CHAPTER 1026

NONSUBSTANTIVE CODE CORRECTIONS S.F. 2240

AN ACT relating to nonsubstantive code corrections.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

DIVISION I MISCELLANEOUS CHANGES

Section 1. Section 2.10, subsection 5, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- 5. \underline{a} . In addition to the salaries and expenses authorized by this section, a member of the general assembly shall be paid a per diem, and necessary travel and actual expenses incurred in attending meetings for which per diem or expenses are authorized by law for members of the general assembly who serve on statutory boards, commissions, or councils, and for standing or interim committee or subcommittee meetings subject to the provisions of section 2.14, or when on authorized legislative business when the general assembly is not in session. However, if a member of the general assembly is engaged in authorized legislative business at a location other than at the seat of government during the time the general assembly is in session, payment may be made for the actual transportation and lodging costs incurred because of the business. Such per diem or expenses shall be paid promptly from funds appropriated pursuant to section 2.12.
- <u>b.</u> For purposes of this section, "per diem" means the maximum amount generally allowable to employees of the executive branch of the federal government for per diem while away from home at the seat of government.
 - Sec. 2. Section 2.48, subsection 4, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. <u>Subsequent additional review.</u> A tax expenditure or incentive reviewed pursuant to subsection 3 shall be reviewed again not more than five years after the tax expenditure or incentive was most recently reviewed.
- Sec. 3. Section 8.6, subsection 17, paragraphs c and d, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- c. (1) To establish, by rule, a customer council responsible for overseeing the services provided solely by the department of administrative services. The rules adopted shall provide for all of the following:
- (1) (a) The method of appointment of members to the council by the governmental entities required to receive the services.
 - (2) (b) The duties of the customer council which shall be as follows:
- (a) (i) Annual review and approval of the department of administrative services' business plan regarding services provided solely by the department of administrative services.
- (b) (ii) Annual review and approval of the procedure for resolving complaints concerning services provided by the department of administrative services.
- (c) (iii) Annual review and approval of the procedure for setting rates for the services provided solely by the department of administrative services.
- (3) (c) A process for receiving input from affected governmental entities as well as for a biennial review by the customer council of the determinations made by the department of which services are funded by an appropriation to the department of administrative services and which services are funded by the governmental entities receiving the service, including any recommendations as to whether the department of administrative services shall be the sole provider of a service funded by the governmental entities receiving the service. The department, in consultation with the department of administrative services, may change the determination of a service if it is determined that the change is in the best interests of those governmental entities receiving the service.
- d. (2) If a service to be provided may also be provided to the judicial branch and legislative branch, then the rules shall provide that the chief justice of the supreme court may appoint

a member to the customer council, and the legislative council may appoint a member from the senate and a member from the house of representatives to the customer council, in their discretion.

- Sec. 4. Section 10A.104, subsection 10, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 10. Enter into and implement agreements or compacts between the state of Iowa and Indian tribes located in the state which are entered into under the authority of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25, 25 U.S.C. §2701 et seq.). seq. The agreements or compacts shall contain provisions intended to implement the policies and objectives of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act.
 - Sec. 5. Section 10A.105, subsection 3, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The state shall maintain records and materials related to an agreement or compact entered into pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25, 25 U.S.C. §2701 et seq.) seq., as confidential records if confidentiality is required by the terms of the agreement or compact.
- Sec. 6. Section 13B.4B, subsection 2, paragraph b, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

Summary claims data may be released if the data <u>contains no does not contain</u> information that is required to be kept confidential pursuant to an attorney's obligations under the Iowa rules of professional conduct. Such summary data may include:

- Sec. 7. Section 15J.2, subsection 13, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 13. "Substantially improved" means that the cost of the improvements are <u>is</u> equal to or <u>exceeds</u> fifty percent of the assessed value of the property, excluding the land, prior to such improvements.
- Sec. 8. Section 16.1, subsection 1, paragraph x, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: x. "Low or moderate income families" means families who cannot afford to pay enough to cause private enterprise in their locality to build an adequate supply of decent, safe, and senitory dwellings for their use, and also includes but is not limited to (1) address the
- and sanitary dwellings for their use, and also includes, but is not limited to, (1) elderly the following:
- (1) <u>Elderly</u> families, families in which one or more persons are persons with disabilities, lower income families and very low income families, and (2) families.
 - (2) Families purchasing or renting qualified residential housing.
 - Sec. 9. Section 16.2A, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. A title guaranty division is created within the authority. The powers of the division relating to the issuance of title guaranties are vested in and shall be exercised by a division board of five members appointed by the governor subject to confirmation by the senate. The membership of the <u>division</u> board shall include an attorney, an abstractor, a real estate broker, a representative of a mortgage lender, and a representative of the housing development industry. The executive director of the authority shall appoint an attorney as director of the title guaranty division, who shall serve as an ex officio member of the <u>division</u> board. The appointment of and compensation for the division director are exempt from the merit system provisions of chapter 8A, subchapter IV.
 - Sec. 10. Section 24.9, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
 - 24.9 Filing estimates notice of hearing amendments.
- <u>1. a.</u> Each municipality shall file with the secretary or clerk thereof the estimates required to be made in sections 24.3 to 24.8, at least twenty days before the date fixed by law for certifying the same to the levying board and shall forthwith fix a date for a hearing thereon, and shall publish such estimates and any annual levies previously authorized as provided in section 76.2, with a notice of the time when and the place where such hearing shall be held not less than ten nor more than twenty days before the hearing. Provided that in municipalities of less than two hundred population such estimates and the notice of hearing thereon shall be posted in three public places in the district in lieu of publication. For any other municipality

such publication shall be in a newspaper published therein, if any, if not, then in a newspaper of general circulation therein.

For any other municipality such publication shall be in a newspaper published therein, if any, if not, then in a newspaper of general circulation therein.

- <u>b.</u> The department of management shall prescribe the form for public hearing notices for use by municipalities.
- 2. Budget estimates adopted and certified in accordance with this chapter may be amended and increased as the need arises to permit appropriation and expenditure during the fiscal year covered by the budget of unexpended cash balances on hand at the close of the preceding fiscal year and which cash balances had not been estimated and appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year of the budget sought to be amended, and also to permit appropriation and expenditure during the fiscal year covered by the budget of amounts of cash anticipated to be available during the year from sources other than taxation and which had not been estimated and appropriated for expenditure during the fiscal year of the budget sought to be amended. Such amendments to budget estimates may be considered and adopted at any time during the fiscal year covered by the budget sought to be amended, by filing the amendments and upon publishing them and giving notice of the public hearing in the manner required in this section. Within ten days of the decision or order of the certifying or levying board, the proposed amendment of the budget is subject to protest, hearing on the protest, appeal to the state appeal board and review by that body, all in accordance with sections 24.27 to 24.32, so far as applicable. A local budget shall be amended by May 31 of the current fiscal year to allow time for a protest hearing to be held and a decision rendered before June 30. An amendment of a budget after May 31 which is properly appealed but without adequate time for hearing and decision before June 30 is void. Amendments to budget estimates accepted or issued under this section are not within section 24.14.

Sec. 11. Section 28E.24, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

28E.24 Revenue and tax levies.

- <u>1. a.</u> The county board of supervisors shall certify to the public safety commission the amount of revenue from the county general fund credited to the unincorporated area in the district based upon an average of revenues raised for law enforcement purposes in the unincorporated area for the three previous years. The public safety commission shall subtract this amount from the amount of revenue to be contributed by the unincorporated area. The difference is the amount of additional revenue needed for unified law enforcement purposes.
- <u>b.</u> In addition, the county board of supervisors and the city council of each city in the district shall certify to the public safety commission the amounts of revenue from the county and from the city general fund credited to each city in the district based upon an average of revenues raised for law enforcement purposes in each city for the three previous years. The public safety commission shall subtract the total of these amounts from the amount of revenue to be contributed by each city respectively. The difference for each city is the amount of additional revenue needed for unified law enforcement purposes.
- 2. The county board of supervisors and the council of each city located within the district shall review the proposed budget and upon the approval of the budget by the board of supervisors and all city councils in the district, each governing body shall determine the source of the additional revenue needed for unified law enforcement purposes. If the tax levy is approved as the source of revenue, the governing body shall certify to the county auditor the amount of revenue to be raised from the tax levy in either the unincorporated area of the district or a city in the district.
- $\underline{3}$. If the tax rate in any of the cities or the unincorporated area exceeds the limitations prescribed in section 28E.22, the public safety commission shall revise the budget to conform with the tax limitations.
- $\underline{4}$. The county board of supervisors and the city council of each city in the district shall deposit in the public safety fund the amounts of revenue certified to the public safety commission in this section based upon an average of revenues raised for law enforcement purposes for the three previous years.

<u>5.</u> If the average of revenues raised for law enforcement purposes in the unincorporated area or a city for the previous three years exceeds the amount of revenue needed for unified law enforcement purposes, the unincorporated area or city is only required to contribute the amount of revenue needed.

<u>6.</u> Taxes collected pursuant to the tax levies and other moneys received from the county and cities in the district shall be placed in a public safety fund and used only for the operation of the district. Any unencumbered funds remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall carry over to the next fiscal year and may be used for the operation of the district.

