Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative

1. Birthday and place

2. Marriage (s) date place

3. Significant events for example:
   A. Business
   B. Civic responsibilities
   C. Profession

4. Church membership

5. Sessions served

6. Public Offices
   A. Local
   B. State
   C. National

7. Death

8. Children

9. Names of parents

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.
10. Education

He was placed in the Netherlands Manual Labor College in Jasper County, he also attended public school in New York State.

11. Degrees

He attended Central College, Pella, Iowa graduating in 1858, after the war, graduated from Iowa University, Iowa City, Iowa.

12. Other applicable information

- Republic

Arrived in Jasper County with his parents, school quite young, settling on a farm about two miles south of Prairie City in 1857.

- Military service - Civil War - Co. E, 8th Iowa Infantry, promoted captain, exchanged, and made a Colonel of the Tennessee Regiment, mustered out 23 Jul 1865.

After being married he moved to Des Moines, Iowa, where he and

- Called the affair of Wright and Kethron.

- After becoming a lawyer he formed a partnership with L. Clarke, later with Judge Judley. - Later, and later, and these later he joined with his brother Robert and the firm became known as the Bryan Bros. This firm continued until 1882 when Robert moved to Lincoln, Nebraska. He practiced alone until 1884 when the firm of Bryan and McElroy was formed until 1 Jan 1887 when he was elected District Judge.

- He retired in 1890 from the bar and moved to Des Moines forming a partnership with Judge Phillipp and had 2 sons and after Judge Phillipp's death, the firm was Roger, Roger and Roger.

- For many years he was largely interested in coal mining interests in Jasper County.
Sources Log For Legislation Entries

Applicability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Non Applicable</th>
<th>Applicable</th>
<th>Information obtained</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Obituary - <em>The Newton Journal</em>, Newton, Iowa, 31 Jan 21, 1905, p. 3, col. 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GAR Records</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History of Iowa 1903, p. 228</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biographical Memoirs, 1899, p. 525-526</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Bench and the Bar of Iowa 1911, p. 75-83</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.
JUDGE DAVID RYAN DIED LAST EVENING OF CLOT ON THE BRAIN

TOM LAWSON TO COME OUT WEST

WILL PROBABLY TALK LIFE INSURANCE.

Connecticut Mutual One Company Against Which Lawson Will Have Nothing to Say—No Wall Street Connection.

When Thomas W. Lawson comes west he may talk about life insurance companies. But he will not say anything against the old Connecticut Mutual of Hartford. This company does not do the things which Mr. Lawson condemns. No connection with Wall street, no tontine or deferred dividend policies, no high salaries. The entire expense of management of the Connecticut Mutual for the fifty-nine years of its existence has been a smaller per cent of its income than that of any other American company; the average yearly expenditure being only $2.55 for each $100 of income. In what other line of business are the expenses less than ten per cent of the receipts?

You don't need to wait to write to Mr. Lawson about the Connecticut Mutual; everybody knows it is all right. Apply for a policy today.

H. H. McKinney, General Agent.
200-202 Manhattan Bldg., Des Moines, Ia.

DEATH DUE TO BREAK OF A BLOOD VESSEL.

Judge Ryan Had Attended Picnic and Suffered From Stomach Trouble From Which He Was Recovering When Death Came.

Judge David Ryan, for twelve years an honored jurist of the Sixth Judicial district, president of the Polk County Bar association, prominent layman of the St. Paul's Episcopal church, and a veteran of the Civil war, died very suddenly last night at 9 o'clock at his home 601 West Tenth street.

Judge Ryan had been planning all yesterday morning to try a case in district court and he was in fine health. In the afternoon he expressed himself as well pleased that the case had been settled out of court as it gave him an opportunity to attend a picnic at Union Park. At the picnic Judge Ryan, his sons J. B. and W. L. Ryan and their wives and his daughter, Mrs. E. E. Faville, enjoyed a good old-fashioned family picnic.

Judge Ryan said too much of the good things that had been prepared and at 8 o'clock when he returned to his home he was complaining of sickness at the stomach. Recovering from this sickness the Judge complained of a pain in the back of his head. He lay upon the couch to ease it and sank with his death sleep. The family hastened to get medical aid. It was announced death was due to cerebral apoplexy. A blood vessel had bursted and the strong man died without a sound of pain.

The members of the family are heart-broken at this sudden and untimely death of father and friend. He was the life of the picnic party yesterday and today his relatives weep about his bier. Judge Ryan had often said that he hoped he would not be compelled to die after a long sickness. It was his wish that he pass out of life

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.
AID OF UNCLE SAM

INVITES GOVERNMENT TO JOIN CONFERENCE.

