

**EIGHTY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
2012 REGULAR SESSION
DAILY
HOUSE CLIP SHEET**

MARCH 8, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2319

H-8127

1 Amend the amendment, H-8120, to House File 2319 as
2 follows:

3 1. Page 1, lines 25 and 26, by striking <to fill a
4 vacancy in another elective city office>

By GASKILL of Wapello

H-8127 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2322

H-8130

1 Amend the amendment, H-8114, to House File 2322 as
2 follows:

3 1. Page 1, after line 1 by inserting:
4 <___. Page 2, line 26, after <shall> by inserting
5 <notify the legislative council which shall, upon the
6 request of the state commissioner,>>

7 2. Page 1, line 9, after <shall> by inserting
8 <notify the legislative council which shall, upon the
9 request of the state commissioner,>

By BALTIMORE of Boone

H-8130 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2329

H-8135

1 Amend House File 2329 as follows:

2 1. Page 2, line 21, by striking <when> and
3 inserting <under>

4 2. Page 2, line 24, after <service> by inserting
5 <or who are serving in the armed forces of the United
6 States on active federal service and have been disabled
7 during military service>

8 3. Page 2, line 24, by striking <veteran> and
9 inserting <person>

10 4. Page 2, line 27, by striking <veterans> and
11 inserting <persons>

12 5. Page 2, line 33, after <veterans> by inserting
13 <and members of the armed forces serving on active
14 federal service who have been disabled during military
15 service>

16 6. Page 3, line 1, by striking <veterans> and
17 inserting <persons>

18 7. Page 3, by striking lines 7 through 9 and
19 inserting <ch. 11 with a degree of disability of thirty
20 percent or more.>

21 8. Page 3, line 18, by striking <veteran> and
22 inserting <person>

23 9. Page 3, line 23, by striking <veteran> and
24 inserting <person>

25 10. Page 3, after line 27 by inserting:

26 <0d. A special hunting license shall be available
27 for issuance under this subsection to a disabled
28 veteran or disabled member of the armed forces serving
29 on active federal service for the same fee that is
30 charged to a resident hunter to enable such a disabled
31 person to participate in a hunt conducted by an
32 organization approved under this subsection for which
33 only a hunting license is required.>

34 11. Page 3, line 28, by striking <veteran> and
35 inserting <person>

36 12. Title page, line 2, after <veterans> by
37 inserting <and disabled members of the armed forces
38 serving on active federal service>

By VANDER LINDEN of Mahaska

H-8135 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2367

H-8137

- 1 Amend House File 2367 as follows:
2 1. Page 1, line 9, after <who> by inserting
3 <knowingly and intentionally>
4 2. Page 1, by striking line 14 and inserting <by a
5 dangerous condition on the land if all>
6 3. Page 1, line 18, by striking <artificial> and
7 inserting <dangerous>
8 4. Page 1, line 19, by striking <artificial> and
9 inserting <dangerous>
10 5. Page 1, line 22, by striking <serious>
11 6. Page 1, line 23, by striking <harm> and
12 inserting <injury>
13 7. Page 1, line 24, by striking <artificial> and
14 inserting <dangerous>
15 8. Page 1, by striking lines 27 through 30.
16 9. Page 2, by striking line 2 and inserting <risk
17 of dangerous conditions on land, but>
18 10. By renumbering as necessary.

By WOLFE of Clinton

H-8137 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2371

H-8131

- 1 Amend House File 2371 as follows:
2 1. Page 6, after line 17 by inserting:
3 <Sec. ____ . Section 91A.5A, subsection 1, Code 2011,
4 is amended to read as follows:
5 1. An employer shall provide each employee who is
6 a veteran, as defined in section 35.1, with holiday
7 time off for Veterans Day, November 11, if the employee
8 would otherwise be required to work on that day, as
9 provided in this section. If Veterans Day falls on a
10 Saturday, an employer shall provide the employee with
11 holiday time off for the preceding Friday. If Veterans
12 Day falls on a Sunday, an employer shall provide
13 the employee with holiday time off for the following
14 Monday. However, if the employee is otherwise required
15 to work on such a Saturday or Sunday, an employer shall
16 only be required to provide the employee with holiday
17 time off for Veterans Day, November 11.>
18 2. Title page, line 1, after <affairs> by inserting
19 <and employer requirements for the observance of
20 Veterans Day>
21 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By KEARNS of Lee

