78.28(2) Dental services. Dental services which require prior approval are as follows:

a. The following periodontal services:

(1) Payment for periodontal scaling and root planing will be approved when interproximal and subgingival calculus is evident in X-rays or when justified and documented that curettage, scaling or root planing is required in addition to routine prophylaxis. (Cross-reference 78.4(4) "b")

(2) Payment for periodontal surgical procedures will be approved after periodontal scaling and root planing has been provided, a reevaluation examination has been completed, and the patient has demonstrated reasonable oral hygiene, unless the patient is unable to demonstrate reasonable oral hygiene because of physical or mental disability or in cases which demonstrate gingival hyperplasia resulting from drug therapy. (Cross-reference 78.4(4)"c")

(3) Payment for periodontal maintenance therapy may be approved after periodontal scaling and root planing or periodontal surgical procedures have been provided. Periodontal maintenance therapy may be approved once per three-month interval for moderate to advanced cases if the condition would deteriorate without treatment. (Cross-reference 78.4(4)"d")

*b.* Surgical endodontic treatment which includes an apicoectomy, performed as a separate surgical procedure; an apicoectomy, performed in conjunction with endodontic procedure; an apical curettage; a root resection; or excision of hyperplastic tissue will be approved when nonsurgical treatment has been attempted and a reasonable time has elapsed after which failure has been demonstrated. Surgical endodontic procedures may be indicated when:

(1) Conventional root canal treatment cannot be successfully completed because canals cannot be negotiated, debrided or obturated due to calcifications, blockages, broken instruments, severe curvatures, and dilacerated roots.

(2) Correction of problems resulting from conventional treatment including gross underfilling, perforations, and canal blockages with restorative materials. (Cross-reference 78.4(5) "c")

c. The following prosthetic services:

(1) A removable partial denture replacing posterior teeth will be approved when the recipient has fewer than eight posterior teeth in occlusion or the recipient has a full denture in one arch, and a partial denture replacing posterior teeth is required in the opposing arch to balance occlusion. When one removable partial denture brings eight posterior teeth in occlusion, no additional removable partial denture will be approved. A removable partial denture replacing posterior teeth is payable only once in a five-year period unless the removable partial denture is broken beyond repair, lost or stolen, or no longer fits due to growth or changes in jaw structure, and is required to prevent significant dental problems. (Cross-reference 78.4(7) "c")

(2) A fixed partial denture (including an acid etch fixed partial denture) replacing anterior teeth will be approved for recipients whose medical condition precludes the use of a removable partial denture. High noble or noble metals will be approved only when the recipient is allergic to all other restorative materials. A fixed partial denture replacing anterior teeth is payable only once in a five-year period unless the fixed partial denture is broken beyond repair. (Cross-reference 78.4(7)"d")

(3) A fixed partial denture (including an acid etch fixed partial denture) replacing posterior teeth will be approved for recipients whose medical condition precludes the use of a removable partial denture and who have fewer than eight posterior teeth in occlusion or if the recipient has a full denture in one arch and a partial denture replacing posterior teeth is required in the opposing arch to balance occlusion. When one fixed partial denture brings eight posterior teeth in occlusion, no additional fixed partial denture will be approved. High noble or noble metals will be approved only when the recipient is allergic to all other restorative materials. A fixed partial denture replacing posterior teeth is payable only once in a five-year period unless the fixed partial denture is broken beyond repair. (Cross-reference 78.4(7) "e")

*d.* Orthodontic services will be approved when it is determined that a patient has the most handicapping malocclusion. This determination is made in a manner consistent with the "Handicapping Malocclusion Assessment to Establish Treatment Priority," by J. A. Salzmann, D.D.S., American Journal of Orthodontics, October 1968.

A handicapping malocclusion is a condition that constitutes a hazard to the maintenance of oral health and interferes with the well-being of the patient by causing impaired mastication, dysfunction of the temporomandibular articulation, susceptibility to periodontal disease, susceptibility to dental caries, and impaired speech due to malpositions of the teeth. Treatment of handicapping malocclusions will be approved only for the severe and the most handicapping. Assessment of the most handicapping malocclusion is determined by the magnitude of the following variables: degree of malalignment, missing teeth, angle classification, overjet and overbite, openbite, and crossbite.

A request to perform an orthodontic procedure must be accompanied by an interpreted cephalometric radiograph and study models trimmed so that the models simulate centric occlusion of the patient. A written plan of treatment must accompany the diagnostic aids. Posttreatment records must be furnished upon request of the fiscal agent.

Approval may be made for eight units of a three-month active treatment period. Additional units may be approved by the fiscal agent's orthodontic consultant if found to be medically necessary. (Cross-reference 78.4(8) "a")

**78.28(3)** Optometric services and ophthalmic materials which must be submitted for prior approval are as follows:

*a.* A second lens correction within a 24-month period. Payment will be approved when the recipient's vision has at least a five-tenths diopter of change in sphere or cylinder or ten-degree change in axis in either eye.

*b.* Visual therapy may be authorized when warranted by case history or diagnosis for a period of time not greater than 90 days. Should continued therapy be warranted, the prior approval process should be reaccomplished, accompanied by a report showing satisfactory progress. Approved diagnoses are convergence insufficiency and amblyopia.

*c.* Subnormal visual aids where near visual acuity is better than 20/100 at 16 inches, 2M print. Prior authorization is not required if near visual acuity as described above is less than 20/100. Subnormal aids include, but are not limited to, hand magnifiers, loupes, telescopic spectacles or reverse Galilean telescope systems.

For all of the above, the optometrist shall furnish sufficient information to clearly establish that these procedures are necessary in terms of the visual condition of the patient. (Cross-references 78.6(2) and 78.1(18))

78.28(4) Hearing aids which must be submitted for prior approval are:

*a.* Replacement of a hearing aid less than four years old (except when the recipient is under 21 years of age). Payment shall be approved when the original hearing aid is lost or broken beyond repair or there is a significant change in the person's hearing which would require a different hearing aid. (Cross-reference 78.14(7)"b")

b. Rescinded IAB 4/7/99, effective 6/1/99.

**78.28(5)** Hospital services which must be subject to prior approval, preprocedure review or preadmission review are:

*a.* Any medical or surgical procedure requiring prior approval as set forth in Chapter 78 is subject to the conditions for payment set forth although a request form does not need to be submitted by the hospital as long as the approval is obtained by the physician. (Cross-reference 441—78.1(249A))

*b.* All inpatient hospital admissions are subject to preadmission review. Payment for inpatient hospital admissions is approved when it meets the criteria for inpatient hospital care as determined by the IFMC or its delegated hospitals. Criteria are available from IFMC, 6000 Westown Parkway, Suite 350E, West Des Moines, Iowa 50265-7771, or in local hospital utilization review offices. (Cross-reference 441—78.3(249A))

c. Preprocedure review by the IFMC is required if hospitals are to be reimbursed for the inpatient and outpatient surgical procedures set forth in subrule 78.1(19). Approval by the IFMC will be granted only if the procedures are determined to be necessary based on the condition of the patient and the criteria established by the department and IFMC. The criteria are available from IFMC, 6000 Westown Parkway, Suite 350E, West Des Moines, Iowa 50265-7771, or in local hospital utilization review offices.

**78.28(6)** Ambulatory surgical centers are subject to prior approval and preprocedure review as follows:

*a.* Any medical or surgical procedure requiring prior approval as set forth in Chapter 78 is subject to the conditions for payment set forth although a request form does not need to be submitted by the ambulatory surgical center as long as the prior approval is obtained by the physician.

*b.* Preprocedure review by the IFMC is required if ambulatory surgical centers are to be reimbursed for surgical procedures as set forth in subrule 78.1(19). Approval by the IFMC will be granted only if the procedures are determined to be necessary based on the condition of the patient and criteria established by the IFMC and the department. The criteria are available from IFMC, 6000 Westown Parkway, Suite 350E, West Des Moines, Iowa 50265-7771, or in local hospital utilization review offices.

**78.28(7)** Rehabilitative treatment services are subject to prior approval as described in rules 441 - 185.5(234) and 441 - 185.6(234).

**78.28(8)** Rescinded IAB 1/3/96, effective 3/1/96.

**78.28(9)** Private duty nursing or personal care services provided by a home health agency provider for persons aged 20 or under require prior approval and shall be approved if determined to be medically necessary. Payment shall be made on an hourly unit of service.

a. Definitions.

(1) Private duty nursing services are those services which are provided by a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse under the direction of the recipient's physician to a recipient in the recipient's place of residence or outside the recipient's residence, when normal life activities take the recipient outside the place of residence. Place of residence does not include nursing facilities, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, or hospitals.

Services shall be provided according to a written plan of care authorized by a licensed physician. The home health agency is encouraged to collaborate with the recipient, or in the case of a child with the child's caregiver, in the development and implementation of the plan of treatment. These services shall exceed intermittent guidelines as defined in subrule 78.9(3). Private duty nursing and personal care services shall be inclusive of all home health agency services personally provided to the recipient.

Private duty nursing services do not include:

1. Respite care, which is a temporary intermission or period of rest for the caregiver.

2. Nurse supervision services including chart review, case discussion or scheduling by a registered nurse.

3. Services provided to other members of the recipient's household.

4. Services requiring prior authorization that are provided without regard to the prior authorization process.

(2) Personal care services are those services provided by a home health aide or certified nurse's aide and which are delegated and supervised by a registered nurse under the direction of the recipient's physician to a recipient in the recipient's place of residence or outside the recipient's residence, when normal life activities take the recipient outside the place of residence. Place of residence does not include nursing facilities, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, or hospitals. Payment for personal care services for persons aged 20 and under that exceed intermittent guidelines may be approved if determined to be medically necessary as defined in subrule 78.9(7). These services shall be in accordance with the recipient's plan of care and authorized by a physician. The home health agency is encouraged to collaborate with the recipient, or in the case of a child with the child's caregiver, in the development and implementation of the plan of treatment.

Medical necessity means the service is reasonably calculated to prevent, diagnose, correct, cure, alleviate or prevent the worsening of conditions that endanger life, cause pain, result in illness or infirmity, threaten to cause or aggravate a disability or chronic illness, and no other equally effective course of treatment is available or suitable for the recipient requesting a service.

b. Requirements.

(1) Private duty nursing or personal care services shall be ordered in writing by a physician as evidenced by the physician's signature on the plan of care.

(2) Private duty nursing or personal care services shall be authorized by the department or the department's designated review agent prior to payment.

(3) Prior authorization shall be requested at the time of initial submission of the plan of care or at any time the plan of care is substantially amended and shall be renewed with the department or the department's designated review agent. Initial request for and request for renewal of prior authorization shall be submitted to the department's designated review agent. The provider of the service is responsible for requesting prior authorization and for obtaining renewal of prior authorization.

The request for prior authorization shall include a nursing assessment, the plan of care, and supporting documentation. The request for prior authorization shall include all items previously identified as required treatment plan information and shall further include: any planned surgical interventions and projected time frame; information regarding caregiver's desire to become involved in the recipient's care, to adhere to program objectives, to work toward treatment plan goals, and to work toward maximum independence; and identify the types and service delivery levels of all other services to the recipient whether or not the services are reimbursable by Medicaid. Providers shall indicate the expected number of private duty nursing RN hours, private duty nursing LPN hours, or home health aide hours per day, the number of days per week, and the number of weeks or months of service per discipline. If the recipient is currently hospitalized, the projected date of discharge shall be included.

Prior authorization approvals shall not be granted for treatment plans that exceed 16 hours of home health agency services per day. (Cross-reference 78.9(10))

**78.28(10)** Replacement of vibrotactile aids less than four years old shall be approved when the original aid is broken beyond repair or lost. (Cross-reference 78.10(3) "b")

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.29(249A)** Nurse-midwives. Payment will be made for services provided by nurse-midwives contingent upon the following criteria being met:

**78.29(1)** The services provided are within the scope of the practice of nurse midwifery, including advanced nursing and physician-delegated functions under a protocol with a collaborating physician.

**78.29(2)** The women served by a nurse-midwife must be examined by a physician on at least two occasions during the pregnancy: an initial screening review of the women to determine the appropriateness for nurse-midwife care and during the last month of the pregnancy. A joint determination must be made by the nurse-midwife and the physician that the women are obstetrically low-risk and eligible for care by a nurse-midwife.

Risk assessments, using Form 470-2942, Medicaid Prenatal Risk Assessment, shall be completed twice during a Medicaid recipient's pregnancy. If the risk assessment reflects a high-risk pregnancy, referral shall be made for enhanced services. (See description of enhanced services at subrule 78.25(3).)

78.29(3) The nurse-midwife shall provide for referral for the infant's neonatal examination.

**78.29(4)** The nurse-midwife shall have promptly available the necessary equipment and personnel to handle emergencies.

**78.29(5)** The services of the nurse-midwife are provided in birth centers, hospitals, or clinics.

**78.29(6)** The nurse-midwife providing services in other than a hospital shall negotiate a written agreement with one or more hospitals for the prompt transfer of patients requiring care. The patient record information shall be transmitted with the patient at the time of transfer.

**78.29(7)** The nurse-midwife shall maintain a current and complete medical record for each patient and shall have the record available for reference.

The record shall have at least the following: admitting diagnosis, physical examination, report of medical history, record of medical consultation where indicated, laboratory tests, X-rays, delivery reports, anesthesia record and discharge summary.

**78.29(8)** Payment will be made to nurse-midwives directly only if they are not auxiliary personnel as defined in subrule 78.1(13) or if they are not hospital employees.

**78.29(9)** Nurse-midwives who wish to administer vaccines which are available through the vaccines for children program to Medicaid recipients shall enroll in the vaccines for children program. In lieu of payment, vaccines available through the vaccines for children program shall be accessed from the department of public health for Medicaid recipients. Nurse-midwives shall receive reimbursement for the administration of vaccines to Medicaid recipients.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4 and 1992 Iowa Acts, Second Extraordinary Session, chapter 1001, section 413.

**441**—**78.30(249A) Birth centers.** Payment will be made for prenatal, delivery, and postnatal services. Risk assessments, using Form 470-2942, Medicaid Prenatal Risk Assessment, shall be completed twice during a Medicaid recipient's pregnancy. If the risk assessment reflects a high-risk pregnancy, referral shall be made for enhanced services. (See description of enhanced services at subrule 78.25(3).)

Birth centers which wish to administer vaccines which are available through the vaccines for children program to Medicaid eligibles shall enroll in the vaccines for children program. In lieu of payment, vaccines available through the vaccines for children program shall be accessed from the department of public health for Medicaid eligibles. Birth centers shall receive reimbursement for the administration of vaccines to Medicaid recipients.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

## 441—78.31(249A) Hospital outpatient services.

**78.31(1)** Covered hospital outpatient services. Payment will be approved only for the following outpatient hospital services and medical services when provided on the licensed premises of the hospital. Hospitals with alternate sites approved by the department of inspections and appeals are acceptable sites. All outpatient services listed in paragraphs "g" to "m" are subject to a random sample retrospective review for medical necessity by the Iowa Foundation for Medical Care. All services may also be subject to a more intensive retrospective review if abuse is suspected. Services in paragraphs "a" to "f" shall be provided in hospitals on an outpatient basis and are subject to no further limitations except medical necessity of the service.

Services listed in paragraphs "g" to "m" shall be provided by hospitals on an outpatient basis and must be certified by the department before payment may be made. Other limitations apply to these services.

- a. Emergency service.
- b. Outpatient surgery.
- c. Laboratory, X-ray and other diagnostic services.
- d. General or family medicine.
- e. Follow-up or after-care specialty clinics.
- f. Physical medicine and rehabilitation.
- g. Alcoholism and substance abuse.
- h. Eating disorders.
- *i.* Cardiac rehabilitation.
- j. Mental health.
- k. Pain management.
- l. Diabetic education.
- m. Pulmonary rehabilitation.

*n*. Nutritional counseling for persons aged 20 and under.

**78.31(2)** Requirements for all outpatient services.

*a.* Need for service. It must be clearly established that the service meets a documented need in the area served by the hospital. There must be documentation of studies completed, consultations with other health care facilities and health care professionals in the area, community leaders, and organizations to determine the need for the service and to tailor the service to meet that particular need.

*b.* Professional direction. All outpatient services must be provided by or at the direction and under the supervision of a medical doctor or osteopathic physician except for mental health services which may be provided by or at the direction and under the supervision of a medical doctor, osteopathic physician, or certified health service provider in psychology.

c. Goals and objectives. The goals and objectives of the program must be clearly stated. Paragraphs "d" and "f" and the organization and administration of the program must clearly contribute to the fulfillment of the stated goals and objectives.

*d.* Treatment modalities used. The service must employ multiple treatment modalities and professional disciplines. The modalities and disciplines employed must be clearly related to the condition or disease being treated.

*e*. Criteria for selection and continuing treatment of patients. The condition or disease which is proposed to be treated must be clearly stated. Any indications for treatment or contraindications for treatment must be set forth together with criteria for determining the continued medical necessity of treatment.

*f.* Length of program. There must be established parameters that limit the program either in terms of its overall length or in terms of number of visits, etc.

*g.* Monitoring of services. The services provided by the program must be monitored and evaluated to determine the degree to which patients are receiving accurate assessments and effective treatment.

The monitoring of the services must be an ongoing plan and systematic process to identify problems in patient care or opportunities to improve patient care.

The monitoring and evaluation of the services are based on the use of clinical indicators that reflect those components of patient care important to quality.

*h.* Hospital outpatient programs which wish to administer vaccines which are available through the vaccines for children program to Medicaid recipients shall enroll in the vaccines for children program. In lieu of payment, vaccines available through the vaccines for children program shall be accessed from the department of public health for Medicaid recipients. Hospital outpatient programs receive payment via the APG reimbursement for the administration of vaccines to Medicaid recipients.

**78.31(3)** Application for certification. Hospital outpatient programs listed in subrule 78.31(1), paragraphs "g" to "m" must submit an application to the department's fiscal agent for certification before payment will be made. The fiscal agent will review the application against the requirements for the specific type of outpatient service, and notify the provider whether certification has been approved.

Applications will consist of a narrative providing the following information:

*a.* Documented need for the program including studies, needs assessments, and consultations with other health care professionals.

b. Goals and objectives of the program.

*c.* Organization and staffing including how the program fits with the rest of the hospital, the number of staff, staff credentials, and the staff's relationship to the program, e.g., hospital employee, contractual consultant.

*d.* Policies and procedures including admission criteria, patient assessment, treatment plan, discharge plan and postdischarge services, and the scope of services provided, including treatment modalities.

e. Any accreditations or other types of approvals from national or state organizations.

*f.* The physical facility and any equipment to be utilized, and whether the facility is part of the hospital license.

**78.31(4)** Requirements for specific types of service.

a. Alcoholism and substance abuse.

(1) Approval by joint commission or substance abuse commission. In addition to certification by the department, alcoholism and substance abuse programs must also be approved by either the joint commission on the accreditation of hospitals or the Iowa substance abuse commission.