Sec. 12. Section 49.7, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

49.7 Reprecincting schedule and filing requirements.

- <u>1.</u> Where reprecincting is necessary, city councils and county boards of supervisors or the temporary county redistricting commission shall make any necessary changes in precincts as soon as possible after the redistricting of congressional and legislative districts becomes law.
- <u>2. a.</u> City councils shall complete any changes in precinct and ward boundaries necessary to comply with sections 49.3 and 49.5 not later than sixty days after the redistricting of congressional and legislative districts becomes law, or September 1 of the year immediately following each year in which the federal decennial census is taken, whichever is later. Different compliance dates may be set by the general assembly by joint resolution.
- <u>b.</u> County boards of supervisors or the temporary county redistricting commission shall complete any changes in precinct and supervisor district boundaries necessary to comply with sections 49.3, 49.4, and 331.209 not later than ninety days after the redistricting of congressional and legislative districts becomes law, or October 15 of the year immediately following each year in which the federal decennial census is taken, whichever is later. Different compliance dates may be set by the general assembly by joint resolution.
- <u>3.</u> Each county board of supervisors or the temporary county redistricting commission and city council shall immediately notify the state commissioner and the commissioner when the boundaries of election precincts are changed, and shall provide a map showing the new boundary lines. Each county board or the temporary county redistricting commission and city council shall certify to the state commissioner the populations of the new election precincts or retained election precincts as determined by the latest federal decennial census. Materials filed with the state commissioner shall be postmarked no later than the deadline specified in this section.
- <u>4.</u> If the state commissioner determines that a county board or the temporary county redistricting commission or city council has failed to make the required changes by the dates specified by this section, the state commissioner shall make or cause to be made the necessary changes as soon as possible. The state commissioner shall assess to the county or city, as the case may be, the expenses incurred in making the necessary changes. The state commissioner may request the services of personnel and materials available to the legislative services agency to assist the state commissioner in making required changes in election precincts which become the state commissioner's responsibility.
- <u>5.</u> Precinct boundaries shall become effective on January 15 of the second year following the year in which the census was taken and shall be used for all subsequent elections. Precinct boundaries drawn by the state commissioner shall be incorporated into the ordinances of the city or county.
- <u>6.</u> Changes made to precincts in years other than the year following the year in which the federal decennial census is taken shall be filed with the state commissioner as soon as possible.

Sec. 13. Section 49.64, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

49.64 Number of ballots delivered.

The commissioner shall cause ballots of the kind to be voted in each precinct to be delivered to the precinct election officials as follows: in

<u>1. In</u> general elections which are presidential elections at least fifty-five ballots for every fifty votes, or fraction of fifty votes, cast in the precinct at the last preceding general election which was also a presidential election; and in.

 $\underline{2}$. In general elections which are not presidential elections, at least fifty-five ballots for every fifty votes, or fraction of fifty votes, cast at the last preceding general election which was not a presidential election.

- Sec. 14. Section 53.37, subsections 1, 2, and 4, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. This <u>division subchapter</u> is intended to implement the federal <u>Uniform Uniformed</u> and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act, 42 U.S.C. §1973ff et seq.
- 2. The term "armed forces of the United States", as used in this division subchapter, shall mean the army, navy, marine corps, coast guard, and air force of the United States.
- 4. For the purposes of this division subchapter, "qualified voter" means a person who is included within the term "armed forces of the United States" as described in this section, who would be qualified to register to vote under section 48A.5, subsection 2, except for residency, and who is not disqualified from registering to vote and voting under section 48A.6.

Sec. 15. Section 70A.26, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

70A.26 Disaster service volunteer leave.

An employee of an appointing authority who is a certified disaster service volunteer of the American red cross may be granted leave with pay from work for not more than fifteen working days in any twelve-month period to participate in disaster relief services for the American red cross at the request of the American red cross for the services of that employee and upon the approval of the employee's appointing authority without loss of seniority, pay, vacation time, personal days, sick leave, insurance and health coverage benefits, or earned overtime accumulation. The appointing authority shall compensate an employee granted leave under this section at the employee's regular rate of pay for those regular work hours during which the employee is absent from work. An employee deemed to be on leave under this section shall not be deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of workers' compensation. An employee deemed to be on leave under this section shall not be deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of the Iowa tort claims Act, chapter 669. Leave under this section shall be granted only for services relating to a disaster in the state of Iowa.

- Sec. 16. Section 70A.39, subsection 4, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. An employee deemed to be on leave under this section shall not be deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of workers' compensation or for purposes of the Iowa tort claims Act, chapter 669.
- Sec. 17. Section 73A.21, subsection 6, paragraph h, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- h. The commissioner shall require a contractor or subcontractor to file, within ten days of receipt of a request, any records enumerated in subsection 7. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to provide the requested records within ten days, the commissioner may direct, within fifteen days after the end of the ten-day period, that the fiscal or financial office charged with the custody and disbursement of funds of the public body that contracted for construction of the public improvement or undertook the public improvement, to immediately withhold from payment to the contractor or subcontractor up to twenty-five percent of the amount to be paid to the contractor or subcontractor under the terms of the contract or written instrument under which the public improvement is being performed. The amount withheld shall be immediately released upon receipt by the public body of a notice from the commissioner indicating that the request for records as required by this section has been satisfied.

Sec. 18. Section 85.64, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: **85.64** Limitation of benefits.

<u>1.</u> If an employee who has previously lost, or lost the use of, one hand, one arm, one foot, one leg, or one eye, becomes permanently disabled by a compensable injury which has resulted in the loss of or loss of use of another such member or organ, the employer shall be liable only for the degree of disability which would have resulted from the latter injury if there had been no preexisting disability. In addition to such compensation, and after the expiration of the full period provided by law for the payments thereof by the employer, the

employee shall be paid out of the "Second Injury Fund" created by this <u>division subchapter</u> the remainder of such compensation as would be payable for the degree of permanent disability involved after first deducting from such remainder the compensable value of the previously lost member or organ.

- <u>2.</u> Any benefits received by any such employee, or to which the employee may be entitled, by reason of such increased disability from any state or federal fund or agency, to which said employee has not directly contributed, shall be regarded as a credit to any award made against said second injury fund as aforesaid.
- Sec. 19. Section 88.5, subsection 3, paragraph b, subparagraphs (3) and (4), Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- (3) A statement of the steps the employer has taken and will take (with, with specific dates) dates, to protect employees against the hazard covered by the standard.
- (4) A statement of when the employer expects to be able to comply with the standard and what steps the employer has taken and what steps the employer will take (with, with dates specified) specified, to come into compliance with the standard.
- Sec. 20. Section 89.4, subsection 1, paragraph k, subparagraph (3), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) Water temperature in the boiler does not exceed three hundred fifty $\underline{350}$ degrees Fahrenheit.
- Sec. 21. Section 96.3, subsection 5, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. Duration of benefits. The maximum total amount of benefits payable to an eligible individual during a benefit year shall not exceed the total of the wage credits accrued to the individual's account during the individual's base period, or twenty-six times the individual's weekly benefit amount, whichever is the lesser. The director shall maintain a separate account for each individual who earns wages in insured work. The director shall compute wage credits for each individual by crediting the individual's account with one-third of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. However, the director shall recompute wage credits for an individual who is laid off due to the individual's employer going out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which the individual was last employed, by crediting the individual's account with one-half, instead of one-third, of the wages for insured work paid to the individual during the individual's base period. Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged against the base period wage credits in the individual's account which have not been previously charged, in the inverse chronological order as the wages on which the wage credits are based were paid. However if the state "off indicator" "off" indicator is in effect and if the individual is laid off due to the individual's employer going out of business at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which the individual was last employed, the maximum benefits payable shall be extended to thirty-nine times the individual's weekly benefit amount, but not to exceed the total of the wage credits accrued to the individual's account.
- Sec. 22. Section 96.11, subsection 10, paragraph b, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- b. In the administration of the provisions of section 96.29 which are enacted to conform with the requirements of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970, the department shall take such action as may be necessary to insure ensure that the provisions are so interpreted and applied as to meet the requirements of such federal Act as interpreted by the United States department of labor, and to secure to this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of extended benefits paid under this chapter that are reimbursable under the federal Act.
 - Sec. 23. Section 99F.9, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

99F.9 Wagering — age restrictions.

1. Except as permitted in this section, the licensee shall permit no form of wagering on gambling games.

2. Reserved.

3. 2. The licensee may receive wagers only from a person present on a licensed excursion gambling boat, licensed gambling structure, or in a licensed racetrack enclosure.

- 4. 3. The licensee shall exchange the money of each wagerer for tokens, chips, or other forms of credit to be wagered on the gambling games. However, nickels and quarters of legal tender may be used for wagering in lieu of tokens or other forms of credit. The licensee shall exchange the gambling tokens, chips, or other forms of wagering credit for money at the request of the wagerer.
- 5. $\underline{4}$. A person under the age of twenty-one years shall not make or attempt to make a wager on an excursion gambling boat, gambling structure, or in a racetrack enclosure and shall not be allowed on the gaming floor of an excursion gambling boat or gambling structure or in the wagering area, as defined in section 99D.2, or on the gaming floor of a racetrack enclosure. However, a person eighteen years of age or older may be employed to work on the gaming floor of an excursion gambling boat or gambling structure or in the wagering area or on the gaming floor of a racetrack enclosure. A person who violates this subsection with respect to making or attempting to make a wager commits a scheduled violation under section 805.8C, subsection 5, paragraph " α ".
- 6. $\underline{5}$. α . A person under the age of twenty-one years shall not enter or attempt to enter the gaming floor or wagering area, as defined in section 99D.2, of a facility licensed under this chapter to operate gambling games.
- b. A person under the age of twenty-one years does not violate this subsection if any of the following circumstances apply:
 - (1) The person is employed to work at the facility.
- (2) The person is an employee or agent of the commission, the division, a distributor, or a manufacturer, and acting within the scope of the person's employment.
- (3) The person is present in a racetrack enclosure and does not enter or attempt to enter the gaming floor or wagering area of the facility.
- c. A person who violates this subsection commits a simple misdemeanor punishable as a scheduled violation under section 805.8C, subsection 5, paragraph "b".
- 7. 6. A licensee shall not accept a credit card as defined in section 537.1301, subsection 17, to purchase coins, tokens, or other forms of credit to be wagered on gambling games.
- Sec. 24. Section 99F.11, subsection 3, paragraph d, subparagraph (3), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) One-half of the moneys remaining after the appropriation in subparagraph (1) shall be credited, on a quarterly basis, to the rebuild Iowa infrastructure fund created in section 8.57.