H-8131 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2435

H-8132

1 Amend House File 2435 as follows:

2 1. Page 9, line 30, by striking <3,788,859> and
3 inserting <3,848,859>

4 2. Page 11, line 22, by striking <124,050> and
5 inserting <184,050>

By ABDUL-SAMAD of Polk

H-8132 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

HOUSE FILE 2435

H-8136

1 Amend House File 2435 as follows:

2 1. Page 60, by striking lines 19 through 24 and
3 inserting <first \$975,919 shall be used for the costs
4 of replacing a boiler at the Iowa veterans home. The
5 next \$500,000 shall remain available to be used for
6 the purposes of the Iowa veterans home. Any remaining
7 balance shall revert to the general fund of the state.>

By M. SMITH of Marshall

H-8136 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

SENATE FILE 364

H-8128

- 1 Amend Senate File 364, as amended, passed, and
2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
3 1. Page 2, after line 35 by inserting:
4 <Sec. _____. Section 148B.2, subsection 2, Code 2011,
5 is amended to read as follows:
6 2. "Occupational therapy" means the therapeutic
7 application of specific tasks used for the purpose of
8 evaluation and treatment of problems interfering with
9 functional performance in persons impaired by physical
10 illness or injury, emotional disorder, congenital or
11 developmental disability, or the aging process in order
12 to achieve optimum function, for maintenance of health
13 and prevention of disability. "Occupational therapy"
14 includes but is not limited to providing assessment,
15 design, fabrication, application, and fitting of
16 selected orthotic devices and training in the use of
17 prosthetic devices.>
18 2. Page 7, line 2, after <caregivers.> by inserting
19 <Any changes to the nationally accepted standards by
20 the American board for certification in orthotics,
21 prosthetics and pedorthics which impact scope of
22 practice may be approved by the board along with the
23 adoption of rules as required in this section.>
24 3. Page 11, by striking lines 6 through 19.
25 4. Title page, line 2, after <pedorthists>
26 by inserting <, providing exceptions for persons
27 practicing within the scope of their professions,>
28 5. By renumbering as necessary.

COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT

COWNIE of Polk, Chairperson

H-8128 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

SENATE FILE 2221

H-8133

- 1 Amend Senate File 2221, as passed by the Senate, as
2 follows:
3 1. Page 1, line 17, after <the> by inserting
4 <information in the Iowa court information system
5 available to the general public, the>

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

FORRISTALL of Pottawattamie, Chairperson

H-8133 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

SENATE FILE 2283

H-8129

1 Amend Senate File 2283, as passed by the Senate, as
2 follows:

3 1. Page 4, by striking lines 8 through 29.

4 2. By striking page 5, line 22, through page 6,
5 line 5.

6 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By HAGER of Allamakee

H-8129 FILED MARCH 7, 2012

SENATE FILE 2283

H-8134

1 Amend Senate File 2283, as passed by the Senate, as
2 follows:

3 1. Page 6, after line 7 by inserting:

4 <Sec. _____. Section 484B.1, Code 2011, is amended by
5 adding the following new subsection:

6 NEW SUBSECTION. 3A. "Elk" means an animal
7 belonging to the cervidae family and classified as part
8 of the canadensis species of the cervus genus.

9 Sec. _____. NEW SECTION. 484B.4A Minimum enclosed
10 acreage ---- exceptions.

11 1. A hunting preserve on which elk are kept must
12 include at least three hundred twenty contiguous acres
13 which are enclosed by a fence as required pursuant to
14 section 484B.5. However, a person may keep elk only
15 on a hunting preserve that includes a fewer number of
16 enclosed acres if either of the following applies:

17 a. The commission grants a waiver for the hunting
18 preserve according to terms and conditions required by
19 the commission. The hunting preserve must include at
20 least one hundred sixty contiguous acres.