Request Is Similar to That Which Is Made to Other Countries—Asks for Aid and Protection.

Washington, June 30.—The state department today received a dispatch from Mr. Gummer, minister to Morocco, transmitting a request from the government of Morocco that the United States participate in a conference of that country. The request is similar to that which has been sent to other governments.

NEW MANAGER FOR SPRING CLUB

"Bill" Servier Will Succeed Bert Briscoe in Charge of Team—Comes From Louisville.

"Bill" Servier, catcher and first baseman, has been purchased by the Louisville baseball club, as manager of the Colorado Springs team. The information was sent to Traveling Manager Bert Briscoe in a telegram from Mr. Nye of Colorado Springs this morning. Servier will have charge of the team. Briscoe, traveling with the club as assistant manager, has the reputation of being a great ball player. Cook, an outfielder, has just been purchased by Colorado Springs from the Chicago Nationals.

NEPRESS STRIKE

NEGRO SHOT TO DEATH FOR CRIME

I L AGREE RERS.

Will Be Strike

usic is of a speedy"s strike be-
with the bril-
heated "John
closure with the
settle consultation
of the in-
are known to be
of the strike
in end. It is
in bringing the

Nashville, Tenn., June 20.—Simon Ford, a negro, who shot a white woman near Riverdale, has been taken from jail at Hohenwald, by a mob of fifty men and shot to death. After his arrest he admitted his guilt and was later identified by his victim. Ford was hailed to the scene of his crime, about ten miles, suffering from his wounds. He asked to be killed the quickest way and made no plea for his life.

DES MOINES FOR PEACE MEETING

Friday Capital Was Suggested—Is This Way Between Tokio and St. Petersburg.

From this year's capital was suggested to travel to the towns of central Iowa.
NEGRO SHOT TO DEATH FOR CRIME

ASSAULTED A WHITE WOMAN IN TENNESSEE.

He Admitted His Guilt and Told the Lynchers to Kill Him the Quickest Way That They Knew How.

Nashville, Tenn., June 20.—Simon Ford, a negro, who assaulted a white woman near Riverside, has been taken from jail at Hopkinsville, by a mob of fifty men and shot to death. After his arrest he admitted his guilt and was later identified by his victim. Ford was hauled to the scene of his crime, about ten miles, suffering from his wounds. He asked to be taken the quickest way and made no plea for his life.

DES MOINES FOR PEACE MEETING


During the discussion of a place for the Russian-Japanese peace conference, a former Iowa newspaper man suggested to Assistant Secretary Loomis in charge of the state department at Washington, that Des Moines would be a good location for the negotiations. Secretary Loomis laughingly responded that he was willing and a Washington press dispatch mentioning the incident says: "The joke is not far fetched, however, for Des Moines is about half way between Tokio and St. Petersburg. Japan has objected to certain European cities because they were too far from Tokio, while Russia has objected to Chefoo, China, because it is too far from Russia. Iowa in this, as in many other things, would prove a happy medium."

ELECT ASSISTANT MUSIC TEACHER

West Des Moines School Board Appoints Miss Ethel Meigs of Marengo to Help Mrs. Reynolds.

The West Des Moines school board at its meeting last night elected Miss Ethel Meigs of Marengo as assistant music supervisor. She will assist Mrs. H. R. Reynolds in the West Des Moines grades.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.
DEATH OF JUDGE DAVID RYAN.

Mr. Judge David Ryan, whose death occurred suddenly in Des Moines last night, was one of Iowa's best men. He was a lawyer of distinction, having practiced many years at Newton, and his career as a district judge was an honor alike to himself and the state. He is the type of man who makes a country great. True and faithful, honest and able, he is a man we can poorly afford to lose. His service during the civil war was distinguished for bravery in the ranks, where all men were brave. He became an officer on his merits. Among his old comrades he has been specially honored. They all loved him. His death was sudden, and he died as a strong man dies. The bar of this city and the bar of Jasper county will mourn the death of this strong, conscientious man. At Central University, Pella, Iowa, which institution he left to join the union army, there will be special sadness. Our local columns tell the story of his good life.

Neil Matthews went when it was announced that he was to have another trial. As he had only killed two people and dangerously wounded a third it would of course have been a gross miscarriage of justice to send the man to the penitentiary until the most thorough methods had been employed to prove whether or not he had actually committed a crime.

Secretary Wilson had been a target for mugwumps before the New York Herald opened its guns.

Des Moines is certainly giving Sioux City some splendid pointers in the art of playing ball.

A Marshalltown woman has wedged four times without benefit with the formality of obtaining a divorce. She ought to move to Des Moines where divorces can be obtained without inconvenience.