Sec. 25. Section 101A.7, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

101A.7 Inspection of storage facility.

- 1. The licensee's or permittee's explosive storage facility shall be inspected at least once a year by a representative of the state fire marshal's office, except that the state fire marshal may, at those mining operations licensed and regulated by the United States department of labor, accept an approved inspection report issued by the United States department of labor, mine safety and health administration, for the twelve-month period following the issuance of the report. The state fire marshal shall notify the appropriate city or county governing board of licenses to be issued in their respective jurisdictions pursuant to this chapter. The notification shall contain the name of the applicant to be licensed, the location of the facilities to be used in storing explosives, the types and quantities of explosive materials to be stored, and other information deemed necessary by either the governing boards or the state fire marshal. The facility may be examined at other times by the sheriff of the county where the facility is located or by the local police authority if the facility is located within a city of over ten thousand population and if the sheriff or city council considers it necessary.
- <u>2.</u> If the state fire marshal finds the facility to be improperly secured, the licensee or permittee shall immediately correct the improper security and, if not so corrected, the state fire marshal shall immediately confiscate the stored explosives. Explosives may be confiscated by the county sheriff or local police authority only if a situation that is discovered during an examination by those authorities is deemed to present an immediate danger. If

the explosives are confiscated by the county sheriff or local police authority, they shall be delivered to the state fire marshal. The state fire marshal shall hold confiscated explosives for a period of thirty days under proper security unless the period of holding is shortened pursuant to this section.

- <u>3.</u> If the licensee or permittee corrects the improper security within the thirty-day period, the explosives shall be returned to the licensee or permittee after correction and after the licensee or permittee has paid to the state an amount equal to the expense incurred by the state in storing the explosives during the period of confiscation. The amount of expense shall be determined by the state fire marshal.
- <u>4.</u> If the improper security is not corrected during the thirty-day period, the state fire marshal shall dispose of the explosives and the license or permit shall be canceled. A canceled license or permit shall not be reissued for a period of two years from the date of cancellation.
 - Sec. 26. Section 123.41, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Each application to obtain or renew a manufacturer's license shall be submitted to the division electronically, or in a manner prescribed by the administrator, and shall be accompanied by a fee of three hundred fifty dollars payable to the division. The administrator may in accordance with this chapter grant and issue to a manufacturer a manufacturer's license, valid for a one-year period after date of issuance, to a manufacturer which shall allow the manufacture, storage, and wholesale disposition and sale of alcoholic liquors to the division and to customers outside of the state.
 - Sec. 27. Section 123.50, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. The conviction of any liquor control licensee, wine permittee, or beer permittee for a violation of any of the provisions of section 123.49, subject to subsection 3 of this section, is grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license or permit by the division or the local authority. However, if any liquor control licensee is convicted of any violation of section 123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "a", "d", or "e", of that section, or any wine or beer permittee is convicted of a violation of section 123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "a" or "e" of that section, the liquor control license, wine permit, or beer permit shall be revoked and shall immediately be surrendered by the holder, and the bond, if any, of the license or permit holder shall be forfeited to the division.
 - Sec. 28. Section 124.201, subsection 4, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. If any new substance is designated as a controlled substance under federal law and notice of the designation is given to the board, the board shall similarly designate as controlled the new substance under this chapter after the expiration of thirty days from publication in the Federal Register federal register of a final order designating a new substance as a controlled substance, unless within that thirty-day period the board objects to the new designation. In that case the board shall publish the reasons for objection and afford all interested parties an opportunity to be heard. At the conclusion of the hearing the board shall announce its decision. Upon publication of objection to a new substance being designated as a controlled substance under this chapter by the board, control under this chapter is stayed until the board publishes its decision. If a substance is designated as controlled by the board under this subsection the control shall be temporary and if, within sixty days after the next regular session of the general assembly convenes, the general assembly has not made the corresponding changes in this chapter, the temporary designation of control of the substance by the board shall be nullified.
 - Sec. 29. Section 135.64, subsection 3, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. In the evaluation of applications for certificates of need submitted by <u>the</u> university <u>hospital at of</u> Iowa <u>City hospitals and clinics</u>, the unique features of that institution relating to statewide tertiary health care, health science education, and clinical research shall be given due consideration. Further, in administering this division, the unique capacity of university hospitals for the evaluation of technologically innovative equipment and other new health services shall be utilized.

Sec. 30. Section 135.152, subsection 5, paragraph c, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- c. The department, in cooperation with the department of human services, shall develop a standardized application form for the program and shall coordinate the determination of eligibility for the medical assistance and medically needy programs under chapter 249A, and for the obstetrical and newborn indigent patient care program.
- Sec. 31. Section 135B.34, subsection 2, paragraph b, subparagraph (1), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) If a person being considered for employment, other than employment involving the operation of a motor vehicle, has been convicted of a crime listed in subparagraph (2) but does not have a record of founded child or dependent <u>adult</u> abuse and the hospital has requested an evaluation in accordance with paragraph "a" to determine whether the crime warrants prohibition of the person's employment, the hospital may employ the person for not more than sixty calendar days pending completion of the evaluation.
- Sec. 32. Section 137F1, subsection 12, paragraph c, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- c. A food with a hydrogen ion concentration (pH) level of 4.6 or below when measured at twenty-four 24 degrees Centigrade or seventy-five 75 degrees Fahrenheit.
 - Sec. 33. Section 163.4, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

163.4 Powers of assistants.

<u>Such assistant Assistant</u> veterinarians shall have power, under the direction of the department, to perform all acts necessary to carry out the provisions of law relating to infectious and contagious diseases among animals, and shall be furnished by the department with the necessary supplies and materials which shall be paid for out of the appropriation for the eradication of infectious and contagious diseases among animals.

Sec. 34. Section 163.5, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: 163.5 Oaths.

<u>Such assistant Assistant</u> veterinarians shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations to appraisers acting under this and the following chapters of this subtitle.

- Sec. 35. Section 163.27, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Garbage shall not be fed to an animal unless such garbage has been heated to a temperature of two hundred twelve 212 degrees Fahrenheit for thirty minutes, or other acceptable method, as provided by rules adopted by the department. However, this requirement shall not apply to an individual who feeds to the individual's own animals only the garbage obtained from the individual's own household.
- Sec. 36. Section 175.5, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

In the performance of its duties, implementation of its powers, <u>and the</u> selection of specific programs and projects to receive its assistance under this chapter, the authority shall be guided by the following principles:

- Sec. 37. Section 176A.10, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. An extension council of an extension district may choose to be subject to the levy and revenue limits specified in subparagraphs (2) of subsection 1, paragraphs paragraph "a" through, subparagraph (2), paragraph "b", subparagraph (2), paragraph "e", subparagraph (2), and paragraph "d", subparagraph (2) and subsection 1, paragraph "e", for the purpose of the annual levy for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1991, which levy is payable in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1992. Before an extension district may be subject to the levy and revenue limits specified in subparagraphs (2) of subsection 1, paragraphs paragraph "a" through, subparagraph (2), paragraph "b", subparagraph (2), paragraph "c", subparagraph (2), and paragraph "d", subparagraph (2) and subsection 1, paragraph "e", for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 1992, which levy is payable in fiscal years beginning on or after

July 1, 1993, the question of whether the district shall be subject to the levy and revenue limits as specified in such paragraphs must be submitted to the registered voters of the district. The question shall be submitted at the time of a general election. If the question is approved by a majority of those voting on the question the levy and revenue limits specified in subparagraphs (2) of subsection 1, paragraphs paragraph "a" through, subparagraph (2), paragraph "b", subparagraph (2), paragraph "c", subparagraph (2), and paragraph "d", subparagraph (2) and subsection 1, paragraph "e", shall thereafter apply to the extension district. The question need only be approved at one general election. If a majority of those voting on the question vote against the question, the district may continue to submit the question at subsequent general elections until approved.

