House Study Bill 673

HOUSE FILE BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON LABOR BILL BY CHAIRPERSON OLSON)

Passed	House,	Date		Passed	Senate,	Date		
Vote:	Ayes _		Nays	Vote:	Ayes _		Nays	
Approved					_		-	

A BILL FOR

1 An Act requiring an annual cost=of=living adjustment for certain weekly workers' compensation benefits. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 4 TLSB 6473YC 82 5 av/rj/14

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Section 1. Section 85.36, Code 2007, is amended to read as 2 follows:

BASIS OF COMPUTATION. 85.36

The basis of compensation shall be the weekly earnings 5 of the injured employee at the time of the injury. Weekly 6 earnings means gross salary, wages, or earnings of an employee 7 to which such employee would have been entitled had the 8 employee worked the customary hours for the full pay period in 9 which the employee was injured, as regularly required by the 10 employee's employer for the work or employment for which the 11 employee was employed, computed_ or determined as follows and 1 12 then rounded to the nearest dollar:

1 13 1. a. In the case of an employee who is paid on a weekly 1 14 pay period basis, the weekly gross earnings.
1 15 2. b. In the case of an employee who is paid on a

1 16 biweekly pay period basis, one=half of the biweekly gross 1 17 earnings.

1 18 In the case of an employee who is paid on a 1 19 semimonthly pay period basis, the semimonthly gross earnings 1 20 multiplied by twenty=four and subsequently divided by 1 21 fifty=two.

4. d. In the case of an employee who is paid on a monthly 1 23 pay period basis, the monthly gross earnings multiplied by 24 twelve and subsequently divided by fifty=two.

5. e. In the case of an employee who is paid on a yearly 1 26 pay period basis, the weekly earnings shall be the yearly 1 27 earnings divided by fifty=two.

In the case of an employee who is paid on a daily 1 29 or hourly basis, or by the output of the employee, the weekly 30 earnings shall be computed by dividing by thirteen the 31 earnings, not including overtime or premium pay, of the 1 32 employee earned in the employ of the employer in the last 33 completed period of thirteen consecutive calendar weeks 34 immediately preceding the injury. If the employee was absent 35 from employment for reasons personal to the employee during 1 part of the thirteen calendar weeks preceding the injury, the 2 employee's weekly earnings shall be the amount the employee 3 would have earned had the employee worked when work was 4 available to other employees of the employer in a similar 5 occupation. A week which does not fairly reflect the

6 employee's customary earnings shall be replaced by the closest 7 previous week with earnings that fairly represent the

8 employee's customary earnings.

2 9 7. g. In the case of an employee who has been in the 10 employ of the employer less than thirteen calendar weeks 2 10 employ of the employer less than thirteen carchas 2 11 immediately preceding the injury, the employee's weekly 2 12 earnings shall be computed under subsection 6 paragraph 2 12 earnings shall be computed under subsection 6 paragraph "f"
2 13 taking the earnings, not including overtime or premium pay,
2 14 for such purpose to be the amount the employee would have 2 15 earned had the employee been so employed by the employer the 2 16 full thirteen calendar weeks immediately preceding the injury 2 17 and had worked, when work was available to other employees in 2 18 a similar occupation. If the earnings of other employees 2 19 cannot be determined, the employee's weekly earnings shall be

2 20 the average computed for the number of weeks the employee has 2 21 been in the employ of the employer.

h. In the case of an employee injured in the course of 23 performing as a professional athlete, the basis of 24 compensation for weekly earnings shall be one=fiftieth of 25 total earnings which the employee has earned from all 26 employment for the previous twelve months prior to the injure 27 8. 2. If at the time of the injury the hourly earnings 2 28 have not been fixed or cannot be ascertained, the earnings for

2 29 the purpose of calculating compensation shall be taken to be 2 30 the usual earnings for similar services where such services 2 31 are rendered by paid employees. 2 32

32 9. 3. If an employee earns either no wages or less than 33 the usual weekly earnings of the regular full=time adult 34 laborer in the line of industry in which the employee is 35 injured in that locality, the weekly earnings shall be 1 one=fiftieth of the total earnings which the employee has 2 earned from all employment during the twelve calendar months

3 immediately preceding the injury.

