered the law department of the University of Iowa, receiving his degree a year later. After passing the state bar examination he started his law practice at Greenfield, Iowa.

He was presiding officer of the Republican state convention in 1892. Was elected a member of the state senate, in 1893, and was re-elected the next term but resigned to go to Congress in 1894. He was Congressman from Iowa for three terms, from 1894 to 1900, representing the ninth district.

In 1900 he returned to Greenfield, and in 1901 moved to Des Moines where he entered a partnership with O. R. Patrick, later with Charles L. Powell. He had his office in the Iowa National bank building.

He was a member of the Des Moines Club and golf and country club and was active in many civic organizations. During the war he was a leader of liberty loan drives and was in much demand as a speaker.

From 1911 to 1918 he was president of the Commercial Savings Bank, and at the time of his death was also a director of the Des Moines Silo Company.

He had been in ill health for many months, and on January 18th was taken to Iowa Lutheran hospital, where he died January 30, 1923.

He is survived by a widow, two daughters and five grandchildren.

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved. By the Senate of the Fortieth General Assembly of Iowa, that in the death of Alva C. Hager, the state and community where he lived, have suffered the loss of an influential and honorable citizen; and

Be It Further Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon

the journal of the Senate and that the secretary be directed to send an engrossed copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

ED M. SMITH,
LLOYD THURSTON,
C. J. FULTON.

Senator Goodwin spoke as follows:

Just a word in regard to Senator Hager. I did not know Mr. Hager when he was in the Senate, nor at the time he was in Congress. I first came in contact with him during the presidential campaign in 1912. Those were stirring times, if you will remember. The great Republican party was divided and while we differed with Mr. Hager we always respected his opinion, as he was very earnest in what he thought.

Mr. Hager at that time was not a young man, in fact he was over sixty years of age.

When the war came on Mr. Hager took a large part in the City of Des Moines, in heading all the public welfare and bond drives. Not only at that time was he in great demand here, but after the war he was chairman of the drive for public welfare.

A year or so before he died he headed one of the large drives which raised a quarter of a million dollars. This would not be a hard matter for a young man, but they were arduous times for a man of that age, and I feel that I should acknowledge it and express the gratitude which the people of Des Moines and the State of Iowa feel for him.

Senator Smith spoke as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT AND SENATORS—The resolutions just read concerning the life of Alva C. Hager indicate that he was born in the state of New York and came to Iowa when a boy. After completing his course at the State University of Iowa he moved to Greenfield, Adair county, and was there engaged in the practice of law.

It is rather peculiar, I think, that the counties of Adair and Madison, while bound together in the senatorial district, never have been united by railroad, and I am compelled to say that I never, to my recollection, met Mr. Hager.

He was active in public life while he was yet a boy, and his services in the Iowa Senate and also in the halls of the national Congress were meritorious.

I think it is proper at this time that you who were permitted to be associated with him in this body should have the opportunity of commenting on the life and service of Alva C. Hager.

I move, Mr. President, that these resolutions be adopted, that they be engrossed and a copy thereof sent to the widow of Mr. Hager.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

JAMES ELERICK

MR. PRESIDENT—Your committee named to prepare a fitting memorial to commemorate the service of Captain James Elerick to this state and this nation reports as follows: