CHAPTER 24

ACCREDITATION OF PROVIDERS OF SERVICES TO PERSONS WITH MENTAL ILLNESS, MENTAL RETARDATION, AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES

PREAMBLE.

The mental health, mental retardation, developmental disabilities, and brain injury commission has established this set of standards to be met by all providers of services to people with mental illness, mental retardation, or developmental disabilities that are under the authority of the commission. These standards apply to providers that are not required to be licensed by the department of inspections and appeals. These providers include community mental health centers, mental health services providers, case management providers, and supported community living providers, in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 225C.

The standards serve as the foundation of a performance-based review of those organizations for which the commission holds accreditation responsibility, as set forth in Iowa Code chapters 225C and 230A. The mission of accreditation is to assure individuals using the services and the general public of organizational accountability for meeting best practices performance levels, for efficient and effective management, and for the provision of quality services that result in quality outcomes for individuals using the services.

The commission's intent is to establish standards that are based on the principles of quality improvement and are designed to facilitate the provision of excellent quality services that lead to positive outcomes. The intent of these standards is to make organizations providing services responsible for effecting efficient and effective management and operational systems that enhance the involvement of individuals using the services and to establish a best practices level of performance by which to measure provider organizations.

441—24.1(225C) Definitions.

"Accreditation" means the decision made by the commission that the organization has met the applicable standards.

"Advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a nurse who has current licensure as a registered nurse in Iowa, or licensure in another state that is recognized in Iowa pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 152E, and who is also registered as certified in psychiatric mental health specialties pursuant to board of nursing rules in 655—Chapter 7.

"Advisory board" means the board that reviews and makes recommendations to the organization's board of directors on the program being accredited. The advisory board shall meet at least three times a year and shall have at least three members, at least 51 percent of whom are not providers. The advisory board shall include representatives who have disabilities or family members of persons with disabilities. The advisory board's duties include review and recommendation of policies, development and review of the organizational plan for the program being accredited, review and recommendation of the budget for the program being accredited, and review and recommendation of the total quality improvement program of the program being accredited.

"Anticipated discharge plan" means the statement of the condition or circumstances by which the individual using the service would no longer need each of the specific services accredited under this chapter.

"Appropriate" means the degree to which the services or supports or activities provided or undertaken by the organization are suitable and desirable for the needs, situation, or problems of the individual using the service.

"Assessment" means the review of the current functioning of the individual using the service in regard to the individual's situation, needs, strengths, abilities, desires and goals.

"Benchmarks" means the processes of an organization that lead to implementation of the indicators.

"Board of directors" means the board that provides oversight, guidance, and policy direction for the operation of the program being accredited. The board shall have at least three members. Organization staff shall not constitute the majority of members of the board.

"Chronic mental illness" means the condition present in people aged 18 and over who have a persistent mental or emotional disorder that seriously impairs their functioning relative to such primary aspects of daily living as personal relations, living arrangements, or employment. People with chronic mental illness typically meet at least one of the following criteria:

- 1. They have undergone psychiatric treatment more intensive than outpatient care more than once in a lifetime (e.g., emergency services, alternative home care, partial hospitalization or inpatient hospitalization).
- 2. They have experienced at least one episode of continuous, structured, supportive residential care other than hospitalization.

In addition, people with chronic mental illness typically meet at least two of the following criteria on a continuing or intermittent basis for at least two years:

- 1. They are unemployed, employed in a sheltered setting, or have markedly limited skills and a poor work history.
- 2. They require financial assistance for out-of-hospital maintenance and may be unable to procure this assistance without help.
 - 3. They show severe inability to establish or maintain a personal social support system.
 - 4. They require help in basic living skills.
- 5. They exhibit inappropriate social behavior that results in demand for intervention by the mental health or judicial system.

In atypical instances, a person who varies from these criteria could still be considered to be a person with chronic mental illness.

"Commission" means the mental health, mental retardation, developmental disabilities, and brain injury commission (MH/MR/DD/BI commission) as established and defined in Iowa Code section 225C.5.

"Community" means a natural setting where people live, learn, work, and socialize.

"Community mental health center" means an organization providing mental health services that is established pursuant to Iowa Code chapters 225C and 230A.

"Crisis intervention plan" means a personalized, individualized plan developed with the individual using the service that identifies potential personal psychiatric, environmental, and medical emergencies. This plan shall also include those life situations identified as problematic and the identified strategies and natural supports developed with the individual using the service to enable the individual to self-manage, alleviate, or end the crisis. This plan shall also include how the individual can access emergency services that may be needed.

"Deemed status" means acceptance by the commission of accreditation or licensure of a program or service by another accrediting body in lieu of accreditation based on review and evaluation by the division.

"Department" means the Iowa department of human services.

"Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic disability that:

- 1. Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;
 - 2. Is manifested before the age of 22;
 - 3. Is likely to continue indefinitely;

- 4. Results in substantial functional limitations in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: self-care, receptive and expressive language, learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent living, and economic self-sufficiency; and
- 5. Reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic services, individualized supports, or other forms of assistance that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated.

A person from birth to the age of nine, inclusive, who has a substantial developmental delay or specific congenital or acquired condition may be considered to have a developmental disability without meeting three or more of the criteria described above if the person, without services and supports, has a high probability of meeting those criteria later in life.

"Direct services" means services providing therapy, habilitation, or rehabilitation activities or support services such as transportation.

"Division" means the division of behavioral, developmental, and protective services for families, adults, and children of the department of human services.

"Doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine" means a person who is licensed in the state of Iowa under Iowa Code chapter 148 as a physician and surgeon or under Iowa Code chapter 150A as an osteopathic physician and surgeon.

"Functional assessment" means the analysis of daily living skills. The functional assessment also takes into consideration the strengths, stated needs, and level and kind of disability of the individual using the service.

"Goal achieving" means to gain the required skills and supports to obtain the goal of choice. For purposes of this chapter, the definition and explanation are taken from the Psychiatric Rehabilitation Practitioner Tools, as developed by the Boston Center for Psychiatric Rehabilitation.

"Goal keeping" means assisting the individual using the service in maintaining successful and satisfying role performance to prevent the emergence of symptoms associated with role deterioration. For purposes of this chapter, the definition and explanation are taken from the Psychiatric Rehabilitation Practitioner Tools, as developed by the Boston Center for Psychiatric Rehabilitation.

"Incident," for the purposes of this chapter, means an occurrence involving the individual using the service that:

- Results in a physical injury to or by the individual that requires a physician's treatment or admission to a hospital, or
 - 2. Results in someone's death, or
 - 3. Requires emergency mental health treatment for the individual, or
 - 4. Requires the intervention of law enforcement, or
 - 5. Results from any prescription medication error, or
 - 6. Is reportable to protective services.

"Indicators" means conditions that will exist when the activity is done competently and benchmarks are achieved. Indicators also provide a means to assess the activity's effect on outcomes of services.

"Informed consent" refers to time-limited, voluntary consent. The individual using the service or the individual's legal guardian may withdraw consent at any time without risk of punitive action. "Informed consent" includes a description of the treatment and specific procedures to be followed, the intended outcome or anticipated benefits, the rationale for use, the risks of use and nonuse, and the less restrictive alternatives considered. The individual using the service or the legal guardian has the opportunity to ask questions and have them satisfactorily answered.

"Leadership" means the governing board, the chief administrative officer or executive director, managers, supervisors, and clinical leaders who participate in developing and implementing organizational policies, plans and systems.

"Marital and family therapist" means a person who is licensed under Iowa Code chapter 154D in the application of counseling techniques in the assessment and resolution of emotional conditions. This includes the alteration and establishment of attitudes and patterns of interaction relative to marriage, family life, and interpersonal relationships.