- Sec. 38. Section 185C.6, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Three board elected directors. Each such director shall be elected by the board. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes by the board shall be elected to represent the state on an at-large basis.
- Sec. 39. Section 189A.2, subsections 7 and 8, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows: 7. "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act" means the Act so entitled, approved June 25, 1938 (52, 52 Stat. 1040) 1040, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto.
- 8. "Federal Meat Inspection Act" means the Act so entitled approved March 4, 1907 (34, 34 Stat. 1260) 1260, as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act (81, 81 Stat. 584) 584; "Federal Poultry Products Inspection Act" means the Act so entitled approved August 28, 1957 (71, 71 Stat. 441) 441, as amended by the Wholesome Poultry Products Act (82, 82 Stat. 791) 791; and "federal Acts" means these two federal laws.
 - Sec. 40. Section 196.8, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. All eggs offered for sale to an establishment must be no lower than United States department of agriculture consumer grade "B". From the time of candling and grading until they reach the consumer, all eggs designated for human consumption shall be held at a temperature not to exceed forty-five $\underline{45}$ degrees Fahrenheit or seven $\underline{7}$ degrees Celsius ambient temperature. The forty-five $\underline{45}$ degrees Fahrenheit or seven $\underline{7}$ degrees Celsius ambient temperature requirement applies to any place or room in which eggs are stored, except inside a vehicle during transportation where the ambient temperature may exceed forty-five $\underline{45}$ degrees Fahrenheit or seven $\underline{7}$ degrees Celsius, provided the transport vehicle is equipped with refrigeration units capable of delivering air at a temperature not greater than forty-five $\underline{45}$ degrees Fahrenheit or seven $\underline{7}$ degrees Celsius and capable of cooling the vehicle to a temperature not greater than forty-five $\underline{45}$ degrees Fahrenheit or seven $\underline{7}$ degrees Celsius. All shell eggs shall be kept from freezing.
 - Sec. 41. Section 203C.3, subsection 7, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 7. The actions of the department in connection with petitioning for appointment as a receiver, and all actions pursuant to such appointment shall not be subject to the provisions of the administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A.
 - Sec. 42. Section 203C.28, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: **203C.28** Tariff rates.
- <u>1.</u> A warehouse operator shall, at the time of application for a license, file a tariff with the department which shall contain rates to be charged for receiving, storage, and load-out of grain. The tariff shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the place of business of the licensee in a form prescribed by the department and shall become effective at the time the license becomes effective.
- <u>2.</u> Storage charges shall commence on the date of delivery to the warehouse. Storage, receiving, or load-out charges other than those specified in the tariff may be made if the charge is required by the terms of a written contract with the United States government or any of its subdivisions or agencies.
- $\underline{3}$. Grain deposited with the warehouse for the sole purpose of processing and redelivery to the depositor is subject only to the charges listed under the grain bank section of the tariff. Drying and cleaning of grain shall not be construed as processing.

<u>4.</u> A tariff may be amended at any time and is effective immediately, except that grain in store on the effective date of a storage charge increase does not assume the increased rate until the subsequent anniversary date of deposit. Any decrease in storage rates shall be effective immediately and shall be applicable to all grain in store on the effective date of the decrease.

- <u>5.</u> A warehouse operator may file with the department and publish the supplemental tariff applicable only to grain meeting special descriptive standards or characteristics as set forth in the supplemental tariff. A supplemental tariff shall be in a form prescribed by the department and be posted adjacent to the warehouse tariff.
 - <u>6.</u> All tariff charges shall be nondiscriminatory within classes.
 - Sec. 43. Section 207.4, subsections 1 and 5, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. \underline{a} . Prior to beginning mining or removal of overburden at mining site, an operator shall obtain a permit from the division for the site. Application for a permit shall be made upon a form provided by the division. The permit fee shall be established by the division in an amount not to exceed the cost of administering the permit provisions of this chapter.
 - <u>b.</u> The application shall include, but not be limited to:
- α . (1) A legal description of the land where the site is located and the estimated number of acres affected.
- b. (2) A statement explaining the authority of the applicant's legal right to operate a mine on the land.
 - e. (3) A reclamation plan meeting the requirements of this chapter.
- d. (4) A determination by an appropriate state or federal agency of the probable hydrologic consequences of the mining and reclamation operations, both on and off the mine site, with respect to the hydrologic regime, quantity, and quality of water in surface and groundwater systems including the dissolved and suspended solids under seasonal flow conditions and the collection of sufficient data for the mine site and surrounding areas so that an assessment can be made by the division of the probable cumulative impacts of all anticipated mining in the area upon the hydrology of the area and particularly upon water availability. If the division finds that the probable total annual production at all locations of a coal mining operator will not exceed one hundred thousand tons, the determination of probable hydrologic consequences and a statement of the result of test borings on core samplings which the division may require shall upon the written request of the operator be performed by a qualified public or private laboratory designated by the division and the cost of the preparation of the determination and statement shall be assumed by the division.
 - 5. a. A permit renewal shall be for a term not to exceed the period of the original permit.
- <u>b.</u> Application for renewal shall be made at least one hundred twenty days prior to the expiration of the permit. Prior to the approval of a renewal of permit the division shall provide notice to the appropriate public authorities.
 - Sec. 44. Section 215.20, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. All liquefied petroleum gas, including but not limited to propane, butane, and mixtures of them, shall be kept, offered, exposed for sale, or sold by the pound, metered cubic foot of vapor, defined as one cubic foot at sixty $\underline{60}$ degrees Fahrenheit, or by the gallon, defined as two hundred thirty-one cubic inches at sixty $\underline{60}$ degrees Fahrenheit.
- 2. All metered sales exceeding one hundred gallons shall be corrected to a temperature of sixty 60 degrees Fahrenheit through use of an approved meter with a sealed automatic compensation mechanism. All sale tickets for sales exceeding one hundred gallons shall show the stamped delivered gallons and shall state that the temperature correction was automatically made.
 - Sec. 45. Section 225C.12, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. A county may claim reimbursement by filing with the administrator a claim in a form prescribed by the administrator by rule. Claims may be filed on a quarterly basis, and when received shall be verified as soon as reasonably possible by the administrator. The administrator shall certify to the director of the department of administrative services the amount to which each county claiming reimbursement is entitled, and the director of

the department of administrative services shall issue warrants to the respective counties drawn upon funds appropriated by the general assembly for the purpose of this section. A county shall place funds received under this section in the county mental health, intellectual disability, and developmental disabilities services fund created under section 331.424A. If the appropriation for a fiscal year is insufficient to pay all claims arising under this section, the director of the department of administrative services shall prorate the funds appropriated for that year among the claimant counties so that an equal proportion of each county's claim is paid in each quarter for which proration is necessary.

- Sec. 46. Section 226.9C, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. A county may split the charges between the county's mental health, intellectual disability, and developmental disabilities services fund created pursuant to section 331.424A and the county's budget for substance abuse expenditures.
 - Sec. 47. Section 229.21, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. When an application for involuntary hospitalization <u>under section 229.6</u> or for involuntary commitment or treatment of persons with substance-related disorders under section 229.6 or 125.75 is filed with the clerk of the district court in any county for which a judicial hospitalization referee has been appointed, and no district judge, district associate judge, or magistrate who is admitted to the practice of law in this state is accessible, the clerk shall immediately notify the referee in the manner required by section 229.7 or section 125.77. The referee shall discharge all of the duties imposed upon the court by sections 229.7 to 229.22 or sections 125.75 to 125.94 in the proceeding so initiated. Subject to the provisions of subsection 4, orders issued by a referee, in discharge of duties imposed under this section, shall have the same force and effect as if ordered by a district judge. However, any commitment to a facility regulated and operated under chapter 135C shall be in accordance with section 135C.23.
 - Sec. 48. Section 231.23A, subsection 4, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
 - 4. The aging and disability resource center program.
 - Sec. 49. Section 232.7, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. In any proceeding held or action taken under this chapter involving an Indian child, the applicable requirements of the federal Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1999 1997, Pub. L. No. 105-89, shall be applied to the proceeding or action in a manner that complies with chapter 232B and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, Pub. L. No. 95-608.
 - Sec. 50. Section 232.175, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

232.175 Placement oversight.

Placement oversight shall be provided pursuant to this division when the parent, guardian, or custodian of a child with an intellectual disability or other developmental disability requests placement of the child in foster family care for a period of more than thirty days. The oversight shall be provided through review of the placement every six months by the department's foster care review committees or by a local citizen foster care review board. Court oversight shall be provided prior to the initial placement and at periodic intervals which shall not exceed twelve months. It is the purpose and policy of this division to ensure the existence of oversight safeguards as required by the federal <u>Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980</u>, Pub. L. No. 96-272, as codified in 42 U.S.C. §671(a)(16), 627(a)(2)(B), and 675(1),(5), while maintaining parental decision-making authority.

- Sec. 51. Section 232.178, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. For a placement initiated on or after July 1, 1992, the department shall file a petition to initiate a voluntary placement proceeding prior to the child's placement in accordance with criteria established pursuant to the federal <u>Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980</u>, Pub. L. No. 96-272, as codified in 42 U.S.C. §627(a). For a placement initiated before July 1, 1992, the department shall file a petition to approve placement on or before September 1, 1992.