(2) General characteristics. The services must be designed to identify and respond to the biological, psychological and social antecedents, influences and consequences associated with the recipient's dependence.

These needed services must be provided either directly by the facility or through referral, consultation or contractual arrangements or agreements.

Special treatment needs of recipients by reason of age, gender, sexual orientation, or ethnic origin are evaluated and services for children and adolescents (as well as adults, if applicable) address the special needs of these age groups, including but not limited to, learning problems in education, family involvement, developmental status, nutrition, and recreational and leisure activities.

(3) Diagnostic and treatment staff. Each person who provides diagnostic or treatment services shall be determined to be competent to provide the services by reason of education, training, and experience.

Professional disciplines which must be represented on the diagnostic and treatment staff, either through employment by the facility (full-time or part-time), contract or referral, are a physician (M.D. or D.O.), a licensed psychologist and a substance abuse counselor certified by the Iowa board of substance abuse certification. Psychiatric consultation must be available and the number of staff should be appropriate to the patient load of the facility.

(4) Initial assessment. A comprehensive assessment of the biological, psychological, social, and spiritual orientation of the patient must be conducted which shall include:

A history of the use of alcohol and other drugs including age of onset, duration, patterns, and consequences of use; use of alcohol and drugs by family members and types of and responses to previous treatment.

A comprehensive medical history and physical examination including the history of physical problems associated with dependence.

Appropriate laboratory screening tests based on findings of the history and physical examination and tests for communicable diseases when indicated.

Any history of physical abuse.

A systematic mental status examination with special emphasis on immediate recall and recent and remote memory.

A determination of current and past psychiatric and psychological abnormality.

A determination of any degree of danger to self or others.

The family's history of alcoholism and other drug dependencies.

The patient's educational level, vocational status, and job performance history.

The patient's social support networks, including family and peer relationships.

The patient's perception of the patient's strengths, problem areas, and dependencies.

The patient's leisure, recreational, or vocational interests and hobbies.

The patient's ability to participate with peers and in programs and social activities.

Interview of family members and significant others as available with the patient's written or verbal permission.

Legal problems, if applicable.

(5) Admission criteria. Both of the first two criteria and one additional criterion from the following list must be present for a patient to be accepted for treatment.

Alcohol or drugs taken in greater amounts over a longer period than the person intended.

Two or more unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control use of alcohol or drugs.

Continued alcohol or drug use despite knowledge of having a persistent or recurrent family, social, occupational, psychological, or physical problem that is caused or exacerbated by the use of alcohol or drugs.

Marked tolerance: the need for markedly increased amounts of alcohol or drugs (i.e., at least a 50 percent increase) in order to achieve intoxication or desired effect or markedly diminished effect with continued use of same amount.

Characteristic withdrawal symptoms.

Alcohol or drugs taken often to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms.

(6) Plan of treatment. For each patient there is a written comprehensive and individualized description of treatment to be undertaken. The treatment plan is based on the problems and needs identified in the assessment and specifies the regular times at which the plan will be reassessed.

The patient's perception of needs and, when appropriate and available, the family's perception of the patient's needs shall be documented.

The patient's participation in the development of the treatment plan is sought and documented.

Each patient is reassessed to determine current clinical problems, needs, and responses to treatment. Changes in treatment are documented.

(7) Discharge plan. For each patient before discharge, a plan for discharge is designed to provide appropriate continuity of care which meets the following requirements:

The plan for continuing care must describe and facilitate the transfer of the patient and the responsibility for the patient's continuing care to another phase or modality of the program, other programs, agencies, persons or to the patient and the patient's personal support system.

The plan is in accordance with the patient's reassessed needs at the time of transfer.

The plan is developed in collaboration with the patient and, as appropriate and available, with the patient's written verbal permission with family members.

The plan is implemented in a manner acceptable to the patient and the need for confidentiality.

Implementation of the plan includes timely and direct communication with and transfer of information to the other programs, agencies, or persons who will be providing continuing care.

(8) Restrictions and limitations on payment. Medicaid will reimburse for a maximum of 28 treatment days. Payment beyond 28 days is made when documentation indicates that the patient has not reached an exit level.

If an individual has completed all or part of the basic 28-day program, a repeat of the program will be reimbursed with justification. The program will include an aftercare component meeting weekly for at least one year without charge.

b. Eating disorders.

(1) General characteristics. Eating disorders are characterized by gross disturbances in eating behavior. Eating disorders include anorexia nervosa, bulimia, or bulimarexia. Compulsive overeaters are not acceptable for this program.

(2) Diagnostic and treatment staff. Each person who provides diagnostic or treatment services shall be determined to be competent to provide the services by reason of education, training, and experience.

Professional disciplines which must be represented on the diagnostic and treatment staff, either through employment by a facility (full-time or part-time), contract or referral, are a physician (M.D. or D.O.), a licensed psychologist, a counselor with a master's or bachelor's degree and experience, a dietitian with a bachelor's degree and registered dietitian's certificate, and a licensed occupational therapist. The number of staff should be appropriate to the patient load of the facility.

(3) Initial assessment. A comprehensive assessment of the biological, psychological, social, and family orientation of the patient must be conducted. The assessment must include a weight history and a history of the patient's eating and dieting behavior, including binge eating, onset, patterns, and consequences. The assessment shall include the following:

A family history as well as self-assessment regarding chronic dieting, obesity, anorexia, bulimia, drug abuse, alcohol problems, depression, hospitalization for psychiatric reasons, and threatened or attempted suicide.

A history of purging behavior including frequency and history of vomiting, use of laxatives, history and frequency of use of diuretics, history and frequency of use of diet pills, ipecac, or any other weight control measures, and frequency of eating normal meals without vomiting.

A history of exercise behavior, including type, frequency, and duration.

A complete history of current alcohol and other drug use.

Any suicidal thoughts or attempts.

Sexual history, including sexual preference and activity. Sexual interest currently as compared to prior to the eating disorder is needed.

History of experiencing physical or sexual (incest or rape) abuse.

History of other counseling experiences.

Appropriate psychological assessment, including psychological orientation to the above questions. A medical history, including a physical examination, covering the information listed in subparagraph (4) below.

Appropriate laboratory screening tests based on findings of the history and physical examination and tests for communicable diseases when indicated.

The patient's social support networks, including family and peer relationships.

The patient's educational level, vocational status, and job or school performance history, as appropriate.

The patient's leisure, recreational, or vocational interests and hobbies.

The patient's ability to participate with peers and programs and social activities.

Interview of family members and significant others as available with the patient's written or verbal permission as appropriate.

Legal problems, if applicable.

(4) Admission criteria. In order to be accepted for treatment, the patient shall meet the diagnostic criteria for anorexia nervosa or bulimia as established by the DSM III R (Diagnostic and Statistical Manual, Third Edition, Revised).

In addition to the diagnostic criteria, the need for treatment will be determined by a demonstrable loss of control of eating behaviors and the failure of the patient in recent attempts at voluntary selfcontrol of the problem. Demonstrable impairment, dysfunction, disruption or harm of physical health, emotional health (e.g., significant depression withdrawal, isolation, suicidal ideas), vocational or educational functioning, or interpersonal functioning (e.g., loss of relationships, legal difficulties) shall have occurred.

The need for treatment may be further substantiated by substance abuse, out-of-control spending, incidence of stealing to support habit, or compulsive gambling.

The symptoms shall have been present for at least six months and three of the following criteria must be present:

Medical criteria including endocrine and metabolic factors (e.g., amenorrhea, menstrual irregularities, decreased reflexes, cold intolerance, hypercarotenemia, parotid gland enlargement, lower respiration rate, hair loss, abnormal cholesterol or triglyceride levels).

Other cardiovascular factors including hypotension, hypertension, arrhythmia, ipecac poisoning, fainting, or bradycardia.

Renal considerations including diuretic abuse, dehydration, elevated BUN, renal calculi, edema, or hypokalemia.

Gastrointestinal factors including sore throats, mallery-weiss tears, decreased gastric emptying, constipation, abnormal liver enzymes, rectal bleeding, laxative abuse, or esophagitis.

Hematologic considerations including anemia, leukopenia, or thrombocytopenia.

Ear, nose, and throat factors including headaches or dizziness.

Skin considerations including lanugo or dry skin.

Aspiration pneumonia, a pulmonary factor.

The presence of severe symptoms and complications as evaluated and documented by the medical director may require a period of hospitalization to establish physical or emotional stability.

(5) Plan of treatment. For each patient there is a written comprehensive and individualized description of treatment to be undertaken. The treatment plan is based on problems and needs identified in the assessment and specifies the regular times at which the plan will be reassessed.

The patient's perceptions of needs and, when appropriate and available, the family's perceptions of the patient's needs shall be documented.

The patient's participation in the development of the treatment plans is sought and documented.

Each patient is reassessed to determine current clinical problems, needs, and responses to treatment. Changes in treatment are documented.

(6) Discharge plan. Plans for discharge shall meet the requirements for discharge plans for alcohol and substance abuse patients in subrule 78.31(3), paragraph "*a*," subparagraph (6).

(7) Restriction and limitations on payment. Medicaid will pay for a maximum of 30 days of a structured outpatient treatment program. Payment beyond 30 days is made when documentation indicates that the patient has not reached an exit level.

Eating disorder programs will include an aftercare component meeting weekly for at least one year without charge.

Family counseling groups held in conjunction with the eating disorders program will be part of the overall treatment charge.

c. Cardiac rehabilitation.

(1) General characteristics. Cardiac rehabilitation programs shall provide a supportive educational environment in which to facilitate behavior change with respect to the accepted cardiac risk factors, initiate prescribed exercise as a mode of facilitating the return of the patient to everyday activities by improving cardiovascular functional capacity and work performance, and promote a long-term commitment to lifestyle changes that could positively affect the course of the cardiovascular disease process.

(2) Treatment staff. Professional disciplines who must be represented on the treatment staff, either by employment by the facility (full-time or part-time), contract or referral, are as follows:

At least one physician responsible for responding to emergencies must be physically present in the hospital when patients are receiving cardiac rehabilitation services. The physician must be trained and certified at least to the level of basic life support.

A medical consultant shall oversee the policies and procedures of the outpatient cardiac rehabilitation area. The director shall meet with the cardiac rehabilitation staff on a regular basis to review exercise prescriptions and any concerns of the team.

A cardiac rehabilitation nurse shall carry out the exercise prescription after assessment of the patient. The nurse shall be able to interpret cardiac disrhythmia and be able to initiate emergency action if necessary. The nurse shall assess and implement a plan of care for cardiac risk factor modification. The nurse shall have at least one year of experience in a coronary care unit.

A physical therapist shall offer expertise in unusual exercise prescriptions where a patient has an unusual exercise problem.

A dietitian shall assess the dietary needs of persons and appropriately instruct them on their prescribed diets.

A social worker shall provide counseling as appropriate and facilitate a spouse support group. A licensed occupational therapist shall be available as necessary.

(3) Admission criteria. Candidates for the program must be referred by the attending physician. The following conditions are eligible for the program:

Postmyocardial infarction (within three months postdischarge).

Postcardiac surgery (within three months postdischarge).

Poststreptokinase.

Postpercutaneous transluminal angioplasty (within three months postdischarge).

Patient with severe angina being treated medically because of client or doctor preference or inoperable cardiac disease.

(4) Physical environment and equipment. A cardiac rehabilitation unit must be an autonomous physical unit specifically equipped with the necessary telemetry monitoring equipment, exercise equipment, and appropriate equipment and supplies for cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). The exercise equipment must have the capacity to measure the intensity, speed, and length of the exercises. The equipment must be periodically inspected and maintained in accordance with the hospital's preventive maintenance program.

(5) Medical records. Medical records for each cardiac rehabilitation patient shall consist of at least the following:

Referral form.

Physician's orders.

Laboratory reports.

Electrocardiogram reports.

History and physical examination.

Angiogram report, if applicable.

Operative report, if applicable.

Preadmission interview.

Exercise prescription.

Rehabilitation plan, including participant's goals.

Documentation for exercise sessions and progress notes.

Nurse's progress reports.

Discharge instructions.

(6) Discharge plan. The patient will be discharged from the program when the physician, staff, and patient agree that the work level is functional for them and little benefit could be derived from further continuation of the program, disrhythmia disturbances are resolved, and appropriate cardiovascular response to exercise is accomplished.

(7) Monitoring of services. The program should be monitored by the hospital on a periodic basis using measuring criteria for evaluating cardiac rehabilitation services provided.

(8) Restrictions and limitations. Payment will be made for a maximum of three visits per week for a period of 12 weeks. Payment beyond 12 weeks is made when documentation indicates that the patient has not reached an exit level.

d. Mental health.

(1) General characteristics. To be covered, mental health services must be prescribed by a physician or certified health service provider in psychology, provided under an individualized treatment plan and reasonable and necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of the patient's condition. This means the services must be for the purpose of diagnostic study or the services must reasonably be expected to improve the patient's condition.

(2) Individualized treatment plan. The individualized written plan of treatment shall be established by a physician or certified health service provider in psychology after any needed consultation with appropriate staff members. The plan must state the type, amount, frequency and duration of the services to be furnished and indicate the diagnoses and anticipated goals. (A plan is not required if only a few brief services will be furnished.)

(3) Supervision and evaluation. Services must be supervised and periodically evaluated by a physician, certified health service provider in psychology, or both within the scopes of their respective practices if clinically indicated to determine the extent to which treatment goals are being realized. The evaluation must be based on periodic consultation and conference with therapists and staff. The physician or certified health service provider in psychology must also provide supervision and direction to any therapist involved in the patient's treatment and see the patient periodically to evaluate the course of treatment and to determine the extent to which treatment goals are being realized and whether changes in direction or services are required.

(4) Reasonable expectation of improvement. Services must be for the purpose of diagnostic study or reasonably be expected to improve the patient's condition. The treatment must at a minimum be designed to reduce or control the patient's psychiatric or psychological symptoms so as to prevent relapse or hospitalization and improve or maintain the patient's level of functioning.

It is not necessary that a course of therapy have as its goal restoration of the patient to the level of functioning exhibited prior to the onset of the illness although this may be appropriate for some patients. For many other patients, particularly those with long-term chronic conditions, control of symptoms and maintenance of a functional level to avoid further deterioration or hospitalization is an acceptable expectation of improvement. "Improvement" in this context is measured by comparing the effect of continuing versus discontinuing treatment. Where there is a reasonable expectation that if treatment services were withdrawn, the patient's condition would deteriorate, relapse further, or require hospitalization, this criterion would be met.

(5) Diagnostic and treatment staff. Each person who provides diagnostic or treatment services shall be determined to be competent to provide the services by reason of education, training, and experience. The number of the above staff employed by the facility must be appropriate to the facility's patient load. The staff may be employees of the hospital, on contract, or the service may be provided through referral.

The diagnostic and treatment staff shall consist of a physician, a psychologist, social workers or counselors meeting the requirements for "mental health professionals" as set forth in rule 441—33.1(225C,230A).

(6) Initial assessment. A comprehensive assessment of the biological, psychological, social, and spiritual orientation of the patient must be conducted, which shall include:

A history of the mental health problem, including age of onset, duration, patterns of symptoms, consequences of symptoms, and responses to previous treatment.

A comprehensive clinical history, including the history of physical problems associated with the mental health problem. Appropriate referral for physical examination for determination of any communicable diseases.

Any history of physical abuse.

A systematic mental health examination, with special emphasis on any change in cognitive, social or emotional functioning.

A determination of current and past psychiatric and psychological abnormality.

A determination of any degree of danger to self or others.

The family's history of mental health problems.

The patient's educational level, vocational status, and job performance history.

The patient's social support network, including family and peer relationship.

The patient's perception of the patient's strengths, problem areas, and dependencies.

The patient's leisure, recreational or vocational interests and hobbies.

The patient's ability to participate with peers in programs and social activities.

Interview of family members and significant others, as available, with the patient's written or verbal permission.

Legal problems if applicable.

(7) Covered services. Services covered for the treatment of psychiatric conditions are:

1. Individual and group therapy with physicians, psychologists, social workers, counselors, or psychiatric nurses.

2. Occupational therapy services if the services require the skills of a qualified occupational therapist and must be performed by or under the supervision of a licensed occupational therapist or by an occupational therapy assistant.

3. Drugs and biologicals furnished to outpatients for therapeutic purposes only if they are of the type which cannot be self-administered.

4. Activity therapies which are individualized and essential for the treatment of the patient's condition. The treatment plan must clearly justify the need for each particular therapy utilized and explain how it fits into the patient's treatment.

5. Family counseling services are covered only if the primary purpose of the counseling is the treatment of the patient's condition.

6. Partial hospitalization and day treatment services to reduce or control a person's psychiatric or psychological symptoms so as to prevent relapse or hospitalization, improve or maintain the person's level of functioning and minimize regression. These services include all psychiatric services needed by the patient during the day.

Partial hospitalization services means an active treatment program that provides intensive and structured support that assists persons during periods of acute psychiatric or psychological distress or during transition periods, generally following acute inpatient hospitalization episodes.

Service components may include individual and group therapy, reality orientation, stress management and medication management.

Services are provided for a period for four to eight hours per day.

Day treatment services means structured, long-term services designed to assist in restoring, maintaining or increasing levels of functioning, minimizing regression and preventing hospitalization.

Service components include training in independent functioning skills necessary for self-care, emotional stability and psychosocial interactions, and training in medication management.

Services are structured with an emphasis on program variation according to individual need.

Services are provided for a period of three to five hours per day, three or four times per week.

7. Partial hospitalization and day treatment for persons aged 20 or under. Payment to a hospital will be approved for day treatment services for persons aged 20 or under if the hospital is certified by the department for hospital outpatient mental health services. All conditions for the day treatment program for persons aged 20 or under as outlined in subrule 78.16(7) for community mental health centers shall apply to hospitals. All conditions of the day treatment program for persons aged 20 or under as outlined in subrule 78.16(7) for community mental health centers shall be applicable for the partial hospitalization program for persons aged 20 or under with the exception that the maximum hours shall be 25 hours per week.

(8) Restrictions and limitations on coverage. The following are generally not covered except as indicated:

Activity therapies, group activities, or other services and programs which are primarily recreational or diversional in nature. Outpatient psychiatric day treatment programs that consist entirely of activity therapies are not covered.

Geriatric day-care programs, which provide social and recreational activities to older persons who need some supervision during the day while other family members are away from home. These programs are not covered because they are not considered reasonable and necessary for a diagnosed psychiatric disorder.

Vocational training. While occupational therapy may include vocational and prevocational assessment of training, when the services are related solely to specific employment opportunities, work skills, or work setting, they are not covered.

(9) Frequency and duration of services. There are no specific limits on the length of time that services may be covered. There are many factors that affect the outcome of treatment. Among them are the nature of the illness, prior history, the goals of treatment, and the patient's response. As long as the evidence shows that the patient continues to show improvement in accordance with the individualized treatment plan and the frequency of services is within acceptable norms of medical practice, coverage will be continued.