The taming of the Mississippi river is a discouraging process.

Perhaps the editor of the New York Herald has been receiving a poor quality of garden seed from Washington the last few years. He is not growing the sort that attracts the birds. He is not growing the sort that will grow where it is planted.
JUDGE DAVID RYAN
DIES OF APoplexy

BUDDEN DEATH OF PROMINENT
IOWA JURIST.

A BLOOD VESSEL BURSTS

HAD ATTENDED PICNIC AT UNION
PARK DURING AFTERNOON.

Was at One Time Member of Iowa
Legislature and Was for Twelve
Years Judge in Sixth District.

Judge David Ryan, for years one of
the most prominent jurists of Iowa, for
twelve years a judge of the Sixth Judicial
district and of late president of the Polk
County Bar Association, died at 10
o'clock Monday evening at his home, 1901
West Tenth street. His death was due
to cerebral hemorrhage, induced by a
severe chocking spell brought on by
indigestion. He had been in fine health
up to the time of his death, and only on
that day had attended a picnic at Union
park. There he spent the day with his
sons, J. B. and W. L. Ryan, and their
families, and his daughter, Mrs. E. E.
Kavilla, enjoying a good old fashioned
picnic dinner.

He returned home at 6 o'clock, was
taken with indigestion and complained of
a pain in his head. He laid down on a
couch in the library, and in a few
minutes was unconscious.

The family secured medical aid at
once and within a short time it was pro-
nounced that Judge Ryan was dead. A
blood vessel had burst in his brain and he had died without a particle of
pain.

The death of Judge Ryan marks the
passing away of a bright and vigorous
attorney, and the ending of a brilliant
career. He had for years been one of
the best known attorneys of the state
and was prominent in legal affairs even
outside of Iowa, representing several
large corporations. An old soldier, a
prominent Mason, a lawyer and a citi-
zen, as all these he will be greatly missed.

An Odd Circumstance

A peculiar circumstance occurs at this
An Odd Circumstance

A peculiar circumstance occurs at this time when, in district court yesterday morning, a case was called, and it had to be announced that Judge Ryan was dead. The other side of the case, Virgil White, was missing and was supposed to be in the courtroom.

Judge Ryan was one of several brothers, most of whom have followed the law as a profession. In Lincoln, Neb., are Judge Robert Ryan and Thomas Ryan, now prominent barristers. Two other brothers are John Ryan at Platte City and George Ryan at Colfax. Three sisters survive him, Mrs. J. W. and Jasper DeWitt at Lincoln, and Mrs. George W. Wood of Hampton.

Judge Ryan was an Iowa man at heart. Born in Hubbard, N. Y., in 1840, he moved to Jasper county with his parents in 1857, and received a common school education. He entered Central University at Platte, but left school to join the Eighth Iowa Infantry. He was commissioned first lieutenant and served until 1865. His war career covers imprisonment in Libby, prison camp at different times by the Confederates. He was commissioned captain. Later he was colonel of a Tennessee regiment of enrolled militia.

An Early Legislator

He was elected a member of the Eleventh Iowa general assembly in 1865, and after that took a law course at Iowa State University. He was elected judge in 1870.

At the time of his death he was a member of the Crocker post, having been chairman of the joint committee for the observance of Memorial Day, the honorary member of the Phi Delta Phi law fraternity at Iowa City, vice president of the Colfax Consolidated company, general attorney for the Consolidated company of Sheridan, Wyo., president of the Polk County Bar association, and treasurer of a large Episcopal church, a prominent Mason.

His immediate family consists of his two sons, his law partners, and Mrs. E. E. Puff, and his wife, formerly Miss H. M. Willard of Hubbard, N. Y., whom he married in July, 1865. His children all received their education at Iowa State College at Ames.

The funeral will occur from St. Paul's Episcopal church this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Dr. J. Everist Cathell will officiate. The various organizations to which Judge Ryan belonged will attend in a body.

Announcements

All members of the Des Moines Bar association are requested to meet at the lobby of the Chamberlain hotel at 3:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon to attend the installation of our new president, David Ryan, to be held at St. Paul's church at 4 o'clock. By order of the executive committee, Henry H. Griffiths, secretary.

Companys of the Iowa Commandery, Military Order of the Loyal Legion are requested to unite with the Grand Army of the Republic in attending the funeral. Services of Captain David Ryan at St. Paul's church at 4 o'clock today. By order of V. P. Twombly, junior commander.

Dr. Warn urges a month's rest.

Touissant asked that a month's rest be allowed.

The weather is mild. The sun is shining.