"Mental health counselor" means a person who is licensed under Iowa Code chapter 154D in counseling services involving assessment, referral, consultation, and the application of counseling, human development principles, learning theory, group dynamics, and the etiology of maladjustment and dysfunctional behavior to individuals, families, and groups.

"Mental health professional" means a person who meets all of the following conditions:

- 1. Holds at least a master's degree in a mental health field including, but not limited to, psychology, counseling and guidance, psychiatric nursing and social work; or is a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine; and
- 2. Holds a current Iowa license when required by the Iowa professional licensure laws (such as a psychiatrist, a psychologist, a marital and family therapist, a mental health counselor, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, a psychiatric nurse, or a social worker); and
- 3. Has at least two years of postdegree experience supervised by a mental health professional in assessing mental health problems, mental illness, and service needs and in providing mental health services.

"Mental health service provider" means an organization whose services are established to specifically address mental health services to individuals or the administration of facilities in which these services are provided. Organizations included are:

- 1. Those contracting with a county board of supervisors to provide mental health services in lieu of that county's affiliation with a community mental health center (Iowa Code chapter 230A).
- 2. Those that may contract with a county board of supervisors for special services to the general public or special segments of the general public and that are not accredited by any other accrediting body.

These standards do not apply to individual practitioners or partnerships of practitioners covered under Iowa's professional licensure laws.

"Mental retardation" means a diagnosis of mental retardation under these rules which shall be made only when the onset of the person's condition was before the age of 18 years and shall be based on an assessment of the person's intellectual functioning and level of adaptive skills. A psychologist or psychiatrist who is professionally trained to administer the tests required to assess intellectual functioning and to evaluate a person's adaptive skills shall make the diagnosis. A diagnosis of mental retardation shall be made in accordance with the criteria provided in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition, published by the American Psychiatric Association.

"Natural supports" means those services and supports an individual using the service identifies as wanted or needed that are provided at no cost by family, friends, neighbors, and others in the community, or by organizations or entities that serve the general public.

"New organization" means an entity that has never been accredited under 441—Chapter 24 or an accredited entity under 441—Chapter 24 that makes a significant change in its ownership, structure, management, or service delivery.

"Organization" means:

- 1. A governmental entity or an entity that meets Iowa Code requirements for a business organization as a for-profit or not-for-profit business. These entities include, but are not limited to, a business corporation under Iowa Code chapter 490 or a nonprofit corporation under Iowa Code chapter 504A that provides a service accredited pursuant to the rules in this chapter.
- 2. A county, consortium of counties, or the department of human services that provides or sub-contracts for the provision of case management.
 - 3. A division or unit of a larger entity, such as a unit within a hospital or parent organization.

"Organization" does not include: an individual for whom a license to engage in a profession is required under Iowa Code section 147.2, any person providing a service if the person is not organized as a corporation or other business entity recognized under the Iowa Code, or an entity that provides only financial, administrative, or employment services and that does not directly provide the services accredited under this chapter.

"Outcome" means the result of the performance or nonperformance of a function or process or activity.

"Policies" means the principles and statements of intent of the organization.

"Procedures" means the steps taken to implement the policies of the organization.

"Program" means a set of related resources and services directed to the accomplishment of a fixed set of goals for the population of a specified geographic area or for special target populations.

"Psychiatric nurse" means a person who meets the requirements of a certified psychiatric nurse, is eligible for certification by the American Nursing Association, and is licensed by the state of Iowa to practice nursing as defined in Iowa Code chapter 152.

"Psychiatric rehabilitation practitioner" means a person who:

- 1. Holds a graduate degree in rehabilitation counseling, mental health counseling, psychology, social work, nursing, or medicine and has at least two years' experience working in a psychiatric rehabilitation program or has at least 60 contact hours of training in psychiatric rehabilitation; or
- 2. Holds a bachelor's degree in one of the above areas and has both at least two years of experience working in a psychiatric rehabilitation program and at least 60 contact hours of training in psychiatric rehabilitation.

"Psychiatrist" means a doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine who is certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology or who is eligible for certification and who is fully licensed to practice medicine in the state of Iowa.

"Psychologist" means a person who:

- 1. Is licensed to practice psychology in the state of Iowa or meets the requirements of eligibility for a license to practice psychology in the state of Iowa as defined in Iowa Code chapter 154B; or
- 2. Is certified by the Iowa department of education as a school psychologist or is eligible for certification by the Iowa department of education.

"Qualified case managers and supervisors" means people who have the following qualifications:

- 1. A bachelor's degree with 30 semester hours or equivalent quarter hours in a human services field (including, but not limited to, psychology, social work, mental health counseling, marriage and family therapy, nursing, education, occupational therapy, and recreational therapy) and at least one year of experience in the delivery of services to the population groups that the person is hired as a case manager or case management supervisor to serve; or
- 2. An Iowa license to practice as a registered nurse and at least three years of experience in the delivery of services to the population group the person is hired as a case manager or case management supervisor to serve.

People employed as case management supervisors on or before August 1, 1993, who do not meet these requirements shall be considered to meet these requirements as long as they are continuously employed by the same case management provider.

"Readiness assessment" means a process of involving the individual using the service in clarifying motivational readiness to participate in the recovery process. For purposes of this chapter, the definition and explanation are taken from the Psychiatric Rehabilitation Practitioner Tools, as developed by the Boston Center for Psychiatric Rehabilitation.

"Readiness development" means services designed to develop or increase an individual's interest, motivation, and resolve to engage in the rehabilitation services process, as a means of enhancing independent functioning and quality of life. For purposes of this chapter, the definition and explanation are taken from the Psychiatric Rehabilitation Practitioner Tools, as developed by the Boston Center for Psychiatric Rehabilitation.

"Registered nurse" means a person who is licensed to practice nursing in the state of Iowa as defined in Iowa Code chapter 152.

"Rehabilitation services" means services designed to restore, improve, or maximize the individual's optimal level of functioning, self-care, self-responsibility, independence and quality of life and to minimize impairments, disabilities and dysfunction caused by a serious and persistent mental or emotional disability.

"Rights restriction" means limitations not imposed on the general public in the areas of communication, mobility, finances, medical or mental health treatment, intimacy, privacy, type of work, religion, place of residence, and people with whom the individual using the service may share a residence.

"Serious emotional disturbance" means a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that (1) is of sufficient duration to meet diagnostic criteria for the disorder specified by the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV-TR), published by the American Psychiatric Association; and (2) has resulted in a functional impairment that substantially interferes with or limits a consumer's role or functioning in family, school, or community activities. "Serious emotional disturbance" shall not include developmental disorders, substance-related disorders, or conditions or problems classified in DSM-IV-TR as "other conditions that may be a focus of clinical attention" (V codes), unless those conditions co-occur with another diagnosable serious emotional disturbance.

"Service plan" means an individualized goal-oriented plan of services written in language understandable by the individual using the service and developed collaboratively by the individual and the organization.

"Staff" means people paid by the organization to perform duties and responsibilities defined in the organization's policies and procedures.

441—24.2(225C) Standards for policy and procedures.

24.2(1) *Performance benchmark.* The organization has written policy direction for the organization and each service being accredited.

24.2(2) Performance indicators.

- a. The organization has a policies and procedures manual with policy guidelines and administrative procedures for all organizational activities and services specific to its organization that addresses the standards in effect at the time of review.
 - b. The policies and procedures cover each benchmark and indicator in this chapter.
 - c. The policies and procedures manual is made available to all staff.

441—24.3(225C) Standards for organizational activities.

