Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative _____ Senator Bullis,

Henry Clay – Represented Howard, Mitchell, Worth, Cerro Gordo, Floyd and Chickasaw Counties, Iowa

1. Birthday and place 14 Nov 1830 Clinton County, New York

2. Marriage (s) date place

(1) Laura A. Abiah Adams 11 Sept 1854 Champlain, Clinton County, N.Y.

(2) Harriette B. Adams (sister of his first wife) 17 June 1863

3. Significant events for example:

A. Business Instrumental in securing railroads to Decorah

B. Civic responsibilities

C. Profession Physician

4. Church membership

5. Sessions served 11th, 12th, 13th General Assemblies 1866, 1868, 1870

6. Public Offices

A. Local Winneshiek County Superintendent of Schools 1858-1860; County Supervisor 1863-1865; mayor of Decorah 1880-1881 and 1889-1890; Decorah postmaster 1890-1894

B. State President of the Iowa State Medical Society 1876-1877; Regent of State University of Iowa 18 years; elected Lieutenant Governor of Iowa; Curator of the State Historical Society for several years

C. National Appointed United States Government Surgeon for pensions 1865-1876; appointed by President U.S. Grant member of the Sioux Indian Commission; he was appointed U.S. Indian Agent 1878 and in April 1883 Special Agent of the Winnebago Land office

7. Death 7 Sept 1897 Decorah, Iowa; Laurel Hill Cemetery, Decorah, Iowa

8. Children Nathan (died in infancy); Frank Hamilton; Ada Amanda

9. Names of parents Hiram L. and Amanda (Reynolds) Bullis

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

Bulis, Henry Clay

10. Education He was educated in common schools during winter

11. Degrees Attended Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Ontario receiving an MD in 1854; attended the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania with degree in 1857

12. Other applicable information Republican

- He was raised on a farm in New England. At age 17 he began to teach school in winter and assist his father on the family farm. At age 21 he began studying medicine and continuing to teach until age 24.
- On 3 Oct 1854 he moved to Decorah, Iowa and began to practice medicine. He taught school for a short time, resigned and devoted all his time for medicine.
- His first wife, Laura A., died in 1861.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

Bulis, Henry Clay

Sources Log For Legislation Entries

Applicability

Source	Non Applicable	Applicable	Information obtained
- Obituary - The Decorah Public Opinion, Decorah, Iowa, Thurs. Sept. 14, 1897, p.1, col. 5			
- Obituary - The Decorah Republican, Decorah, Iowa, Thurs. Sept. 9, 1897, p.1, col. 4			
- United States Biographical Dictionary, Iowa Volume 1878, p. 214-215			
- History of Winneshiek and Allamakee Counties, Iowa 1882, p. 553-554			
- ancestry.com (accessed 8/18/2007)			
- familysearch.org (accessed 8/18/2007)			

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

The Republican

DECORAH, IOWA.

Established 1860—Published Thursdays by A. K. BAILEY & SON.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor.....LESLIE M. SHAW
Crawford County.

For Lieut. Governor.....J. C. MILLIMAN
County.

For Judge Supreme Court...C. M. WATERMAN
Scott County.

For State Supt.....RICHARD C. BARRETT
Mitchell County.

For Senator.....Dr. F. W. DAUBNEY

FUTURE GENERAL ASSEMBLIES.

Some of our exchanges are discussing a constitutional amendment that, they say, is to be submitted to the people. It relates to representation in the General Assembly, and provides for a Senate of fifty members, to be "apportioned among the several counties according to population as shown by the last preceding census." That is all right, but the organization of the House is to be upon an entirely different basis. The proposition is:

Section 35. The House of Representatives shall consist of not more than one hundred and fifteen members. The ratio of representation shall be determined by dividing the whole number of the population of the state, as shown by the last preceding state or national census, by the whole number of counties then existing or organized, and each county shall constitute a representative district and be entitled to one representative; but each county having a population in excess of the ratio number found as herein prescribed, of three-fifths or more of such ratio number, shall be entitled to one additional representative.

We see nothing commendable in this. It is neither democratic or just, because it is not based upon equality in representation. There is nothing in a county that requires special representation not in Iowa. All laws have to be of general application. This scheme would put Dickenson, with 6,023 population, Osceolo (7,377), Emmett (7,610), each one on a par with Mahaska, (32,496), or Clayton, Winneshiek, Monroe, Jasper, Webster, and other counties, each having over 25,000 population, or more

HENRY CLAY BULIS.