(10) Documentation requirements. The provider shall develop and maintain sufficient written documentation to support each medical or remedial therapy, service, activity, or session for which billing is made. All outpatient mental health services shall include:

- 1. The specific services rendered.
- 2. The date and actual time the services were rendered.
- 3. Who rendered the services.
- 4. The setting in which the services were rendered.
- 5. The amount of time it took to deliver the services.
- 6. The relationship of the services to the treatment regimen described in the plan of care.
- 7. Updates describing the patient's progress.

For services that are not specifically included in the patient's treatment plan, a detailed explanation of how the services being billed relate to the treatment regimen and objectives contained in the patient's plan of care and the reason for the departure from the plan shall be given.

e. Pain management.

(1) Approval by commission on accreditation of rehabilitation facilities. In addition to certification by the department, pain management programs must also be approved by the commission on accreditation of rehabilitation facilities (CARF).

(2) General characteristics. A chronic pain management program shall provide coordinated, goaloriented, interdisciplinary team services to reduce pain, improve quality of life, and decrease dependence on the health care system for persons with pain which interferes with physical, psychosocial, and vocational functioning.

(3) Treatment staff. Each person who provides treatment services shall be determined to be competent to provide the services by reason of education, training, and experience. Professional disciplines which must be represented on the treatment staff, either through employment by the facility (full-time or part-time), contract or referral, are a physician (M.D. or D.O.), a registered nurse, a licensed physical therapist and a licensed clinical psychologist or psychiatrist. The number of staff should be appropriate to the patient load of the facility. (4) Admission criteria. Candidates for the program shall meet the following guidelines:

The person must have had adequate medical evaluation and treatment in the months preceding admission to the program including an orthopedic or neurological consultation if the problem is back pain or a neurological evaluation if the underlying problem is headaches.

The person must be free of any underlying psychosis or severe neurosis.

The person cannot be toxic on any addictive drugs.

The person must be capable of self-care; including being able to get to meals and to perform activities of daily living.

(5) Plan of treatment. For each patient there is a written comprehensive and individualized description of treatment to be undertaken. The treatment plan is based on the problems and needs identified in the assessment and specifies the times at which the plan will be reassessed.

The patient's perception of needs and, when appropriate and available, the family's perception of the patient's needs shall be documented.

The patient's participation in the development of the treatment plan is sought and documented.

Each patient is reassessed to determine current clinical problems, needs, and responses to treatment. Changes in treatment are documented.

(6) Discharge plan. For each patient before discharge, a plan for discharge is designed to provide appropriate continuity of care which meets the following requirements:

The plan for continuing care must describe and facilitate the transfer of the patient and the responsibility for the patient's continuing care to another phase or modality of the program, other programs, agencies, persons or to the patient and the patient's personal support system.

The plan is in accordance with the patient's reassessed needs at the time of transfer.

The plan is developed in collaboration with the patient and, as appropriate and available, with the patient's written verbal permission with the family members.

The plan is implemented in a manner acceptable to the patient and the need for confidentiality.

Implementation of the plan includes timely and direct communication with and transfer of information to the other programs, agencies, or persons who will be providing continuing care.

(7) Restrictions and limitations on payment. Medicaid will pay for a maximum of three weeks of a structured outpatient treatment program. When documentation indicates that the patient has not reached an exit level, coverage may be extended an extra week.

A repeat of the entire program for any patient will be covered only if a different disease process is causing the pain or a significant change in life situation can be demonstrated.

f. Diabetic education.

(1) Certification by department of public health. In addition to certification by the department for Medicaid, diabetic education programs must also be certified by the department of public health. (See department of public health rules 641—Chapter 9.)

(2) General characteristics. An outpatient diabetes self-management education program shall provide instruction which will enable people with diabetes and their families to understand the diabetes disease process and the daily management of diabetes. People with diabetes must learn to balance their special diet and exercise requirements with drug therapy (insulin or oral agents). They must learn self-care techniques such as monitoring their own blood glucose. And often, they must learn to self-treat insulin reactions, protect feet that are numb and have seriously compromised circulation, and accommodate their regimen to changes in blood glucose because of stress or infections.

(3) Program staff. Each person who provides services shall be determined to be competent to provide the services by reason of education, training and experience. Professional disciplines which must be represented on the staff, either through employment by the facility (full-time or part-time), contract or referral, are a physician (M.D. or D.O.), a registered nurse, a registered dietitian and a licensed pharmacist. The number of staff should be appropriate to the patient load of the facility.

(4) Admission criteria. Candidates for the program shall meet the following guidelines:

The person must have Type I or Type II diabetes.

The person must be referred by the attending physician.

The person shall demonstrate an ability to follow through with self-management.

(5) Health assessment. An individualized and documented assessment of needs shall be developed with the patient's participation. Follow-up assessments, planning and identification of problems shall be provided.

(6) Restrictions and limitations on payment. Medicaid will pay for a diabetic self-management education program. Diabetic education programs will include follow-up assessments at 3 and 12 months without charge. A complete diabetic education program is payable once in the lifetime of a recipient.

g. Pulmonary rehabilitation.

(1) General characteristics. Pulmonary rehabilitation is an individually tailored, multidisciplinary program through which accurate diagnosis, therapy, emotional support, and education stabilizes or reverses both the physio- and psychopathology of pulmonary diseases and attempts to return the patient to the highest possible functional capacity allowed by the pulmonary handicap and overall life situation.

(2) Diagnostic and treatment staff. Each person who provides diagnostic or treatment services shall be determined to be competent to provide the services by reason of education, training, and experience.

Professional disciplines which must be represented by the diagnostic and treatment staff, either through employment by the facility (full-time or part-time), contract, or referral, are a physician (doctor of medicine or osteopathy), a respiratory therapist, a licensed physical therapist, and a registered nurse.

(3) Initial assessment. A comprehensive assessment must occur initially, including:

A diagnostic workup which entails proper identification of the patient's specific respiratory ailment, appropriate pulmonary function studies, a chest radiograph, an electrocardiogram and, when indicated, arterial blood gas measurements at rest and during exercise, sputum analysis and blood theophylline measurements.

Behavioral considerations include emotional screening assessments and treatment or counseling when required, estimating the patient's learning skills and adjusting the program to the patient's ability, assessing family and social support, potential employment skills, employment opportunities, and community resources. (4) Admission criteria. Criteria include a patient's being diagnosed and symptomatic of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), having cardiac stability, social, family, and financial resources, ability to tolerate periods of sitting time; and being a nonsmoker for six months, or if a smoker, willingness to quit and a physician's order to participate anyway.

Factors which would make a person ineligible include acute or chronic illness that may interfere with rehabilitation, any illness or disease state that affects comprehension or retention of information, a strong history of medical noncompliance, unstable cardiac or cardiovascular problems, and orthopedic difficulties that would prohibit exercise.

(5) Plan of treatment. Individualized long- and short-term goals will be developed for each patient. The treatment goals will be based on the problems and needs identified in the assessment and specify the regular times at which the plan will be reassessed.

The patients and their families need to help determine and fully understand the goals, so that they realistically approach the treatment phase.

Patients are reassessed to determine current clinical problems, needs, and responses to treatment. Changes in treatment are documented.

Components of pulmonary rehabilitation to be included are physical therapy and relaxation techniques, exercise conditioning or physical conditioning for those with exercise limitations, respiratory therapy, education, an emphasis on the importance of smoking cessation, and nutritional information.

(6) Discharge plan. Ongoing care will generally be the responsibility of the primary care physician. Periodic reassessment will be conducted to evaluate progress and allow for educational reinforcement.

(7) Restrictions and limitations on payment. Medicaid will pay for a maximum of 25 treatment days. Payment beyond 25 days is made when documentation indicates that the patient has not reached an exit level.

*h.* Nutritional counseling. Payment will be made for persons aged 20 and under for nutritional counseling provided by a licensed dietitian employed by or under contract with a hospital for a nutritional problem or condition of a degree of severity that nutritional counseling beyond that normally expected as part of the standard medical management is warranted. For persons eligible for the WIC program, a WIC referral is required. Medical necessity for nutritional counseling services exceeding those available through WIC shall be documented.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.32(249A)** Area education agencies. Payment will be made for physical therapy, occupational therapy, psychological evaluations, psychotherapy, speech-language therapy, and audiological services provided by an area education agency (AEA). These services shall be provided by personnel who meet standards as set forth in department of education rules 281—41.8(256B,34CFR300) and 281—41.9(256B,273,34CFR300) to the extent that their certification or license allows them to provide these services. Services shall be provided directly by the AEA or through contractual arrangement with the AEA.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.33(249A)** Case management services. Payment on a monthly payment per enrollee basis will be approved for the case management functions required in 441—Chapter 24.

78.33(1) Payment will be approved for case management services to:

*a.* Recipients 18 years of age or over with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation, developmental disabilities, or chronic mental illness as defined in rule 441—22.1(225C). Persons with mental disorders resulting from Alzheimer's disease or substance abuse shall not be considered chronically mentally ill.

*b.* Recipients under 18 years of age with a primary diagnosis of mental retardation or developmental disabilities as defined in rule 441—22.1(225C) and with residence in a child welfare decategorization county, under the conditions stated in subrule 78.33(2).

c. Recipients under 18 years of age receiving HCBS MR services.

**78.33(2)** Payment for services to recipients under age 18 residing in a child welfare decategorization county shall be made when the following conditions are met:

*a.* The child welfare decategorization county has entered into an agreement with the department certifying that the state match for case management is available within funds allocated for the purpose of decategorization.

*b.* The child welfare decategorization county has executed an agreement to remit the nonfederal share of the cost of case management services to the enhanced mental health, mental retardation and developmental disabilities services fund administered by the department.

*c.* The child welfare decategorization county has certified that the funds remitted for the nonfederal share of the cost of case management services are not federal funds.

**441**—**78.34(249A) HCBS ill and handicapped waiver services.** Payment will be approved for the following services to clients eligible for HCBS ill and handicapped waiver services as established in 441—Chapter 83. Services must be billed in whole units.

**78.34(1)** *Homemaker services.* Homemaker services are those services provided when the client lives alone or when the person who usually performs these functions for the client needs assistance with performing the functions. A unit of service is one hour. Components of the service are directly related to the care of the client and include:

*a.* Essential shopping: shopping for basic need items such as food, clothing or personal care items, or drugs.

*b.* Limited housecleaning: maintenance cleaning such as vacuuming, dusting, scrubbing floors, defrosting refrigerators, cleaning stoves, cleaning medical equipment, washing and mending clothes, washing personal items used by the client, and dishes.

c. Rescinded IAB 9/30/92, effective 12/1/92.

d. Meal preparation planning and preparing balanced meals.

**78.34(2)** *Home health services.* Home health services are personal or direct care services provided to the client which are not payable under Medicaid as set forth in rule 441—78.9(249A). A unit of service is a visit.

a. Components of the service include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Observation and reporting of physical or emotional needs.
- (2) Helping a client with bath, shampoo, or oral hygiene.

(3) Helping a client with toileting.

(4) Helping a client in and out of bed and with ambulation.

(5) Helping a client reestablish activities of daily living.

(6) Assisting with oral medications ordered by the physician which are ordinarily self-administered.

(7) Performing incidental household services which are essential to the client's health care at home and are necessary to prevent or postpone institutionalization in order to complete a full unit of service.

(8) Accompaniment to medical services or transport to and from school.

b. In some cases, a nurse may provide home health services if the health of the client is such that the agency is unable to place an aide in that situation due to limitations by state law or in the event that the agency's Medicare certification requirements prohibit the aide from providing the service. It is not permitted for the convenience of the provider.

c. Skilled nursing care is not covered.

**78.34(3)** Adult day care services. Adult day care services provide an organized program of supportive care in a group environment to persons who need a degree of supervision and assistance on a regular or intermittent basis in a day care center. A unit of service is a half day (1 to 4 hours), a full day (4 to 8 hours), or an extended day (8 to 12 hours). Components of the service are as set forth in rule 441—171.6(234) or the department of elder affairs rule 321—24.7(231).

**78.34(4)** *Nursing care services.* Nursing care services are services which are included in the plan of treatment approved by the physician and which are provided by licensed nurses to consumers in the home and community. The services shall be reasonable and necessary to the treatment of an illness or injury and include all nursing tasks recognized by the Iowa board of nursing. A unit of service is a visit.

**78.34(5)** *Respite care services.* Respite care services are temporary care to a client to provide relief to the usual informal caregiver and provide all the care the usual caregiver would provide.

*a.* If the respite care is provided in the client's home, only the cost of care is reimbursed.

b. If the respite care is provided outside of the client's home, charges may include room and board.

c. A unit of service is either one 24-hour day for out-of-home respite care provided by a facility or camp, one 4- to 8-hour period of time for in-home respite care provided by a home health agency, or one hour for respite care provided by an adult day care provider, HCBS MR waiver provider, home care agency, day camp, or home health agency when the home health agency provides one to three hours of respite service.

*d.* Respite care is not to be provided to persons aged 17 or under during the hours in which the usual caregiver is employed except when the provider is a camp providing a 24-hour service.

**78.34(6)** *Counseling services.* Counseling services are face-to-face mental health services provided to the client and caregiver by a mental health professional as defined in rule 441—24.61(225C,230A) to facilitate home management of the client and prevent institutionalization. Counseling services are nonpsychiatric services necessary for the management of depression, assistance with the grief process, alleviation of psychosocial isolation and support in coping with a disability or illness, including terminal illness. Counseling services may be provided both for the purpose of training the client's family or other caregiver to provide care, and for the purpose of helping the client and those caring for the client to adjust to the client's disability or terminal condition. Counseling services may be provided to the client's caregiver only when included in the case plan for the client.

Payment will be made for individual and group counseling. A unit of individual counseling for the waiver client or the waiver client and the client's caregiver is 15 minutes. A unit of group counseling is one hour. Payment for group counseling is based on the group rate divided by six, or, if the number of persons who comprise the group exceeds six, the actual number of persons who comprise the group.

**78.34(7)** Consumer-directed attendant care service. Consumer-directed attendant care services are service activities performed by a person to help a consumer with self-care tasks which the consumer would typically do independently if the consumer were otherwise able.

*a.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following nonskilled service activities:

(1) Dressing.

(2) Bath, shampoo, hygiene, and grooming.

(3) Access to and from bed or a wheelchair, transferring, ambulation, and mobility in general. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for transferring. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(4) Toilet assistance, including bowel, bladder, and catheter assistance. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for catheter assistance. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(5) Meal preparation, cooking, eating and feeding but not the cost of meals themselves.

(6) Housekeeping services which are essential to the consumer's health care at home.

(7) Medications ordinarily self-administered including those ordered by a physician or other qualified health care provider. It is recommended the provider successfully complete a medication aide course administered by an area community college.

(8) Wound care.

(9) Assistance needed to go to or return from a place of employment. Assistance while the consumer is on the job site and the cost of transportation for the consumer are not included in consumerdirected attendant care services.

(10) Cognitive assistance with tasks such as handling money and scheduling.

(11) Fostering communication through interpreting and reading services as well as assistive devices for communication.

(12) Assisting or accompanying a consumer in using transportation essential to the health and welfare of the consumer. The cost of the transportation is not included.

*b.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following skilled services under the supervision of a licensed nurse or licensed therapist working under the direction of a physician. The licensed nurse or therapist shall retain accountability for actions that are delegated. The licensed nurse or therapist shall ensure appropriate assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The licensed nurse or therapist shall make on-site supervisory visits every two weeks with the provider present. The cost of the supervision provided by the licensed nurse or therapist shall be paid from private insurance and other third-party payment sources, Medicare, the regular Medicaid program, or the early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment program before accessing the HCBS waiver.

(1) Tube feedings of consumers unable to eat solid foods.

(2) Intravenous therapy administered by a registered nurse.

(3) Parenteral injections required more than once a week.

(4) Catheterizations, continuing care of indwelling catheters with supervision of irrigations, and changing of Foley catheters when required.

(5) Respiratory care including inhalation therapy and tracheotomy care or tracheotomy care and ventilator.

(6) Care of decubiti and other ulcerated areas, noting and reporting to the nurse or therapist.

(7) Rehabilitation services including, but not limited to, bowel and bladder training, range of motion exercises, ambulation training, restorative nursing services, reteaching the activities of daily living, respiratory care and breathing programs, reality orientation, reminiscing therapy, remotivation, and behavior modification.

(8) Colostomy care.

(9) Care of medical conditions out of control which includes brittle diabetes and comfort care of terminal conditions.

(10) Postsurgical nursing care.

(11) Monitoring medications requiring close supervision because of fluctuating physical or psychological conditions, e.g., antihypertensives, digitalis preparations, mood-altering or psychotropic drugs, or narcotics.

(12) Preparing and monitoring response to therapeutic diets.

(13) Recording and reporting of changes in vital signs to the nurse or therapist.

*c.* A unit of service is 1 hour, or one 8- to 24-hour day provided by an individual or an agency. Each service shall be billed in whole units.

*d.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall be responsible for selecting the person or agency who will provide the components of the attendant care services to be provided.

*e.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall determine the components of the attendant care services to be provided with the person who is providing the services to the consumer.

*f.* The service activities may not include parenting or child care for or on behalf of the consumer. *g.* The consumer and provider shall complete and sign Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. A copy of the completed agreement shall be attached to the service plan which is signed by the service worker prior to the initiation of services, and kept in the consumer's and department's records.

*h.* If the consumer has a guardian, the care plan shall address how consumer-directed attendant care services will be monitored to ensure the consumer's needs are being adequately met.

*i.* If the consumer has a guardian, the guardian shall sign the claim form in place of the consumer, indicating that the service has been provided as presented on the claim.

*j*. The frequency or intensity of services shall be indicated in the service plan.

*k.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may not be simultaneously reimbursed with any other HCBS waiver services.

*l.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may be provided to a recipient of in-home health-related care services, but not at the same time.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

441—78.35(249A) Certified registered nurse anesthetists. Payment shall be approved for anesthe-

sia service provided by certified registered nurse anesthetists within their scope of practice. This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

## 441—78.36(249A) Hospice services.

**78.36(1)** General characteristics. A hospice is a public agency or private organization or a subdivision of either that is primarily engaged in providing care to terminally ill individuals. A hospice provides palliative and supportive services to meet the physical, psychosocial, social and spiritual needs of a terminally ill individual and the individual's family or other persons caring for the individual regardless of where the individual resides. Hospice services are those services to control pain and provide support to individuals to continue life with as little disruption as possible.

*a.* Covered services. Covered services shall include, in accordance with Medicare guidelines, the following:

(1) Nursing care.

(2) Medical social services.

(3) Physician services.

(4) Counseling services provided to the terminally ill individual and the individual's family members or other persons caring for the individual at the individual's place of residence, including bereavement, dietary, and spiritual counseling.

(5) Short-term inpatient care provided in a participating hospice inpatient unit or a participating hospital or nursing facility that additionally meets the special hospice standards regarding staffing and patient areas for pain control, symptom management and respite purposes.

(6) Medical appliances and supplies, including drugs and biologicals, as needed for the palliation and management of the individual's terminal illness and related conditions.

(7) Homemaker and home health aide services.