24.3(1) *Performance improvement system.*

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization has a systematic, organizationwide, planned approach to designing, measuring, evaluating, and improving the level of its performance.
 - b. Performance indicators. The organization:
 - (1) Measures and assesses organizational activities and services accredited in this chapter annually.
 - (2) Gathers information from individuals using the services, staff, and family members.
- (3) Implements an internal review of individual records for those services accredited under this chapter.
- (4) Reviews the organization's response to incidents reported under subrule 24.4(5) and any other situation that may pose a danger or threat to staff or individuals using the services for necessity, appropriateness, effectiveness and prevention.
 - (5) Identifies areas in need of improvement.
 - (6) Has a plan to address the areas in need of improvement.
 - (7) Implements the plan and documents the results.

24.3(2) *Leadership.*

- a. Performance benchmark. Organization leaders provide the framework for the planning, designing, directing, coordination, provision and improvement of services that are responsive to the individuals using the services and the community served by the organization.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) There are clearly articulated mission and values statements that are reflected in the long-range organizational plans and in organization policies.
- (2) The annual and long-range budgeting process involves appropriate governing and managing levels of leadership and reflects the organization's mission and values. An independent auditor or other person as provided by law performs an annual financial audit.
- (3) The organization establishes a board of directors. The board includes individuals using the services or family members of individuals using the services or establishes and implements an advisory board.
- (4) The organization's decision-making process, including policy decisions affecting the organization, reflects involvement of the various levels of leadership and responsiveness to staff.
- (5) Organization leaders solicit input from leaders of the various community groups representing individuals served by the organization in designing responsive service delivery systems.
- (6) Organization leaders develop and implement a service system appropriate to the needs of the individuals served by the organization.
- (7) Organization leaders make educational information, resources, and service consultation available to community groups.

24.3(3) Management information system.

- a. Performance benchmark. Information is obtained, managed, and used in an efficient and effective method to document, enhance, and improve organizational performance and service delivery.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The organization has a system in place to maintain current individual-specific information documenting the provision and outcomes of services and treatments provided.
- (2) The organization has a system in place to maintain the confidentiality and security of information that identifies specific individuals using the services, including mail, correspondence, and electronic files.

24.3(4) Human resources.

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization provides qualified staff to support the organization's mission and facilitate the provision of quality services.
 - b. Performance indicators. The organization:
- (1) Has a job description in the personnel file of each staff member that clearly defines responsibilities and qualifications.
- (2) Has a process to verify qualifications of staff including degrees, licenses, medication management training, and certification as required by the position.
 - (3) Evaluates staff annually.
 - (4) Includes a plan for staff development for each staff member in the annual evaluation.
 - (5) Provides training and education to all staff relevant to their positions.
- (6) Provides for approved training on child and dependent adult abuse reporter requirements to all organization staff who are mandatory abuse reporters. The organization documents in personnel records training on child and dependent adult abuse reporter requirements.
- (7) Has staff members sign a document indicating that they are aware of the organization's policy on confidentiality and maintains these documents in the personnel files.
- (8) Provides an initial orientation to new staff and documents this orientation in the employee's personnel file.

- (9) Has mechanisms in place that afford staff the right to express concerns about a particular care issue or to file a grievance concerning a specific employment situation.
- (10) Completes criminal and abuse record checks and evaluations as required in Iowa Code section 135C.33(5) before employment for any employee who meets with individuals using the services in the individuals' homes.
- (11) Establishes and implements a code of ethics for all staff addressing confidentiality, individual rights, and professional and legal issues in providing services and documents in the personnel records that the code of ethics in effect at the time of review has been reviewed with each staff member.

24.3(5) Organizational environment.

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization provides services in an organizational environment that is safe and supportive for the individuals being served and the staff providing services.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The environment enhances the self-image of the individual using the service and preserves the individual's dignity, privacy, and self-development.
- (2) The environment is safe and accessible and meets all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.
- (3) The processes that service and maintain the environment and the effectiveness of the environment are reviewed within the organization's monitoring and improvement system.
- (4) The organization establishes intervention procedures for behavior that presents significant risk of harm to the individual using the service or others. The interventions also ensure that the individual's rights are protected and that due process is afforded.
- (5) The organization meets state and federal regulations in the way it implements the safe storage, provision, administration, and disposal of medication when used within the service.
- **441—24.4(225C) Standards for services.** Providers for the services set forth in subrules 24.4(9) through 24.4(13) shall meet the standards in subrules 24.4(1) through 24.4(8) in addition to the standards for the specific service. Providers of outpatient psychotherapy and counseling services shall also meet standards in subrules 24.4(1), 24.4(2), 24.4(4), 24.4(6), 24.4(7), and 24.4(8). Providers of emergency services or evaluation services shall meet the benchmark for the services they provide.

24.4(1) Social history.

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization completes a social history for each individual served.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The organization collects and documents relevant historical information and organizes the information in one distinct document in a narrative format.
 - (2) The social history includes:
 - 1. Relevant information regarding the onset of disability.
 - 2. Family, physical, psychosocial, behavioral, cultural, environmental, and legal history.
 - 3. Developmental history for children.
 - 4. Any history of substance abuse, domestic violence, or physical, emotional, or sexual abuse.
 - (3) Staff review and update the social history at least annually.

24.4(2) *Assessment.*

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization develops a written assessment for each individual served. The assessment is the basis for the services provided to the individuals.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The assessment includes information about the individual's current situation, diagnosis, needs, problems, wants, abilities and desired results, gathered with the individual's involvement.
- (2) Staff solicit collateral provider information as appropriate to the individual situation in order to compile a comprehensive and full assessment.

- (3) Staff develop and complete the assessment in a narrative format.
- (4) Staff base decisions regarding the level, type and immediacy of services to be provided, or the need for further assessment or evaluation, upon the analysis of the information gathered in the assessment.
- (5) Staff complete an annual reassessment for each individual using the service and document the reassessment in a written format.
- (6) Documentation supporting the diagnosis is contained in the individual's record. A diagnosis of mental retardation is supported by a psychological evaluation conducted by a qualified professional. A diagnosis of developmental disability is supported by professional documentation. A determination of chronic mental illness is supported by a psychiatric or psychological evaluation conducted by a qualified professional.

24.4(3) Individual service plan.

- a. Performance benchmark. Individualized, planned, and appropriate services are guided by an individual-specific service plan developed in collaboration with the individual using the service, staff, and significantly involved others as appropriate. Services are planned for and directed to where the individuals live, learn, work, and socialize.
 - b. Performance indicators.
 - (1) The service plan is based on the current assessment.
- (2) The service plan identifies observable or measurable individual goals and action steps to meet the goals.
- (3) The service plan includes interventions and supports needed to meet those goals with incremental action steps, as appropriate.
- (4) The service plan includes the staff, people, or organizations responsible for carrying out the interventions or supports.
- (5) Services defined in the service plan are appropriate to the severity level of problems and specific needs or disabilities.
 - (6) The plan reflects desired individual outcomes.
- (7) Activities identified in the service plan encourage the ability and right of the individual using the service to make choices, to experience a sense of achievement, and to modify or continue participation in the treatment process.
- (8) Staff monitor the service plan with review occurring regularly. At least annually, staff assess and revise the service plan to determine achievement, continued need, or change in goals or intervention methods. The review includes the individual using the service, with the involvement of significant others as appropriate.
- (9) Staff develop a separate, individualized, anticipated discharge plan as part of the service plan that is specific to each service the individual receives.
- (10) The service plan includes documentation of any rights restrictions, why there is a need for the restriction, and a plan to restore those rights or a reason why a plan is not necessary or appropriate.