One who for over forty years was a a most important factor in the social, political and public life of this community and county, passed "over the river" into the other life on Tuesday morning, at 9:30 o'clock. He was born in Clinton County, N. Y., November 14, 1830, and therefore had attained the age of 66 years, 9 months and 23 days. The important events of this life are told in better form than we could hope to do in Lewis' "Historical and Biographical Record of Iowa." The details were furnished by Dr. Bulis, and put in form by the kindly critical pen of a very ready writer, so completely that only a little need be added. This "Record" says:

Dr. Bulis was reared on a New England farm and surrounded by all the healthful and invigorating conditions, both physical and moral, incident thereto. From 17 to 21 he occupied his time teaching and studying, and during the summer months he would assist his father on the farm.

Our subject began the study of medicine when he reached his majority, and at the same time continued to teach. About six years of his life were spent in teaching. He attended two regular courses of lectures at the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Vermont, and took the degree of that institution in the summer of 1854. In addition to this, Dr. Bulis holds a degree from the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, taken in 1887 after a six months course.

On October 3, following his graduation in 1854, Dr. Bulis came to Decorah, Iowa, then a village, and began the practice of medicine. For one month he taught school and then resigned, and this was the last of his duties as a pedagogue. His professional career has been a long and favorable one, and for over forty years he has practiced in the State, barring the time public office required his attention, and this shows a longer period of practice than that of any other physician in northeastern Iowa. In 1876 he was made president of the Iowa State Medical Society, the highest honor within the gift of the profession, and served for one year, which is the longest service allowed by the custom of the organization.

In 1865, Dr. Bulis was appointed United States Examining Surgeon for pensions, and he acted in that capacity till 1876, when he resigned on his appointment as a member of the Sioux commission.

There are few men in the State who have had a longer or more varied public career than Dr. Bulis. His first public office was that of commissioner for the sale of intoxicating liquors, to which he was appointed in 1856, by Judge Reed, and held until the office was abolished a year later. The office of County Superintendent of Schools having been created, Dr. Bulis was the first incumbent, having been elected in April, 1858, he served two years. In October, 1863, he was elected County Supervisor, serving two years, the last year of which service he served as chairman of the board. In the fall of 1865 he was chosen by the Republican party to represent Winnesheik county in the State Senate, and at the end of a four years term was re-elected by a handsome majority.

While in the Senate Dr. Bulis served as chairman of the committee on claims, and also as the chairman of the State University committee. In the work of this latter committee he took especial interest, and was one of the committee on founding this great institution, serving as Regent for eighteen years and then declining re-election.

Political honors crowded on our subject thick

CONDEMN DECORAH ME

The State Board of H
has them under Offi
cial Review.

"WHOLESOME RULES PALPABLY V

That is what they Pronounce
Daubney's so-called Quara
for Membraneous Cro

At the regular meeting of t
Board of Health held on th
August, the public regard (v
rather to say, disregard,) exh
Decorah especially by the
chairman of the local Board o
for the quarantine rules of t
came up for discussion. All
that were under discussion in
part of the year, (and tha
then contended were perfectly
tory to the Board) as well as
cent action in a later case, v
for and were placed before th
The real point was whether
rules can be disregarded and
as they were in this city, in t
or must be observed. The d
the Board is embodied in the f
as it appears in the August B

Dr. Guilbert offered the
which was adopted and orde
lished in the *Bulletin*:

Resolved, That the Iowa St
of Health re-affirms its hereto
of quarantine in infectious dis
its stern prohibition as to pub
als in such cases, and therefo
approves of recent transactio
City of Decorah, during w
wholesome rules of the Board
pably violated as we are in

This is clear and explicit.
strong in its condemnation as
body dares go.

Now for the benefit of all c
let it be understood that q
runs for 40 days in scarlet fe
litina, scarlet rash, and smal
35 days in diphtheria and mem
group; and 21 days in measles
atic cholera.