Sec. 52. Section 235A.18, subsection 1, paragraph a, subparagraph (3), subparagraph division (b), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) Subparagraph division (a) shall not apply, and the name of a person named in the initial data as having abused a child shall remain in the registry as described in subparagraph (1), if the department determined in the initial report and disposition data that the person committed child abuse as defined in section 232.68, subsection 2, paragraph "a", subparagraph (1), (4), or (6), and the child abuse resulted in the child's death or a serious injury.
 - Sec. 53. Section 249A.26, subsection 8, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 8. Notwithstanding section 8.39, the department may transfer funds appropriated for the medical assistance program to a separate account established in the department's case management unit in an amount necessary to pay for expenditures required to provide case management for mental health, intellectual disability, and developmental disabilities services under the medical assistance program which are jointly funded by the state and county, pending final settlement of the expenditures. Funds received by the case management unit in settlement of the expenditures shall be used to replace the transferred funds and are available for the purposes for which the funds were originally appropriated.
 - Sec. 54. Section 252.13, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

252.13 Recovery by county.

- 1. Any county having expended money for the assistance or support of a poor person under this chapter, may recover the money from any of the following: from
 - a. From the poor person if the person becomes able, or from the person's estate; from.
- <u>b. From</u> relatives by action brought within two years from the payment of the assistance or support, from.
- c. From the poor person by action brought within two years after the person becomes able, and from
 - d. From the person's estate by filing the claim as provided by law.
- $\underline{2}$. There shall be allowed against the person's estate a claim of the sixth class for that portion of the liability to the county which exceeds the total amount of all claims of the first through the fifth classes, inclusive, as defined in section 633.425, which are allowed against that estate.
- Sec. 55. Section 252B.4, subsection 5, paragraph b, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- *b.* A foreign reciprocating country or foreign country with which the state has an arrangement as provided in 42 U.S.C. § 659A §659a.
- Sec. 56. Section 252B.13A, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. The collection services center shall meet the requirements for a state disbursement unit pursuant to 42 U.S.C. <u>\$-654B</u> §654b, section 252B.14, and this section by October 1, 1999.
- Sec. 57. Section 252B.13A, subsection 2, paragraph b, subparagraph (4), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (4) Furnishing, upon request, timely information on the current status of support payments as provided in 42 U.S.C. <u>\$\\$-654B(b)(4)\$</u> \\$654b(b)(4), in a manner consistent with state law.
- Sec. 58. Section 252B.24, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

Beginning October 1, 1998, the unit shall operate a state case registry to the extent determined by applicable time frames and other provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 654A(e) §654a(e) and this section. The unit and the judicial branch shall enter into a cooperative agreement for the establishment and operation of the registry by the unit. The state case registry shall include records with respect to all of the following:

Sec. 59. Section 252B.24, subsection 2, paragraphs a and c, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:

- a. Provision to the unit of information, orders, and documents necessary for the unit to meet requirements described in 42 U.S.C. §-654A(e) §654a(e) and this section.
- c. Use of automation, as appropriate, to meet the requirements described in 42 U.S.C. $\frac{654A(e)}{654a(e)}$ \$654a(e) and this section.
 - Sec. 60. Section 256.35, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

256.35 Regional autism assistance program.

The department shall establish a regional autism assistance program, to be administered by the child health specialty <u>clinics</u> of the university of Iowa hospitals and clinics. The program shall be designed to coordinate educational, medical, and other human services for persons with autism, their parents, and providers of services to persons with autism. The function of the program shall include, but is not limited to, the coordination of diagnostic and assessment services, the maintaining of a research base, coordination of in-service training, providing technical assistance, and providing consultation.

- Sec. 61. Section 256.39, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. Measure Measurement of the employability skills of students. Employability skills shall include, but are not limited to, reading for information, applied mathematics, listening, and writing.
 - Sec. 62. Section 256F.2, subsection 6, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 6. "Innovation zone consortium" means a consortium of two or more school districts and an area education agency in which one or more of the school districts is <u>are</u> located, that receives approval to establish an innovation zone school pursuant to this chapter. In addition, the innovation zone consortium may receive technical assistance from an accredited higher education institution.
- Sec. 63. Section 257.31, subsection 14, paragraph b, subparagraph (2), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the school budget review committee for each fiscal year an amount equal to the state aid portion of five percent of the receipts for special education instruction programs in all districts that has <u>have</u> a positive balance determined under paragraph "a" for the base year, or the state aid portion of all of the positive balances determined under paragraph "a" for the base year, whichever is less, to be used for supplemental aid payments to school districts. Except as otherwise provided in this lettered paragraph " \underline{b} ", supplemental aid paid to a district is equal to the state aid portion of the district's negative balance. The school budget review committee shall direct the director of the department of management to make the payments to school districts under this lettered paragraph " \underline{b} ".
- Sec. 64. Section 258.16, subsection 3, paragraph c, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- c. Provide for development of a five-year plan addressing the delivery of quality vocational education instructional programs pursuant to section 256.11, subsection 4, and section 256.11, subsection 5, paragraph "h", and section 260C.14, subsection 1. The plan shall be updated annually.
- Sec. 65. Section 260C.18A, subsection 2, paragraph c, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- c. For the development and implementation of career academies designed to provide new career preparation opportunities for high school students that are formally linked with postsecondary career and technical education programs. For purposes of this section, "career academy" means a program of study that combines a minimum of two years of secondary education with an associate degree, or the equivalent, career preparatory program in a nonduplicative, sequential course of study that is standards based, integrates academic

and technical instruction, utilizes work-based and worksite learning where appropriate and available, utilizes an individual career planning process with parent involvement, and leads to an associate degree or postsecondary diploma or certificate in a career field that prepares an individual for entry and advancement in a high-skill and reward career field and further education. The state board, in conjunction with the division of community colleges and workforce preparation of the department of education, shall adopt administrative rules for the development and implementation of such career academies pursuant to section 256.11, subsection 5, paragraph "h", section 260C.1, and Tit. II of Pub. L. No. 105-332, Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998.

Sec. 66. Section 260C.58, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: **260C.58** Bonds or notes.

1. To pay all or any part of the cost of carrying out any project at any institution the board is authorized to borrow money and to issue and sell negotiable bonds or notes and to refund and refinance bonds or notes issued for any project or for refunding purposes at a lower rate, the same rate, or a higher rate or rates of interest and from time to time as often as the board shall find it to be advisable and necessary so to do. Bonds or notes issued by the board for residence hall or dormitory purposes at any institution, including dining or other facilities and additions, or issued for refunding purposes, may either be sold in the manner specified for the selling of certificates under section 260E.6 and the proceeds applied to the payment of the obligations being refunded, or the refunding bonds or notes may be exchanged for and in payment and discharge of the obligations being refunded. A finding by the board in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the refunding bonds or notes, that the bonds or notes being refunded were issued for a purpose specified in this division subchapter and constitute binding obligations of the board, shall be conclusive and may be relied upon by any holder of any refunding bond or note issued under the provisions of this division subchapter. The refunding bonds or notes may be sold or exchanged in installments at different times or an entire issue or series may be sold or exchanged at one time. Any issue or series of refunding bonds or notes may be exchanged in part or sold in parts in installments at different times or at one time. The refunding bonds or notes may be sold or exchanged at any time on, before, or after the maturity of any of the outstanding notes, bonds or other obligations to be refinanced thereby and may be issued for the purpose of refunding a like or greater principal amount of bonds or notes, except that the principal amount of the refunding bonds or notes may exceed the principal amount of the bonds or notes to be refunded to the extent necessary to pay any premium due on the call of the bonds or notes to be refunded, to fund interest in arrears or about to become due, or to allow for sufficient funding of the escrow account on the bonds to be refunded.

<u>2.</u> All bonds or notes issued under the provisions of this <u>division subchapter</u> shall be payable from and shall be secured by an irrevocable first lien pledge of a sufficient portion of the following: the net rents, profits and income derived from the operation of residence halls, dormitories, dining or other incidental facilities and additions, including necessary real and personal property, acquired or improved in whole or in part with the proceeds of such bonds or notes, regardless of the manner of such acquisition or improvement; and the net rents, profits and income not pledged for other purposes derived from the operation of any other residence halls or dormitories, including dining or other incidental facilities and additions, at the particular institution. In addition, the board may secure any bonds or notes issued by borrowing money, by mortgaging any real estate or improvements erected on real estate, or by pledging rents, profits, and income received from property for the discharge of mortgages. All bonds or notes issued under the provisions of this <u>division subchapter</u> shall have all the qualities of negotiable instruments under the laws of this state.

Sec. 67. Section 260C.62, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: **260C.62** Accounts.

<u>1.</u> A certified copy of each resolution providing for the issuance of bonds or notes under this <u>division subchapter</u> shall be filed with the treasurer of the institution on behalf of which the bonds or notes are issued and the treasurer shall keep and maintain separate accounts for each issue of bonds or notes in accordance with the covenants and directions set out

in the resolution providing for the issuance of the bonds or notes. All rates, fees, or rentals collected for the use of and services provided by the residence halls and dormitories, including dining and other incidental facilities, at each institution shall be held in trust by the treasurer, separate and apart from all other funds, to be used only for the purposes specified in this division subchapter and as may be required and provided for by the proceedings of the board authorizing the issuance of bonds or notes. The treasurer of each institution shall disburse funds from the proper account for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds or notes in accordance with the directions and covenants of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or notes.

 $\underline{2}$. If the amount of bonds or notes issued under this chapter exceeds the actual costs of the projects for which the bonds or notes were issued, the amount of the difference shall be used to pay the principal and interest due on bonds or notes issued under this chapter.

Sec. 68. Section 260F.6, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2. To provide funds for the present payment of the costs of a training program by the business, the community college may provide to the business an advance of the moneys to be used to pay for the program costs as provided in the agreement. To receive the funds for this advance from the job training fund established in subsection 1, the community college shall submit an application to the economic development authority. The amount of the advance shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars for any business site, or one hundred thousand dollars within a three-fiscal-year period for any business site. If the project involves a consortium of businesses, the maximum award per project shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Participation in a consortium does not affect a business site's eligibility for individual project assistance. Prior to approval a business shall agree to match program amounts in accordance with criteria established by the authority.

Sec. 69. Section 260F.6B, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

260F.6B High technology apprenticeship program.

The community colleges and the economic development authority are authorized to fund high technology apprenticeship programs which comply with the requirements specified in section 260C.44 and which may include both new and statewide apprenticeship programs. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 260F.6, subsection 2, relating to maximum award amounts, moneys allocated to the community colleges with high technology apprenticeship programs shall be distributed to the community colleges based upon contact hours under the programs administered during the prior fiscal year as determined by the department of education. The economic development authority shall adopt rules governing this section's operation and participant eligibility.

Sec. 70. Section 260F.7, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

260F.7 Economic development authority Authority to coordinate.