24.4(4) *Documentation of service provision.*

- a. Performance benchmark. Individualized and appropriate intervention services and treatments are provided in ways that support the needs, desires, and goals identified in the service plan, and that respect the rights and choices of the individual using the service.
 - b. Performance indicators.
 - (1) Staff document in the narrative the individual's participation in the treatment process.
- (2) Responsible staff document the individual's progress toward goals, the provision of staff intervention, and the individual's response to those interventions.
- (3) Documentation of service provision is in a written, legible, narrative format in accordance with organizational policies and procedures.

24.4(5) *Incident reports.*

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization completes an incident report for incidents that occur or are identified during times of direct contact by organization staff.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The organization has printed incident report forms available that include the following information:
 - 1. The name of the individual served who was involved in the incident.
 - 2. The date and time the incident occurred.
 - 3. A description of the incident.
- 4. The names of all organization staff and others who were present or responded at the time of the incident. (For confidentiality reasons, other individuals who receive services should be identified by initials or some other accepted means.)
 - 5. The action the organization staff took to handle the situation.
 - 6. The resolution of or follow-up to the incident.
- (2) The staff directly involved at the time of the incident prepare and sign the incident report before forwarding it to the supervisor.
- (3) Staff file a copy of the completed incident report in a centralized location and make a notation in the individual's file.
- (4) Staff send a copy of the incident report to the individual's Medicaid targeted case manager or county case worker who is involved in funding the service and notify the individual's legal guardian within 72 hours of the incident.

24.4(6) Confidentiality and legal status.

- a. Performance benchmark. Staff release medical and mental health information only when properly authorized.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The organization obtains written consent from the individual using the service, the individual's legal guardian, or other people authorized by law before releasing personal identifying information, medical records, mental health records, or any other confidential information.
- (2) Staff complete releases in accordance with existing federal and state laws, rules, and regulations and maintain them in each individual file.
- (3) Guardianship papers and probation, commitment, or other court orders are placed in the individual's record, if applicable.

24.4(7) *Service systems.*

- a. Performance benchmark. The organization develops a clear description of each of the services offered. The organization develops an admission and discharge system of services. Staff coordinate services with other settings and providers.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) The organization has established and documented the necessary admission information to determine each individual's eligibility for participation in the service.
- (2) Staff include verification in each individual's file that a service description was provided to the individual using the service and, when appropriate, to family or significant others.
- (3) Continuity of services occurs through coordination among the staff and professionals providing services. Coordination of services through linkages with other settings and providers has occurred, as appropriate.
 - (4) Staff include a written discharge summary in each individual record at the time of discharge. **24.4(8)** *Respect for individual rights.*
- a. Performance benchmark. Each individual using the service is recognized and respected in the provision of services, in accordance with basic human, civil, and statutory rights.

- b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Staff provide services in ways that respect and enhance the individual's sense of autonomy, privacy, dignity, self-esteem, and involvement in the individual's own treatment. Staff take language barriers, cultural differences, and cognitive deficits into consideration and make provisions to facilitate meaningful individual participation.
- (2) Staff inform individuals using the service and, when appropriate, family and significant others of their rights, choices, and responsibilities.
- (3) The organization has a procedure established to protect the individuals using the service during any activities, procedure or research that requires informed consent.
- (4) The organization verifies that individuals using the service and their guardians are informed of the process to express questions, concerns, complaints, or grievances about any aspect of the individual's service, including the appeal process.
- (5) The organization provides the individuals and their guardians the right to appeal the application of policies, procedures, or any staff action that affects the individual using the service. The organization has established written appeal procedures and a method to ensure that the procedures and appeal process are available to individuals using the service.
- (6) All individuals using the service, their legal representatives, and other people authorized by law have access to the records of the individual using the service in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations.
- **24.4(9)** Case management services. "Case management services" means those services established pursuant to Iowa Code section 225C.20.
- a. Performance benchmark. Case management services link individuals using the service to service agencies and support systems responsible for providing the necessary direct service activities and coordinate and monitor those services.
 - b. Performance indicators.
 - (1) Staff clearly define the need for case management and document it annually.
- (2) At a minimum, the team is composed of the individual using the service, the case manager, and providers or natural supports relevant to the individual's service needs. The team may also include family members, at the discretion of the individual using the service.
- (3) The team works with the individual using the service to establish the service plan that guides and coordinates the delivery of the services.
 - (4) The case manager advocates for the individual using the service.
- (5) The case manager coordinates and monitors the services provided to the individual using the service.
- (6) Documentation of contacts includes the date, the name of the individual using the service, the name of the case manager, and the place of service.
- (7) The case manager holds individual face-to-face meetings at least quarterly with the individual using the service.
- (8) Case managers do not provide direct services. Individuals using the service are linked to appropriate resources, which provide necessary direct services and natural supports.
- (9) Individuals using the service participate in developing an individualized crisis intervention plan that includes natural supports and self-help methods.
- (10) Documentation shows that individuals using the service are informed about their choice of providers as provided in the county management plan.
- (11) Within an accredited case management program, the average caseload is no more than 45 individuals per each full-time case manager. The average caseload of children with serious emotional disturbance is no more than 15 children per full-time case manager.
- (12) The case manager communicates with the team and then documents in the individual's file a quarterly review of the individual's progress toward achieving the goals.

- **24.4(10)** Day treatment services. "Day treatment" means an individualized service emphasizing mental health treatment and intensive psychosocial rehabilitation activities designed to increase the individual's ability to function independently or facilitate transition from residential placement. Staff use individual and group treatment and rehabilitation services based on individual needs and identified behavioral or mental health issues.
- a. Performance benchmark. Individuals using the service who are experiencing a significantly reduced ability to function in the community are stabilized and improved by the receipt of psychosocial rehabilitation, mental health treatment services, and in-home support services, and the need for residential or inpatient placement is alleviated.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Individuals using the service participate with the organizational staff in identifying the problem areas to be addressed and the goals to be achieved that are based on the individual's need for services.
- (2) Individuals using the service receive individualized services designed to focus on those identified mental health or behavioral issues that are causing significant impairment in their day-to-day functioning.
- (3) Individuals who receive intensive outpatient and day treatment services receive a comprehensive and integrated schedule of recognized individual and group treatment and rehabilitation services.
- (4) Individuals using the service and staff review their progress in resolving problems and achieving goals on a frequent and regular basis.
- (5) Individuals using the service receive services appropriate to defined needs and current risk factors.
- (6) Individuals using the service receive services from staff who are appropriately qualified and trained to provide the range and intensity of services required by the individual's specific problems or disabilities. A mental health professional provides or directly supervises the provision of treatment services.
- (7) Individuals using the service participate in discharge planning that focuses on coordinating and integrating individual, family, and community and organization resources.
- (8) Family members of individuals using the service are involved in the planning and provision of services, as appropriate and as desired by the individual.
- **24.4(11)** *Intensive psychiatric rehabilitation services.* "Intensive psychiatric rehabilitation services" means services designed to restore, improve, or maximize level of functioning, self-care, responsibility, independence, and quality of life; to minimize impairments, disabilities, and disadvantages of people who have a disabling mental illness; and to prevent or reduce the need for services in a hospital or residential setting. Services focus on improving personal capabilities while reducing the harmful effects of psychiatric disability, resulting in an individual's recovering the ability to perform a valued role in society.
- a. Performance benchmark. Individuals using the service who are experiencing a significantly reduced ability to function in the community due to a disability are stabilized and experience role recovery by the receipt of intensive psychiatric rehabilitation services.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Individuals using the service participate with the psychiatric rehabilitation practitioner in identifying the specific rehabilitation issues, developing environmental rehabilitation goals, and specifying service objectives or interventions. A service plan as specified in subrule 24.4(3) is required after the readiness assessment has been completed.
- (2) Individuals using the service receive individualized services designed to focus on those identified mental health needs, functional needs, and support needs that contribute to the individual's level of disability and prevent full participation in the life of the community.