MILWAUKEE:

Class, Cam Burnett, will be a bridesmaid. The bride, E. B. Carpenter, is No. 29. Captain L. J. Carpenter.

MILWAUKEE:

Warner of the men's club is considering the situation of the men. There is said to be no more than a quarter of a cent consumption. May $6,000 be raised to help out the situation in the Santa Fe.
DEATH OF JUDGE DAVID RYAN.

The following lines, to the beauty and grace of which, Judge Ryan called attention several years ago, are particularly appropriate now:

The house is hushed, the door is closed, the crape
In heavy folds hangs like a pall of night,
To check the hand of friendship that would ring.
The dog, who fails his master's smile to greet,
Moves slowly round the house with bowed head.
The children, on their way to school, look in
With wondering eye and bated breath. They seem
Even while their lives are care free, joyous, light,
To hunger for a glimpse beyond the veil,
Which bounds humanity with limits, fixed.
As stars, and dark as the Egyptian night.
What means it all? The end of life: a man is dead.

The neighbors call, in solemn round,
With slow and careful step they enter in
The darkened room within which lies the form
Of him who greeted them but yester-morn,
With hearty hand and cheery voice. But now
No welcome word; no kindly smile; the form
Is silent, and the light forever gone.
From out those eyes, that looked and spoke in yours
Th' unspoken words of friendship, and you weep.
A friend is dead.

And now, with noiseless tread,
The hosts of night are driving back the day,
And as the darkening shades are settling down,
Come softly round the bier the ones beloved,
Who, since their lives began, rejoiced to sit
Upon his willing knees, and, folded in
His stalwart arms, their youthful lives and hearts
Were daily fusing into his. And as
The years rolled silently along, they grew
Life of his life, joy of his heart. But now
With heart's unused to sorrow, and with eyes
Unused to tears, they learn that man is born
to die, that hearts will break, that laughing eyes
Must weep. Thus they have gathered in the home
To pass a sorrowing evening, last on earth.
In tender recollection of the years
With him whose life is now a sealed book,
And wonder not. A father's dead.

Comes yet
Another, in the weary hours of night,
One who, since girlhood's happy hours, has tread
Life's pathway, hand in hand with him who now
Bids her no welcome, nor can hear the sobs
That break, nor feel the tears that fall upon
His cheek, as, bending o'er, she seeks in vain,
For sign of life, or love, or sympathy.
What earthly hand can aid her now?"What word
From other life can soothe her bleeding heart?
His life was her's; she shared his joys, his tears;
In pain, o'en agony, for love of him,
She brought to life his children, gave to each
The meet such sorrow should be hid from us.
Her husband's dead.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.
It is with feelings of sincere personal sorrow that we announce that Col. David Ryan is dead. He was our friend in all that that word implies, and as such we mourn his decease.

We have only the minutest details, and from these we learn that last Monday evening he was riding in his carriage, and had returned home, when he complained of a pain in his stomach, and died before a doctor could be procured, the disease having been pronounced apoplexy.

From memory and from data at our command, we give the following incidents of his life: He was born in New York in 1840, and was sixty-five years old last spring.

With his parents he came to this county when quite young, and settled on a farm about two miles south of Prairie City. Later he attended school at Pella and was a pupil and very intimate friend of Prof. B. N. Cather, now of the State University. He enlisted from Pella in Co. I, 8th Infantry, and was commissioned first lieutenant on Sept. 3, 1861; was captured at Shiloh July 4, 1863, was an inmate of Libby Prison for a long time; was finally exchanged and made a colonel of a Tennessee regiment, and mustered out Feb. 22, 1865.

After being married he moved to Des Moines. The Iowa Law School was then located there, and he read law in the office of Wright & Withrow and attended the school. He came to Newton, and first formed a partnership with D. L. Clark, the firm being Clark & Ryan; and afterwards with Judge Lindsey; under the firm name of Lindsey & Ryan; and afterwards with his brother Robert, under the name of Ryan Bros., which continued until 1882; when Robert moved to Lincoln, Nebraska. He practiced alone until 1884, when the firm of Ryan & McElroy was formed, which continued until Jan. 1, 1887, when he was elected District Judge, which place he held until 1890. After he retired from the bench, he removed to Des Moines, his two sons having already gone there, and formed a partnership with Judge Phillips, and after the death of Judge Phillips, the firm became Ryan & Ryan, composed of the father and two sons.

In all the relations of life, Judge Ryan was a true man, as a citizen, neighbor, husband, father, friend, and soldier, he filled to the full measure all the duties and responsibilities that were incumbent on him, and leaves a name and example worthy of imitation. The news of his death will carry sorrow to his multitude of friends who will extend to the family their most sincere sympathy in their hour of sudden and unexpected affliction.