(8) Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology unless this provision has been waived under the Medicare program for a specific provider.

(9) Other items or services specified in the resident's plan that would otherwise be paid under the Medicaid program.

Nursing care, medical social services, and counseling are core hospice services and must routinely be provided directly by hospice employees. The hospice may contract with other providers to provide the remaining services. Bereavement counseling, consisting of counseling services provided after the individual's death to the individual's family or other persons caring for the individual, is a required hospice service but is not reimbursable.

b. Noncovered services.

(1) Covered services not related to the terminal illness. In accordance with Medicare guidelines, all medical services related to the terminal illness are the responsibility of the hospice. Services unrelated to the terminal illness are to be billed separately by the respective provider.

(2) Administrative duties performed by the medical director, any hospice-employed physician, or any consulting physician are included in the normal hospice rates. Patient care provided by the medical director, hospice-employed physician, attending physician, or consulting physician is separately reimbursable. Payment to the attending or consulting physician includes other partners in practice.

(3) Hospice care provided by a hospice other than the hospice designated by the individual unless provided under arrangements made by the designated hospice.

(4) AZT (Retrovir) and other curative antiviral drugs targeted at the human immunodeficiency virus for the treatment of AIDS.

**78.36(2)** *Categories of care.* Hospice care entails the following four categories of daily care. Guidelines for core and other services must be adhered to for all categories of care.

a. Routine home care is care provided in the place of residence that is not continuous.

b. Continuous home care is provided only during a period of crisis when an individual requires continuous care which is primarily nursing care to achieve palliation or management of acute medical symptoms. Nursing care must be provided by either a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse and a nurse must be providing care for more than half of the period of care. A minimum of eight hours of care per day must be provided during a 24-hour day to qualify as continuous care. Homemaker and aide services may also be provided to supplement the nursing care.

*c.* Inpatient respite care is provided to the individual only when necessary to relieve the family members or other persons caring for the individual at home. Respite care may be provided only on an occasional basis and may not be reimbursed for more than five consecutive days at a time. Respite care may not be provided when the individual is a resident of a nursing facility.

*d.* General inpatient care is provided in periods of acute medical crisis when the individual is hospitalized or in a participating hospice inpatient unit or nursing facility for pain control or acute or chronic symptom management.

**78.36(3)** *Residence in a nursing facility.* For purposes of the Medicaid hospice benefit, a nursing facility can be considered the residence of a beneficiary. When the person does reside in a nursing facility, the requirement that the care of a resident of a nursing facility must be provided under the immediate direction of either the facility or the resident's personal physician does not apply if all of the following conditions are met:

a. The resident is terminally ill.

*b.* The resident has elected to receive hospice services under the Medicaid program from a Medicaid-enrolled hospice program.

*c.* The nursing facility and the Medicaid-enrolled hospice program have entered into a written agreement under which the hospice program takes full responsibility for the professional management of the resident's hospice care and the facility agrees to provide room and board to the resident.

**78.36(4)** Approval for hospice benefits. Payment will be approved for hospice services to individuals who are certified as terminally ill, that is, the individuals have a medical prognosis that their life expectancy is six months or less if the illness runs its normal course, and who elect hospice care rather than active treatment for the illness.

*a. Physician certification process.* The hospice must obtain certification that an individual is terminally ill in accordance with the following procedures:

(1) The hospice may obtain verbal orders to initiate hospice service from the medical director of the hospice or the physician member of the hospice interdisciplinary group and by the individual's attending physician (if the individual has an attending physician). The verbal order shall be noted in the patient's record. The verbal order must be given within two days of the start of care and be followed up in writing no later than eight calendar days after hospice care is initiated. The certification must include the statement that the individual's medical prognosis is that the individual's life expectancy is six months or less if the illness runs its normal course.

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(2) When verbal orders are not secured, the hospice must obtain, no later than two calendar days after hospice care is initiated, written certification signed by the medical director of the hospice or the physician member of the hospice interdisciplinary group and by the individual's attending physician (if the individual has an attending physician). The certification must include the statement that the individual's medical prognosis is that the individual's life expectancy is six months or less, if the illness runs its normal course.

(3) Hospice care benefit periods consist of up to two periods of 90 days each and an unlimited number of subsequent 60-day periods as elected by the individual. The medical director or a physician must recertify at the beginning of each benefit period that the individual is terminally ill.

*b. Election procedures.* Individuals who are dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid must receive hospice coverage under Medicare.

(1) Election statement. An individual, or individual's representative, elects to receive the hospice benefit by filing an election statement, Form 470-2618, Election of Medicaid Hospice Benefit, with a particular hospice. The hospice may provide the individual with another election form to use provided the form includes the following information:

1. Identification of the hospice that will provide the care.

2. Acknowledgment that the recipient has been given a full understanding of hospice care.

3. Acknowledgment that the recipient waives the right to regular Medicaid benefits, except for payment to the regular physician and treatment for medical conditions unrelated to the terminal illness.

4. Acknowledgment that recipients are not responsible for copayment or other deductibles.

- 5. The recipient's Medicaid number.
- 6. The effective date of election.
- 7. The recipient's signature.

(2) Change of designation. An individual may change the designation of the particular hospice from which the individual elects to receive hospice care one time only.

(3) Effective date. An individual may designate an effective date for the hospice benefit that begins with the first day of the hospice care or any subsequent day of hospice care, but an individual may not designate an effective date that is earlier than the date that the election is made.

(4) Duration of election. The election to receive hospice care will be considered to continue until one of the following occurs:

1. The individual dies.

2. The individual or the individual's representative revokes the election.

3. The individual's situation changes so that the individual no longer qualifies for the hospice benefit.

4. The hospice elects to terminate the recipient's enrollment in accordance with the hospice's established discharge policy.

(5) Revocation. Form 470-2619, Revocation of Medicaid Hospice Benefit, is completed when an individual or the individual's representative revokes the hospice benefit allowed under Medicaid. When an individual revokes the election of Medicaid coverage of hospice care, the individual resumes Medicaid coverage of the benefits waived when hospice care was elected.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441—78.37(249A) HCBS elderly waiver services.** Payment will be approved for the following services to clients eligible for the HCBS elderly waiver services as established in 441—Chapter 83. The client shall have a billable waiver service each month. Services must be billed in whole units.

**78.37(1)** Adult day care services. Adult day care services provide an organized program of supportive care in a group environment to persons who need a degree of supervision and assistance on a regular or intermittent basis in a day care center. A unit of service is a half day (1 to 4 hours), a full day (4 to 8 hours), or an extended day (8 to 12 hours). Components of the service are set forth in rule 441—171.6(234) or as indicated in the Iowa department of elder affairs Annual Service and Fiscal Reporting Manual.

**78.37(2)** *Emergency response system.* The emergency response system allows a person experiencing a medical emergency at home to activate electronic components that transmit a coded signal via digital equipment over telephone lines to a central monitoring station. The necessary components of a system are:

a. An in-home medical communications transceiver.

b. A remote, portable activator.

c. A central monitoring station with backup systems staffed by trained attendants 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

*d.* Current data files at the central monitoring station containing preestablished response protocols and personal, medical, and emergency information for each client.

**78.37(3)** *Home health aide services.* Home health aide services are personal or direct care services provided to the client which are not payable under Medicaid as set forth in rule 441—78.9(249A). A unit of service is a visit. Components of the service include:

- *a.* Observation and reporting of physical or emotional needs.
- b. Helping a client with bath, shampoo, or oral hygiene.
- c. Helping a client with toileting.
- *d.* Helping a client in and out of bed and with ambulation.
- e. Helping a client reestablish activities of daily living.
- f. Assisting with oral medications ordinarily self-administered and ordered by a physician.

*g.* Performing incidental household services which are essential to the client's health care at home and are necessary to prevent or postpone institutionalization in order to complete a full unit of service.

**78.37(4)** *Homemaker services.* Homemaker services are those services provided when the client lives alone or when the person who usually performs these functions for the client is incapacitated or occupied providing direct care to the client. A unit of service is one hour. Components of the service include:

*a.* Essential shopping: shopping for basic need items such as food, clothing or personal care items, or drugs.

*b.* Limited housecleaning: maintenance cleaning such as vacuuming, dusting, scrubbing floors, defrosting refrigerators, cleaning stoves, and washing and mending clothes.

- c. Accompaniment to medical or psychiatric services.
- *d.* Meal preparation: planning and preparing balanced meals.
- e. Bathing and dressing for self-directing recipients.

**78.37(5)** *Nursing care services.* Nursing care services are services provided by licensed agency nurses to clients in the home which are ordered by and included in the plan of treatment established by the physician. The services are reasonable and necessary to the treatment of an illness or injury and include: observation; evaluation; teaching; training; supervision; therapeutic exercise; bowel and bladder care; administration of medications; intravenous, hypodermoclysis, and enteral feedings; skin care; preparation of clinical and progress notes; coordination of services and informing the physician and other personnel of changes in the patient's condition and needs.

A unit of service is one visit. Nursing care service can pay for a maximum of eight nursing visits per month for intermediate level of care persons. There is no limit on the maximum visits for skilled level of care persons.

**78.37(6)** *Respite care services.* Respite care services are temporary care to a client to provide relief to the usual informal caregiver and provide all the care the usual caregiver would provide.

a. If the respite care is provided in the client's home, only the cost of care is reimbursed.

b. If the respite care is provided outside of the client's home, charges may include room and board.

*c.* A unit of service is either one 24-hour day for out-of-home respite care provided by a facility or camp, one 4- to 8-hour period of time for in-home respite care provided by a home health agency, or one hour for respite care provided by an adult day care provider, HCBS MR waiver provider, home care agency, day camp, or home health agency when the home health agency provides one to three hours of respite service.

d. Rescinded IAB 3/30/94, effective 6/1/94.

*e*. When respite care is provided, the provision of, or payment for, other duplicative services under the waiver is precluded.

**78.37(7)** *Chore services.* Chore services include the following services: window and door maintenance, such as hanging screen windows and doors, replacing windowpanes, and washing windows; minor repairs to walls, floors, stairs, railings and handles; heavy cleaning which includes cleaning attics or basements to remove fire hazards, moving heavy furniture, extensive wall washing, floor care or painting and trash removal; and yard work such as mowing lawns, raking leaves and shoveling walks. A unit of service is one-half hour.

**78.37(8)** *Home-delivered meals.* Home-delivered meals means meals prepared elsewhere and delivered to a waiver recipient at the recipient's residence. Each meal shall ensure the recipient receives a minimum of one-third of the daily recommended dietary allowance as established by the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences. The meal may also be a liquid supplement which meets the minimum one-third standard. When a restaurant provides the home-delivered meal, the recipient is required to have a nutritional consultation. The nutritional consultation includes contact with the restaurant to explain the dietary needs of the client and explain what constitutes the minimum one-third daily dietary allowance.

A maximum of 14 meals is allowed per week. A unit of service is a meal.

**78.37(9)** Home and vehicle modification. Covered home and vehicle modifications are those set forth in subrule 78.41(4), paragraphs "a" to "d."

**78.37(10)** *Mental health outreach.* Mental health outreach services are services provided in a recipient's home to identify, evaluate, and provide treatment and psychosocial support. The services can only be provided on the basis of a referral from the Case Management Program for the Frail Elderly (CMPFE) interdisciplinary team. A unit of service is 15 minutes.

**78.37(11)** *Transportation.* Transportation services may be provided for recipients to conduct business errands, essential shopping, to receive medical services not reimbursed through medical transportation, and to reduce social isolation. A unit of service is per mile, per trip or rate established by area agency on aging. When paying the rate established by an area agency on aging, the monthly payment shall not exceed \$200 per month for wheelchair or other handicapped transportation, or \$100 per month for nonhandicapped transportation.

**78.37(12)** *Nutritional counseling.* Nutritional counseling services may be provided for a nutritional problem or condition of such a degree of severity that nutritional counseling beyond that normally expected as part of the standard medical management is warranted. A unit of service is 15 minutes.

**78.37(13)** Assistive devices. Assistive devices means practical equipment products to assist persons with activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living to allow the person more independence. They include, but are not limited to: long-reach brush, extra long shoehorn, nonslip grippers to pick up and reach items, dressing aids, shampoo rinse tray and inflatable shampoo tray, double-handled cup and sipper lid. A unit is an item.

**78.37(14)** Senior companion. Senior companion services are nonmedical care supervision, oversight, and respite. Companions may assist with such tasks as meal preparation, laundry, shopping and light housekeeping tasks. This service cannot provide hands-on nursing or medical care. A unit of service is one hour.

**78.37(15)** Consumer-directed attendant care service. Consumer-directed attendant care services are service activities performed by a person to help a consumer with self-care tasks which the consumer would typically do independently if the consumer were otherwise able.

*a.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following nonskilled service activities:

(1) Dressing.

(2) Bath, shampoo, hygiene, and grooming.

(3) Access to and from bed or a wheelchair, transferring, ambulation, and mobility in general. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for transferring. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(4) Toilet assistance, including bowel, bladder, and catheter assistance. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for catheter assistance. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(5) Meal preparation, cooking, eating and feeding but not the cost of meals themselves.

(6) Housekeeping services which are essential to the consumer's health care at home.

(7) Medications ordinarily self-administered including those ordered by a physician or other qualified health care provider. It is recommended the provider successfully complete a medication aide course administered by an area community college.

(8) Wound care.

(9) Assistance needed to go to or return from a place of employment. Assistance while the consumer is on the job site and the cost of transportation for the consumer are not included in consumerdirected attendant care services.

(10) Cognitive assistance with tasks such as handling money and scheduling.

(11) Fostering communication through interpreting and reading services as well as assistive devices for communication.

(12) Assisting or accompanying a consumer in using transportation essential to the health and welfare of the consumer. The cost of the transportation is not included.

b. The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following skilled services under the supervision of a licensed nurse or licensed therapist working under the direction of a physician. The licensed nurse or therapist shall retain accountability for actions that are delegated. The licensed nurse or therapist shall ensure appropriate assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The licensed nurse or therapist shall make on-site supervisory visits every two weeks with the provider present. The cost of the supervision provided by the licensed nurse or therapist shall be paid from private insurance and other third-party payment sources, Medicare, the regular Medicaid program, or the early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment program before accessing the HCBS waiver.

(1) Tube feedings of consumers unable to eat solid foods.

- (2) Intravenous therapy administered by a registered nurse.
- (3) Parenteral injections required more than once a week.

(4) Catheterizations, continuing care of indwelling catheters with supervision of irrigations, and changing of Foley catheters when required.

(5) Respiratory care including inhalation therapy and tracheotomy care or tracheotomy care and ventilator.

(6) Care of decubiti and other ulcerated areas, noting and reporting to the nurse or therapist.

(7) Rehabilitation services including, but not limited to, bowel and bladder training, range of motion exercises, ambulation training, restorative nursing services, reteaching the activities of daily living, respiratory care and breathing programs, reality orientation, reminiscing therapy, remotivation, and behavior modification.

(8) Colostomy care.

(9) Care of medical conditions out of control which includes brittle diabetes and comfort care of terminal conditions.

(10) Postsurgical nursing care.

(11) Monitoring medications requiring close supervision because of fluctuating physical or psychological conditions, e.g., antihypertensives, digitalis preparations, mood-altering or psychotropic drugs, or narcotics.

(12) Preparing and monitoring response to therapeutic diets.

(13) Recording and reporting of changes in vital signs to the nurse or therapist.

*c.* A unit of service is 1 hour, or one 8- to 24-hour day provided by an individual or an agency. Each service shall be billed in whole units.

*d.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall be responsible for selecting the person or agency who will provide the components of the attendant care services to be provided.

*e.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall determine the components of the attendant care services to be provided with the person who is providing the services to the consumer.

f. The service activities may not include parenting or child care for or on behalf of the consumer.

*g.* The consumer and provider shall complete and sign Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. A copy of the completed agreement shall be attached to the service plan which is signed by the service worker prior to the initiation of services, and kept in the consumer's and department's records.

*h.* If the consumer has a guardian, the care plan shall address how consumer-directed attendant care services will be monitored to ensure the consumer's needs are being adequately met.

*i.* If the consumer has a guardian, the guardian shall sign the claim form in place of the consumer, indicating that the service has been provided as presented on the claim.

*j*. The frequency or intensity of services shall be indicated in the service plan.

*k.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may not be simultaneously reimbursed with any other HCBS waiver services.

*l.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may be provided to a recipient of in-home health-related care services, but not at the same time.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.38(249A) HCBS AIDS/HIV waiver services.** Payment will be approved for the following services to clients eligible for the HCBS AIDS/HIV waiver services as established in 441—Chapter 83. Services must be billed in whole units.

**78.38(1)** *Counseling services.* Counseling services are face-to-face mental health services provided to the client and caregiver by a mental health professional as defined in rule 441—24.61(225C,230A) to facilitate home management of the client and prevent institutionalization. Counseling services are nonpsychiatric services necessary for the management of depression, assistance with the grief process, alleviation of psychosocial isolation and support in coping with a disability or illness, including terminal illness. Counseling services may be provided both for the purpose of training the client's family or other caregiver to provide care, and for the purpose of helping the client and those caring for the client to adjust to the client's disability or terminal condition. Counseling services may be provided to the client's caregiver only when included in the case plan for the client.

Payment will be made for individual and group counseling. A unit of individual counseling for the waiver client or the waiver client and the client's caregiver is 15 minutes. A unit of group counseling is one hour. Payment for group counseling is based on the group rate divided by six, or, if the number of persons who comprise the group exceeds six, the actual number of persons who comprise the group.

**78.38(2)** *Home health aide services.* Home health aide services are personal or direct care services provided to the client which are not payable under Medicaid as set forth in rule 441—78.9(249A). A unit of service is a visit. Components of the service are:

- *a.* Observation and reporting of physical or emotional needs.
- b. Helping a client with bath, shampoo, or oral hygiene.
- c. Helping a client with toileting.
- *d.* Helping a client in and out of bed and with ambulation.
- e. Helping a client reestablish activities of daily living.
- f. Assisting with oral medications ordinarily self-administered and ordered by a physician.

*g.* Performing incidental household services which are essential to the client's health care at home and are necessary to prevent or postpone institutionalization in order to complete a full unit of service.

**78.38(3)** *Homemaker services.* Homemaker services are those services provided when the client lives alone or when the person who usually performs these functions for the client needs assistance with performing the functions. A unit of service is one hour. Components of the service are directly related to the care of the client and are:

*a.* Essential shopping: shopping for basic need items such as food, clothing or personal care items, or drugs.

*b.* Limited housecleaning: maintenance cleaning such as vacuuming, dusting, scrubbing floors, defrosting refrigerators, cleaning stoves, cleaning medical equipment, washing and mending clothes, washing personal items used by the client, and dishes.

*c.* Accompaniment to medical or psychiatric services or for children aged 18 and under to school.*d.* Meal preparation: planning and preparing balanced meals.