- (3) Whenever possible, intensive psychiatric rehabilitative services are provided in natural settings where individuals using the service live, learn, work and socialize.
- (4) Individuals using the service and a psychiatric rehabilitation practitioner review on a frequent and regular basis the individual's progress in accomplishing rehabilitation objectives or interventions and attaining environmental rehabilitation goals.
- (5) Individuals using the service receive services appropriate to mutually determined disabilityrelated challenges and current risk factors.
- (6) Individuals using the service receive services from staff who meet the requirements of a psychiatric practitioner. A mental health professional or psychiatric rehabilitation practitioner supervises the provision of psychiatric rehabilitation services.
- (7) During goal keeping, individuals using the service participate in discharge planning that focuses on coordinating and integrating individual, family, community, and organization resources for successful community tenure and the anticipated end of psychiatric rehabilitation services.
- (8) Significantly involved others are involved in the planning and provision of services as appropriate and as desired by the individual using the service.
- (9) Individuals using the service receive four to ten hours per week of recognized psychiatric rehabilitation services. All services are provided for an identified period.
- (10) Staff document changes in motivational readiness to choose valued roles and environments at the end of readiness assessment and monthly during readiness development.
- (11) Staff document increases in skill acquisition and skill competency in each individual's file monthly while doing direct skill teaching in the skill competency phase of goal achieving and during goal keeping.
- (12) Staff document resource acquisition and use in each individual's file monthly during the resource acquisition phase of goal achieving and during goal keeping.
- (13) Staff document the achievement of chosen rehabilitation goals in each individual's file regularly during goal keeping.
- (14) Staff or the individual using the service documents the level of individual satisfaction with intensive psychiatric rehabilitation services in each individual's file on an ongoing basis.
- (15) Staff document the individual's satisfaction with chosen roles and environments in each individual's file regularly during goal keeping.
- (16) Individuals using the service achieve positive changes in environmental status, such as moving to a more independent living arrangement, enrolling in an education program, getting a job, or joining a community group. Staff document this achievement in each individual's file regularly during goal keeping.
 - (17) Staff document the need for and use of psychiatric inpatient services in each individual's file.
- **24.4(12)** Supported community living services. "Supported community living services" means those services provided to individuals with a mental illness, mental retardation, or developmental disability to enable them to develop supports and learn skills that will allow them to live, learn, work and socialize in the community. Services are individualized, need- and abilities-focused, and organized according to the following components: outreach to appropriate support or treatment services; assistance and referral in meeting basic human needs; assistance in housing and living arrangements; crisis intervention and assistance; social and vocational assistance; the provision of or arrangement for personal, environmental, family, and community supports; facilitation of the individual's identification and development of natural support systems; support, assistance, and education to the individual's family and to the community; protection and advocacy; and service coordination.

These services are to be provided by organizational staff or through linkages with other resources and are intended to be provided in the individual's home or other natural community environment where the skills are learned or used. Supported community living is not part of an organized mental health support or treatment group, drop-in center, or clubhouse. Skill training groups may be one of the activities in the service plan and part of supported community living. Skill training groups cannot stand alone as a supported community living service.

- a. Performance benchmark. Individuals using the service live, learn, work, and socialize in the community.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Individuals receive services within their home and community setting where the skills are tearned or used.
- (2) At intake, the individuals using the service participate in a functional assessment to assist in defining areas of service need and establishing a service plan. Staff summarize the findings of the functional assessment in a narrative that describes the individual's current level of functioning in the areas of living, learning, working, and socialization. Staff review functional assessments on a regular basis to determine progress.
- (3) Individuals using the service receive skill training and support services directed to enabling them to regain or attain higher levels of functioning or to maximize functioning in the current goal areas.
- (4) Services are delivered on an individualized basis in the place where the individual using the service lives or works.
- (5) Documentation that steps have been taken to encourage the use of natural supports and develop new ones is in the individual file.
- (6) Individuals using the service participate in developing a detailed individualized crisis intervention plan that includes natural supports and self-help methods.
- **24.4(13)** Partial hospitalization services. "Partial hospitalization services" means an active treatment program providing intensive group and individual clinical services within a structured therapeutic environment for individuals who are exhibiting psychiatric symptoms of sufficient severity to cause significant impairment in day-to-day functioning. Short-term outpatient crisis stabilization and rehabilitation services are provided to avert hospitalization or to transition from an acute care setting. Services are supervised and managed by a mental health professional, and psychiatric consultation is routinely available. Clinical services are provided by a mental health professional.
- a. Performance benchmark. Individuals who are experiencing serious impairment in day-to-day functioning due to severe psychiatric distress are enabled to remain in their community living situation through the receipt of therapeutically intensive milieu services.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Individuals using the service and staff mutually develop an individualized service plan that focuses on the behavioral and mental health issues and problems identified at admission. Goals are based on the individual's need for services.
- (2) Individuals using the service receive clinical services that are provided and supervised by mental health professionals. A licensed and qualified psychiatrist provides psychiatric consultation and medication services.
- (3) Individuals using the service receive a comprehensive schedule of active, planned, and integrated psychotherapeutic and rehabilitation services provided by qualified professional staff.
- (4) Individuals using the service receive group and individual treatment services that are designed to increase their ability to function independently.
- (5) Individuals using the service are involved in the development of an anticipated discharge plan that includes linkages to family, provider, and community resources and services.

- (6) Individuals using the service have sufficient staff available to ensure their safety, to be responsive to crisis or individual need, and to provide active treatment services.
- (7) Individuals using the service receive services commensurate with current identified risk and need factors.
- (8) Support systems identified by individuals using the service are involved in the planning and provision of services and treatments as appropriate and desired by the individual using the service.
- **24.4(14)** Outpatient psychotherapy and counseling services. "Outpatient psychotherapy and counseling services" means a dynamic process in which the therapist uses professional skills, knowledge and training to enable individuals using the service to realize and mobilize their strengths and abilities, take charge of their lives, and resolve their issues and problems. Psychotherapy services may be individual, group, or family, and are provided by a person meeting the criteria of a mental health professional or by a person with a master's degree or an intern working on a master's degree in a mental health field who is directly supervised by a mental health professional.
- a. Performance benchmark. Individuals using the service realize and mobilize their own strengths and abilities to take control of their lives in the areas where they live, learn, work, and socialize.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Individuals using the service are prepared for their role as partners in the therapeutic process at intake where they define their situation, evaluate those factors that affect their situation, and establish desired problem resolution.
- (2) Psychiatric and psychopharmacological services are available as needed by the individual using the service.
- (3) Staff document current and future treatment goals and interventions and supports mutually agreed to by the individual using the service and the therapist in the initial assessment and after each intervention and treatment service. A distinct service plan document is not required.
- (4) Staff document the individual's status at each visit and the reasons for continuing or discontinuing services in the progress notes. A distinct discharge summary document is not required.
- (5) Individual records are subject to an internal quality assurance process and monitored by the organization. Quality assurance activities include:
 - 1. A review of the individual's involvement in and with treatment.
- 2. Verification that treatment activities are documented and are relevant to the diagnosis or presenting problem.
 - 3. Verification that the organization follows up on individuals who miss appointments.
- **24.4(15)** *Emergency services.* "Emergency services" means crisis services that provide a focused assessment and rapid stabilization of acute symptoms of mental illness or emotional distress and are available and accessible, by telephone or face-to-face, on a 24-hour basis. The clinical assessment and psychotherapeutic services are provided by a person who has training in emergency services and who is a mental health professional or has access to a mental health professional, at least by telephone.