21 b. (1) The hunting preserve was operated as a
22 business on January 1, 2005.

23 (2) If the hunting preserve operated as a business
24 on January 1, 2005, the landowner or the landowner's
25 successor in interest may sell or otherwise transfer
26 ownership of the hunting preserve to another person
27 who may continue to operate the hunting preserve
28 in the same manner as the landowner. However, this
29 subparagraph shall not apply if the owner of the
30 hunting preserve or any successor in interest fails to
31 meet the licensing requirements of section 484B.4 each
32 year.

33 Sec. _____. Section 484C.1, Code 2011, is amended by
34 adding the following new subsection:

35 NEW SUBSECTION. 3A. "Elk" means an animal
36 belonging to the cervidae family and classified as part
37 of the canadensis species of the cervus genus.

38 Sec. _____. Section 484C.5, Code 2011, is amended to
39 read as follows:

40 484C.5 Minimum enclosed acreage ---- exceptions.

41 1. A hunting preserve must include at least three
42 hundred twenty contiguous acres which are enclosed by a
43 fence certified pursuant to section 484C.6. However,
44 the hunting preserve may include a fewer number of
45 enclosed acres if any of the following applies:

46 ~~1.~~ a. The commission grants a waiver for the
47 hunting preserve according to terms and conditions
48 required by the commission. The hunting preserve must
49 include at least one hundred sixty contiguous acres.

50 ~~2.~~ a. b. (1) The hunting preserve was operated

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1 as a business on January 1, 2005.

2 ~~b.~~ (2) If the hunting preserve operated as a
3 business on January 1, 2005, the landowner or the
4 landowner's successor in interest may sell or otherwise
5 transfer ownership of the hunting preserve to another
6 person who may continue to operate the hunting preserve
7 in the same manner as the landowner. However, this
8 ~~paragraph subparagraph~~ shall not apply if the owner of
9 the hunting preserve or any successor in interest fails
10 to register with the department as provided in section
11 484C.7 for three or more consecutive years.

12 ~~3. a. c.~~ (1) The hunting preserve was not
13 operated as a business on January 1, 2005, and all of
14 the following apply:

15 ~~(1)~~ (a) The hunting preserve has at least one
16 hundred contiguous acres.

17 ~~(2)~~ (b) The hunting preserve's fence is certified
18 by the department not later than September 1, 2005.

19 ~~b.~~ (2) If the hunting preserve complies with
20 ~~paragraph "a" subparagraph (1),~~ the landowner or the
21 landowner's successor in interest may sell or otherwise
22 transfer ownership of the hunting preserve to another
23 person who may continue to operate the hunting preserve
24 in the same manner as the landowner. However, this
25 ~~paragraph subparagraph~~ shall not apply if the owner of
26 the hunting preserve or any successor in interest fails
27 to register with the department as provided in section
28 484C.7 for three or more consecutive years.

29 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
30 chapter or chapter 484B, a person may keep whitetail
31 and elk together on a hunting preserve that includes
32 less than three hundred twenty enclosed acres if the
33 person receives a waiver as provided in subsection 1,
34 paragraph "a" or meets the conditions specified in
35 subsection 1, paragraph "b".>

36 2. Page 6, after line 13 by inserting:

37 <Sec. ____ . EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. The following
38 provision or provisions of this Act, being deemed of
39 immediate importance, take effect upon enactment:

40 1. The sections of this Act amending sections
41 484B.1, 484C.1, and 484C.5.

42 2. The section of this Act enacting section
43 484B.4A.>

44 3. Title page, line 3, by striking <and>

45 4. Title page, line 4, after <applicable> by
46 inserting <, and including effective date provisions>

47 5. By renumbering as necessary.

By J. SMITH of Dickinson



HF 2384 – Special Education Costs (LSB 6079HV)

Analyst: Shawn Snyder (Phone: 515-281-7799) (shawn.snyder@legis.state.ia.us)

Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

House File 2384 specifies that the costs of general administration, health services, attendance officers, plant operation, plant maintenance, instructional costs, the purchase of equipment, and insurance are included in the costs of special education instructional programs when contracted with a private agency.