**78.38(4)** *Nursing care services.* Nursing care services are services provided by licensed agency nurses to clients in the home which are ordered by and included in the plan of treatment established by the physician. The services shall be reasonable and necessary to the treatment of an illness or injury and include: observation; evaluation; teaching; training; supervision; therapeutic exercise; bowel and bladder care; administration of medications; intravenous and enteral feedings; skin care; preparation of clinical and progress notes; coordination of services; and informing the physician and other personnel of changes in the patient's conditions and needs. A unit of service is a visit.

**78.38(5)** *Respite care services.* Respite care services are temporary care to a client to provide relief to the usual informal caregiver and provide all the care the usual caregiver would provide.

a. If the respite care is provided in the client's home, only the cost of care is reimbursed.

b. If the respite care is provided outside of the client's home, charges may include room and board.

*c*. A unit of service is either one 24-hour day for out-of-home respite care provided by a facility or camp, one 4- to 8-hour period of time for in-home respite care provided by a home health agency, or one hour for respite care provided by an adult day care provider, HCBS MR waiver provider, home care agency, day camp or home health agency when the home health agency provides one to three hours of respite service.

d. Rescinded IAB 3/30/94, effective 6/1/94.

*e*. When respite care is provided, the provision of, or payment for, other duplicative services under the waiver is precluded.

**78.38(6)** *Home-delivered meals.* Home-delivered meals means meals prepared elsewhere and delivered to a waiver recipient at the recipient's residence. Each meal shall ensure the recipient receives a minimum of one-third of the daily recommended dietary allowance as established by the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council of the National Academy of Sciences. The meal may also be a liquid supplement which meets the minimum one-third standard. A maximum of 14 meals is allowed per week. A unit of service is a meal.

**78.38(7)** Adult day care services. Adult day care services provide an organized program of supportive care in a group environment to persons who need a degree of supervision and assistance on a regular or intermittent basis in a day care center. A unit of service is a half day (1 to 4 hours), a full day (4 to 8 hours), or an extended day (8 to 12 hours). Components of the service are as set forth in rule 441—171.6(234) or the department of elder affairs rule 321—24.7(231).

**78.38(8)** Consumer-directed attendant care service. Consumer-directed attendant care services are service activities performed by a person to help a consumer with self-care tasks which the consumer would typically do independently if the consumer were otherwise able.

*a.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following nonskilled service activities:

(1) Dressing.

(2) Bath, shampoo, hygiene, and grooming.

(3) Access to and from bed or a wheelchair, transferring, ambulation, and mobility in general. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for transferring. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(4) Toilet assistance, including bowel, bladder, and catheter assistance. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for catheter assistance. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(5) Meal preparation, cooking, eating and feeding but not the cost of meals themselves.

(6) Housekeeping services which are essential to the consumer's health care at home.

(7) Medications ordinarily self-administered including those ordered by a physician or other qualified health care provider. It is recommended the provider successfully complete a medication aide course administered by an area community college.

(8) Wound care.

(9) Assistance needed to go to or return from a place of employment. Assistance while the consumer is on the job site and the cost of transportation for the consumer are not included in consumerdirected attendant care services.

(10) Cognitive assistance with tasks such as handling money and scheduling.

(11) Fostering communication through interpreting and reading services as well as assistive devices for communication.

(12) Assisting or accompanying a consumer in using transportation essential to the health and welfare of the consumer. The cost of the transportation is not included.

*b.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following skilled services under the supervision of a licensed nurse or licensed therapist working under the direction of a physician. The licensed nurse or therapist shall retain accountability for actions that are delegated. The licensed nurse or therapist shall ensure appropriate assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The licensed nurse or therapist shall make on-site supervisory visits every two weeks with the provider present. The cost of the supervision provided by the licensed nurse or therapist shall be paid from private insurance and other third-party payment sources, Medicare, the regular Medicaid program, or the early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment program before accessing the HCBS waiver.

(1) Tube feedings of consumers unable to eat solid foods.

(2) Intravenous therapy administered by a registered nurse.

(3) Parenteral injections required more than once a week.

(4) Catheterizations, continuing care of indwelling catheters with supervision of irrigations, and changing of Foley catheters when required.

(5) Respiratory care including inhalation therapy and tracheotomy care or tracheotomy care and ventilator.

(6) Care of decubiti and other ulcerated areas, noting and reporting to the nurse or therapist.

(7) Rehabilitation services including, but not limited to, bowel and bladder training, range of motion exercises, ambulation training, restorative nursing services, reteaching the activities of daily living, respiratory care and breathing programs, reality orientation, reminiscing therapy, remotivation, and behavior modification.

(8) Colostomy care.

(9) Care of medical conditions out of control which includes brittle diabetes and comfort care of terminal conditions.

(10) Postsurgical nursing care.

(11) Monitoring medications requiring close supervision because of fluctuating physical or psychological conditions, e.g., antihypertensives, digitalis preparations, mood-altering or psychotropic drugs, or narcotics.

(12) Preparing and monitoring response to therapeutic diets.

(13) Recording and reporting of changes in vital signs to the nurse or therapist.

*c.* A unit of service is 1 hour, or one 8- to 24-hour day provided by an individual or an agency. Each service shall be billed in whole units.

*d.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall be responsible for selecting the person or agency who will provide the components of the attendant care services to be provided.

*e.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall determine the components of the attendant care services to be provided with the person who is providing the services to the consumer.

f. The service activities may not include parenting or child care for or on behalf of the consumer.

*g.* The consumer and provider shall complete and sign Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. A copy of the completed agreement shall be attached to the service plan which is signed by the service worker prior to the initiation of services, and kept in the consumer's and department's records.

*h.* If the consumer has a guardian, the care plan shall address how consumer-directed attendant care services will be monitored to ensure the consumer's needs are being adequately met.

*i.* If the consumer has a guardian, the guardian shall sign the claim form in place of the consumer, indicating that the service has been provided as presented on the claim.

*j.* The frequency or intensity of services shall be indicated in the service plan.

*k.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may not be simultaneously reimbursed with any other HCBS waiver services.

*l.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may be provided to a recipient of in-home health-related care services, but not at the same time.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.39(249A)** Federally qualified health centers. Payment shall be made for services as defined in Section 1905(a)(2)(C) of the Social Security Act.

**78.39(1)** *Utilization review.* Utilization review shall be conducted of Medicaid recipients who access more than 24 outpatient visits in any 12-month period from physicians, family and pediatric nurse practitioners, federally qualified health centers, other clinics, and emergency rooms. Refer to rule 441—76.9(249A) for further information concerning the recipient lock-in program.

**78.39(2)** *Risk assessments.* Risk assessments, using Form 470-2942, Medicaid Prenatal Risk Assessment, shall be completed twice during a Medicaid recipient's pregnancy. If the risk assessment reflects a high-risk pregnancy, referral shall be made for enhanced services. See description of enhanced services at subrule 78.25(3).

Federally qualified health centers which wish to administer vaccines which are available through the vaccines for children program to Medicaid recipients shall enroll in the vaccines for children program. In lieu of payment, vaccines available through the vaccines for children program shall be accessed from the department of public health for Medicaid recipients. **78.39(3)** *EPSDT care coordination.* Payment for EPSDT care coordination services outlined in 78.18(6) "b"(2)"1" to "7" is available to Medipass eligible providers as defined in rule 441-88.41(249A) who accept responsibility for providing EPSDT care coordination services to the Medipass recipients under the age of 21 assigned to them on a monthly basis. All Medipass providers shall be required to complete Form 470-3183, Care Coordination Agreement, to reflect acceptance or denial of EPSDT care coordination responsibility. When the Medipass provider does not accept the responsibility, the Medipass patients assigned to the Medipass provider are automatically referred to the designated department of public health EPSDT care coordination responsibility shall be for a specified period of time of no less than six months. Medipass providers who identify Medipass EPSDT recipients in need of transportation assistance beyond that available according to rule 441-78.13(249A) shall be referred to the designated department of public health ergent assigned to the designated department of public health agency assigned to the designated department of rule 441-78.13(249A) shall be referred to the designated department of public health agency assigned to the geographical area of the recipient's residence.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.40(249A) Independently practicing family or pediatric nurse practitioners.** Payment shall be approved for services provided by independently practicing family or pediatric nurse practitioners within their scope of practice, including advanced nursing and physician-delegated functions under a protocol with a collaborating physician, with the exception of services not payable to physicians under rule 441—**78.1**(249A).

Family or pediatric nurse practitioners are not considered to be independently practicing when they are auxiliary personnel of a physician as defined in 78.1(13) "*b*," or when they are employees of a hospital or clinic. An established protocol between a physician and the family or pediatric nurse practitioner shall not cause a family or pediatric nurse practitioner to be considered auxiliary personnel of a physician, or an employee of a hospital or clinic. The family or pediatric nurse practitioner shall have promptly available the necessary equipment and personnel to handle emergencies.

Utilization review shall be conducted of Medicaid recipients who access more than 24 outpatient visits in any 12-month period from physicians, family and pediatric nurse practitioners, federally qualified health centers, other clinics, and emergency rooms. Refer to rule 441—76.9(249A) for further information concerning the recipient lock-in program.

Independently practicing family or pediatric nurse practitioners who wish to administer vaccines which are available through the vaccines for children program to Medicaid recipients shall enroll in the vaccines for children program. In lieu of payment, vaccines available through the vaccines for children program shall be accessed from the department of public health for Medicaid recipients. Independently practicing family or pediatric nurse practitioners shall receive reimbursement for the administration of vaccines to Medicaid recipients.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.41(249A) HCBS MR waiver services.** Payment will be approved for the following services to consumers eligible for the HCBS MR waiver services as established in 441—Chapter 83 and as identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan (ICP). All services include the applicable and necessary instruction, supervision, assistance and support as required by the consumer in achieving the consumer's life goals. The services, amount and supports provided under the HCBS MR waiver shall be delivered in the least restrictive environment and in conformity with the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

Reimbursement shall not be available under the waiver for any services that the consumer can obtain through the Medicaid state plan.

All services shall be billed in whole units.

**78.41(1)** Supported community living services. Supported community living services are provided by the provider within the consumer's home and community, according to the individualized consumer need as identified in the individual comprehensive plan (ICP) or department case plan.

*a.* The basic components of the service may include, but are not limited to, personal and home skills training services, individual advocacy services, community skills training services, personal environment support services, transportation, and treatment services.

(1) Personal and home skills training services are those activities which assist a consumer to develop or maintain skills for self-care, self-directedness, and care of the immediate environment.

(2) "Individual advocacy services" means the act or process of representing the individual's rights and interests in order to realize the rights to which the individual is entitled and to remove barriers to meeting the individual's needs.

(3) "Community skills training services" means activities which assist a person to develop or maintain skills allowing better participation in the community. Services shall focus on the following areas as they are applicable to individuals being served:

1. Personal management skills training services are activities which assist a person to maintain or develop skills necessary to sustain oneself in the physical environment and are essential to the management of one's personal business and property. This includes self-advocacy skills. Examples of personal management skills are the ability to maintain a household budget; plan and prepare nutritional meals; ability to use community resources such as public transportation, libraries, etc., and ability to select foods at the grocery store.

2. Socialization skills training services are those activities which assist a consumer to develop or maintain skills which include self-awareness and self-control, social responsiveness, community participation, social amenities, and interpersonal skills.

3. Communication skills training services are activities which assist a person to develop or maintain skills including expressive and receptive skills in verbal and nonverbal language and the functional application of acquired reading and writing skills.

(4) "Personal and environmental support services" means activities and expenditures provided to or on behalf of a person in the areas of personal needs in order to allow the person to function in the least restrictive environment.

(5) "Transportation services" means activities and expenditures designed to assist the person to travel from one place to another to obtain services or carry out life's activities. The service excludes transportation to and from work.

(6) "Treatment services" means activities designed to assist the person to maintain or improve physiological, emotional and behavioral functioning and to prevent conditions that would present barriers to a person's functioning. Treatment services include physical or physiological treatment and psychotherapeutic treatment.

1. Physiological treatment means activities including medication regimens designed to prevent, halt, control, relieve, or reverse symptoms or conditions which interfere with the normal functioning of the human body. The activities shall be provided by or under the supervision of a health care professional certified or licensed to provide the treatment activity specified.

2. Psychotherapeutic treatment means activities provided to assist a person in the identification or modification of beliefs, emotions, attitudes, or behaviors in order to maintain or improve the person's functioning in response to the physical, emotional, and social environment.

*b.* The supported community living services are intended to provide for the daily living needs of the consumer and shall be available as needed during any 24-hour period. Activities do not include those associated with vocational services, academics, day care, medical services, Medicaid case management or other case management. Services are individualized supportive services provided in a variety of community-based, integrated settings.

(1) Supported community living services shall be available at a daily rate to consumers living outside the home of their family, legal representative, or foster family and for whom a provider has primary responsibility for supervision or structure during the month. This service will provide supervision or structure in identified time periods when another resource is not available.

(2) Supported community living services shall be available at an hourly rate to consumers for whom a daily rate is not established.

*c.* Services may be provided to a child or an adult. A maximum of three consumers receiving community-supported alternative living arrangements or HCBS MR services may reside in a living unit except providers meeting requirements set forth in 441—paragraph 77.37(14)"*e.*"

(1) Consumers may live within the home of their family or legal representative or within other types of typical community living arrangements.

(2) Consumers of services living with families or legal representatives are not subject to the maximum of three consumers in a living unit.

(3) Consumers may not live in licensed medical facilities.

(4) Consumers aged 17 or under living within the home of their family, legal representative, or foster families shall receive services based on development of adaptive, behavior, or health skills. Duration of services shall be based on age appropriateness and individual attention span.

*d.* Living units shall be located throughout the community with regard for community norms in geographical proximity of residences. No more than eight consumers shall reside in settings with a maximum of four living units. Larger settings require the majority of living units to be occupied by individuals who are not disabled.

*e*. Transportation to and from a day program is not a reimbursable service. Maintenance and room and board costs are not reimbursable.

*f.* Provider budgets shall reflect all staff-to-consumer ratios. A unit of service is:

(1) One full calendar day when a consumer residing in the living unit receives on-site staff supervision for 14 or more hours per day as an average over a 7-day week and the consumer's individual comprehensive plan or case plan identifies and reflects the need for this amount of supervision.

(2) One hour when subparagraph (1) does not apply.

g. The maximum number of units available per consumer is as follows:

(1) 365 daily units per state fiscal year except a leap year when 366 daily units are available.

(2) 5,110 hourly units are available per state fiscal year except a leap year when 5,124 hourly units are available.

h. The service shall be identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

*i.* Services shall not be simultaneously reimbursed with other residential services, HCBS MR respite, Medicaid or HCBS MR nursing, or Medicaid or HCBS MR home health aide services.

**78.41(2)** *Respite services.* Respite services are those services provided to consumers who are unable to care for themselves living with persons manually providing their care. Respite is short-term relief provided in the absence of the family or legal representative normally providing the care. Service activities shall be documented in the consumer record.

*a.* Services shall not be reimbursable if the living unit is otherwise reserved for persons on a temporary leave of absence.

*b.* For respite services provided in the consumer's home, only the cost of care is reimbursed. Room and board is excluded from reimbursement.

c. For respite services provided out of the home, charges may include room and board.

*d.* A unit of service is one hour for nonfacility care or one day for facility care. One day equals 24 hours.

*e.* A maximum of 576 hours are available per 12-month period. A maximum of 336 hours may be used in any calendar month. One unit of nonfacility care counts as one hour. One unit of facility care counts as 24 hours.

f. The service shall be identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

*g.* Respite services shall not be simultaneously reimbursed with other residential or respite services, HCBS MR waiver supported community living services, Medicaid or HCBS MR nursing, or Medicaid or HCBS MR home health aide services.

**78.41(3)** *Personal emergency response system.* The personal emergency response system is an electronic component that transmits a coded signal via digital equipment to a central monitoring station. The electronic device allows a person to access assistance in the event of an emergency when alone.

*a.* The necessary components of the system are:

(1) An in-home medical communications transceiver.

(2) A remote, portable activator.

(3) A central monitoring station with backup systems staffed by trained attendants 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

(4) Current data files at the central monitoring station containing response protocols and personal, medical and emergency information for each consumer.

b. The service shall be identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

c. A unit is a one-time installation fee or one month of service.

d. Maximum units per state fiscal year are the initial installation and 12 months of service.

**78.41(4)** *Vehicle and home modifications.* Covered vehicle and home modifications are those physical modifications to the consumer's home environment and vehicle which are necessary to provide for the health, welfare and safety of the consumer, and which enable the consumer to function with greater independence in the home or vehicle.

*a.* Services shall be included in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan or service plan and shall exceed the Medicaid state plan services.

b. These services may include the purchase, installation or modification of:

(1) Kitchen counters, sink space, cabinets, special adaptations to refrigerators, stoves and ovens, grab bars and handrails.

(2) Bathtubs and toilets to accommodate wheelchair transfer, shower and bathtub seats, grab bars, special handles and hoses for shower heads, water faucet controls, wheelchair-accessible showers and sink areas, and turnaround space adaptations.

(3) Entrance ramps and rails, lifts for porches or stairs, door, hall, and window widening, fire safety alarm equipment specific for hearing and visually disabled, voice-activated, light-activated, motion-activated, and electronic devices, air filtering, and heating and cooling adaptations.

(4) Vehicle floor or wall bracing, lifts, and driver-specific adaptations.

c. A unit of service is the completion of needed modifications or adaptations.

*d.* All modifications and adaptations shall be provided in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local building and vehicle codes.

*e*. Home and vehicle modifications shall be provided by community businesses. Services shall be performed following department approval of a binding contract between the supported community living service provider and the community business.

*f.* Service payment shall be made to the supported community living service provider to forward to the applicable community business following completion of the approved modifications.

**78.41(5)** *Nursing services.* Nursing services are individualized in-home medical services provided by licensed nurses. Services shall exceed the Medicaid state plan services and be included in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

a. A unit of service is one hour.

b. A maximum of ten units are available per week.

**78.41(6)** *Home health aide services.* Home health aide services are personal or direct care services provided to the consumer which are not payable under Medicaid as set forth in rule 441—78.9(249A). Services shall include unskilled medical services and shall exceed those services provided under HCBS MR supported community living. Instruction, supervision, support or assistance in personal hygiene, bathing, and daily living shall be provided under supported community living.

*a.* Services shall be included in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

- b. A unit is one hour.
- c. A maximum of 14 units are available per week.

**78.41(7)** Supported employment services. Supported employment services are those services of instruction, supervision and assistance associated with attaining and maintaining paid employment.

*a*. The components of the service are instructional activities to obtain a job, initial instructional activities on the job, enclave settings as defined in paragraph "*i*," and follow-along. The service consists of:

(1) Paid employment for persons for whom competitive employment at or above the minimum wage is unlikely, and who, because of their disabilities, need intensive ongoing support to perform in a work setting.

(2) Employment-related adaptations required to assist the consumer within the employment setting.

(3) Transportation, when provided between the consumer's place of residence and the supported employment site or between sites (in situations where the consumer receives the services in more than one place). Ordinary forms of community transportation (car pools, coworkers, self or public transportation) should be attempted before the service provider provides transportation.

b. Individualized or dispersed placements are the preferred service model.

