House File 220 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 220
BY ALONS, BRANDENBURG,
SCHULTZ, IVERSON,
PEARSON, FRY, DRAKE,
FORRISTALL, HUSEMAN,
CHAMBERS, PETTENGILL,
HAGENOW, MASSIE, SHAW,
KLEIN, ROGERS, SANDS, and
WINDSCHITL

(COMPANION TO LSB 1783SS BY SORENSON)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act eliminating the requirement of an annual permit to
- 2 acquire a pistol or revolver.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

H.F. 220

- 1 Section 1. Section 724.11A, Code 2011, is amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 724.11A Recognition.
- 4 A valid permit or license issued by another state to any
- 5 nonresident of this state shall be considered to be a valid
- 6 permit or license to carry weapons issued pursuant to this
- 7 chapter, except that such permit or license shall not be
- 8 considered to be a substitute for an annual permit to acquire
- 9 pistols or revolvers issued pursuant to section 724.15.
- 10 Sec. 2. Section 724.21A, Code 2011, is amended to read as 11 follows:
- 724.21A Denial, suspension, or revocation of permit to carry 13 weapons or permit to acquire pistols or revolvers.
- 14 l. In any case where the sheriff or the commissioner of
- 15 public safety denies an application for or suspends or revokes
- 16 a permit to carry weapons, or an annual permit to acquire
- 17 pistols or revolvers, the sheriff or commissioner shall provide
- 18 a written statement of the reasons for the denial, suspension,
- 19 or revocation and the applicant or permit holder shall have the
- 20 right to appeal the denial, suspension, or revocation to an
- 21 administrative law judge in the department of inspections and
- 22 appeals within thirty days of receiving written notice of the
- 23 denial, suspension, or revocation.
- 24 2. The applicant or permit holder may file an appeal with
- 25 an administrative law judge by filing a copy of the denial,
- 26 suspension, or revocation notice with a written statement that
- 27 clearly states the applicant's reasons rebutting the denial,
- 28 suspension, or revocation along with a fee of ten dollars.
- 29 Additional supporting information relevant to the proceedings
- 30 may also be included.
- 31 3. The administrative law judge shall, within forty-five
- 32 days of receipt of the request for an appeal, set a hearing
- 33 date. The hearing may be held by telephone or video conference
- 34 at the discretion of the administrative law judge. The
- 35 administrative law judge shall receive witness testimony and

rh/rj

H.F. 220

- 1 other evidence relevant to the proceedings at the hearing. The
- 2 hearing shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 17A.
- 3 4. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the administrative law
- 4 judge shall order that the denial, suspension, or revocation
- 5 of the permit be either rescinded or sustained. An applicant,
- 6 permit holder, or issuing officer aggrieved by the final
- 7 judgment of the administrative law judge shall have the right
- 8 to judicial review in accordance with the terms of the Iowa
- 9 administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A.
- 10 5. The standard of review under this section shall be
- ll clear and convincing evidence that the issuing officer's
- 12 written statement of the reasons for the denial, suspension, or
- 13 revocation constituted probable cause to deny an application or
- 14 to suspend or revoke a permit.
- 15 6. The department of inspections and appeals shall adopt
- 16 rules pursuant to chapter 17A as necessary to carry out the
- 17 provisions of this section.
- 18 7. In any case where the issuing officer denies an
- 19 application for, or suspends or revokes a permit to carry
- 20 weapons, or an annual permit to acquire pistols or revolvers
- 21 solely because of an adverse determination by the national
- 22 instant criminal background check system, the applicant or
- 23 permit holder shall not seek relief under this section but
- 24 may pursue relief of the national instant criminal background
- 25 check system determination pursuant to Pub. L. No. 103-159,
- 26 sections 103(f) and (g) and 104 and 28 C.F.R. § 25.10, or other
- 27 applicable law. The outcome of such proceedings shall be
- 28 binding on the issuing officer.
- Sec. 3. Section 724.27, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph
- 30 1, Code 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- 31 The provisions of section sections 724.8, section 724.15,
- 32 subsection 1, and section 724.26 shall not apply to a person
- 33 who is eligible to have the person's civil rights regarding
- 34 firearms restored under section 914.7 if any of the following
- 35 occur:

H.F. 220

1 Sec. 4. REPEAL. Sections 724.15, 724.16, 724.17, 724.18, 2 724.19, 724.20, and 724.21, Code 2011, are repealed. **EXPLANATION** 3 This bill eliminates the requirement, pursuant to Code 5 section 724.15, that a person who acquires ownership of a 6 pistol or revolver must apply for and be issued an annual 7 permit to acquire a pistol or revolver unless certain 8 exceptions apply. The bill repeals related Code sections relating to 10 permit-to-acquire applications (Code sections 724.17 and 11 724.18), issuance requirements and procedures (Code sections 12 724.19, 724.20, and 724.21), and a related transfer of 13 ownership and penalty provision (Code section 724.16). The 14 bill makes conforming changes to Code sections 724.11A 15 (recognition of out-of-state permits), 724.21A (provisions 16 relating to the denial, suspension, or revocation of permits to 17 acquire), and 724.27 (restoration of citizenship rights to a 18 person convicted of a felony). Current law provides that a person who acquires ownership of 20 a pistol or revolver without a valid annual permit to acquire 21 pistols or revolvers or a person who transfers ownership of 22 a pistol or revolver to a person who does not have in the 23 person's possession a valid annual permit to acquire pistols 24 or revolvers is guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor, and a 25 person who transfers ownership of a pistol or revolver to a 26 person that the transferor knows is prohibited from acquiring 27 ownership of a pistol or revolver commits a class "D" felony. 28 In addition, current law provides that a person who gives a 29 false name or presents false identification, or otherwise 30 knowingly gives false material information to one from whom the 31 person seeks to acquire a pistol or revolver commits a class 32 "D" felony.