- In computing the compensation to be allowed a volunteer a. 5 fire fighter, emergency medical care provider, reserve peace 6 officer, volunteer ambulance driver, volunteer emergency 7 rescue technician as defined in section 147A.1, or emergency 8 medical technician trainee, the earnings as a fire fighter, 9 emergency medical care provider, reserve peace officer, 3 10 volunteer ambulance driver, volunteer emergency rescue 3 11 technician, or emergency medical technician trainee shall be 12 disregarded and the volunteer fire fighter, emergency medical 3 13 care provider, reserve peace officer, volunteer ambulance 3 14 driver, volunteer emergency rescue technician, or emergency 3 15 medical technician trainee shall be paid an amount equal to 3 16 the compensation the volunteer fire fighter, emergency medical 3 17 care provider, reserve peace officer, volunteer ambulance 3 18 driver, volunteer emergency rescue technician, or emergency 3 19 medical technician trainee would be paid if injured in the 3 20 normal course of the volunteer fire fighter's, emergency 3 21 medical care provider's, reserve peace officer's, volunteer 3 22 ambulance driver's, volunteer emergency rescue technician's, 3 23 or emergency medical technician trainee's regular employment 3 24 or an amount equal to one hundred and forty percent of the
- 25 statewide average weekly wage, whichever is greater.
 26 b. If the employee was an apprentice or trainee when 3 27 injured, and it is established under normal conditions the 28 employee's earnings should be expected to increase during the 3 29 period of disability, that fact may be considered in computing 3 30 the employee's weekly earnings.
- c. If the employee was an inmate as defined in section 3 31 32 85.59, the inmate's actual earnings shall be disregarded, and 33 the weekly compensation rate shall be as set forth in section 34 85.59.
 - $\frac{10.}{10.}$ 4. If a wage, or method of calculating a wage, is used for the basis of the payment of a workers' compensation 2 insurance premium for a proprietor, partner, limited liability 3 company member, limited liability partner, or officer of a 4 corporation, the wage or the method of calculating the wage is 5 determinative for purposes of computing the proprietor's, 6 partner's, limited liability company member's, limited liability partner's, or officer's weekly workers' compensation 8 benefit rate.
- 11. 5. In computing the compensation to be allowed an 4 10 elected or appointed official, the official may choose either
- 4 11 of the following payment options: 4 12 a. The official shall be paid an amount of compensation 4 13 based on the official's weekly earnings as an elected or 4 14 appointed official.
- b. The earnings of the official as an elected or appointed 4 16 official shall be disregarded and the official shall be paid 4 17 an amount equal to one hundred forty percent of the statewide 4 18 average weekly wage.

12. In the case of an employee injured in the course of 4 20 performing as a professional athlete, the basis of 4 21 compensation for weekly earnings shall be one-fiftieth of 4 22 total earnings which the employee has earned from all 4 23 employment for the previous twelve months prior to the injury.

24 6. The basis of compensation for permanent disability 25 benefits shall increase on January 1 of each year for 4 26 compensation which becomes due that year by a percentage equal 4 27 to the cost=of=living adjustment made to disability benefits 4 28 payable by the United States social security administration in

4 29 December of the immediately preceding year.

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4 31 This bill requires an annual cost=of=living adjustment for 4 32 certain weekly workers' compensation benefits.
4 33 The bill requires the basis of compensation for weekly 4 34 workers' compensation benefits payable for permanent 4 35 disabilities to increase on January 1 each year for 5 1 compensation which becomes due that year, by a percentage 5 2 equal to the cost=of=living adjustment made to disability 5 3 benefits payable by the United States social security 5 4 administration in December of the immediately preceding year. 5 5 LSB 6473YC 82 5 6 av/rj/14