Deceased leaves a wife, three children, two boys and one daughter, all of whom live in Des Moines, besides four brothers and three sisters.

The funeral will take place this afternoon and the body will be interred in Des Moines. W. O. McElroy will be one of the pall-bearers.
is a member of the Catholic church and is unmarried.

Mr. McDonald has served several years in the Iowa National Guard, having been a member of Company G, located at Vinton.

RYAN, Hon. David, of Des Moines, served three terms as district judge in the Sixth judicial district. His father, Lewis S. Ryan, who died in Jasper county in 1860, was early in his life connected with a line of steamers on the Hudson river, plying between New York and Troy. "Bound out" when but a boy, he was compelled to work without remuneration until he had attained his majority, but from such an unpromising beginning in life we soon find him an indispensable employee of a rich navigation company on a good salary, and, later, the proprietor of a prosperous business in the city of New York. His inclinations were toward farm life, however, and he soon quit the city and purchased a farm in the neighborhood where he had been born and raised. A pleasing part of his history is that the old people to whom he had been "bound" spent their last days with him, for they were much attached to him, as was he to them. He was married twice. The first wife bore him one son, and the second, seven sons and four daughters. Judge Ryan was born of the second wife, whose maiden name was Barbara McKeachie, in Hebron, N. Y., on March 15, 1840. His parents moved to Iowa in 1857, and located on a farm in Jasper county. In early life they united with the Presbyterian church, in which faith they lived and died. The judge's early education was obtained in the district school. Like most country boys he was compelled to assist in the labors of the farm during the summer, and obtained his schooling during the winter months. During 1857, the farm, together with the work incident to "settling," required the united efforts of the family, and not much time was allowed for study, but the following year he was placed in the Wettenburgh Manual Labor college, of Jasper county, an institution which long ago passed out of existence. In 1859 he entered as a freshman in Central University of Iowa, where he continued his studies till the war broke out, when he enlisted. At the close of the war he returned and graduated in 1866. He then entered the Iowa Law school, from which he also graduated with degree, and immediately entered upon the practice of his chosen profession, and was exactly twenty years so engaged when he was elected judge of the Sixth judicial district of Iowa. Mr. Ryan was married on July 23, 1869, to Miss H. M. Hurd, of Hebron, N. Y. They had been schoolmates together before he left for the west. To them were born three children, all of whom were educated at the Agricultural college at Ames, and the Iowa State university. The two sons, John B. and William L., graduated from the law department of the last named institution, with the class of '96, and on July 1st of that year formed a co-partnership with Judge Wm. Phillips, and entered on the practice of law at Des Moines, under the firm name of Phillips, Ryan & Ryan. The judge himself is now a member of the firm under the same firm name. On June 30, 1896, the only daughter, Edith B., was united in marriage to Prof. E. E. Faville, a former student of the Agricultural college at Ames, but now located in Nova Scotia, where he has charge of the agricultural department of a college. Judge Ryan has a brilliant war record. He enlisted at Knoxville, Iowa, in a company then being raised, which became Company E of the Eighth regiment, Iowa infantry. On organization of the regiment he was promoted to first lieutenant, and a further
promotion was declined at the request of the men of his company that he remain with them. He served with his command in every engagement until 1865. At Shiloh his regiment held a conspicuous place in the "Hornets' Nest" until late in the day, when they were taken prisoners. He was confined in the prisons of Montgomery and Macon and was given his share of the hospitalities accorded to northern soldiers by the management of Libby prison. But at last an exchange was effected and the regiment was again reorganized, and soon thereafter was sent to take part in the siege of Vicksburg. He served with his regiment in the capacity of captain, having received promotion, until September, 1864, when, by special order, he was assigned to the command of the Second regiment of enrolled militia of Tennessee, in which he took rank as colonel. He served as colonel of this regiment until May 15, 1865, when, having been mustered out at Memphis, Tenn., he returned to his home in Jasper county. In the fall of that year he was elected a member of the Eleventh General Assembly, and represented his county in that body.

TYNER GEORGE W., late of Salem, was one of the early settlers of Henry county, and a successful farmer and business man, holding the responsible position at the time of his death, in 1896, of president of the Bank of Salem. He was a native of Indiana, where his parents were among the early pioneers. His father, Elijah Tyner, was born March 21, 1799, on Little river, Abbeyville district, S. C., and was the second son of Rev. William Tyner, a Baptist minister, who removed with his family to Kentucky in 1803, and three years later to the territory of Indiana, locating near where Brookville has since been built. He removed later to Decatur county, where he died. Elijah Tyner took a claim in Hancock county, Ind., at a time when the only roads were Indian trails, although he was not more than fifteen or twenty miles from Indianapolis. Here he kept a small stock of merchandise in a log cabin, and was a merchant all his life, a large part of which was spent on his original claim. At the time of his death, he was a man of wealth, owning over 1,000 acres of land in central Indiana, all in one piece. He was married three times, and George W. was the oldest of the third wife's seven children.