The economic development authority, in consultation with the department of education and the department of workforce development, shall coordinate the jobs training program. A project shall not be funded under this chapter unless the economic development authority approves the project. The authority shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A governing the program's operation and eligibility for participation in the program. The authority shall establish by rule criteria for determining what constitutes an eligible business.

- Sec. 71. Section 261.19, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows: 1. A health care professional recruitment program is established to be administered by the college student aid commission for Des Moines university osteopathic medical center. The program shall consist of a loan repayment program for health care professionals. The commission shall regularly adjust the service requirement under each aspect of the program to provide, to the extent possible, an equal financial benefit for each period of service required.
- 2. A health care professional shall be eligible for the loan repayment program if the health care professional agrees to practice in an eligible rural community in this state. Des Moines university osteopathic medical center shall recruit and place health care professionals in rural communities which have agreed to provide additional funds for the recipient's loan repayment. The contract for the loan repayment shall stipulate the time period the recipient

shall practice in an eligible rural community in this state. In addition, the contract shall stipulate that the recipient repay any funds paid on the recipient's loan by the commission if the recipient fails to practice in an eligible rural community in this state for the required period of time.

Sec. 72. Section 262.57, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: **262.57 Bonds or notes.**

1. To pay all or any part of the cost of carrying out any project at any institution the board is authorized to borrow money and to issue and sell negotiable bonds or notes and to refund and refinance bonds or notes heretofore issued or as may be hereafter issued for any project or for refunding purposes at a lower rate, the same rate, or a higher rate or rates of interest and from time to time as often as the board shall find it to be advisable and necessary so to do. Such bonds or notes may be sold by said board at public sale in the manner prescribed by chapter 75, but if the board shall find it to be advantageous and in the public interest to do so, such bonds or notes may be sold by the board at private sale without published notice of any kind and without regard to the requirements of chapter 75 in such manner and upon such terms as may be prescribed by the resolution authorizing the same. Bonds or notes issued to refund other bonds or notes heretofore or hereafter issued by the board for residence hall or dormitory purposes at any institution, including dining or other facilities and additions, or heretofore or hereafter issued for refunding purposes, may either be sold in the manner hereinbefore specified and the proceeds thereof applied to the payment of the obligations being refunded, or the refunding bonds or notes may be exchanged for and in payment and discharge of the obligations being refunded, and a finding by the board in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such refunding bonds or notes that the bonds or notes being refunded were issued for a purpose specified in this division subchapter and constitute binding obligations of the board shall be conclusive and may be relied upon by any holder of any refunding bond or note issued under the provisions of this division subchapter. The refunding bonds or notes may be sold or exchanged in installments at different times or an entire issue or series may be sold or exchanged at one time. Any issue or series of refunding bonds or notes may be exchanged in part or sold in parts in installments at different times or at one time. The refunding bonds or notes may be sold or exchanged at any time on, before, or after the maturity of any of the outstanding notes, bonds, or other obligations to be refinanced thereby and may be issued for the purpose of refunding a like or greater principal amount of bonds or notes, except that the principal amount of the refunding bonds or notes may exceed the principal amount of the bonds or notes to be refunded to the extent necessary to pay any premium due on the call of the bonds or notes to be refunded or to fund interest in arrears or about to become due.

<u>2.</u> All bonds or notes issued under the provision of this <u>division subchapter</u> shall be payable solely and only from and shall be secured by an irrevocable pledge of a sufficient portion of the net rents, profits and income derived from the operation of residence halls, dormitories, dining or other incidental facilities and additions, including necessary real and personal property, acquired or improved in whole or in part with the proceeds of such bonds or notes, regardless of the manner of such acquisition or improvement, and the net rents, profits and income not pledged for other purposes derived from the operation of any other residence halls or dormitories, including dining or other incidental facilities and additions, at the particular institution. All bonds or notes issued under the provisions of this <u>division</u> subchapter shall have all the qualities of negotiable instruments under the laws of this state.

Sec. 73. Section 262.61, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows: **262.61** Accounts.

1. A certified copy of each resolution providing for the issuance of bonds or notes under this division subchapter shall be filed with the treasurer of the institution on behalf of which the bonds or notes are issued and it shall be the duty of said treasurer to keep and maintain separate accounts for each issue of bonds or notes in accordance with the covenants and directions set out in the resolution providing for the issuance thereof. All rates, fees or rentals collected for the use of and services provided by the residence halls and dormitories, including dining and other incidental facilities therefor, at each institution shall be held in trust by the

treasurer thereof, separate and apart from all other funds, to be used solely and only for the purposes specified in this <u>division subchapter</u> and as may be required and provided for by the proceedings of the board authorizing the issuance of bonds or notes. It shall be the duty of the treasurer of each institution to disburse funds from the proper account for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds or notes in accordance with the directions and covenants of the resolution authorizing the issuance thereof.

<u>2.</u> If the amount of bonds or notes issued under this chapter exceeds the actual costs of the projects for which the bonds or notes were issued, the amount of the difference shall be used to pay the principal and interest due on bonds or notes issued under this chapter.

Sec. 74. Section 275.23A, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2. Following each federal decennial census the school board shall determine whether the existing director district boundaries meet the standards in subsection 1 according to the most recent federal decennial census. In addition to the authority granted to voters to change the number of directors or method of election as provided in sections 275.35, 275.36, and 278.1, the board of directors of a school district may, following a federal decennial census, by resolution and in accordance with this section, authorize a change in the method of election as set forth in section 275.12, subsection 2, or a change to either five or seven directors after the board conducts a hearing on the resolution. If the board proposes to change the number of directors from seven to five directors, the resolution shall include a plan for reducing the number of directors. If the board proposes to increase the number of directors to seven directors, two directors shall be added according to the procedure described in section 277.23, subsection 2. If necessary, the board of directors shall redraw the director district boundaries. The director district boundaries shall be described in the resolution adopted by the school board. The resolution shall be adopted no earlier than November 15 of the second year immediately following the year in which the federal decennial census is taken nor and no later than May 15 of the third year immediately following the year in which the federal decennial census is taken. A copy of the plan shall be filed with the area education agency administrator of the area education agency in which the school's electors reside. If the board does not provide for an election as provided in sections 275.35, 275.36, and 278.1 and adopts a resolution to change the number of directors or method of election in accordance with this subsection, the district shall change the number of directors or method of election as provided unless, within twenty-eight days following the action of the board, the secretary of the board receives a petition containing the required number of signatures, asking that an election be called to approve or disapprove the action of the board in adopting the resolution. The petition must be signed by eligible electors equal in number to not less than one hundred or thirty percent of the number of voters at the last preceding regular school election, whichever is greater. The board shall either rescind its action or direct the county commissioner of elections to submit the question to the registered voters of the school district at an election held on a date specified in section 39.2, subsection 4, paragraph "c". If a majority of those voting on the question at the election favors disapproval of the action of the board, the district shall not change the number of directors or method of election. If a majority of those voting on the question does not favor disapproval of the action, the board shall certify the results of the election to the department of management and the district shall change the number of directors or method of election as provided in this subsection. At the expiration of the twenty-eight-day period, if no petition is filed, the board shall certify its action to the department of management and the district shall change the number of directors or method of election as provided in this subsection.

Sec. 75. Section 297.36, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

297.36 Loan agreements.

 $\underline{1.~a.}$ In order to make immediately available proceeds of the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy which has been approved by the voters as provided in section 298.2, the board of directors may, with or without notice, borrow money and enter into loan agreements in anticipation of the collection of the tax with a bank, investment banker, trust company, insurance company, or insurance group.

<u>b.</u> By resolution, the board shall provide for an annual levy which is within the limits of the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy to pay for the amount of the principal and interest due each year until maturity. The board shall file a certified copy of the resolution with the auditor of each county in which the district is located. The filing of the resolution with the auditor makes it the duty of the auditor to annually levy the amount certified for collection until funds are realized to repay the loan and interest on the loan in full.

- <u>c.</u> The loan must mature within the period of time authorized by the voters and shall bear interest at a rate which does not exceed the limits under chapter 74A. A loan agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall be in a form as the board of directors shall by resolution provide and the loan shall be payable as to both principal and interest from the proceeds of the annual levy of the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the loan and interest on the loan.
- <u>d.</u> The proceeds of a loan must be deposited in the physical plant and equipment levy fund. Warrants paid from this fund must be for purposes authorized for the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy.
- 2. This section does not limit the authority of the board of directors to levy the full amount of the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy, but if and to whatever extent the tax is levied in any year in excess of the amount of principal and interest falling due in that year under a loan agreement, the first available proceeds, to an amount sufficient to meet maturing installments of principal and interest under the loan agreement, shall be paid into the debt service fund for the loan before the taxes are otherwise made available to the school corporation for other school purposes, and the amount required to be annually set aside to pay principal of and interest on the money borrowed under the loan agreement constitutes a first charge upon the proceeds of the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy, which tax shall be pledged to pay the loan and the interest on the loan.
- <u>3.</u> This section is supplemental and in addition to existing statutory authority to finance the purposes specified in section 298.2 for the physical plant and equipment levy, and for the borrowing of money and execution of loan agreements in connection with that section, and is not subject to any other law. The fact that a school corporation may have previously borrowed money and entered into loan agreements under authority of this section does not prevent the school corporation from borrowing additional money and entering into further loan agreements if the aggregate of the amount payable under all of the loan agreements does not exceed the proceeds of the voter-approved physical plant and equipment levy.