*c.* The majority of coworkers within the employment site which has more than two employees shall be persons without disabilities. Daily contact shall be provided in the immediate worksite with other employees or the general public who do not have disabilities.

*d.* The individual and dispersed placement services shall provide individualized and indefinite follow-along support contacts at regular intervals with the consumer to promote successful job retention. A minimum of two contacts per month is required. As appropriate, contact at regular intervals shall be made with the employer and significant others. Contacts shall be documented.

*e.* Documentation shall be maintained in the file of each supported employment consumer that this service is not available under a program funded under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or P. L. 94-142.

f. Services shall be identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

*g.* Instructional activities to obtain a job. Reimbursement is available for instructional activities provided to the consumer and supported employment development activities associated with obtaining supported employment for the consumer.

(1) A unit is one day.

(2) A maximum of five units per week are available for a maximum of 16 weeks (80 units).

*h.* Initial instructional activities on job. Reimbursement is available for instructional activities associated with initial job training needs for consumers within individual, dispersed supported employment settings.

(1) A unit is one hour.

(2) A maximum of 40 units are available per week.

*i.* Enclave settings. Reimbursement is available for activities associated with sustaining consumers within an enclave supported employment setting of two to eight persons with disabilities.

(1) A unit is one hour.

(2) A maximum of 40 units are available per week.

*j.* Follow-along. Reimbursement is available for maintenance and follow-along activities which include individualized ongoing support activities required to sustain the consumer in the supported employment setting.

(1) A unit is one calendar month.

(2) A maximum of 12 units are available per state fiscal year.

*k.* Changes in the consumer's supported employment service or support needs shall be reflected in the individual comprehensive plan. Changes in the supported employment service model will result in changes in reimbursement on a quarterly basis.

*l.* Supported employment services shall not be simultaneously reimbursed with other supported employment, work activity, or sheltered work services, or with Medicaid or HCBS MR respite, nursing or home health aide services.

m. Rescinded IAB 3/2/94, effective 3/1/94.

**78.41(8)** Consumer-directed attendant care service. Consumer-directed attendant care services are service activities performed by a person to help a consumer with self-care tasks which the consumer would typically do independently if the consumer were otherwise able.

*a.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following nonskilled service activities:

(1) Dressing.

(2) Bath, shampoo, hygiene, and grooming.

(3) Access to and from bed or a wheelchair, transferring, ambulation, and mobility in general. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for transferring. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(4) Toilet assistance, including bowel, bladder, and catheter assistance. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for catheter assistance. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(5) Meal preparation, cooking, eating and feeding but not the cost of meals themselves.

(6) Housekeeping services which are essential to the consumer's health care at home.

(7) Medications ordinarily self-administered including those ordered by a physician or other qualified health care provider. It is recommended the provider successfully complete a medication aide course administered by an area community college.

(8) Wound care.

(9) Assistance needed to go to or return from a place of employment. Assistance while the consumer is on the job site and the cost of transportation for the consumer are not included in consumerdirected attendant care services.

(10) Cognitive assistance with tasks such as handling money and scheduling.

(11) Fostering communication through interpreting and reading services as well as assistive devices for communication.

(12) Assisting or accompanying a consumer in using transportation essential to the health and welfare of the consumer. The cost of the transportation is not included.

b. The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following skilled services under the supervision of a licensed nurse or licensed therapist working under the direction of a physician. The licensed nurse or therapist shall retain accountability for actions that are delegated. The licensed nurse or therapist shall ensure appropriate assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The licensed nurse or therapist shall make on-site supervisory visits every two weeks with the provider present. The cost of the supervision provided by the licensed nurse or therapist shall be paid from private insurance and other third-party payment sources, Medicare, the regular Medicaid program, or the early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment program before accessing the HCBS waiver.

(1) Tube feedings of consumers unable to eat solid foods.

(2) Intravenous therapy administered by a registered nurse.

(3) Parenteral injections required more than once a week.

(4) Catheterizations, continuing care of indwelling catheters with supervision of irrigations, and changing of Foley catheters when required.

(5) Respiratory care including inhalation therapy and tracheotomy care or tracheotomy care and ventilator.

(6) Care of decubiti and other ulcerated areas, noting and reporting to the nurse or therapist.

(7) Rehabilitation services including, but not limited to, bowel and bladder training, range of motion exercises, ambulation training, restorative nursing services, reteaching the activities of daily living, respiratory care and breathing programs, reality orientation, reminiscing therapy, remotivation, and behavior modification.

(8) Colostomy care.

(9) Care of medical conditions out of control which includes brittle diabetes and comfort care of terminal conditions.

(10) Postsurgical nursing care.

(11) Monitoring medications requiring close supervision because of fluctuating physical or psychological conditions, e.g., antihypertensives, digitalis preparations, mood-altering or psychotropic drugs, or narcotics.

(12) Preparing and monitoring response to therapeutic diets.

(13) Recording and reporting of changes in vital signs to the nurse or therapist.

*c.* A unit of service is 1 hour, or one 8- to 24-hour day provided by an individual or an agency. Each service shall be billed in whole units.

*d.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall be responsible for selecting the person or agency who will provide the components of the attendant care services to be provided.

*e.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall determine the components of the attendant care services to be provided with the person who is providing the services to the consumer.

f. The service activities may not include parenting or child care for or on behalf of the consumer.

*g.* The consumer and provider shall complete and sign Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. A copy of the completed agreement shall be attached to the service plan which is signed by the service worker prior to the initiation of services, and kept in the consumer's and department's records.

*h.* If the consumer has a guardian, the care plan shall address how consumer-directed attendant care services will be monitored to ensure the consumer's needs are being adequately met.

*i.* If the consumer has a guardian, the guardian shall sign the claim form in place of the consumer, indicating that the service has been provided as presented on the claim.

*j*. The frequency or intensity of services shall be indicated in the service plan.

*k.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may not be simultaneously reimbursed with any other HCBS waiver services.

*l.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may be provided to a recipient of in-home health-related care services, but not at the same time.

**441**—**78.42(249A)** Rehabilitative treatment services. Payment will be made for rehabilitative treatment services as described in 441—Chapter 185, Divisions II to V, when the rehabilitative treatment services have been authorized by the review organization under the provisions set forth in rule 441—185.4(234) and the services are provided by providers certified as described in rules 441—185.10(234) and 441—185.11(234).

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

**441**—**78.43(249A) HCBS brain injury waiver services.** Payment shall be approved for the following services to consumers eligible for the HCBS brain injury services as established in 441—Chapter 83 and as identified in the participant's individual comprehensive plan (ICP). All services shall include the applicable and necessary instructions, supervision, assistance and support as required by the consumer in achieving the goals written specifically in the ICP. The services, amount and supports provided under the HCBS brain injury waiver shall be delivered in the least restrictive environment and in conformity with the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

Reimbursement shall not be available under the waiver for any services that the consumer can obtain through regular Medicaid.

All services shall be billed in whole units.

**78.43(1)** *Case management services.* Individual case management services means activities provided, using an interdisciplinary process, to persons with a brain injury to ensure that the consumer has received a comprehensive evaluation and diagnosis, to give assistance to the consumer in obtaining appropriate services and living arrangements, to coordinate the delivery of services, and to provide monitoring to ensure the continued appropriate provision of services and the appropriateness of the selected living arrangement.

The service is to be delivered in such a way as to enhance the capabilities of consumers and their families to exercise their rights and responsibilities as citizens in the community. The goal is to enhance the ability of the consumer to exercise choice, make decisions, take risks which are a typical part of life, and fully participate as members of the community. It is essential that the case manager develop a relationship with the consumer so that the abilities, needs and desires of the consumer can be clearly identified and communicated and the case manager can help to ensure that the system and specific services are responsive to the needs of the individual consumers. Those who are at the ICF/MR level of care where the county has voluntarily chosen to participate in the HCBS brain injury waiver are eligible for targeted case management and, therefore, are not eligible for case management as a waiver service.

Case management services shall consist of the following components:

*a.* Intake, which includes ensuring that there is sufficient information to identify all areas of need for services and appropriate living arrangements.

*b.* Assurance that an individual comprehensive plan (ICP) is developed which addresses the consumer's total needs for services and living arrangements.

*c.* Assistance to the consumer in obtaining the services and living arrangements identified in the ICP.

*d.* Coordination and facilitation of decision making among providers to ensure consistency in the implementation of the ICP.

*e*. Monitoring of the services and living arrangements to ensure their continued appropriateness for the consumer.

*f*. Crisis assistance to facilitate referral to the appropriate providers to resolve the crisis. The intent and purpose of the individual case services are to facilitate the consumer's access to the service system and to enable consumers and their families to make decisions on their own behalf by providing:

(1) Information necessary for decision making.

(2) Assistance with decision making and participation in the decision-making process affecting the consumer.

(3) Assistance in problem solving.

(4) Assistance in exercising the consumer's rights.

**78.43(2)** Supported community living services. Supported community living services are provided by the provider within the consumer's home and community, according to the individualized consumer need as identified in the individual comprehensive plan (ICP) or department case plan. Intermittent service shall be provided as defined in rule 441—83.81(249A).

*a.* The basic components of the service may include, but are not limited to, personal and home skills training services, individual advocacy services, community skills training services, personal environment support services, transportation, and treatment services.

(1) Personal and home skills training services are those activities which assist a consumer to develop or maintain skills for self-care, self-directedness, and care of the immediate environment.

(2) Individual advocacy is the act or process of representing the individual's rights and interests in order to realize the rights to which the individual is entitled and to remove barriers to meeting the individual's needs.

(3) Community skills training services are those activities which assist a person to develop or maintain skills allowing better participation in the community. Services shall focus on the following areas as they are applicable to individuals being served:

1. Personal management skills training services are activities which assist a person to maintain or develop skills necessary to sustain oneself in the physical environment and are essential to the management of one's personal business and property. This includes self-advocacy skills. Examples of personal management skills are the ability to maintain a household budget, plan and prepare nutritional meals, use community resources such as public transportation and libraries, and select foods at the grocery store.

2. Socialization skills training services are those activities which assist a consumer to develop or maintain skills which include self-awareness and self-control, social responsiveness, community participation, social amenities, and interpersonal skills.

3. Communication skills training services are activities which assist a person to develop or maintain skills including expressive and receptive skills in verbal and nonverbal language and the functional application of acquired reading and writing skills. (4) Personal and environmental support services are those activities and expenditures provided to or on behalf of a person in the areas of personal needs in order to allow the person to function in the least restrictive environment.

(5) Transportation services are those activities and expenditures designed to assist the consumer to travel from one place to another to obtain services or carry out life's activities. The service excludes transportation to and from work or day programs.

(6) Treatment services are those activities designed to assist the person to maintain or improve physiological, emotional and behavioral functioning and to prevent conditions that would present barriers to a person's functioning. Treatment services include physical or physiological treatment and psychotherapeutic treatment.

Physiological treatment means activities including medication regimens designed to prevent, halt, control, relieve, or reverse symptoms or conditions which interfere with the normal functioning of the human body. The activities shall be provided by or under the supervision of a health care professional certified or licensed to provide the treatment activity specified.

Psychotherapeutic treatment means activities provided to assist a person in the identification or modification of beliefs, emotions, attitudes, or behaviors in order to maintain or improve the person's functioning in response to the physical, emotional, and social environment.

*b.* The supported community living services are intended to provide for the daily living needs of the consumer and shall be available as needed during any 24-hour period. Activities do not include those associated with vocational services, academics, day care, medical services, Medicaid case management or other case management. Services are individualized supportive services provided in a variety of community-based, integrated settings.

(1) Supported community living services shall be available at a daily rate to consumers living outside the home of their family, legal representative, or foster family and for whom a provider has primary responsibility for supervision or structure during the month. This service shall provide supervision or structure in identified time periods when another resource is not available.

(2) Supported community living services shall be available at an hourly rate to consumers for whom a daily rate is not established.

(3) Intermittent service shall be provided as defined in rule 441—83.81(249A).

*c.* Services may be provided to a child or an adult. Children must first access all other services for which they are eligible and which are appropriate to meet their needs before accessing the HCBS brain injury waiver services. A maximum of three consumers receiving community-supported alternative living arrangements or HCBS brain injury waiver services may reside in a living unit except that providers meeting requirements set forth in 441—paragraph 77.39(13)"*d*" may provide supported community living services to four HCBS brain injury waiver consumers residing in a living unit.

(1) Consumers may live in the home of their family or legal representative or in other types of typical community living arrangements.

(2) Consumers of services living with families or legal representatives are not subject to the maximum of three consumers in a living unit.

(3) Consumers may not live in licensed medical facilities.

(4) Consumers aged 17 or under living in the home of their family, legal representative, or foster families shall receive services based on development of adaptive, behavior, or health skills. Duration of services shall be based on age appropriateness and individual attention span.

*d.* Living units shall be located throughout the community at scattered sites. Settings larger than four units require the majority of living units to be occupied by individuals who are not disabled.

e. Provider budgets shall reflect all staff-to-consumer ratios. A unit of service is:

(1) One full calendar day when a consumer residing in the living unit receives on-site staff supervision for 19 or more hours during a 24-hour calendar day and the consumer's individual comprehensive plan identifies and reflects the need for this amount of supervision.

(2) One hour when subparagraph (1) does not apply.

f. The maximum numbers of units available per consumer are as follows:

(1) 365 daily units per state fiscal year except a leap year, when 366 daily units are available.

(2) 8,395 hourly units are available per state fiscal year except a leap year, when 8,418 hourly units are available.

g. The service shall be identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

*h.* Services shall not be simultaneously reimbursed with other residential services, HCBS brain injury waiver respite, transportation or personal assistance services, Medicaid nursing, or Medicaid home health aide services.

**78.43(3)** *Respite services.* Respite services are those services provided to consumers who are unable to care for themselves living with their family or legal representative. Respite is short-term relief provided in the absence of the family or legal representative normally providing the care. Service activities shall be documented in the consumer record.

a. Rescinded IAB 12/3/97, effective 2/1/98.

*b.* If the respite care is provided in the consumer's home, only the cost of care is reimbursed.

*c.* If the respite care is provided outside of the consumer's home, charges may include room and board.

*d*. A unit of service is either one 24-hour day for out-of-home respite care provided by a facility or camp, one 4- to 8-hour day for in-home respite care provided by a home health aid agency, or one hour for respite care provided by an HCBS MR or HCBS brain injury waiver provider, homemaker agency, or camp.

*e*. Respite care is not to be provided to persons aged 17 or under during the hours in which the usual caregiver is employed except when the provider is a camp providing a 24-hour service.

*f.* Respite services shall not be simultaneously reimbursed with other residential or respite services, HCBS brain injury waiver supported community living services, Medicaid nursing, or Medicaid home health aide services.

*g.* For respite services provided through in-home health or through an out-of-home medical facility, the consumer must have medical needs, meet skilled level of care criteria, or be technologically dependent.

**78.43(4)** Supported employment services. Supported employment services are those services of instruction, supervision and assistance associated with attaining and maintaining paid employment.

*a.* The components of the service are instructional activities to obtain a job, initial instructional activities on the job, enclave settings as defined in paragraph 78.43(4)"*i*," and follow-along. The service consists of:

(1) Paid employment for persons for whom competitive employment at or above the minimum wage is unlikely and who, because of their disabilities, need intensive ongoing support to perform in a work setting.

(2) Employment-related adaptations required to assist the consumer within the employment setting.

(3) Transportation, when provided between the consumer's place of residence and the supported employment site or between sites (in situations where the consumer receives the services in more than one place). Ordinary forms of community transportation (carpools, coworkers, self or public transportation) should be attempted before the service provider provides transportation.

b. Individualized or dispersed placements are the preferred service model.

*c.* The majority of coworkers within the employment site which has more than two employees shall be persons without disabilities. Daily contact shall be provided in the immediate work site with other employees or the general public who do not have disabilities.

*d.* The individual and dispersed placement services shall provide individualized and indefinite follow-along support contacts at regular intervals with the consumer to promote successful job retention. A minimum of two contacts per month is required. As appropriate, contact at regular intervals shall be made with the employer and significant others. Contacts shall be documented.

*e.* Documentation shall be maintained in the file of each supported employment consumer that this service is not available under a program funded under the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 or Public Law 94-142.

f. Services shall be identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

*g.* Reimbursement is available for instructional activities provided to the consumer and supported employment development activities associated with obtaining supported employment for the consumer.

(1) A unit is one day.

(2) A maximum of five units per week are available.

*h.* Reimbursement is available for instructional activities associated with initial job training needs for consumers within individual, dispersed supported employment settings.

(1) A unit is one hour.

(2) A maximum of 40 units are available per week for 16 weeks (640 units).

*i.* Reimbursement is available for activities associated with sustaining consumers within an enclave supported employment setting of two to eight persons with disabilities.

(1) A unit is one hour.

(2) A maximum of 40 units are available per week.

*j*. Reimbursement is available for maintenance and follow-along activities which include individualized ongoing support activities required to sustain the consumer in the supported employment setting.

(1) A unit is one calendar month.

(2) A maximum of 12 units are available per state fiscal year.

*k.* Changes in the consumer's supported employment service or support needs shall be reflected in the individual comprehensive plan. Changes in the supported employment service shall result in changes in reimbursement on a quarterly basis.

*l.* Supported employment services shall not be simultaneously reimbursed with other supported employment, work activity, or sheltered work services, or with Medicaid or HCBS brain injury waiver respite or personal assistance services.

m. Consumers residing in residential care facilities may receive supported employment services.

**78.43(5)** *Home and vehicle modifications.* Covered home and vehicle modifications are those physical modifications to the consumer's home environment and vehicle which are necessary to provide for the health, welfare and safety of the consumer, and which enable the consumer to function with greater independence in the home or vehicle.

*a.* Services shall be included in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan or service plan and shall exceed the regular Medicaid services.

b. These services may include the purchase, installation, or modification of:

(1) Kitchen counters, sink space, cabinets, special adaptations to refrigerators, stoves and ovens, grab bars and handrails.

(2) Bathtubs and toilets to accommodate wheelchair transfer, shower and bathtub seats, grab bars, special handles and hoses for shower heads, water faucet controls, wheelchair-accessible showers and sink areas, and turnaround space adaptations.

(3) Entrance ramps and rails; lifts for porches or stairs; door, hall and window widening; motionactivated, and electronic devices; air filtering, and heating and cooling adaptations.

(4) Vehicle floor or wall bracing, lifts, and driver-specific adaptations.

*c.* A unit of service is the completion of needed modifications or adaptations.

*d.* All modifications and adaptations shall be in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local building and vehicle codes.

*e*. Home and vehicle modifications shall be provided by community businesses. Services shall be performed following department approval of a contract between the supported community living provider and the community business.

*f.* Service payment shall be made to the supported community living service provider to forward to the applicable community business following completion of the approved modifications.