G. W. Tyner was born December 3, 1832, in Hancock county, Ind., near Morristown. Here he grew to manhood, and at the age of 22 came to McDonough county, Ill., where he commenced farming and stock raising. The next year he removed to Iowa, and was married October 17, 1855, to Mary Frances Bartlett, with whom he had become acquainted in Illinois. They settled immediately upon the farm in Henry county, which was their home for nearly forty years. After the death of his wife, in 1892, Mr. Tyner no longer cared to remain on the farm, and therefore moved to town and made his home with his sons in Salem. Eight children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Tyner: William and John, who died in childhood; Elijah, who resides on the old homestead; Sarah C., wife of Dr. A. J. Rogers, of Hillsboro, Iowa; Melvin, a lawyer, at Pasadena, Cal.; Oliver, assistant cashier of the Bank of Salem; James, a clothier of that city; and Elbert, a farmer living near there.

Politically, Mr. Tyner was a republican, but was never an office seeker, having held only local offices. His interests were rather in his home and business than in quest of public honors. For a number of years he was treasurer of the Hillsboro and Salem District Fair association, which owed much of its success to his tireless
THE BENCH AND BAR
OF
IOWA

Illustrated with Steel and Copper Engravings

CHICAGO AND NEW YORK
AMERICAN BIOGRAPHICAL PUBLISHING CO.
1901
when he was about eleven years of age, poor health caused him to leave school in early manhood, and since that period he has educated himself.

Mr. Ferris commenced the study of law in the Michigan State University and continued it in the office of Hon. R. C. Powers, of New London, being admitted to practice by the Supreme Court of Ohio on May 3, 1881. In partnership with his preceptor, he remained there in professional work until 1883, when he removed to South Dakota. He became identified with the law department of the Chicago & North Western railway company in 1886, and in April, 1888, located at Sioux City.

While a resident of Sioux City, Mr. Ferris has established a high reputation in the field of corporate and municipal law, his practice in this specialty extending to neighboring states. He has served as a justice of the peace for a number of years, and is a leading campaign orator of the Republican party of the state. In matters of state legislation he is also influential, being one of the prime movers in the passage of the law by the twenty-fifth General Assembly, which barred out claims against railway employes when they were purchased by parties outside of the state with the design of being sent in for collection, as well as those sent out of the state to evade the exemption laws of Iowa.

Mr. Ferris has been often mentioned as a legislative candidate and for honors in the line of his profession; is prominent in the order of Knights of Pythias, being a member of the judiciary committee, Grand Lodge of Iowa, A. O. U. W. and W. O. W., and is identified with the Unitarian church.

**HON. DAVID RYAN, DES MOINES.**

The subject of this sketch is justly classed with the leading lawyers of Iowa's capital city. He was born in Washington county, N. Y., March 15, 1840, to Lewis and Barbara (McKeachie) Ryan. His father, who was of Irish descent, traced his lineage back through the early New England colonial history. He was born in 1800, left an orphan at a tender age and "bound out" on a farm till he reached his majority. He then found employment on the North river and became...
an assistant engineer, and he also engaged in merchandising a short time, in New York city. Our subject's mother was a native of Scotland and came to the United States in 1808, being then eight years old, and lived in New York City when she was married to Lewis Ryan, with whom, about 1838, she moved to Washington county, N. Y., where they bought a farm and lived till 1857, and then, with their family of six boys and three girls, moved to Jasper county, Iowa. Three of the sons became farmers, and three studied and practiced law, and one of them was on the supreme bench of Nebraska till the Populists came into power.

David went to the public schools in New York and later attended Central University at Pella, Iowa. At the opening of the Civil War in 1861, he left college and enlisted as a private in Company E, Eighth regiment Iowa volunteer infantry; in September, 1861, he was made first lieutenant of his company, and in 1863 was promoted to the rank of captain. The following year he was appointed colonel of the Second West Tennessee regiment (white), and served in that capacity till the close of the war. He participated in every battle in which his regiment was engaged, was captured at the battle of Shiloh, was held a prisoner six and a half months and then exchanged at Richmond, Va.