What is quarantine? The

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t is not based upon equality in representation. There is nothing in a county that requires special representation —not in Iowa. All laws have to be of general application. This scheme would put Dickenson, with 6,023 population, Osceolo (7,377), Emmett (7,610), each one on a par with Mahaska. (32,496), or Clayton, Blackhawk, Jasper, Marshall, Webster, and other counties, each having over 25,000 population, or more than Dickenson, Emmett and Osceola combined. Is there any justice in that? Not a bit of it. The idea is senseless.

The ratio according to the last census, would be 32,710. Eleven counties now possess more inhabitants than that, and each would have two members. This again would produce other inequalities, such as this: Mahaska (32,000 population), has one representative, while Wapello (33,000 pop.), gets two, and Dubuque county (60,000 pop.) and Polk, (72,000 pop.) each, only two representatives. A more ingenious device to make unequal and unjust representation in the House could not be conjured up. And to what purpose?

The city of Pella, Marion county, last week celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of its settlement, and they made the event one of very uncommon importance. The attendance was reckoned by the ten thousand, and this was continued for three days. The people who located at Pella in 1847, were Holland Dutch.—a God-fearing, God-loving and God-serving people, who have maintained the same characteristics to this day.

LAST week in the state senatorial district composed of Washington and Henry counties, six days were consumed and 6,011 ballots taken to name a Republican candidate. Each county had 15 ballots, and had a candidate. Finally the Henry county candidate retired, giving to Col. Palmer a renomination. It was the longest contest of the kind on record.

Cass county, in and about Atlantic, 32,000 hogs are reported as dead from cholera this year. Baumgartner is down there working with his specific. He is the Dubuquer who claimed last year to have a remedy for cholera, and whom the C., M. & St. Paul R'y. Co. generously assisted in promoting.

Schools having been created, Dr. Bulis was the first incumbent, having been elected in April, 1858, he served two years. In October, 1863, he was elected County Supervisor, serving two years, the last year of which service he served as chairman of the board. In the fall of 1865 he was chosen by the Republican party to represent Winnesheik county in the State Senate, and at the end of a four years term was re-elected by a handsome majority.

While in the Senate Dr. Bulis served as chairman of the committee on claims, and also as the chairman of the State University committee. In the work of this latter committee he took especial pride and was one of the moving spirits in founding this great institution, serving as Regent for eighteen years and then declining re-election.

Political honors crowded on our subject thick and fast. In the middle of his second term in the Senate (in 1871), while serving as President *pro tem.* of that body, he was nominated and elected Lieutenant Governor of the State on the Republican ticket. August 25, 1876, President Grant appointed Dr. Bulis a member of the Sioux Indian Commission, which was created for the purpose of purchasing the Black Hills of this warlike people. The consumation of a satisfactory treaty with the Sioux by this commission in which our subject acted no inconspicuous part is one of the cardinal facts in the political history of the country, and, as relating to Dr. Bulis, may be regarded as the climax of a very eventful public career. In 1878 Dr. Bulis was appointed a special United States Indian Agent by President Grant, but resigned after nine months service. In April, 1883, he was appointed a special agent of the General Land Office, but resigned at the end of eight months. The duties of these last two offices required almost constant traveling, and to the extreme limits of the country. He found the work too laborious, and hence resigned. In 1889, Dr. Bulis, was prominent before the Republican Convention when it chose its candidate for Congress. After some sixty ballots he withdrew in favor of Hon. J. H. Sweeney, who was nominated and elected.

He served as Mayor of Decorah during the years 1880-81 and 1889-90, resigning during his last term to accept the postmastership, which he held for four years. During his term as Postmaster he organized the free-delivery system, and secured the extension of the railway postal service from Calmar to Decorah.

Dr. Bulis was a member of the Iowa State Historical Society, and served as curator for several years.

No one has more earnestly desired the advancement of Decorah's interests than the subject of this notice. In 1869, while a member of the State Senate, he worked unceasingly for the acquirement of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad for Decorah, and his services were such as a man of small ability could not have rendered. The same is true of the Chicago, Decorah & Minnesota Railroad Company, of which he served as president in 1883, and which built the Decorah extension of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern Railroad, and is now operated by that company.

Dr. Bulis married Miss Laura A. Adams, of Champlain, New York, September 11, 1851. Their children are: William, who died in infancy, Frank Hamilton, who is married and lives in Kansas City, Kansas. Ada Amanda, who resides at home with her father. She is a graduate of the Iowa College at Grinnell, and is a teacher by profession. Mrs. Bulis died in 1861. Our subject's present wife, whom he married June 17, 1863, was Miss Harriette B. Adams, a sister of the first wife.