Services may be provided by a person who holds a master's degree in a mental health field including, but not limited to, psychology, counseling and guidance, psychiatric nursing, psychiatric rehabilitation, or social work; or a person who holds a bachelor's degree in a human service discipline with five years' experience providing mental health services or human services; or a psychiatric nurse who has three years of clinical experience in mental health. A comprehensive social history is not required for this treatment.

a. Performance benchmark. Individuals using the service receive emergency services when needed that provide a focused assessment and rapid stabilization of acute symptoms of mental illness or emotional distress.

- b. Performance indicators.
- Individuals using the service can access 24-hour emergency services by telephone or in person.
- (2) Information about how to access emergency services is publicized to facilitate availability of services to individuals using the service, family members, and the public.
- (3) Individuals using the service receive assessments and services from either a mental health professional or from personnel who meet the requirements above and are supervised by a mental health professional. Psychiatric consultation is available, if needed.
- (4) Individuals using the service receive intervention commensurate with current identified risk factors.
- (5) Significantly involved others are involved as necessary and appropriate to the situation and as desired by the individual using the service.
- (6) Individuals using the service are involved in the development of postemergency service planning and resource identification and coordination.
- (7) Staff document contacts in a narrative format and maintain them in a central location that will allow timely response to the problems presented by the individual using the service.
 - (8) Timely coordination of contacts with relevant professionals is made.
- **24.4(16)** Evaluation services. "Evaluation services" means screening, diagnosis and assessment of individual and family functioning needs, abilities, and disabilities, and determining current status and functioning in the areas of living, learning, working, and socializing.
- a. Performance benchmark. Individuals using the service receive comprehensive evaluation services that include screening, diagnosis, and assessment of individual or family functioning, needs and disabilities.
 - b. Performance indicators.
- (1) Evaluations include screening, diagnosis, and assessment of individual or family functioning, needs, abilities, and disabilities.
- (2) Evaluations consider the emotional, behavioral, cognitive, psychosocial, and physical information as appropriate and necessary.
 - (3) Evaluations includes recommendations for services and need for further evaluations.
- (4) Mental health evaluations are completed by a person who meets the criteria of a mental health professional, or a person with a master's degree who is license-eligible and supervised by a mental health professional, or an intern of a master's or doctorate program who is supervised by a mental health professional.
- **441—24.5(225C)** Accreditation. The commission shall make all decisions involving issuance, denial, or revocation of accreditation. This accreditation shall delineate all categories of service the organization is accredited to provide. Although an organization may have more than one facility or service site, the commission shall issue only one accreditation notice to the organization, except as provided in paragraph 24.5(5) "f."
- **24.5**(1) Organizations eligible for accreditation. The commission accredits the following organizations:
 - a. Case management providers.
 - b. Community mental health centers.
 - c. Supported community living providers.
 - d. Mental health service providers.

- **24.5(2)** Application and renewal procedures. An applicant for accreditation shall submit Form 470-3005, Application for Accreditation, to the Division of Behavioral, Developmental, and Protective Services, Department of Human Services, Fifth Floor, Hoover State Office Building, 1305 East Walnut, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0114.
- a. The application shall be signed by the organization's chief executive officer and the chairperson of the governing body and shall include the following information:
 - (1) The name and address of the applicant organization.
 - (2) The name and address of the chief executive officer of the applicant organization.
- (3) The type of organization and specific services for which the organization is applying for accreditation.
 - (4) The targeted population groups for which services are to be provided, as applicable.
- (5) The number of individuals in each of the targeted population groups to be served, as applicable.
 - (6) Other information related to the standards as requested by division staff.
- b. Organizations that have received an initial 270-day accreditation and have not provided services by the end of the 270 days shall have their accreditation lapse for that specific service. This lapse of accreditation shall not be considered a denial. New applications may be submitted that include the waiting list of individuals to be served along with specific timelines of when the services will begin.
 - c. An organization in good standing may apply for an add-on service.
- **24.5(3)** Application review. Upon receipt of an application, Form 470-3005, the division shall review the materials submitted to determine whether the application is complete and request any additional material as needed. Survey reviews shall commence only after the organization has submitted all application material.
- a. For a new organization, staff may initially conduct a desk audit or on-site visit to review the organization's mission, policies, procedures, staff credentials, and program descriptions.
- b. The division shall review organizational services and activities as determined by the accreditation category. This review may include audits of case records, administrative procedures, clinical practices, personnel records, performance improvement systems and documentation, and interviews with staff, individuals, boards of directors, or others deemed appropriate, consistent with the confidentiality safeguards of state and federal laws.
- c. A team shall make an on-site visit to the organization. The division shall not be required to provide advance notice to the provider of the on-site visit for accreditation.
- d. The on-site team shall consist of designated members of the division staff. At the division's discretion, the team may include provider staff of other providers, individuals, and others deemed appropriate.
- e. The team shall survey the organization and the services indicated on the accreditation application in order to verify information contained in the application and ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations. At the time of a one-year recertification visit, the team shall review the services that did not receive three-year accreditation.
- f. The team shall review case records and personnel records to see how the organization implements each of the indicators in the standards. If the documentation is not found in the records, the organization shall show, at the time the division staff is on site, documentation of how the indicator was accomplished.
- g. When an organization subcontracts with agencies to provide services, on-site reviews shall be done at each subcontracting agency to determine if each agency meets all the requirements in this chapter. The accreditation is issued to the organization.
- h. At the end of the survey, the team leader shall lend an exit review. Before the close of the onsite review, the organization must provide the team leader any documentation that demonstrates how the organization has met these standards for services.

- *i.* The accreditation team leader shall send a written report of the findings to the organization within 30 working days after completion of the accreditation survey.
- *j.* Organizations required to develop a corrective action and improvement plan pursuant to subrule 24.5(4)"a" shall submit the plan to the division within 30 working days after the receipt of a report issued as a result of the division's survey review. The action plan shall include specific problem areas cited, corrective actions to be implemented by the organization, dates by which each corrective measure shall be completed, and quality assurance and improvement activities to measure and ensure continued compliance.
- *k.* Quality assurance staff shall review and approve the corrective action and improvement plan before making an accreditation recommendation to the commission.
- I. The division shall offer technical assistance to organizations applying for first-time accreditation. Following accreditation, any organization may request technical assistance from the division to bring into conformity those areas found in noncompliance with this chapter's requirements. If multiple deficiencies are noted during a survey, the commission may also require that technical assistance be provided to an organization, as staff time permits, to assist in implementation of an organization's corrective action plan. Renewal applicants may be provided technical assistance as needed, if staff time permits.
- **24.5(4)** *Performance outcome determinations.* There are three major areas addressed in these standards: policies and procedures, organizational activities, and services, as set forth in rules 441—24.2(225C), 24.3(225C), and 24.4(225C). Each rule contains standards, with a performance benchmark and performance indicators for each standard. Each of the applicable standards for the three areas (policy and procedures, organizational activities, and services) shall be reviewed.
- a. Quality assurance staff shall determine a performance compliance level based on the number of indicators found to be in compliance.
- (1) For service indicators, if 25 percent or more of the files reviewed do not comply with the requirements for a performance indicator, then that indicator is considered out of compliance and corrective action is required.
- (2) Corrective action is required when any indicator under policies and procedures or organizational activities is not met.
- b. In the overall rating, the performance rating for policy and procedures shall count as 15 percent of the total, organizational activities as 15 percent of the total, and services as 70 percent of the total.
- (1) Each of the three indicators for policy and procedures has a value of 5 out of a possible score of 15.
- (2) Each of the 32 indicators for organizational activities has a value of .47 out of a possible score of 15.
- (3) Each service has a separate weighting according to the total number of indicators applicable for that service, with a possible score of 70, as follows:

<u>Service</u>	Number of indicators	Value of each indicator
Case management	52	1.35
Day treatment	47	1.49
Intensive psychiatric rehabilitation	56	1.25
Supported community living	45	1.55
Partial hospitalization	47	1.49
Outpatient psychotherapy and counseling	24	2.92
Emergency	8	8.75
Evaluation	4	17.50

- c. Quality assurance staff shall determine a separate score for each service to be accredited. When an organization offers more than one service under this chapter, there shall be one accreditation award for all the services based upon the lowest score of the services surveyed.
- **24.5(5)** Accreditation decisions. The division shall prepare all documents with a final recommendation regarding accreditation to be presented at the commission meeting. The division shall mail to all commission members summary reports of the on-site service review or desk review and a final recommendation concerning accreditation on each application to be processed at the next commission meeting.