Background

Specific private agencies in previous fiscal years have been providing educational services to special education students placed in a residential program and have billed school districts for those services, plus the costs of general administration and other costs not expressly authorized in Iowa Code section [256B.9](#). The Iowa Department of Education has indicated the specific private agencies should not be allowed to bill school districts for the costs of general administration and other items not expressly authorized under the law.

Assumptions

- Estimates are based on available data from ten school districts provided by the Department of Education.
- The full-time equivalent of students served is based on the number of student days divided by the number of school days (assumed at 180).
- Assumptions for the districts that have been billed for those costs not expressly authorized in Iowa Code section 256.9(7) include:
 - The overall percentage of the special education students served by a private agency is 73.0% of the total.
 - The average cost per special education student served is \$23,374.
- Assumptions for the districts that have been billed for costs expressly authorized in Iowa Code section 256B.9(7):
 - The overall percentage of the special education students served by a private agency is 27.0% of the total.
 - The average billed cost per special education student served is \$5,198.
- The Department of Education has indicated that the difference between the average cost per pupil amounts noted in the above assumptions is the amount not in compliance with current law (\$18,176 per pupil).
- The total capacity statewide in these private agencies is 1,900. The estimated occupancy rate for special education students may vary significantly. For this estimate, the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) assumes an occupancy rate between 40.0% and 70.0% statewide.

Fiscal Impact

There is no impact to the State General Fund.

For school districts that have been billed for costs expressly authorized under current law by private agencies, there may be potential for an increase of special education costs ranging between \$3.8 million and \$6.6 million, depending on the occupancy rates (between 40.0% and

70.0%). Additional special education costs could result in an increase in a district's special education cost deficit. This may result in a property tax increase to fund any modified allowable growth for the special education cost deficit.

Based on current practice in some cases, the LSA estimates that for the districts that have been billed for costs not expressly authorized, the current estimated amount ranges between \$10.1 million (at 40.0% occupancy) and \$17.6 million (at 70.0% occupancy). This amount is estimated to remain unchanged with enactment of this Bill.

Sources

Department of Education
LSA analysis and calculations

/s/ Holly M. Lyons

March 7, 2012

The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to **Joint Rule 17** and the correctional and minority impact statements were prepared pursuant to Iowa Code **Section 2.56**. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.



HF 2388 – Disproportionate Share Hospital Reimbursement (LSB 5452HV)
Analyst: Jess Benson (Phone: 515-281-4611) (jess.benson@legis.state.ia.us)
Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

House File 2388 directs the Department of Human Services to create a new Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) funding pool. The new pool will provide payments to rural prospective payment hospitals that are not designated as critical access hospitals and that otherwise qualify to receive a Medicaid DSH payment. The source of funds for the required nonfederal share is to be generated from tax levy collections of the county or city where the hospital is located. The payment to the hospital cannot exceed the hospital-specific limit and the hospital will retain 100.0% of the DSH payment.

Background

DSH payments provide additional help to hospitals that serve a significant number of low-income patients. States receive an annual DSH allotment from the federal government to cover uncompensated care costs for low-income patients not covered by Medicaid, Medicare, or the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Assumptions

There are currently 14 rural prospective payment hospitals in Iowa. Two of those hospitals, Keokuk Area Hospital and Trinity Muscatine, qualify for DSH payments under the Medicaid State Plan. The current Keokuk DSH payment of \$61,000 is approximately \$4.0 million (federal and nonfederal) below their FY 2010 hospital-specific limit. Trinity Muscatine's limit has not been calculated recently, but it is assumed they are significantly below their limit as well. To this point Trinity Muscatine has not expressed any interest in pursuing this source of funding. The State's share of the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) rate is 40.41% for FY 2013 and FY 2014.

Fiscal Impact

House File 2388 has no fiscal impact to the State General Fund. If a city or county government decides to provide the nonfederal share of the DSH match, they will only be impacted by as much as they agree to provide. For every dollar provided by a local government, the federal government will provide \$1.47 for a total benefit of \$2.47 to the hospital.