On his return from the war, young Ryan resumed his studies in college and was graduated in 1867, and the following year was graduated from the Iowa Law College, now the law department of the Iowa State University. Settling at once at Newton, in Jasper county, Mr. Ryan began a practice which he conducted there for twenty years, some of the time alone, part of the time with his brother, Robert, and for a number of years as a partner with Judge Lindley. In 18— Mr. Ryan was elected to the district bench, and by re-elections held that office twelve years. At the expiration of his third term, he removed to Des Moines, and, with Judge Phillips and his two sons, J. B. and W. L., formed the present firm of Phillips, Ryan & Ryan. The practice of the firm, general in character, is very extensive and embraces many important cases. Judge Ryan has always been an earnest Republican, and since his election to the bench has been active in the local counsels and affairs of his party. He served as a member of the eleventh General Assembly of Iowa. He has been financially as well as professionally successful, and for twenty-seven years has been largely
interested in coal mining interests in Jasper county. He is a man of fine social qualities and is an active Mason and Knight Templar.

In 1868 Mr. Ryan married, in Washington county, N. Y., Miss H. M. Hurd, of an old Vermont and eastern New York family. They have, besides the two sons, now in practice with their father, one daughter, Edith B., the wife of Prof. E. E. Favill, of Doyleston, Pa. These children were all educated at Ames College, and the sons are graduates of the Iowa Law College.

HON. ALMON RALPH DEWEY,
WASHINGTON.

Almon R. Dewey, judge of the District Court, Washington, was born in Bambridge, Portage county, Ohio, October 1, 1845. After passing through the public schools he was seized with a desire to abandon farm life for service in the army. In August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company D, One Hundred and Third Ohio volunteer infantry, and in May, 1864, in Company H, One Hundred and Fiftieth regiment. During the latter year he returned to his home in Solon, Cuyahoga county, where he resided from his youth, and entered the college at Hiram, graduating therefrom in 1865. After leaving school he engaged for a time in agricultural pursuits, and in January, 1868, commenced the study of law at Washington, Iowa. He was admitted to practice October 18, 1869, and in August of the following year opened an office at that place. There Judge Dewey continued actively to engage in professional work for twenty years, or until his elevation to the bench of the District Court in November, 1890. By successive elections, in 1894 and 1898, he has continued to hold that position, his present term expiring in 1902.

A leader of the state bar speaks as follows regarding Judge Dewey:

"Judge Dewey, while in the practice, was a strong trial lawyer, and was specially forceful in argument, and before the jury a convincing, ready and eloquent talker. On the bench he is quick and ready in his rulings on questions of practice, and is just as prompt in his determination of causes, generally acting upon his first impressions on questions presented to him. It is very unusual for him to take propositions under advisement, but, as a rule, decides them upon presentation. He is
HISTORY OF IOWA

FROM THE Earliest Times
TO THE Beginning Of The Twentieth Century

FOUR VOLUMES

BY BENJAMIN F. GUE

Illustrated with Photographic Views of the Natural Scenery of the State, Public Buildings, Pioneer Life, Etc.

WITH PORTRAITS AND BIOGRAPHIES OF NOTABLE MEN AND WOMEN OF IOWA

VOLUME IV
IOWA BIOGRAPHY

SEAL OF THE STATE OF IOWA

THE CENTURY HISTORY COMPANY
41 Lafayette Place
New York City

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.
error." During his long term in the public service in various responsible positions, Mr. Russell brought to the discharge of his duties rare ability, integrity and a conscientious regard for the public welfare. He has left the impress of excellent judgment on the laws and public institutions of the times in which he served as one of the most useful and influential of Iowa lawmakers.

DAVID RYAN is a native of Hebron, New York, where he was born on March 15, 1840. His parents removed to Jasper County, Iowa, in 1857, and there the son received his education. In 1859 he entered Central University which he left to enlist in the Eighth Iowa Infantry. He was commissioned first lieutenant and served with his command in every engagement until 1865. His regiment participated in the desperate conflict at the "Hornet's Nest" in the Battle of Shiloh, where Lieutenant Ryan was taken prisoner. He experienced the horrors of Libby prison as well as Montgomery and Macon. After being exchanged he was promoted to captain of Company E, and participated in the siege and battles of Vicksburg. In 1864 he was appointed colonel of the Second Regiment of Enrolled Militia of Tennessee. In 1865 Colonel Ryan was elected Representative of the House of the Eleventh General Assembly. He had graduated at the Iowa Law School after leaving the army, and entered upon the practice of his profession. In 1886 he was elected judge of the Sixth Judicial District, serving in that position for three terms.