**78.43(6)** *Personal emergency response system.* The personal emergency response system allows a consumer experiencing a medical emergency at home to activate electronic components that transmit a coded signal via digital equipment over telephone lines to a central monitoring station. The necessary components of a system are:

a. An in-home medical communications transceiver.

b. A remote, portable activator.

c. A central monitoring station with backup systems staffed by trained attendants 24 hours per day, seven days per week.

*d.* Current data files at the central monitoring station containing response protocols and personal, medical and emergency information for each consumer.

e. The service shall be identified in the consumer's individual and comprehensive plan.

f. A unit is a one-time installation fee or one month of service.

g. Maximum units per state fiscal year are the initial installation and 12 months of service.

**78.43(7)** *Transportation.* Transportation services may be provided for consumers to conduct business errands, essential shopping, to receive medical services not reimbursed through medical transportation, to and from work or day programs, and to reduce social isolation. A unit of service is either per mile or per trip. Transportation may not be reimbursed simultaneously with HCBS brain injury waiver supported community living service.

**78.43(8)** Specialized medical equipment. Specialized medical equipment shall include medically necessary items for personal use by consumers with a brain injury which provide for health and safety of the consumer which are not ordinarily covered by Medicaid, and are not funded by educational or vocational rehabilitation programs, and are not provided by voluntary means. This includes, but is not limited to: electronic aids and organizers, medicine dispensing devices, communication devices, bath aids, and noncovered environmental control units. This includes repair and maintenance of items purchased through the waiver in addition to the initial purchase cost.

*a.* Consumers may receive specialized medical equipment once per month until a maximum yearly usage of \$6000 has been reached.

*b.* The need for specialized medical equipment shall be documented by a health care professional as necessary for the consumer's health and safety and identified in the consumer's individual comprehensive plan.

**78.43(9)** Adult day care services. Adult day care services provide an organized program of supportive care in a group environment to persons who need a degree of supervision and assistance on a regular or intermittent basis in a day care center. A unit of service is a full day (4 to 8 hours) or a half day (1 to 4 hours) or an extended day (8 to 12 hours). Components of the service are set forth in rule 441—171.6(234).

**78.43(10)** *Family counseling and training services.* Family counseling and training services are face-to-face mental health services provided to the consumer and the family with whom the consumer lives, or who routinely provide care to the consumer to increase the consumer's or family members' capabilities to maintain and care for the consumer in the community. Counseling may include helping the consumer or the consumer's family members with crisis, coping strategies, stress reduction, management of depression, alleviation of psychosocial isolation and support in coping with the effects of a brain injury. It may include the use of treatment regimes as specified in the ITP. Periodic training updates may be necessary to safely maintain the consumer in the community.

Family may include spouse, children, friends, or in-laws of the consumer. Family does not include individuals who are employed to care for the consumer.

**78.43(11)** *Prevocational services.* Prevocational services are services aimed at preparing a consumer eligible for the HCBS brain injury waiver for paid or unpaid employment, but which are not job task oriented. These services include teaching the consumer concepts necessary as job readiness skills, such as following directions, attending to tasks, task completion, problem solving, and safety and mobility training. Prevocational services are intended to have a more generalized result as opposed to vocational training for a specific job or supported employment. Services include activities which are not primarily directed at teaching specific job skills but more generalized habilitative goals and are reflected in a habilitative plan which focuses on general habilitative rather than specific employment objectives.

Prevocational services do not include services defined in Section 4(a)(4) of the 1975 amendments to the Education of the Handicapped Act (20 U.S.C. 1404(16) and (17)) which are otherwise available to the individual through a state or local education agency or vocational rehabilitation services which are otherwise available to the individual through a program funded under Section 110 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 730).

**78.43(12)** Behavioral programming. Behavioral programming consists of individually designed strategies to increase the consumer's appropriate behaviors and decrease the consumer's maladaptive behaviors which have interfered with the consumer's ability to remain in the community. Behavioral programming includes:

a. A complete assessment of both appropriate and maladaptive behaviors.

*b.* Development of a structured behavioral intervention plan which should be identified in the ITP.

c. Implementation of the behavioral intervention plan.

*d.* Ongoing training and supervision to caregivers and behavioral aides.

e. Periodic reassessment of the plan.

Types of appropriate behavioral programming include, but are not limited to, clinical redirection, token economies, reinforcement, extinction, modeling, and over-learning.

**78.43(13)** Consumer-directed attendant care service. Consumer-directed attendant care services are service activities performed by a person to help a consumer with self-care tasks which the consumer would typically do independently if the consumer were otherwise able.

*a.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following nonskilled service activities:

(1) Dressing.

(2) Bath, shampoo, hygiene, and grooming.

(3) Access to and from bed or a wheelchair, transferring, ambulation, and mobility in general. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for transferring. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(4) Toilet assistance, including bowel, bladder, and catheter assistance. It is recommended that the provider receive certification of training and return demonstration for catheter assistance. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(5) Meal preparation, cooking, eating and feeding but not the cost of meals themselves.

(6) Housekeeping services which are essential to the consumer's health care at home.

(7) Medications ordinarily self-administered including those ordered by a physician or other qualified health care provider. It is recommended the provider successfully complete a medication aide course administered by an area community college.

(8) Wound care.

(9) Assistance needed to go to or return from a place of employment. Assistance while the consumer is on the job site and the cost of transportation for the consumer are not included in consumerdirected attendant care services.

(10) Cognitive assistance with tasks such as handling money and scheduling.

(11) Fostering communication through interpreting and reading services as well as assistive devices for communication.

(12) Assisting or accompanying a consumer in using transportation essential to the health and welfare of the consumer. The cost of the transportation is not included.

*b.* The service activities may include helping the consumer with any of the following skilled services under the supervision of a licensed nurse or licensed therapist working under the direction of a physician. The licensed nurse or therapist shall retain accountability for actions that are delegated. The licensed nurse or therapist shall ensure appropriate assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The licensed nurse or therapist shall make on-site supervisory visits every two weeks with the provider present. The cost of the supervision provided by the licensed nurse or therapist shall be paid from private insurance and other third-party payment sources, Medicare, the regular Medicaid program, or the early periodic screening diagnosis and treatment program before accessing the HCBS waiver.

(1) Tube feedings of consumers unable to eat solid foods.

(2) Intravenous therapy administered by a registered nurse.

(3) Parenteral injections required more than once a week.

(4) Catheterizations, continuing care of indwelling catheters with supervision of irrigations, and changing of Foley catheters when required.

(5) Respiratory care including inhalation therapy and tracheotomy care or tracheotomy care and ventilator.

(6) Care of decubiti and other ulcerated areas, noting and reporting to the nurse or therapist.

(7) Rehabilitation services including, but not limited to, bowel and bladder training, range of motion exercises, ambulation training, restorative nursing services, reteaching the activities of daily living, respiratory care and breathing programs, reality orientation, reminiscing therapy, remotivation, and behavior modification.

(8) Colostomy.

(9) Care of medical conditions out of control which includes brittle diabetes and comfort care of terminal conditions.

(10) Postsurgical nursing care.

(11) Monitoring medications requiring close supervision because of fluctuating physical or psychological conditions, e.g., antihypertensives, digitalis preparations, mood-altering or psychotropic drugs, or narcotics.

(12) Preparing and monitoring response to therapeutic diets.

(13) Recording and reporting of changes in vital signs to the nurse or therapist.

*c.* A unit of service is 1 hour, or one 8- to 24-hour day provided by an individual or an agency. Each service shall be billed in whole units.

*d.* The consumer, parent, or guardian shall be responsible for selecting the person or agency who will provide the components of the attendant care services to be provided.

*e*. The consumer, parent, or guardian shall determine the components of the attendant care services to be provided with the person who is providing the services to the consumer.

f. The service activities may not include parenting or child care for or on behalf of the consumer.

*g.* The consumer and provider shall complete and sign Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. A copy of the completed agreement shall be attached to the service plan which is signed by the service worker prior to the initiation of services, and kept in the consumer's and department's records.

*h.* If the consumer has a guardian, the care plan shall address how consumer-directed attendant care services will be monitored to ensure the consumer's needs are being adequately met.

*i.* If the consumer has a guardian, the guardian shall sign the claim form in place of the consumer, indicating that the service has been provided as presented on the claim.

*j*. The frequency or intensity of services shall be indicated in the service plan.

*k.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may not be simultaneously reimbursed with any other HCBS waiver services.

*l.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may be provided to a recipient of in-home health-related care services, but not at the same time.

**441**—**78.44(249A)** Lead inspection services. Payment shall be approved for lead inspection services. This service shall be provided for children who have had two venous blood lead levels of 15 to 19 micrograms per deciliter or one venous level greater than or equal to 20 micrograms per deciliter. This service includes, but is not limited to, X-ray fluorescence analyzer (XRF) readings, visual examination of paint, preventive education of the resident and homeowner, health education about lead poisoning, and a written report to the family, homeowner, medical provider, and local childhood lead poisoning prevention program.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

## 441-78.45(249A) Teleconsultive services.

**78.45(1)** Covered services. Payment for consultations on covered services done through the electronic transfer of medical information by interactive audiovisuals is available pursuant to Medicarefunded telemedicine waiver program guidelines to those Medicaid providers participating in a federally funded telemedicine waiver program who have entered into a billing instruction and data collection agreement with the department.

**78.45(2)** *Expenses and associated costs.* Payment for telecommunication expenses and associated costs for teleconsultive services covered under subrule 78.45(1) is available to medical institutions participating in Medicaid and in a federally funded telemedicine waiver program who have entered into a billing instruction and data collection agreement with the department.

**441**—**78.46(249A) Physical disability waiver service.** Payment shall be approved for the following services to consumers eligible for the HCBS physical disability waiver established in 441—Chapter 83 when identified in the consumer's service plan. All services shall include the applicable and necessary instructions, supervision, assistance and support as required by the consumer in achieving the goals written specifically in the service plan and those delineated in Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. The service shall be delivered in the least restrictive environment consistent with the consumer's needs and in conformity with the consumer's service plan.

Reimbursement shall not be available under the waiver for any services that the consumer can obtain through regular Medicaid or from any other funding source.

All services shall be billed in whole units as specified in the following subrules.

**78.46(1)** *Consumer-directed attendant care service.* Consumer-directed attendant care services are service activities listed below performed by a person to help a consumer with self-care tasks which the consumer would typically do independently if the consumer were otherwise able. The services must be cost-effective and necessary to prevent institutionalization.

Providers must demonstrate proficiency in delivery of the services in the consumer's plan of care. Proficiency must be demonstrated through documentation of prior training or experience or a certificate of formal training. All training or experience will be detailed on Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement, which must be reviewed and approved by the service worker for appropriateness of training or experience prior to the provision of services. Form 470-3372 becomes an attachment to and part of the case plan. Consumers shall give direction and training for activities which are not medical in nature to maintain independence. Licensed registered nurses and therapists must provide on-the-job training and supervision to the provider for skilled activities listed below and described on Form 470-3372. The training and experience must be sufficient to protect the health, welfare and safety of the consumer.

a. Nonskilled service activities covered are:

(1) Help with dressing.

(2) Help with bath, shampoo, hygiene, and grooming.

(3) Help with access to and from bed or a wheelchair, transferring, ambulation, and mobility in general. Certification for this is available through the area community colleges.

(4) Toilet assistance, including bowel, bladder, and catheter assistance which includes emptying the catheter bag, collecting a specimen and cleaning the external area around the catheter. Certification of training which includes demonstration of competence for catheter assistance is available through the area community colleges.

(5) Meal preparation, cooking, eating and feeding assistance but not the cost of meals themselves.

(6) Housekeeping services which are essential to the consumer's health care at home.

(7) Help with medications ordinarily self-administered including those ordered by a physician or other qualified health care provider. Certification of training in a medication aide course is available through the area community colleges.

(8) Minor wound care which does not require skilled nursing care.

(9) Assistance needed to go to, or return from, a place of employment but not assistance to the consumer while the consumer is on the job site.

(10) Cognitive assistance with tasks such as handling money and scheduling.

(11) Fostering communication through interpreting and reading services as well as assistance in use of assistive devices for communication.

(12) Assisting and accompanying a consumer in using transportation essential to the health and welfare of the consumer, but not the cost of the transportation.

b. Skilled service activities covered are the following performed under the supervision of a licensed nurse or licensed therapist working under the direction of a licensed physician. The licensed nurse or therapist shall retain accountability for actions that are delegated. The licensed nurse or therapist shall ensure appropriate assessment, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The licensed nurse or therapist shall make on-site supervisory visits every two weeks with the provider present. The cost of the supervision provided by the licensed nurse or therapist shall not be included in the reimbursement for consumer-directed attendant care services.

(1) Tube feedings of consumers unable to eat solid foods.

(2) Assistance with intravenous therapy which is administered by a registered nurse.

(3) Parenteral injections required more than once a week.

(4) Catheterizations, continuing care of indwelling catheters with supervision of irrigations, and changing of Foley catheters when required.

(5) Respiratory care including inhalation therapy and tracheotomy care or tracheotomy care and ventilator.

(6) Care of decubiti and other ulcerated areas, noting and reporting to the nurse or therapist.

(7) Rehabilitation services including bowel and bladder training, range of motion exercises, ambulation training, restorative nursing services, reteaching the activities of daily living, respiratory care and breathing programs, reality orientation, reminiscing therapy, remotivation, and behavior modification.

(8) Colostomy care.

(9) Care of medical conditions such as brittle diabetes and comfort care of terminal conditions.

(10) Postsurgical nurse-delegated activities under the supervision of the registered nurse.

(11) Monitoring medication reactions requiring close supervision because of fluctuating physical or psychological conditions, e.g., antihypertensives, digitalis preparations, mood altering or psychotropic drugs or narcotics.

(12) Preparing and monitoring response to therapeutic diets.

(13) Recording and reporting of changes in vital signs to the nurse or therapist.

*c.* A unit of service is 1 hour for up to 7 hours per day or one 8- to 24-hour day provided by an individual or an agency. Each service shall be billed in whole units.

*d.* The consumer or guardian shall be responsible for selecting the person or agency who will provide the components of the attendant care services to be provided.

*e*. The consumer or guardian shall determine the components of the attendant care services to be provided with the person who is providing the services to the consumer.

f. The service activities may not include parenting or child care on behalf of the consumer.

*g.* The consumer or guardian and provider shall complete and sign Form 470-3372, HCBS Consumer-Directed Attendant Care Agreement. A copy of the completed agreement shall be attached to the service plan which is signed by the service worker prior to the initiation of services and kept in the consumer's and department's records.

*h.* If the consumer has a guardian, the care plan shall address how consumer-directed attendant care services will be monitored to ensure the consumer's needs are being adequately met.

*i.* If the consumer has a guardian, the guardian shall sign the claim form in place of the consumer, indicating that the service has been provided as presented on the claim.

*j*. The frequency or intensity of services shall be indicated in the service plan.

*k.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may not be simultaneously reimbursed with any other HCBS waiver services.

*l.* Consumer-directed attendant care services may be provided to a recipient of in-home health-related care services, but not at the same time.

**78.46(2)** *Home and vehicle modifications.* Covered home and vehicle modifications are those physical modifications to the consumer's home environment and vehicle which are necessary to provide for the health, welfare and safety of the consumer and which enable the consumer to function with greater independence in the home or vehicle.

*a.* Services shall be included in the consumer's service plan and shall exceed the regular Medicaid services.

b. These services may include the purchase, installation, or modification of:

(1) Kitchen counters, sink space, cabinets, special adaptations to refrigerators, stoves and ovens, grab bars and handrails.

(2) Bathtubs and toilets to accommodate wheelchair transfer, shower and bathtub seats, grab bars, special handles and hoses for shower heads, water faucet controls, wheelchair-accessible showers and sink areas, and turnaround space adaptations.

(3) Entrance ramps and rails; lifts for porches or stairs; door, hall and window widening; motionactivated and electronic devices; air filtering, heating and cooling adaptations.

(4) Vehicle floor or wall bracing, lifts, and driver-specific adaptations.

c. A unit of service is the completion of needed modifications or adaptations.

*d.* All modifications and adaptations shall be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local building and vehicle codes.

*e*. Home and vehicle modifications shall be provided by community businesses. Services shall be performed following department approval of a contract between the supported community living provider and the community business.

**78.46(3)** *Personal emergency response system.* The personal emergency response system allows a consumer experiencing a medical emergency at home to activate electronic components that transmit a coded signal via digital equipment over telephone lines to a central monitoring station. The service shall be identified in the consumer's service plan. A unit is a one-time installation fee or one month of service. Maximum units per state fiscal year are the initial installation and 12 months of service. The necessary components of a system are:

a. An in-home medical communications transceiver.

b. A remote, portable activator.

c. A central monitoring station with backup systems staffed by trained attendants 24 hours per day, seven days a week.

*d.* Current data files at the central monitoring station containing response protocols and personal, medical, and emergency information for each consumer.

**78.46(4)** Specialized medical equipment. Specialized medical equipment shall include medically necessary items for personal use by consumers with a physical disability which provide for the health and safety of the consumer that are not covered by Medicaid, are not funded by vocational rehabilitation programs, and are not provided by voluntary means. This includes, but is not limited to: electronic aids and organizers, medicine-dispensing devices, communication devices, bath aids and noncovered environmental control units. This includes repair and maintenance of items purchased through the waiver in addition to the initial costs.

*a.* Consumers may receive specialized medical equipment once a month until a maximum yearly usage of \$6000 has been reached.

*b.* The need for specialized medical equipment shall be documented by a health care professional as necessary for the consumer's health and safety and shall be identified in the consumer's service plan.

**78.46(5)** *Transportation.* Transportation services may be provided for consumers to conduct business errands and essential shopping, to receive medical services when not reimbursed through Medicaid as medical transportation, to travel to and from work or day programs, and to reduce social isolation. A unit of service is per mile or per trip.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 249A.4.