As will be seen by the above, Dr. Bulis early assumed an active and permanent part in local and State affairs, and that he has been a faithful public servant is vouched for by the fact that he has held office with but few intermissions from his twenty-fifth to his sixty-fourth year. It is not given to many men to participate in the public affairs of two generations, and while advanced in years Dr. Bulis to-day is young in mind, and thinks and acts with the progressive present, and not with the effete past.

To the foregoing little need be added. After completing his term as postmaster Dr. Bulis retired from public life, and, though much enfeebled in health, continued the practice of medicine

This is clear and explicit. I strong in its condemnation as a body dares go.

Now for the benefit of all con let it be understood that qua runs for 40 days in scarlet fever litina, scarlet rash, and small p 35 days in diphtheria and membr croup; and 21 days in measles a atic cholera.

What is quarantine? The ru swer:

1. Putting up the yellow c tice, in the most naturally cons ly place, stating the disease exi
2. Separating the sick from sons, except physicians, nurs members of family.
3. Complete exclusion of all p
4. No person but physicians ted to leave premises without permit.
5. No article to be remove sick room or premises until thor disinfected.
6. Nurses not allowed to lea mises except under certain con

All these are positively obl for 35 days in diphtheria and me ous croup, save and except t qualification:

Whenever there is complete r of persons who have been sick contagious disease, and there further exposures thereto, the tine may be released, altho period prescribed herein h elapsed. *Provided*, that no rel quarantine shall be permitted least seventeen days after the r of the last case, and proper disi of person and premises is made inafter provided.

This exception does not apply of a death. It was intended fo light cases where there is speed ery from a comparatively tri ness. So writes to us a promine ber of the State Board.

Having thus established a positive ruling as to the law, a pletely vindicated its previous a the matter, the REPUBLICAN oughly satisfied.

Money, Wages and Price

Mr. Geo. E. Roberts of t Dodge *Messenger*, has kindly se copy of a pamphlet of 94 pages above title, of which he is the and that is published by the Sound Money League, at Chica

In the campaign of 1896 Mr. was the author of the best a conclusive answer made to "Co nancial School." To the

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HENY W. ROTHERT, Superintendent of the Iowa School for the Deaf at Council Bluffs, sends out notice that the school will open Sept. 30th, and it is expected that all pupils will be present Sept. 29th. Conveyances and officers will meet all trains on the above dates to care for pupils.

THE two minute horse is here. At Readville, Mass., last Saturday Star Pointer paced a full mile in 1:59¼. This is most remarkable, but it is only what horsemen have long expected.

THE Iowa state fair opens to-day; but it will not be ready for visitors before next week. It closes the 18th.

EVERY advice that comes from Alaska says it is suicidal to try to get to the Klondike gold fields this year.

the Republican Convention when it chose its candidate for Congress. After some sixty ballots he withdrew in favor of Hon. J. H. Sweeney, who was nominated and elected.

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To the foregoing little need be added. After completing his term as postmaster Dr. Bulis retired from public life, and, though much enfeebled in health, continued the practice of medicine among those to whom he had been so long the favorite family physician. But anxious friends—even passing acquaintances—noticed with regret a growing feebleness that foreboded the last great change in life. To near friends he also expressed his own convictions as a physician that should he become prostrated with illness recovery was not to be hoped for. Four weeks ago yesterday he went to his home, laid down upon the bed from which he was to be removed only in preparation for the last resting place of his worn-out body. This illness at once became serious, and for three weeks death brooded over him, deferring his visit long enough so that his son Frank and his sister, Miss Julia could arrive and have the comfort of recognition and administering to him at the last. Death came to him as one who falls asleep.

The funeral will be held at the family residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

for 55 days in diphtheria and men-
ous croup, save and except th
qualification:

Whenever there is complete re
of persons who have been sick
contagious disease, and there
further exposures thereto, the
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period prescribed herein h
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In the campaign of 1896 Mr.
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itical economy as applied to ou
tary affairs, and this new volu
addition to the good work he did
This study has made him a re
authority in the field he has c
so assiduously. His new book is
that students should secure and
most carefully.