HENRY SABIN, educator, was born at Pomfret, Connecticut, on the 23d of October, 1829. He entered Amherst College, graduating in 1852. Coming to Iowa in 1871 Mr. Sabin located at Clinton and has been engaged in educational work nearly all of his mature life. He was for a long time superintendent of public schools and an active and influential member of the State Teachers' Association. In 1887 he was nominated on the Republican ticket for State Superintendent of Public Instruction and elected, serving until 1892. In 1893 he was again elected to the same position and reelected at the end of the term for another period of two years, retiring in 1898. He has been a frequent contributor to educational publications, is a member of the National Educational Association, was president of the Department of Superintendence in 1893 and chairman of the committee of twelve on rural schools from 1895 to 1897. Mr. Sabin has long been one of the most influential workers for the advancement of education through the public school system, in the State. In 1900 he published a book of two hundred eighty-two pages on "The Making of Iowa," for use in the public schools.

MARY AUGUSTA SAFFORD was born at Quincy, Illinois, December 23, 1851. At the age of eighteen she entered the State University at
NOTABLE DEATHS.

DAVID RYAN was born in Washington county, N. Y., March 15, 1810; he died in Des Moines, Iowa, June 19, 1905. He came with his parents and four brothers and three sisters to Jasper county, Iowa, in 1857, and settled on a farm about two miles south of Prairie City. He was educated in the common schools of New York and Iowa, and at the Central University at Pella. He left college in 1861, and enlisted as a private in Company E, Eighth Iowa Infantry; in September, 1861, he was made First Lieutenant of his company, and in 1863, was promoted to the rank of Captain. He participated in every battle in which his regiment was engaged, and was captured at Shiloh, spending six and a-half months in rebel prisons. When the civil war ended, he had attained the rank of Colonel. Returning to the college, he graduated in 1867, and the following year was graduated from the Iowa Law College, now the law department of the Iowa State University. Settling at once at Newton, in Jasper county, he began a practice which he conducted for twenty years, part of the time alone, and part of the time in partnership, first with Judge Lindley, then with his brother, Robert Ryan, and later with W. O. McElroy. He was elected to the House of Representatives of the Eleventh General Assembly, in which he served with credit to himself and to his constituency. He was then elected to the district bench, which position he filled with credit for twelve years. At the expiration of his third term, he removed to Des Moines, where, with Judge William Phillips and his two sons, J. B. Ryan and W. L. Ryan, he formed the firm of Phillips, Ryan & Ryan, which on the subsequent death of Judge Phillips, continued as the firm of Ryan & Ryan up to the death of Judge Ryan. In 1867, he married, in Washington county, N. Y., Miss H. M. Hurd, of an old Vt. and Eastern N. Y. family. Beside his two sons, who were associated with him in the practice of law, they have one daughter, Mrs. E. E. Fawcett. To these children he gave an education in the Iowa State College at Ames, of which he was an earnest supporter, and also at the State University of Iowa, where the two sons graduated in the law department. He was successful at every point in his useful career and personally an excellent Christian gentleman. He had many friends wherever he was known. When the country needed his services, he proved himself an ideal soldier, whether in camp, on the firing line, or when imprisoned in a rebel prison. He was successful and universally respected as a lawyer, and made a just and able judge. As a business man, he had also succeeded quite as well as in his profession, or on the bench. He was a Mason and Knight Templar, a member of the Vestry of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Des Moines, a member of the G. A. R., and of the Loyal Legion, in all of which he was earnest and active, and at the time of his death was president of the Des Moines Bar Association, and a member of the Iowa State Bar Association. His death came suddenly from apoplexy, his illness lasting not longer than half an hour. His funeral was very largely attended, many friends and members of the bar coming from distant parts of the State, and from other states to pay their tributes of respect.

BARLOW GRANGER was born in Cayuga county, N. Y., May 31, 1816; he died at his home near the city of Des Moines, June 7, 1915. He attended school until he reached the age of thirteen years, when he entered the office of The CourantsAdvocate, as an apprentice. He migrated to the city of New York in 1835, and was a resident of that city during the great fire of that year. He became an expert journeyman printer, and was connected with newspaper offices in New Haven, Albany, Hudson, Cleveland, Detroit and New York City. He came west in the spring of 1847, at first becoming associated with The St. Louis Republican. He came to Des Moines in
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Post name</th>
<th>Post No.</th>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Date Joined</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Garrett</td>
<td>16 (45)</td>
<td>Newton</td>
<td>30 S 1879</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tr. 2d trm '01</td>
<td>Tr Jan 1, 1905</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crockett</td>
<td>12(S)</td>
<td>Des Moines</td>
<td>3 1897</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Joined</td>
<td>Post Nov. 19 1904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Age</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Record Membership and Dues Paid**

**Member-at-Large**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Date Paid</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suspended**

**Died**