[Filed 3/11/70; amended 3/20/74] [Filed 11/25/75, Notice 10/6/75—published 12/15/75, effective 1/19/76] [Filed emergency 12/23/75—published 1/12/76, effective 2/1/76] [Filed emergency 1/16/76—published 2/9/76, effective 2/1/76] [Filed emergency 1/29/76—published 2/9/76, effective 1/29/76] [Filed 4/30/76, Notice 3/22/76—published 5/17/76, effective 6/21/76] [Filed emergency 6/9/76—published 6/28/76, effective 6/9/76] [Filed 6/25/76, Notice 5/17/76—published 7/12/76, effective 8/16/76] [Filed emergency 12/17/76—published 1/12/77, effective 1/1/77] [Filed 2/25/77, Notice 1/12/77—published 3/23/77, effective 4/27/77] [Filed emergency 4/13/77—published 5/4/77, effective 4/13/77] [Filed emergency 7/20/77—published 8/10/77, effective 7/20/77] [Filed emergency 8/24/77—published 9/21/77, effective 8/26/77] [Filed emergency 9/1/77—published 9/21/77, effective 9/1/77] [Filed 11/22/77, Notice 9/7/77—published 12/14/77, effective 2/1/78] [Filed 12/6/77, Notice 10/19/77-published 12/28/77, effective 2/1/78] [Filed 1/16/78, Notice 11/30/77—published 2/8/78, effective 4/1/78] [Filed 3/27/78, Notice 2/8/78—published 4/19/78, effective 5/24/78] [Filed without Notice 3/31/78—published 4/19/78, effective 7/1/78] [Filed emergency 6/9/78—published 6/28/78, effective 7/5/78] [Filed emergency 6/28/78—published 7/26/78, effective 7/1/78] [Filed 8/9/78, Notice 6/28/78—published 9/6/78, effective 10/11/78] [Filed 8/18/78, Notice 5/31/78-published 9/6/78, effective 10/11/78] [Filed 9/12/78, Notice 4/19/78—published 10/4/78, effective 11/8/78] [Filed 9/12/78, Notice 7/26/78—published 10/4/78, effective 12/1/78] [Filed 11/20/78, Notice 10/4/78—published 12/13/78, effective 1/17/79] [Filed 12/6/78, Notice 10/4/78—published 12/27/78, effective 2/1/79] [Filed 12/6/78, Notice 5/31/78—published 12/27/78, effective 2/1/79] [Filed 1/4/79, Notice 11/29/78—published 1/24/79, effective 3/1/79] [Filed emergency 1/31/79—published 2/21/79, effective 3/8/79] [Filed 3/30/79, Notice 2/21/79-published 4/18/79, effective 6/1/79] [Filed 7/3/79, Notice 4/18/79—published 7/25/79, effective 8/29/79] [Filed emergency 6/26/79—published 7/25/79, effective 7/1/79] [Filed 9/6/79, Notice 6/27/79—published 10/3/79, effective 11/7/79] [Filed emergency 9/6/79 after Notice 7/11/79—published 10/3/79, effective 10/1/79] [Filed 10/24/79, Notice 5/30/79-published 11/14/79, effective 12/19/79] [Filed 10/24/79, Notice 8/22/79—published 11/14/79, effective 12/19/79] [Filed emergency 1/23/80—published 2/20/80, effective 1/23/80] [Filed 4/4/80, Notice 1/23/80—published 4/30/80, effective 6/4/80] [Filed emergency 6/30/80—published 7/23/80, effective 7/1/80]

[Filed emergency 7/3/80—published 7/23/80, effective 7/8/80 to 1/1/81] [Filed 7/3/80, Notice 4/14/80—published 7/23/80, effective 8/27/80] [Filed 9/25/80, Notice 8/6/80—published 10/15/80, effective 11/19/80] [Filed without Notice 9/26/80—published 10/15/80, effective 12/1/80] [Filed 10/23/80, Notice 7/23/80—published 11/12/80, effective 12/17/80] [Filed 11/21/80, Notice 9/3/80—published 12/10/80, effective 1/14/81] [Filed 12/19/80, Notices 10/15/80, 10/29/80—published 1/7/81, effective 2/11/81] [Filed emergency 1/20/81—published 2/18/81, effective 1/20/81] [Filed 2/12/81, Notice 11/12/80-published 3/4/81, effective 7/1/81] [Filed 3/24/81, Notice 2/4/81—published 4/15/81, effective 6/1/81] [Filed emergency 6/30/81—published 7/22/81, effective 7/1/81] [Filed emergency 8/24/81 after Notice 7/8/81—published 9/16/81, effective 9/1/81] [Filed 10/23/81, Notice 9/2/81—published 11/11/81, effective 1/1/82] [Filed emergency 12/3/81—published 12/23/81, effective 1/1/82] [Filed 1/28/82, Notice 10/28/81—published 2/17/82, effective 4/1/82] [Filed 1/28/82, Notice 11/25/81—published 2/17/82, effective 4/1/82] [Filed 2/26/82, Notice 10/14/81—published 3/17/82, effective 5/1/82] [Filed emergency 3/26/82—published 4/14/82, effective 4/1/82] [Filed 4/5/82, Notice 1/20/82—published 4/28/82, effective 6/2/82] [Filed 4/29/82, Notice 12/9/81—published 5/26/82, effective 7/1/82] [Filed 7/30/82, Notices 3/3/82, 4/28/82—published 8/18/82, effective 10/1/82] [Filed emergency 9/23/82 after Notice 6/23/82—published 10/13/82, effective 10/1/82] [Filed 11/5/82, Notice 9/15/82—published 11/24/82, effective 1/1/83] [Filed 2/25/83, Notice 1/5/83—published 3/16/83, effective 5/1/83] [Filed 5/20/83, Notices 3/30/83, 4/13/83—published 6/8/83, effective 8/1/83] [Filed emergency 6/17/83—published 7/6/83, effective 7/1/83] [Filed emergency 7/29/83—published 8/17/83, effective 8/1/83] [Filed 7/29/83, Notice 5/25/83—published 8/17/83, effective 10/1/83] [Filed emergency 10/7/83—published 10/26/83, effective 11/1/83] [Filed without Notice 10/7/83—published 10/26/83, effective 12/1/83] [Filed 10/28/83, Notices 8/31/83, 9/14/83—published 11/23/83, effective 1/1/84] [Filed emergency 11/18/83—published 12/7/83, effective 12/1/83] [Filed 11/18/83, Notice 10/12/83—published 12/7/83, effective 2/1/84] [Filed 5/4/84, Notice 3/14/84—published 5/23/84, effective 7/1/84] [Filed emergency 6/15/84—published 7/4/84, effective 7/1/84] [Filed 6/15/84, Notice 5/9/84—published 7/4/84, effective 9/1/84] [Filed emergency 8/31/84—published 9/26/84, effective 10/1/84] [Filed 11/1/84, Notice 9/12/84—published 11/21/84, effective 1/1/85] [Filed 12/11/84, Notice 10/10/84—published 1/2/85, effective 3/1/85]

◊ Two ARCs

[Filed 1/21/85, Notice 10/24/84—published 2/13/85, effective 4/1/85] [Filed 4/29/85, Notice 12/19/84—published 5/22/85, effective 7/1/85] [Filed 4/29/85, Notice 2/27/85—published 5/22/85, effective 7/1/85] [Filed 5/29/85, Notice 3/27/85—published 6/19/85, effective 8/1/85] [Filed emergency 8/23/85—published 9/11/85, effective 9/1/85] [Filed emergency 10/1/85—published 10/23/85, effective 11/1/85] [Filed without Notice 10/1/85—published 10/23/85, effective 12/1/85] [Filed emergency 10/18/85 after Notice 9/11/85—published 11/6/85, effective 11/1/85] [Filed 11/15/85, Notice 9/25/85—published 12/4/85, effective 2/1/86] [Filed emergency 12/2/85—published 12/18/85, effective 1/1/86] [Filed 12/2/85, Notice 10/23/85—published 12/18/85, effective 2/1/86] [Filed 1/22/86, Notice 12/4/85—published 2/12/86, effective 4/1/86] [Filed 2/21/86, Notices 12/18/85, 1/1/86, 1/15/86—published 3/12/86, effective 5/1/86] [Filed emergency 6/26/86—published 7/16/86, effective 7/1/86] [Filed 9/26/86, Notice 8/13/86—published 10/22/86, effective 12/1/86] [Filed emergency 12/22/86—published 1/14/87, effective 2/1/87] [Filed 12/22/86, Notice 11/5/86—published 1/14/87, effective 3/1/87] [Filed emergency 1/15/87—published 2/11/87, effective 1/15/87] [Filed 3/3/87, Notices 12/17/86, 12/31/86, 1/14/87—published 3/25/87, effective 5/1/87] [Filed 4/29/87, Notice 3/11/87—published 5/20/87, effective 7/1/87] [Filed 5/29/87, Notices 4/8/87, 4/22/87—published 6/17/87, effective 8/1/87] [Filed emergency 6/19/87—published 7/15/87, effective 7/1/87] [Filed 6/19/87, Notice 5/6/87—published 7/15/87, effective 9/1/87] [Filed 7/24/87, Notice 5/20/87—published 8/12/87, effective 10/1/87] [Filed emergency 8/28/87—published 9/23/87, effective 9/1/87] [Filed 8/28/87, Notices 6/17/87, 7/15/87—published 9/23/87, effective 11/1/87] [Filed 9/24/87, Notice 8/12/87—published 10/21/87, effective 12/1/87] [Filed 12/10/87, Notice 10/21/87—published 12/30/87, effective 3/1/88\*] [Filed emergency 4/28/88 after Notice 3/23/88—published 5/18/88, effective 6/1/88] [Filed emergency 6/9/88—published 6/29/88, effective 7/1/88] [Filed 9/2/88, Notice 6/29/88—published 9/21/88, effective 11/1/88] [Filed emergency 11/16/88 after Notice 10/5/88—published 12/14/88, effective 1/1/89] [Filed emergency 11/23/88 after Notices 7/13/88, 9/21/88—published 12/14/88, effective 12/1/88, 1/1/89] [Filed 12/8/88, Notice 10/19/88—published 12/28/88, effective 2/1/89] [Filed 3/15/89, Notice 2/8/89—published 4/5/89, effective 6/1/89] [Filed emergency 6/8/89 after Notice 2/22/89—published 6/28/89, effective 7/1/89] [Filed emergency 6/9/89—published 6/28/89, effective 7/1/89] [Filed 7/14/89, Notices 4/19/89, 5/31/89—published 8/9/89, effective 10/1/89]

\*Effective date of 78.3 and 78.31 delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its January 1, 1988 meeting.

[Filed 8/17/89, Notice 6/28/89—published 9/6/89, effective 11/1/89] [Filed 9/15/89, Notice 8/9/89-published 10/4/89, effective 12/1/89] [Filed 10/11/89, Notice 8/23/89—published 11/1/89, effective 1/1/90] [Filed 11/16/89, Notice 8/23/89-published 12/13/89, effective 2/1/90] [Filed emergency 12/15/89 after Notice 10/4/89—published 1/10/90, effective 1/1/90] [Filed 1/17/90, Notice 8/23/89-published 2/7/90, effective 4/1/90]\* [Filed emergency 2/14/90—published 3/7/90, effective 2/14/90] [Filed 3/16/90, Notices 11/15/89, 1/24/90, 2/7/90-published 4/4/90, effective 6/1/90] [Filed 4/13/90, Notice 3/7/90—published 5/2/90, effective 7/1/90] [Filed 4/13/90, Notice 11/29/89—published 5/2/90, effective 8/1/90] [Filed emergency 6/20/90—published 7/11/90, effective 7/1/90] [Filed 7/13/90, Notices 5/16/90, 5/30/90—published 8/8/90, effective 10/1/90] [Filed 8/16/90, Notice 7/11/90—published 9/5/90, effective 11/1/90] [Filed 9/28/90, Notices 7/11/90, 7/25/90, 8/8/90—published 10/17/90, effective 12/1/90] [Filed 10/12/90, Notice 7/11/90—published 10/31/90, effective 1/1/91] [Filed 10/12/90, Notice 8/8/90—published 10/31/90, effective 2/1/91] [Filed 11/16/90, Notices 9/19/90, 10/3/90—published 12/12/90, effective 2/1/91] [Filed 12/13/90, Notice 10/31/90—published 1/9/91, effective 3/1/91] [Filed emergency 1/17/91—published 2/6/91, effective 2/1/91] [Filed 1/17/91, Notices 11/14/90, 11/28/90—published 2/6/91, effective 4/1/91\*\*] [Filed emergency 2/22/91—published 3/20/91, effective 3/1/91] [Filed 3/14/91, Notice 2/6/91—published 4/3/91, effective 6/1/91] [Filed 4/11/91, Notice 3/6/91—published 5/1/91, effective 7/1/91] [Filed emergency 6/14/91—published 7/10/91, effective 7/1/91] [Filed 6/14/91, Notice 3/20/91—published 7/10/91, effective 9/1/91] [Filed 7/10/91, Notice 5/29/91—published 8/7/91, effective 10/1/91] [Filed 9/18/91, Notices 7/10/91, 7/24/91—published 10/16/91, effective 12/1/91] [Filed 12/11/91, Notice 10/16/91—published 1/8/92, effective 3/1/92] [Filed 12/11/91, Notice 10/30/91—published 1/8/92, effective 3/1/92] [Filed emergency 1/16/92 after Notice 11/27/91-published 2/5/92, effective 3/1/92]\*\*\* [Filed 2/13/92, Notice 1/8/92—published 3/4/92, effective 5/1/92] [Filed emergency 4/15/92—published 5/13/92, effective 4/16/92] [Filed emergency 6/12/92—published 7/8/92, effective 7/1/92] [Filed 6/11/92, Notices 3/18/92, 4/29/92—published 7/8/92, effective 9/1/92] [Filed emergency 7/17/92—published 8/5/92, effective 8/1/92] [Filed 7/17/92, Notices 5/27/920] published 8/5/92, effective 10/1/92] [Filed emergency 8/14/92—published 9/2/92, effective 9/1/92] [Filed 8/14/92, Notices 6/24/92, 7/8/92, 8/5/92—published 9/2/92, effective 11/1/92] [Filed emergency 9/11/92—published 9/30/92, effective 10/1/92] [Filed 9/11/92, Notices 7/8/92, 8/5/92—published 9/30/92, effective 12/1/92] [Filed 9/11/92, Notice 8/5/92—published 9/30/92, effective 1/1/93] [Filed 10/15/92, Notices 8/19/92, 9/2/92—published 11/11/92, effective 1/1/93]

<sup>\*</sup>Effective date of 4/1/90 delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee as its March 12, 1990, meeting; delay lifted by this Committee, effective May 11, 1990.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Effective date of 4/1/91 delayed until adjournment of the 1991 session of the General Assembly by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held February 12, 1991.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Effective date of 3/1/92 delayed until adjournment of the 1992 General Assembly by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held February 3, 1992.
◊ Two ARCs

[Filed emergency 11/10/92—published 12/9/92, effective 11/10/92] [Filed 11/10/92, Notice 9/30/92—published 12/9/92, effective 2/1/93] [Filed 1/14/93, Notices 10/28/92, 11/25/92—published 2/3/93, effective 4/1/93] [Filed emergency 4/15/93 after Notice 3/3/93—published 5/12/93, effective 5/1/93] [Filed 4/15/93, Notice 3/3/93—published 5/12/93, effective 7/1/93] [Filed emergency 5/14/93 after Notice 3/31/93—published 6/9/93, effective 6/1/93] [Filed 5/14/93, Notice 3/31/93—published 6/9/93, effective 8/1/93] [Filed emergency 6/11/93—published 7/7/93, effective 7/1/93] [Filed emergency 7/13/93 after Notice 5/12/93—published 8/4/93, effective 8/1/93] [Filed emergency 7/14/93—published 8/4/93, effective 8/1/93] [Filed without Notice 8/12/93—published 9/1/93, effective 11/1/93] [Filed 8/12/93, Notice 7/7/93—published 9/1/93, effective 11/1/93] [Filed 9/17/93, Notice 8/4/93—published 10/13/93, effective 12/1/93] [Filed 10/14/93, Notice 8/18/93—published 11/10/93, effective 1/1/94] [Filed 11/12/93, Notice 9/15/93—published 12/8/93, effective 2/1/94] [Filed emergency 12/16/93 after Notice 10/13/93—published 1/5/94, effective 1/1/94] [Filed 12/16/93, Notice 9/1/93—published 1/5/94, effective 3/1/94] [Filed 1/12/94, Notice 11/10/93—published 2/2/94, effective 4/1/94] [Filed emergency 2/10/94 after Notice 12/22/93—published 3/2/94, effective 3/1/94] [Filed 3/10/94, Notice 2/2/94—published 3/30/94, effective 6/1/94] [Filed emergency 6/16/94—published 7/6/94, effective 7/1/94] [Filed 8/12/94, Notice 6/22/94—published 8/31/94, effective 11/1/94] [Filed 9/15/94, Notices 7/6/94, 8/3/94—published 10/12/94, effective 12/1/94] [Filed 11/9/94, Notice 9/14/94—published 12/7/94, effective 2/1/95] [Filed 12/15/94, Notices 10/12/94, 11/9/94—published 1/4/95, effective 3/5/95] [Filed 5/11/95, Notices 3/29/95—published 6/7/95, effective 8/1/95] [Filed 6/7/95, Notice 4/26/95—published 7/5/95, effective 9/1/95] [Filed 6/14/95, Notice 5/10/95—published 7/5/95, effective 9/1/95] [Filed 10/12/95, Notice 8/30/95—published 11/8/95, effective 1/1/96] [Filed 11/16/95, Notices 8/2/95, 9/27/950-published 12/6/95, effective 2/1/96] [Filed 12/12/95, Notice 10/25/95—published 1/3/96, effective 3/1/96] [Filed 5/15/96, Notice 2/14/96—published 6/5/96, effective 8/1/96] [Filed 6/13/96, Notice 4/24/96—published 7/3/96, effective 9/1/96] [Filed 7/10/96, Notice 4/24/96—published 7/31/96, effective 10/1/96] [Filed 8/15/96, Notice 7/3/96—published 9/11/96, effective 11/1/96] [Filed 9/17/96, Notice 7/31/96—published 10/9/96, effective 12/1/96] [Filed 1/15/97, Notice 12/4/96—published 2/12/97, effective 4/1/97] [Filed 3/12/97, Notices 1/1/97, 1/29/97—published 4/9/97, effective 6/1/97] [Filed 4/11/97, Notice 2/12/97—published 5/7/97, effective 7/1/97] [Filed emergency 5/14/97 after Notice 3/12/97—published 6/4/97, effective 7/1/97]

◊ Two ARCs

[Filed emergency 6/12/97—published 7/2/97, effective 7/1/97] [Filed 6/12/97, Notice 4/23/97—published 7/2/97, effective 9/1/97] [Filed 7/9/97, Notice 5/21/97—published 7/30/97, effective 10/1/97] [Filed 9/16/97, Notice 7/2/97—published 10/8/97, effective 12/1/97] [Filed 11/12/97, Notice 9/10/97—published 12/3/97, effective 2/1/98] [Filed 1/14/98, Notice 11/19/97—published 2/11/98, effective 4/1/98] [Filed 4/8/98, Notices 2/11/98, 2/25/98—published 5/6/98, effective 7/1/98] [Filed 5/13/98, Notice 3/25/98—published 6/3/98, effective 8/1/98] [Filed emergency 6/10/98—published 7/1/98, effective 6/10/98] [Filed without Notice 6/10/98—published 7/1/98, effective 8/15/98] [Filed 8/12/98, Notice 7/1/98—published 9/9/98, effective 11/1/98] [Filed 9/15/98, Notice 7/15/98—published 10/7/98, effective 12/1/98] [Filed 10/14/98, Notice 7/1/98—published 11/4/98, effective 12/9/98] [Filed 12/9/98, Notice 10/7/98—published 12/30/98, effective 3/1/99] [Filed 1/13/99, Notice 11/4/98—published 2/10/99, effective 4/1/99] [Filed 2/10/99, Notice 12/16/98—published 3/10/99, effective 5/1/99] [Filed 3/10/99, Notice 1/27/99—published 4/7/99, effective 6/1/99] [Filed emergency 6/10/99—published 6/30/99, effective 7/1/99]