

# House Study Bill 57

HOUSE FILE \_\_\_\_\_  
BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON  
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
BILL BY CHAIRPERSON OLSON)

Passed House, Date \_\_\_\_\_ Passed Senate, Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_\_ Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_\_  
Approved \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL FOR

1 An Act modifying the maximum amount of nameplate generating  
2 capacity for all facilities qualifying for wind energy  
3 production and renewable energy tax credits.  
4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:  
5 TLSB 1649YC 83  
6 rn/mg/8

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1 1 Section 1. Section 476B.5, subsection 4, Code 2009, is  
1 2 amended to read as follows:  
1 3 4. The maximum amount of nameplate generating capacity of  
1 4 all qualified facilities the board may find eligible under  
1 5 this chapter shall not exceed ~~four~~ three hundred ~~fifty~~  
1 6 megawatts of nameplate generating capacity.  
1 7 Sec. 2. Section 476C.3, subsection 4, Code 2009, is  
1 8 amended to read as follows:  
1 9 4. The maximum amount of nameplate generating capacity of  
1 10 all wind energy conversion facilities the board may find  
1 11 eligible under this chapter shall not exceed ~~one~~ three hundred  
1 12 ~~eighty~~ thirty megawatts of nameplate generating capacity. The  
1 13 maximum amount of energy production capacity equivalent of all  
1 14 other facilities the board may find eligible under this  
1 15 chapter shall not exceed a combined output of twenty megawatts  
1 16 of nameplate generating capacity and one hundred sixty-seven  
1 17 billion British thermal units of heat for a commercial  
1 18 purpose. Of the maximum amount of energy production capacity  
1 19 equivalent of all other facilities found eligible under this  
1 20 chapter, fifty-five billion British thermal units of heat for  
1 21 a commercial purpose shall be reserved for an eligible  
1 22 facility that is a refuse conversion facility for processed,  
1 23 engineered fuel from a multicounty solid waste management  
1 24 planning area. The maximum amount of energy production  
1 25 capacity the board may find eligible for a single refuse  
1 26 conversion facility is fifty-five billion British thermal  
1 27 units of heat for a commercial purpose.

### EXPLANATION

1 28  
1 29 This bill modifies maximum limitations currently in place  
1 30 regarding the maximum aggregate amount of nameplate generating  
1 31 capacity for all facilities qualifying for the wind energy  
1 32 production tax credit in Code chapter 476B, and the renewable  
1 33 energy tax credit in Code chapter 476C. The maximum limits  
1 34 are currently 450 megawatts and 180 megawatts of nameplate  
1 35 generating capacity, respectively. The bill changes these  
2 1 maximums to 300 megawatts and 330 megawatts, respectively.  
2 2 LSB 1649YC 83  
2 3 rn/mg/8