Sec. 76. Section 312.2, subsection 2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

The treasurer of state shall before making the allotments in subsection 1 credit annually to the highway grade crossing safety fund the sum of seven hundred thousand dollars, credit annually from the road use tax fund the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars to the highway railroad grade crossing surface repair fund, credit monthly to the primary road fund the dollars yielded from an allotment of sixty-five hundredths of one percent of all road use tax funds for the express purpose of carrying out subsection 11 of section 307A.2, subsection 11, section 313.4, subsection 2, and section 307.45, and credit annually to the primary road fund the sum of five hundred thousand dollars to be used for paying expenses incurred by the state department of transportation other than expenses incurred for extensions of primary roads in cities. All unobligated funds provided by this subsection, except those funds credited to the highway grade crossing safety fund, shall at the end of each year revert to the road use tax fund. Funds in the highway grade crossing safety fund shall not revert to the road use tax fund except to the extent they exceed five hundred thousand dollars at the end of any biennium. The cost of each highway railroad grade crossing repair project shall be allocated in the following manner:

Sec. 77. Section 321.258, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

321.258 Arrangement of lights on official traffic-control signals.

- 1. Colored lights placed on a vertical official traffic-control signal face shall be arranged from the top to the bottom in the following order when used:
 - a. Circular red, circular.

- b. Circular yellow, circular.
- c. Circular green, straight.
- d. Straight through yellow arrow, straight.
- e. Straight through green arrow, left.
- f. Left turn yellow arrow, left.
- g. Left turn green arrow, right.
- h. Right turn yellow arrow, and right.
- i. Right turn green arrow.
- 2. Colored lights placed on a horizontal official traffic-control signal face shall be arranged from the left to the right in the following order when used:
 - a. Circular red, circular.
 - b. Circular yellow, left.
 - c. Left turn yellow arrow, left.
 - d. Left turn green arrow, circular.
 - e. Circular green, straight.
 - f. Straight through yellow arrow, straight.
 - g. Straight through green arrow, right.
 - h. Right turn yellow arrow, and right.
 - i. Right turn green arrow.

Sec. 78. Section 321.440, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- 1. Every solid rubber tire on a vehicle shall have rubber on its entire traction surface at least one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the entire periphery. Any pneumatic tire on a vehicle shall be considered unsafe if it has:
 - α . Any part of the ply or cord exposed;
 - b. Any bump, bulge or separation;
- c. A tread design depth of less than one-sixteenth of an inch measured in any two or more adjacent tread grooves, exclusive of tie bars or, for those tires with tread wear indicators, worn to the level of the tread wear indicators in any two tread grooves;
 - d. A marking "not for highway use", "for racing purposes only", "unsafe for highway use";.
 - e. Tread or sidewall cracks, cuts or snags deep enough to expose the body cord;.
 - f. Such other conditions as may be reasonably demonstrated to render it unsafe;
- g. Been regrooved or recut below the original tread design depth, excepting special tires which have extra under tread rubber and are identified as such, or if a pneumatic tire was originally designed without grooves or tread.
- Sec. 79. Section 331.382, subsection 8, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. The board is subject to chapter 161F, chapters 357 through 358, or chapter 468, subchapters I through III, chapter 468, subchapter IV, parts 1 and 2, or chapter 468, subchapter V, as applicable, in acting relative to a special district authorized under any of those chapters.
 - Sec. 80. Section 341A.18, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

341A.18 Civil rights respected.

- $\underline{1}$. A person shall not be appointed or promoted to, or demoted or discharged from, any position subject to civil service, or in any way favored or discriminated against with respect to employment in the sheriff's office because of the person's political or religious opinions or affiliations or race or national origin or sex, or age.
- <u>2. a.</u> A person holding a position subject to civil service shall not, during the person's scheduled working hours or when performing duties or when using county equipment or at any time on county property, take part in any way in soliciting any contribution for any political party or any person seeking political office, nor shall such employee engage in any political activity that will impair the employee's efficiency during working hours or cause the employee to be tardy or absent from work. The provisions of this section do not preclude any employee from holding any office for which no pay is received or any office for which only token pay is received.

 \underline{b} . A person shall not seek or attempt to use any political endorsement in connection with any appointment to a position subject to civil service.

- <u>c.</u> A person shall not use or promise to use, directly or indirectly, any official authority or influence, whether possessed or anticipated, to secure or attempt to secure for any person an appointment or advantage in the appointment to a position subject to civil service, or an increase in pay or other advantage in employment in any such position, for the purpose of influencing the vote or political action of any person or for any consideration.
- <u>d.</u> An employee shall not use the employee's official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with an election or affecting the results thereof.
- <u>3.</u> Any officer or employee subject to civil service who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be subject to suspension, dismissal, or demotion subject to the right of appeal herein.
- <u>4.</u> All employees shall retain the right to vote as they please and to express their opinions on all subjects.
- 5. An officer or employee subject to civil service and a chief deputy sheriff or second deputy sheriff, who becomes a candidate for a partisan elective office for remuneration, upon request, shall automatically be given a leave of absence without pay, commencing thirty days before the date of the primary election and continuing until the person is eliminated as a candidate or wins the primary, and commencing thirty days before the date of the general election and continuing until the person is eliminated as a candidate or wins the general election, and during the leave period shall not perform any duties connected with the office or position so held. The officer or employee subject to civil service, or chief deputy sheriff or second deputy sheriff, may, however, use accumulated paid vacation time for part or all of any leave of absence under this section. The county shall continue to provide health benefit coverages, and may continue to provide other fringe benefits, to any officer or employee subject to civil service, or to any chief deputy sheriff or second deputy sheriff during any leave of absence under this section.

Sec. 81. Section 392.5. Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

392.5 Library board.

- <u>1. a.</u> A city library board of trustees functioning on the effective date of the city code shall continue to function in the same manner until altered or discontinued as provided in this section.
- \underline{b} . In order for the board to function in the same manner, the council shall retain all applicable ordinances, and shall adopt as ordinances all applicable state statutes repealed by 1972 Iowa Acts, chapter ch. 1088.
- $\underline{2}$. A library board may accept and control the expenditure of all gifts, devises, and bequests to the library.
- $3. \ \alpha.$ A proposal to alter the composition, manner of selection, or charge of a library board, or to replace it with an alternate form of administrative agency, is subject to the approval of the voters of the city.
- \underline{b} . The proposal may be submitted to the voters at any city election by the council on its own motion. Upon receipt of a valid petition as defined in section 362.4, requesting that a proposal be submitted to the voters, the council shall submit the proposal at the next regular city election. A proposal submitted to the voters must describe with reasonable detail the action proposed.
 - c. If a majority of those voting approves the proposal, the city may proceed as proposed.
- \overline{d} . If a majority of those voting does not approve the proposal, the same or a similar proposal may not be submitted to the voters of the city for at least four years from the date of the election at which the proposal was defeated.
 - Sec. 82. Section 403.8, subsection 3, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. The requirement that real property or an interest in real property transferred or retained for the purpose of a development or redevelopment be sold, leased, otherwise transferred, or retained at not less than its fair market value does not apply if the developer enters into a written assessment agreement with the municipality pursuant to section 403.6, subsections 18 and 19 and the minimum actual value contained in the assessment agreement would indicate

that there will be sufficient taxable valuations to permit the collection of incremental taxes as provided in subsection 2 of section 403.19, subsection 2, to cause the indebtedness and other costs incurred by the municipality with respect to the property or interest transferred or retained to be repayable as to principal within four tax years following the commencement of full operation of the development.

- Sec. 83. Section 403.9, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. A municipality shall have power to periodically issue bonds in its discretion to pay the costs of carrying out the purposes and provisions of this chapter, including, but not limited to, the payment of principal and interest upon any advances for surveys and planning, and the payment of interest on bonds, herein authorized, not to exceed three years from the date the bonds are issued. The municipality shall have power to issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of such bonds previously issued by it. Said bonds shall be payable solely from the income and proceeds of the fund and portion of taxes referred to in subsection 2-of section 403.19, subsection 2, and revenues and other funds of the municipality derived from or held in connection with the undertaking and carrying out of urban renewal projects under this chapter. The municipality may pledge to the payment of the bonds the fund and portion of taxes referred to in subsection 2 of section 403.19, subsection 2, and may further secure the bonds by a pledge of any loan, grant or contribution from the federal government or other source in aid of any urban renewal projects of the municipality under this chapter, or by a mortgage of any such urban renewal projects, or any part thereof, title which is vested in the municipality.
- Sec. 84. Section 419.4, subsection 2, paragraph b, subparagraph (2), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) A municipality shall also have the power to provide that the project and improvements shall be constructed by the municipality, the lessee, the lessee's designee, the contracting party, or the contracting party's designee, or any one or more of them on real estate owned by the municipality, the lessee, the lessee's designee, the contracting party, or the contracting party's designee, as the case may be, and that the bond proceeds shall be disbursed by the trustee bank or banks, trust company or trust companies, during construction upon the estimate, order or certificate of the lessee, the lessee's designee, the contracting party, or the contracting party's designee.
- Sec. 85. Section 422.11S, subsection 8, paragraph a, subparagraph (2), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) "Total approved tax credits" means for the tax year beginning in the 2006 calendar year, two million five hundred thousand dollars, for the tax year beginning in the 2007 calendar year, five million dollars, and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2012, seven million five hundred thousand dollars, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, but before January 1, 2014, eight million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars, and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, twelve million dollars.
 - Sec. 86. Section 422.12C, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. <u>a.</u> The taxes imposed under this division, less the amounts of nonrefundable credits allowed under this division, may be reduced by an early childhood development tax credit equal to twenty-five percent of the first one thousand dollars which the taxpayer has paid to others for each dependent, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, ages three through five for early childhood development expenses. In determining the amount of early childhood development expenses for the tax year beginning in the 2006 calendar year only, such expenses paid during November and December of the previous tax year shall be considered paid in the tax year for which the tax credit is claimed. This credit is available to a taxpayer whose net income is less than forty-five thousand dollars. If the early childhood development tax credit is claimed for a tax year, the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse shall not claim the child and dependent care credit under subsection 1.
 - b. As used in this subsection, "early:
- (1) "Early childhood development expenses" means services provided to the dependent by a preschool, as defined in section 237A.1, materials, and other activities as follows:

 α . (a) Books that improve child development, including textbooks, music books, art books, teacher's editions, and reading books.