If the commission approves accreditation, Form 470-3006, Notice of Action-Approval, shall be issued which states the duration of the accreditation and the services that the organization is accredited to provide. If the commission denies or revokes accreditation, Form 470-3008, Notice of Action-Denial, shall be issued which states the reasons for the denial.

- a. Initial 270-day accreditation. This type of accreditation may be granted to a new organization. The commission shall base the accreditation decision on a report by the division that:
- The organization has an approved policies and procedures manual that includes job descriptions
- (2) Staff assigned to the positions meet the qualifications in the standards and the policies and procedures of the organization.
- b. Three-year accreditation. An organization or service is eligible for this type of accreditation if it has achieved an 80 percent or higher performance compliance level. The organization may be required to develop and submit a plan of corrective action and improvement that may be monitored either by written report or an on-site review.
- c. One-year accreditation. An organization is eligible for this type of accreditation when multiple and substantial deficiencies exist in specific areas causing compliance levels with performance benchmarks and indicators to fall between 70 percent and 79 percent, or when previously required corrective action plans have not been implemented or completed. The organization must submit a corrective action plan to correct and improve specific deficiencies and overall levels of functioning. Quality assurance staff shall monitor this plan through on-site reviews, written reports and the provision of technical assistance.
- d. Probational 180-day accreditation. An organization is eligible for probational 180-day accreditation instead of denial when the overall compliance level is from 60 to 69 percent, and pervasive and serious deficiencies exist; or when corrective action plans previously required as a result of a one-year accreditation have not been implemented or completed. The commission may downgrade organizations with a one-year or three-year accreditation to the probational 180-day accreditation when one or more complaints are founded.

All deficiencies must be corrected by the time of the follow-up on-site survey at the conclusion of the provisional period. After this survey, the organization shall meet the standards for accreditation for a one-year accreditation, or the commission shall deny accreditation.

- e. Add-on service accreditation. When the on-site review of the add-on service results in a score comparable to the overall organization's score at the time of the most recent accreditation, the organization shall have the add-on accreditation date coincide with the overall accreditation date of the organization. If the add-on service on-site review results in a lower score and lower accreditation decision, division staff shall conduct another on-site review for that add-on service when the add-on service accreditation expires.
 - f. Special terms.
- (1) When an organization subcontracts with more than one agency, the length of accreditation shall be determined individually.
- (2) The accreditation period for services that have deemed status according to rule 24.6(225C) shall coincide with the period awarded by the national accrediting body or the certification for homeand community-based services.

- (3) New or add-on services that meet the requirements for accreditation shall receive an initial 270-day accreditation for that individual service. The term of accreditation shall be determined individually. At the time of recertification of the new add-on service, recommendation may be made to coincide with the term of accreditation for the other services of that organization that are accredited by the commission.
- g. Extensions. The division may grant an extension to the period of accreditation if there has been a delay in the accreditation process that is beyond the control of the organization, the division, or the commission; or the organization has requested an extension to permit the organization to prepare and obtain approval of a corrective action plan. The division shall establish the length of the extension on a case-by-case basis.
- h. Denial of accreditation. An emergency commission meeting may be called to consider denial or revocation of accreditation.
- (1) Accreditation shall be denied when there are pervasive and serious deficiencies that put individuals at immediate risk or when the overall compliance level falls to 59 percent or below. Under such circumstances no corrective action report shall be required.
- (2) When one or more complaints are received, quality assurance staff shall complete an investigation and submit a report to the commission. If any of the complaints are substantiated and the commission determines that there is a pervasive or serious deficiency, the commission may deny accreditation.
- (3) An organization whose accreditation has been denied or revoked shall not be approved for any service for at least six months from the notice of decision denying or revoking accreditation.
- (4) If the organization disagrees with any action or failure to act in regard to the notice of decision to deny accreditation to the organization, the organization has the right to appeal in accordance with 441—Chapter 7.
- **24.5(6)** Nonassignability. Accreditation shall not be assignable to any other organization or provider. Any person or other legal entity acquiring an accredited facility for the purpose of operating a service shall make an application as provided in subrule 24.5(2) for a new certificate of accreditation. Similarly, any organization having acquired accreditation and desiring to alter the service philosophy or transfer operations to different premises must notify the division 30 calendar days before taking action in order for the division to review the change.
- **24.5**(7) *Discontinuation.* A discontinued organization is one that has terminated the service for which it has been accredited. Accreditation is not transferable. An organization shall notify the division of any sale or change in the business status or transfer of ownership in the business or impending closure of the accredited or certified service at least 30 calendar days before closure. The organization shall be responsible for the referral and placement of individuals using the services, as appropriate, and for the preservation of all records.
- **441—24.6(225C) Deemed status.** The commission may grant deemed status to organizations accredited by a recognized national, not-for-profit, accrediting body when the commission determines the accreditation is for similar services. The commission shall also grant deemed status for supported community living services to organizations that are certified under the Medicaid home- and community-based services (HCBS) mental retardation waiver.
- **24.6(1)** *National accrediting bodies.* The national accrediting bodies currently recognized as meeting division criteria for possible deeming are:
 - 1. Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO).
 - 2. The Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF).
 - 3. The Council on Quality and Leadership in Supports for People with Disabilities (The Council).
 - 4. Council on Accreditation of Services for Families and Children (COA).

The accreditation credentials of these national bodies must specify the type of organization, programs, and services that they accredit and include targeted population groups, if appropriate.

Deemed status means that the division is accepting an outside body's review, assessment, and accreditation of an organization's functioning and services. Therefore, the accrediting body doing the review must be assessing categories of organizations and types of programs and services corresponding to those described under this chapter.

When an organization that is nationally accredited requests deemed status for services not covered by the national body's standards but covered under this chapter, the division shall accredit those services. Division staff shall provide technical assistance to organizations with deemed status as time permits.

24.6(2) Application for deemed status.