THE New Hampton *Tribune*
week contained a nine-column
of the New Hampton fire dep
an organization that began mak
tory "just twenty years ago."
an incident in the building of
men's Auditorium" 77x132
ground. It will be a City Ha
house, assembly room and pub
all in one. The contract price
building was $13,500.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

W GODDARD WRITHES.

ıg Steps Upon the Throne and kes His Decree.

ıer disgusting and uncalled for spitework appears in the last can. It is the article signed by Goddard, a pure and innocent ıo would control the politics of ıty.

st tells us that he is a republi- ere are others. He has never ı favor of the party and never to, still he now desires that the shall please him by voting the party's candidate, a man his enemy simply because he l him for mayor of Decorah. not also ask for representative e mayor of Decorah several

ıposes Dr. D. because he believes tirely unfit for the office; yes, would have been an angel in d's eyes if he had agreed to J ry for postmaster. "He ıey) has never given an hour of e or a nickel of his money for efit of his party except when ıember of the office-seeking fam- which he is a member, was a ıte." Those who know the the case will readily say that tor has also been always a re- ın, and that no man worked for the election of Mr. Bailey to ate than he, or has given more o the party and worked more tly for the election of candidates. ıdvent into active politics was terized by bolting the nominee ıvention in which he took an part as a delegate. Isn't it a ıt this was simply a citizens cau- ld in the City Hall to nominate , and that it was not a delegate , members of all political parties present, and that in all less than vere at the caucus, fourteen of vo against Mr. Goddard; also ır. Daubney became a candidate eing petitioned by a large num- the voters of Decorah, and was l? Also that Mr. Bailey went to ıubney at that time and tried to ın to withdraw, just as he and

DR. H. C. BULIS

Passed Away Last Tuesday Morning at 9:30 O'Clock.—Short Sketch of His Life.

Just after we had gone to press last week occurred the death of one who has been among the most prominent and widely known public men of this county for forty years. In the death of Dr. H. C. Bulis Winneshiek county loses one of its best physicians, and a citizen whose exceptional prominence in social and political life for a long term of years had won for him the respect and esteem of a very large acquaintance. For two or three weeks he lay at death's door, and his gradual failing brought pain to the heart of many a friend, who watched with sorrow the slowly ebbing spark of life.

Henry Clay Bulis was born in Clinton county, N. Y., November 14, 1830. He was reared on a farm in New England, where he enjoyed the healthful, sturdy life of study and labor. At the age of seventeen he began to teach, aiding his father on the farm during the vacation period, and at twenty-one he commenced the study of medicine, still continuing to teach for three years longer. He took two courses of lectures at the Vermont Medical College, Woodstock, Ont., receiving the degree of the institution in 1854. He also in 1887 took a degree from the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. On October 3, 1854, he came to Decorah and began to practice medicine. He taught school here for a month and resigned, and since has devoted his time to the practice of medicine, when not holding some public office. He was made president of the Iowa State Medical Society in 1876 and served one year. In 1865 he was appointed United States Examining Surgeon for pensions and held the office until 1876, when he resigned, being appointed to the Sioux Commission.

Politically there are few men in the state whose career has been longer or more varied. In 1856 Judge Reed appointed him commissioner for the sale of intoxicating liquors, and he held the office for one year, when it was abolished. Dr. Bulis was the first County Superintendent of Schools after the office was created in 1858, and served two years. He was elected County Supervisor in the fall of 1863 and served two years, the last year as chairman of the board. In 1865 the republicans of Winneshiek county

PROCEEDINGS

—OF THE—

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

—OF—

Winneshiek County, Iowa,

—AT THEIR—

REGULAR SEPT. SESSION A. D. 1897

FIRST DAY.

Decorah, Iowa, Sept. 6th, 1 p. m. Board met pursuant to law, members all present, and called to order by Chairman Holton.

Moved, seconded and carried that the moneys and credits assessed against Anon Anderson of Orleans township, for the present year, be abated and the Auditor ordered to strike the same from the tax list.

The following resolution was proposed and adopted by the Board.

"THAT WHEREAS, many are complaining of the damage done by foxes and woodchucks and desire that the Board of Supervisors place a bounty on the same.

THEREFORE, Resolved that a bounty of $1.50 be given for foxes and 10 cents for woodchucks, the person claiming the bounty to present the scalps either to one of the members of the Board of Supervisors or the County Auditor, the full scalp of the woodchuck to be presented and the full hide of the fox, this bounty to be paid till the first of May, 1898."