Sources

Department of Human Services
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

/s/ Holly M. Lyons

March 7, 2012

The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to **Joint Rule 17** and the correctional and minority impact statements were prepared pursuant to **Iowa Code section 2.56**. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.



HF 2390 – Child Pornography (LSB 5149HV)

Analyst: Beth Lenstra (Phone: 515-281-6301) (beth.lenstra@legis.state.ia.us)

Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

House File 2390 expands the definition of human trafficking and the definition of obscenity. The Bill specifies that a person's ignorance of the age of the victim is no defense against a human trafficking charge. The Bill creates and defines a new offense, solicitation of commercial sexual activity. Offenders convicted of the new offense are guilty of a Class "D" felony and are subject to requirements of the Sex Offender Registry (SOR) for at least 10 years. House File 2390 requires victims of commercial sexual activity that are under age 18 to be eligible for victim compensation. The Bill broadens the definition of obscenity to include the term "visual depiction" in the offense of sexual exploitation of a minor.

Background

Correctional and Fiscal Information

1. Current law provides a graduated system of penalties for human trafficking, ranging from a Class "D" to a Class "B" felony. A conviction for enticing a minor ranges from an aggravated misdemeanor to a Class "C" felony. Convictions under Iowa Code chapter [728](#) range from a simple misdemeanor to a Class "C" felony, depending upon the specific crime and circumstances of the offense. Offenders charged under these chapters may plead to a lesser offense and be convicted of a Class "D" felony or an aggravated misdemeanor.
2. There are currently two offenders in prison convicted of human trafficking; one is convicted of a Class "B" offense and the other has two Class "C" felony convictions.
3. The Bill includes law enforcement officers or agents representing themselves to be under age 18 with penalties matching offenses committed with actual victims, for solicitation of commercial sexual activity. According to the Iowa Corrections Offender Network (ICON), 78.6% of offenders admitted to probation or prison involved law enforcement officers or agents representing themselves to be minors.
4. According to the **National Human Trafficking Hotline**, there were 21 total tip and crisis calls and 161 hotline calls for Iowa related to antilabor or antisex trafficking combined. This is approximately 46 cases per year. The reporting period is from December 2007 through February 2012.
5. Sex offenders supervised by Community-Based Corrections may be required to wear an electronic monitoring device. Sex offenders are subject to requirements of the SOR for at least 10 years. The SOR is administered by the Department of Public Safety (DPS).
6. The marginal cost per day for prison is \$15.59. The average cost per day for intensive supervision is \$7.78 and \$3.49 for probation or parole supervision. The average length of stay on intensive supervision for sex offenders is 460 days. The cost per day for Global

Positioning System electronic monitoring is \$5.50. The average length of stay for sex offenders on electronic monitoring is 352 days.

7. According to the Justice Data Warehouse, the State Public Defender’s Office, the Judicial Branch, the Department of Corrections, and the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Division of the Department of Human Rights, the following are estimated sentencing dispositions, length of stay, indigent defense costs, and court case costs for those convicted of Class “D” felonies and aggravated misdemeanors for crimes against persons and sex offenses.

Criminal Justice System Information

Offense Class	Percent Sentenced to Prison	Avg Length of Stay in Prison	Percent Sentenced to Probation	Avg Length of Stay on Probation	Avg Length of Stay on Parole	Special Sentence of 10 Yrs After Discharge of Original Sentence	Sex Offender Registry for 10 years	Cost of Indigent Defense	Avg cost per case for Judicial Branch
Class D Chapter 710 Offenses	40.0%	36.8 months	60.0%	30.8 months	13.7 months	No	Yes	\$1,200	\$2,500
Aggravated Misdemeanor Chapter 710 Offenses (*)	9.4%	13.5 months	53.1%	18.1 months	5.3 months	No	Yes	\$1,200	\$1,000
Aggravated Misdemeanor Chapter 728 Offenses	0.0%	NA	100.0%	18.1 months	5.3 months	Yes	Yes	\$1,200	\$1,000

*Approximately 21.9% are sentenced to county jail for an average length of stay of 43 days.