- a. To apply for deemed status, the organization shall submit Form 470-3332, Application and Letter of Agreement, and copies of the latest survey report and accreditation certificate, documentation of specific programming policies and procedures for populations being served, and credentials for staff providing services to populations served.
- *b.* The division shall not accept an application for deemed status once the division has begun an on-site visit. The organization shall complete the accreditation process.
 - 24.6(3) Requirements for deemed status. To be eligible for deemed status, the organization shall:
- a. Be currently accredited by a recognized national accrediting body for services as defined in subrule 24.6(1); or
- b. Be currently accredited for supported community living under the Medicaid HCBS mental retardation waiver pursuant to 441—subrule 77.37(14). If individuals with mental illness are served, the organization must submit verification of the training and credentials of the staff to show that its staff can meet the needs of the individuals served.
- c. Require the supported community living staff to have the same supervisor as the HCBS/MR program.
- d. Require staff for the program being deemed to have the training and credentials needed to meet the needs of the person served.
 - e. Require staff to meet the incident reporting requirements in subrule 24.4(5).
- **24.6(4)** Granting of deemed status. When the commission grants deemed status, the accreditation period shall coincide with the period awarded by the national accrediting body or the certification for home- and community-based services. However, under no circumstances shall the commission award accreditation for longer than three years.
- **24.6(5)** *Reservations.* When deemed status is granted, the commission and the division reserve rights to the following:
- a. To have division staff conduct on-site reviews for those organizations applying for deemed status which the division has not previously accredited.
- b. To have division staff do joint site visits with the accrediting body, attend exit conferences, or conduct focused follow-behind visits as determined to be appropriate in consultation with the national accrediting organization and the provider organization.
- c. To be informed of and to investigate all complaints that fall under this chapter's jurisdiction according to the process in rule 441—24.7(225C). The division shall report findings to the national accrediting body.
 - d. To review and act upon deemed status when:
 - (1) Complaints have been founded, or
 - (2) The organization's national accreditation status expires without renewal, or
 - (3) The national accrediting body downgrades or withdraws the organization's status.
 - **24.6(6)** Continuation of deemed status.
- a. The organization shall send a copy of Form 470-3332, Application and Letter of Agreement, along with a copy of the application for renewal to the national accrediting body at the same time as application is made to a national accrediting body.

- b. HCBS staff shall furnish to the division copies of the letter notifying a provider of a forthcoming recertification for organizations deemed for supported community living under the HCBS mental retardation waiver.
- c. Following the on-site review by a national accrediting body, the organization shall send the division a copy of the cover sheet and the national accrediting body report within 30 calendar days from the date that the organization receives the documents. If a corrective action plan is required, the organization shall send the division a copy of all correspondence and documentation related to the corrective action
- d. HCBS staff shall furnish the division with copies of HCBS certification reports and any corrective action required by HCBS within 30 calendar days after HCBS staff complete the report or the organization completes required corrective action.
- **441—24.7(225C) Complaint process.** The division shall receive and record complaints by individuals using the services, employees, any interested people, and the public relating to or alleging violations of applicable requirements of the Iowa Code or administrative rules.
- **24.7(1)** *Submittal of complaint.* The complaint may be delivered personally or by mail to the Division of Behavioral, Developmental, and Protective Services, Department of Human Services, Hoover State Office Building, Fifth Floor, 1305 East Walnut, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0114, or by telephone (515)281-5874.
 - a. The division shall assist individuals in making a complaint as needed or requested.
- b. The information received should specifically state the basis of the complaint. The division shall keep the name of the complainant confidential to the extent allowed by law.
- **24.7(2)** Review of complaint. Upon receipt of a complaint, the division shall make a preliminary desk review of the complaint to determine an appropriate response. That response may include notifying the person who submitted the complaint that there is no basis for a review, referring the complaint to another investigative body, or making a determination to do a full investigation.
- **24.7(3)** *Investigation of complaint.* If the division concludes that the complaint is reasonable, has merit, and is based on a violation of rules in this chapter, it may make an investigation of the organization. The division may investigate complaints by an office audit or by an on-site visit. The division shall give priority for on-site visits to instances when individuals using the service are in immediate jeopardy.
- a. If a decision is made to conduct an on-site investigation, the on-site review does not require advance notice to the organization. The division shall notify the chief executive officer and board chairperson of the organization involved before or at the commencement of the on-site investigation that the division has received a complaint.
- b. The division shall give the organization an opportunity to informally present a position regarding allegations in the complaint. The organization may submit the position in writing within five working days following the on-site visit or present it in a personal conference with division staff.
- c. The division shall submit a written report by certified mail to the chief administrative officer of the organization and the chairperson of the board of directors within 20 working days after completion of the investigation.
- d. The report shall indicate whether the complaint was or was not substantiated, the basis for the substantiation or nonsubstantiation, the specific rules violated, and a recommendation for corrective action with time lines specified in the report.
 - e. The date of delivery shown by the certified mail stub shall constitute the date of official notice.

- **24.7(4)** Review by commission. When individuals receiving services are in immediate jeopardy, the commission may call an emergency meeting to make a decision on possible revocation or denial of accreditation.
- a. To the extent allowed by Iowa Code section 21.5, the commission may review the complaint and investigation report in a closed meeting. The action taken by the commission shall be voted upon in the reconvened public meeting and entered into the official record of commission minutes.
- b. If the complaint is substantiated, the commission make take actions deemed appropriate, which may include shortening the term of accreditation, requiring a corrective action plan, or suspending or revoking an organization's accreditation, depending on the severity of the substantiated complaint.
- c. The division shall inform the complainant and the organization by certified mail of the findings and actions taken by the commission. The date of delivery shown by the certified mail stub shall constitute the date of official notice.
- **24.7(5)** *Corrective action plan.* When the commission acts to suspend or revoke accreditation, there will be no corrective action plan. In other instances, if the complaint is substantiated, the organization shall submit a corrective action plan to the division within 20 calendar days after receiving the commission's decision. This plan must respond to violations cited and commission requirements and include time lines, internal monitoring systems, and performance improvement planning.

Failure of the organization to respond within 20 calendar days with an acceptable corrective action plan that addresses the organization's plan of correction following a substantiated investigation or complaint may of itself constitute the basis for revocation or suspension of accreditation. The commission shall determine the appropriate action based on the information submitted. The division shall notify the organization of any action the commission takes.

441—24.8(225C) Appeal procedure. An appeal may be filed using the procedure identified in 441—Chapter 7. Notice of an appeal shall be sent to Appeals Section, Department of Human Services, Hoover State Office Building, Fifth Floor, 1305 East Walnut, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0114, within 30 calendar days of the written decision from the commission.

441—24.9(225C) Exceptions to policy. Requests for exceptions to the policies in this chapter shall follow the policies and procedures in the department's general rule on exceptions to policy at 441—1.8(17A,217). These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 225C.

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[Filed 9/5/85, Notice 7/3/85—published 9/25/85, effective 11/1/85]
         [Filed 4/4/86, Notice 1/29/86—published 4/23/86, effective 6/1/86]
          [Filed emergency 1/15/87—published 2/11/87, effective 1/15/87]
         [Filed 9/2/88, Notice 7/13/88—published 9/21/88, effective 11/1/88]
[Filed emergency 12/12/88 after Notice 9/21/88—published 12/28/88, effective 1/1/89]
         [Filed 3/9/89, Notice 1/25/89—published 4/5/89, effective 5/10/89]
         [Filed 2/14/91, Notice 11/28/90—published 3/6/91, effective 5/1/91]
         [Filed 9/8/93, Notice 4/28/93—published 9/29/93, effective 12/1/93]
         [Filed 3/10/95, Notice 1/4/95—published 3/29/95, effective 5/3/95*]
          [Filed 3/5/97, Notice 1/1/97—published 3/26/97, effective 5/1/97]
         [Filed 5/14/97, Notice 3/12/97—published 6/4/97, effective 8/1/97]
          [Filed 5/6/98, Notice 3/25/98—published 6/3/98, effective 8/1/98]
         [Filed 5/13/98, Notice 3/25/98—published 6/3/98, effective 8/1/98]
         [Filed 3/3/99, Notice 12/30/98—published 3/24/99, effective 5/1/99]
          [Filed 4/5/00, Notice 2/9/00—published 5/3/00, effective 7/1/00]
        [Filed 5/10/02, Notice 12/26/01—published 5/29/02, effective 9/1/02]
          [Filed emergency 9/22/05—published 10/12/05, effective 10/1/05]
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^{*}Effective date of definitions of "Administrator," "Division" and "Persons with mental retardation" delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held April 10, 1995.