Balance of the afternoon was spent in listening to petitions of various natures.

On motion adjourned to 8:30 a. m. Sept. 7th.

SECOND DAY.

8:30 a. m., Sept. 7th. Board met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, minutes of yesterday's meeting read and approved.

The entire forenoon was spent by the Board in examining and auditing accounts against the county.

On motion adjourned to 1:30 p. m.

1:30 p. m. Board met, members all present.

Moved, seconded and carried that the unpaid liquor tax of G. W. Higgins extending from March 22nd to June 5th 1897 be cancelled and stricken from the list, said Higgins not being in business during the above period.

Moved that the County Auditor be ordered to draw a warrant on the county fund for $7.95, said money to be expended in redeeming Lots 3 and 4, Block 20, and Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Block

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

voted against Mr. Goddard; also r. Daubney became a candidate eing petitioned by a large num- the voters of Decorah, and was ? Also that Mr. Bailey went to ubney at that time and tried to n to withdraw, just as he and oc d are now trying to do? ference to the case of Dobney vs. ey is it not a fact that the case ought out for political purposes, at Mr. Bailey was compelled to he second suit brought to avoid izing, as he had agreed to do in er issue; and that collision be- himself and the attorneys is by the fact that the notices of re in Mr. Bailey's possession, iably for his approval, before be- ved upon Dr. Daubney? That ave made it an equity case so r. Daubney will probably be un- have it tried at the next term t, though he is now ready and is for trial?

se who understand the enmity oddard has for Dr. Daubney can see the humor in his writhings. mply the defeated candidate try- vent his spite for the successful Th gh he says he is just "try- save the party from defeat," is it ie that before these charges were he said that he would fight ney until he died and teach his en to do the same? And is he oper one to accuse the doctor? e not himself, who gives such mounts to the campaign fund, with creditors for twenty cents e dollar? And if he has so con- ed has he not stolen the money honest creditors in order o so? Did he not give a ment young farmer twenty dol- r his support in the Blythe-Upde- campaign? Did not his son fur- per on Hurd's that and other election day last spring to carry ity election for Mr. Goddard? inconsistency is certainly amus-

Messrs. Goddard and Bailey t give out the impression that the is being disrupted, when the are at they are the only dis- ng elements in it. The represen- es of the party in convention have imously nominated a man whom re proud to place upon their ticket, e who is intelligent, honest, pro- ive and energetic and one who

abolished. Dr. Bulis was the first County Superintendent of Schools after the office was created in 1858, and served two years. He was elected County Supervisor in the fall of 1863 and served two years, the last year as chairman of the board. In 1865 the republicans of Winneshiek county elected him State Senator, and he was re-elected at the end of a term of four years. During his service as Senator he served as chairman of the committees on Claims and State University, and his efforts on the latter largely accounts for the founding of that institution, of which he served as Regent for eighteen years, declining re-election. In the midst of his second senatorial term, in the year 1871, he was serving as President *pro tempore* of the senate, and was nominated and elected Lieutenant Governor of Iowa by the republicans. President Grant appointed him a member of the Sioux Indian Commission, August 25, 1876, and the forming of a noted treaty with the Sioux Indians in the Black Hills was an act due largely to his efforts. In 1878 President Grant appointed him special U. S. Indian Agent, but he resigned after a service of nine months, and in April 1883, he was appointed Special Agent of the General Land Office, but also resigned this position at the end of eight months.

Dr. Bulis was a prominent candidate for the nomination for congressman in 1889, and after sixty ballots withdrew in favor of Hon. J. H. Sweeney, who was nominated and elected. He was mayor of Decorah in 1880-81 and 1889-90, resigning during the latter term to assume the duties of postmaster, which he held for four years. He organized the free mail-delivery system and secured the extension of the railway postal service from Calmar to Decorah during his term of office. The doctor was a member of the Iowa State Historical Society, of which he was curator for several years.

Few men have worked harder in the interest of Decorah than Dr. Bulis. While in the State Senate, in 1869, he was instrumental in securing the C. M. & St. P. Ry. line to Decorah; also the Chicago, Decorah & Minnesota Railroad Company, of which he was president in 1883, which built the line now operated by the B. C. R. & N. Ry.