Minority Data Information

- Both of the offenders currently in prison for human trafficking are black.
- The majority of offenders (85.7%) convicted of obscenity charges are white.

Assumptions

Correctional and Fiscal Information

- Charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends will not change over the projection period.
- Prisoner length of stay, revocation rates, and other criminal justice policies and practices will not change over the projection period.
- The law will become effective July 1, 2012. A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- All offenders will be placed on intensive supervision and electronic monitoring when they first enter probation or parole supervision.
- Broadening the definition of a crime increases the likelihood of convictions. Half of the offenders will be indigent. All trials will be by jury.
- There will be an estimated 56 cases annually for the human trafficking provisions of the Bill. Of these, 61.1% will be dismissed or acquitted, 16.7% (9) will be convicted as charged, and 22.2% (12) will be convicted of other charges.
- There will be an estimated 20 cases annually for the obscenity provisions of the Bill. Of these, 80.0% will be dismissed or acquitted while 20.0% (4) will be convicted as charged.

To the extent prosecutors file separate charges for each visual depiction of obscenity, the correctional and fiscal impact may be understated in this fiscal note.

- There will be an increase in county jail sentences for misdemeanor convictions. Marginal costs for county jails cannot be determined due to a lack of data. For the purpose of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is \$15.00 per day.
- The costs to the Crime Victim Compensation Fund will not be significant.

Minority Data Information

- The impact on minorities will remain consistent with current practice.
- Approximately 14.0% of Iowa’s population has at least one disability. The number of disabled offenders convicted under this Bill may be 14.0%.

Summary of Impacts

Correctional Impact

The table below shows the annual convictions under this Bill. These will be new offenders in the criminal justice system.

Annual Convictions by Crime and Offense Class

	# of Offenders Convicted	Prison	Probation	Jail
Human Trafficking				
Class "D" Felony	9	4	5	0
Aggravated Misdemeanor	12	1	6	3
Obscenity				
Aggravated Misdemeanor	4	0	4	0

There will be an estimated two offenders sentenced to prison in FY 2013 and five annually thereafter. The prison population will increase by three offenders in FY 2013, seven offenders in FY 2014, and eight annually thereafter. The population increase exceeds admissions because the average length of stay per offender exceeds three years.

There will be seven offenders sentenced to probation in FY 2013 and 15 offenders annually thereafter. The probation population will increase by eight offenders in FY 2013, 15 offenders in FY 2014, and 11 offenders annually for each of the three succeeding fiscal years.

There will be one offender sentenced to county jail in FY 2013 and three offenders each succeeding fiscal year. The average length of stay is 43 days so the county jail populations are not expected to significantly increase.

Minority Impact

Approximately 50.0% of the offenders convicted under the Bill's human trafficking provisions may be black. Approximately 85.7% of the offenders convicted under the Bill's obscenity provisions may be white.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact is estimated to be an increased cost to the State General Fund of \$37,400 in FY 2013 and \$171,900 in FY 2014. The table below shows the impact by areas within the State criminal justice system. Costs will continue to increase in future fiscal years because the length of stay in the corrections system exceeds one year.

	FY 2013	FY 2014
Court System	\$7,500	\$22,500
Indigent Defense	7,200	8,400
Prison	5,700	40,000
CBC	17,000	101,000
Total	<u>\$37,400</u>	<u>\$171,900</u>

The impact on county budgets for jail operations is expected to be minimal. Any correctional or fiscal impact is expected to be minimal for violations of the SOR requirements under this Bill and the fiscal impact to the DPS for administering the SOR under this Bill is not anticipated to be significant.

Sources

Department of Human Rights, Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division
Department of Corrections
Judicial Branch
State Public Defender's Office

/s/ Holly M. Lyons

March 7, 2012

The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to **Joint Rule 17** and the correctional and minority impact statements were prepared pursuant to **Section 2.56, Code of Iowa**. Data used in developing this fiscal note, including correctional and minority impact information, is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.