Dr. B. retired from public life upon the completion of his term as postmaster, still continuing in the practice of medicine, but for some months he has gradually been growing feebler, and a month before he died took to his bed, from which time until he died he constantly grew weaker. The end came peaceably at half past nine o'clock last Tuesday morning.

The subject of this notice was twice married, his first marriage being to Miss Clarinda Pike, of Volney, N. Y., who died in 1861. Three children were born to them: William, who

June 5th 1897 be cancelled and stricken from the list, said Higgins not being in business during the above period.

Moved that the County Auditor be ordered to draw a warrant on the county fund for $7.95, said money to be expended in redeeming Lots 3 and 4, Block 20, and Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Block 24, Freeport, Iowa.

Moved and carried that the following transfers be made and the Auditor and Treasurer authorized to make the necessary entries on the books of their offices to effect said transfers:

$800 from the Court House to the County fund.

$500 from the Domestic Animal to the County fund.

Balance of the afternoon was spent in auditing accounts and listening to petitions.

On motion adjourned to 8:30 a. m. Sept. 8th.

THIRD DAY.

Sept. 8th. Board spent the entire day in viewing bridges in Fremont Burr Oak and Pleasant townships.

FOURTH DAY.

8:30 a. m., Sept. 9th. Board me pursuant to adjournment, members al present, minutes of yesterday's meet ing read and approved.

School fund loan No. 866 to John F Ward for $200 was presented.

The County Treasurer was on motio ordered to refund $1.61 to E. C. Shav the same having been paid on accoun of an erroneous tax sale of 1888.

Moved, seconded and carried tha the Treasurer refund $6.50 to Wm Bently on Certificate of Purchase No 262 of the 1889 sale, said sale being er roneous on account of a double asses ment.

The official bond of H. W. Goocher of Orleans township, as Justice of th Peace was presented, and on motio approved.

Moved by Haug and seconded b Magnes that the 1896 tax of Mrs. W W. Wheelock on Lots 4 and 5, Bloc 36 Maynard and Snyders addition t Decorah be abated and stricken fror the list, also to cancel the 1897 asses ment, the same having been recon mended by the City Council of Deco ah, motion carried.

Balance of the forenoon was spe in auditing poor claims and attendin to miscellaneous business.

On motion adjourned to 1:30 p. m.

1:30 p. m. Board met, members a present.

The following named persons we appointed and designated as judg and clerks of election within and f the different voting precincts of Wi neshiek county for the year 1897:

Bloomfield Township Judges: D. I Kittinger; Irvin Allen, Jos. Power Clerks: J. A. Musser, H. F. Anderso

Military Township Judges: F

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

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Democratic Conventions.

t Tuesday afternoon the demo-
hel their county convention at
ou ouse. The only business
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elegates to the senatorial conven-

senatorial convention for the
district met at Cedar Rapids
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nomination of D. A. Lyons, of

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The subject of this notice was twice married, his first marriage being to Miss Laura A. Adams, of Champlain, N. Y., who died in 1861. Three children were born to them: William, who died in infancy, Frank Hamilton, now a resident of Kansas City, Kas., and Ada Amanda who resides at the home in this city. He was married to Miss Harriette B. Adams, who survives him, June 17th, 1863.

The funeral services were held from his late home in this city last Thursday afternoon, attended by a large concourse of admiring friends, Rev. H. B. Woodworth, of Grand Forks, officiating, burial being in the Phelps cemetery.

Decorah Township Caucus.

[illegible] held in the court house Sat-

$500 from the Domestic Animal to the County fund.

Balance of the afternoon was spent in auditing accounts and listening to petitions.

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Moved, seconded and carried that the Treasurer refund $6.50 to Wm. Bently on Certificate of Purchase No. 262 of the 1889 sale, said sale being erroneous on account of a double assessment.

The official bond of H. W. Goocher, of Orleans township, as Justice of the Peace was presented, and on motion approved.

Moved by Haug and seconded by Magnes that the 1896 tax of Mrs. W W. Wheelock on Lots 4 and 5, Block 36 Maynard and Snyders addition to Decorah be abated and stricken from the list, also to cancel the 1897 assessment, the same having been recommended by the City Council of Decorah, motion carried.

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Military Township Judges: H Scheidemantel, Adam Uhley, Ol Thompson. Clerks: W. F. Cody, H H. Dalaker.

Washington 1st Precinct Judges Henry Gehling, Geo. Brockamp, M Pitzenberger. Clerks: S. Rosenbaum John Schupanitz.

Washington 2nd Precinct Judges John Heine, G. F. Summers, P. J Huber. Clerks: J. J. Pelikan, A. Mc Millan.

Jackson Township Judges: Hugl Deeny, Jos. Barloon, W. A. Jirak Clerks: M. H. McMahon, Miles Mc Govern.

Frankville Township [illegible]

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

Individual Record

FamilySearch™ Pedigree Resource File

Search Results

Henry Clay Bullis Compact Disc #71 Pin #744810 Pedigree
Sex: M

Event(s)

Birth: 14 Nov 1830
Chazy,Clinton,NY
Death: 7 Sep 1897
Decorah,Iowa

Parents

Father: Hiram L. Bullis Disc #71 Pin #744811
Mother: Amanda Reynolds Disc #71 Pin #747459

Marriage(s)

Spouse: Laura Abiah Adams Disc #71 Pin #744809
Marriage: 11 Sep 1854
Champlain,Clinton,NY

Other Marriage Event(s)

Divorce:

Notes and Sources

Notes: None
Sources: None

Submitter

Joan VERDOORN
15277 North Curry Lodi, CA 95240

Submission Search: 48372-0719103130905
URL: http://www.pedigreeforest.com
CD-ROM: Pedigree Resource File - Compact Disc #71
CD-ROM Features: Pedigree View, Family View, Individual View, Reports, Downloadable GEDCOM files, Notes and Sources.

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The Pedigree Resource File is a new lineage linked database of records available on compact disc containing family history records submitted by individuals through FamilySearch Internet Genealogy Service. Family information is organized in family groups and pedigrees and includes submitted notes and sources. Many charts and reports can be printed from this data. Each disc contains about 1.1 million names. With the publication of every five discs, a master index for those discs will be published and packaged with that set of discs. With the publication of every 25 discs, a master index for those discs will also be published and packaged with that volume of discs. Discs may be purchased as sets or volumes.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

ancestry.com

UPGRADE >

1860 United States Federal Census

Name:	**Henry C Bulis**
Age in 1860:	30
Birth Year:	abt 1830
Birthplace:	New York
Home in 1860:	Decorah, Winneshiek, Iowa
Gender:	Male
Post Office:	Decorah
Value of real estate:	
Household Members:	Name Henry C Bulis Laura A Bulis Frank H Bulis Flora Bulis Hiram L Bulis Yule Nessum

Source Citation: Year: *1860*; Census Place: *Decorah, Winneshiek, Iowa*; Roll: *M653_345*; Page: *7*; Image: *246*.

Source Information:
Ancestry.com. *1860 United States Federal Census* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2004. Original data: United St
Bureau of the Census. *Eighth Census of the United States, 1860*. Washington, D.C.: National Archives and Records Administration, 1860. M653, 1,438

Description:
This database is an index to individuals enumerated in the 1860 United States Federal Census, the Eighth Census of the United States. Census takers re
including each person's name, age as of the census day, sex, color; birthplace, occupation of males over age fifteen, and more. No relationships were sh
members of a household. Additionally, the names of those listed on the population schedule are linked to actual images of the 1860 Federal Census. Le

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Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

UPGRADE >

Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925

Name:	**Henry C Bulis**
Census Date:	1885
Residence County:	Winneshiek
Residence State:	Iowa
Locality:	Decorah
Birth Location:	New York
Family Number:	199
Marital Status:	Married
Gender:	Male
Birth Year:	abt 1831
Line:	1
Roll:	IA1885_278
Neighbors:	
Household Members:	Name Henry C Bulis Harrest S Bulis Ada A Bulis

Source Information:
Ancestry.com. *Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: The Generations Network, Inc., 2007. Original data: Mic State Censuses, 1856, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, 1925 as well various special censuses from 1836-1897 obtained from the State Historical Society of Iow Quest.

Description:
This database contains Iowa state censuses for the following years: 1856, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, and 1925. It also includes some head of household ce special censuses from 1836-1897. Information available for an individual will vary according to the census year and the information requested on the ce of the information contained in this database though includes: name, age, gender, race, birthplace, marital status, and place of enumeration. Learn more.

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