- *b.* (b) Instructional materials required to be used in a child development or educational lesson activity, including but not limited to paper, notebooks, pencils, and art supplies.
 - e. (c) Lesson plans and curricula.
- d. (d) Child development and educational activities outside the home, including drama, art, music, and museum activities, and the entrance fees for such activities, but not including food or lodging, membership fees, or other nonacademic expenses.
- (2) "Early childhood development expenses" does not include services, materials, or activities for the teaching of religious tenets, doctrines, or worship, the purpose of which is to inculcate those tenets, doctrines, or worship.
- Sec. 87. Section 422.33, subsections 2, 4, and 7, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 2. \underline{a} . If the trade or business of the corporation is carried on entirely within the state, the tax shall be imposed on the entire net income, but if the trade or business is carried on partly within and partly without the state or if income is derived from sources partly within and partly without the state, or if income is derived from trade or business and sources, all of which are not entirely in the state, the tax shall be imposed only on the portion of the net income reasonably attributable to the trade or business or sources within the state, with the net income attributable to the state to be determined as follows:
- æ. (1) Nonbusiness interest, dividends, rents and royalties, less related expenses, shall be allocated within and without the state in the following manner:
- (1) (a) Nonbusiness interest, dividends, and royalties from patents and copyrights shall be allocable to this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
- (2) (b) Nonbusiness rents and royalties received from real property located in this state are allocable to this state.
- (3) (c) Nonbusiness rents and royalties received from tangible personal property are allocable to this state to the extent that the property is utilized in this state; or in their entirety if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the taxpayer is not taxable in the state in which the property is utilized. The extent of utilization of tangible personal property in a state is determined by multiplying the rents and royalties by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property in the state during the rental or royalty period in the taxable year and the denominator of which is the number of days of physical location of the property everywhere during all rental or royalty periods in the taxable year. If the physical location of the property during the rental or royalty period is unknown, or unascertainable by the taxpayer tangible personal property is utilized in the state in which the property was located at the time the rental or royalty payor obtained possession.
- (4) (d) Nonbusiness capital gains and losses from the sale or other disposition of assets shall be allocated as follows:
- (i) Gains and losses from the sale or other disposition of real property located in this state are allocable to this state.
- (ii) Gains and losses from the sale or other disposition of tangible personal property are allocable to this state if the property had a situs in this state at the time of the sale or disposition or if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the taxpayer is not taxable in the state in which the property had a situs.
- (iii) Gains and losses from the sale or disposition of intangible personal property are allocable to this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
- b. (2) Net nonbusiness income of the above class having been separately allocated and deducted as above provided, the remaining net business income of the taxpayer shall be allocated and apportioned as follows:
- (1) (a) Business interest, dividends, rents, and royalties shall be reasonably apportioned within and without the state under rules adopted by the director.
- (2) (b) Capital gains and losses from the sale or other disposition of assets shall be apportioned to the state based upon the business activity ratio applicable to the year the gain or loss is determined if the corporation determines Iowa taxable income by a sales, gross

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receipts or other business activity ratio. If the corporation has only allocable income, capital gains and losses from the sale or other disposition of assets shall be allocated in accordance with paragraph "a", subparagraph (4) (1), subparagraph division (d).

- (3) (c) Where income is derived from business other than the manufacture or sale of tangible personal property, the income shall be specifically allocated or equitably apportioned within and without the state under rules of the director.
- (4) (d) Where income is derived from the manufacture or sale of tangible personal property, the part attributable to business within the state shall be in that proportion which the gross sales made within the state bear to the total gross sales.
- (5) (e) Where income consists of more than one class of income as provided in subparagraphs (1) to (4) subparagraph divisions (a) through (d) of this paragraph subparagraph, it shall be reasonably apportioned by the business activity ratio provided in rules adopted by the director.
- (6) (f) The gross sales of the corporation within the state shall be taken to be the gross sales from goods delivered or shipped to a purchaser within the state regardless of the F.O.B. point or other conditions of the sale, excluding deliveries for transportation out of the state.
 - b. For the purpose of this section, the word "sale" subsection:
 - (1) "Sale" shall include exchange, and the word "manufacture".
- (2) "Manufacture" shall include the extraction and recovery of natural resources and all processes of fabricating and curing. The words "tangible"
- (3) "Tangible personal property" shall be taken to mean corporeal personal property, such as machinery, tools, implements, goods, wares, and merchandise, and shall not be taken to mean money deposits in banks, shares of stock, bonds, notes, credits, or evidence of an interest in property and evidences of debt.
- 4. \underline{a} . In addition to all taxes imposed under this division, there is imposed upon each corporation doing business within the state the greater of the tax determined in subsection 1, paragraphs "a" through "d" or the state alternative minimum tax equal to sixty percent of the maximum state corporate income tax rate, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent, of the state alternative minimum taxable income of the taxpayer computed under this subsection.
- \underline{b} . The state alternative minimum taxable income of a taxpayer is equal to the taxpayer's state taxable income as computed with the adjustments in section 422.35 and with the following adjustments:
- e. (1) Add items of tax preference included in federal alternative minimum taxable income under section 57, except subsections (a)(1) and (a)(5), of the Internal Revenue Code, make the adjustments included in federal alternative minimum taxable income under section 56, except subsections (a)(4) and (d), of the Internal Revenue Code, and add losses as required by section 58 of the Internal Revenue Code. In making the adjustment under section 56(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, interest and dividends from federal securities and interest and dividends from state and other political subdivisions and from regulated investment companies exempt from federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code, net of amortization of any discount or premium, shall be subtracted.
 - b. (2) Apply the allocation and apportionment provisions of subsection 2.
- e- (3) Subtract an exemption amount of forty thousand dollars. This exemption amount shall be reduced, but not below zero, by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the amount by which the alternative minimum taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to the exemption amount in this paragraph, 1 exceeds one hundred fifty thousand dollars.
- d. (4) In the case of a net operating loss computed for a tax year beginning after December 31, 1986, which is carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year, the net operating loss shall be reduced by the amount of items of tax preference and adjustments arising in the tax year which is taken into account in computing the net operating loss in section 422.35, subsection 11. The deduction for a net operating loss for a tax year beginning after December 31, 1986, which is carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year shall not exceed ninety percent of the alternative minimum taxable income determined without regard for the net operating loss deduction.

¹ See chapter 1141, §21 herein

7. *a.* (1) There is allowed as a credit against the tax determined in subsection 1 for a tax year an amount equal to the minimum tax credit for that tax year.

- (2) The minimum tax credit for a tax year is the excess, if any, of the net minimum tax imposed for all prior tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1987, over the amount allowable as a credit under this subsection for those prior tax years.
- b. (1) The allowable credit under paragraph "a" for a tax year shall not exceed the excess, if any, of the tax determined in subsection 1 over the state alternative minimum tax as determined in subsection 4.
- (2) The net minimum tax for a tax year is the excess, if any, of the tax determined in subsection 4 for the tax year over the tax determined in subsection 1 for the tax year.
- Sec. 88. Section 422.70, subsection 1, paragraphs b, c, and d, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
 - b. To require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses; to.
 - c. To issue and sign subpoenas.
 - e. d. To administer oaths, to examine witnesses and receive evidence.
- d. e. To compel witnesses to produce for examination books, papers, records, and documents relating to any matter which the director has the authority to investigate or determine.
- Sec. 89. Section 423.3, subsection 60, paragraph h, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- h. (1) "Prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective, or supportive device including repair and replacement parts for the same worn on or in the body to do any of the following:
 - (1) (a) Artificially replace a missing portion of the body.
 - (2) (b) Prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction.
 - (3) (c) Support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
- (2) "Prosthetic device" includes but is not limited to orthopedic or orthotic devices, ostomy equipment, urological equipment, tracheostomy equipment, and intraocular lenses.
 - Sec. 90. Section 426A.8, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

426A.8 Excess remitted — appeals.

- <u>1.</u> If the amount of credit apportioned to any property eligible for military service tax exemption under this chapter in any year shall exceed the total tax, exclusive of any special assessments levied against such property eligible for military service tax exemption, then the excess shall be remitted by the county treasurer to the department of revenue to be redeposited in the general fund of the state and reallocated the following year by the department.
- <u>2. a.</u> If any claim for exemption made has been denied by the board of supervisors, and the action is subsequently reversed on appeal, the same credit shall be allowed on the assessed valuation, not to exceed the amount of the military service tax exemption involved in the appeal, as was allowed on other military service tax exemption valuations for the year or years in question, and the director of revenue, the county auditor, and the county treasurer shall credit and change their books and records accordingly.
- <u>b.</u> If the appealing taxpayer has paid one or both of the installments of the tax payable in the year or years in question on such military service tax exemption valuation, remittance shall be made to the county treasurer in the amount of such credit.
- \underline{c} . The amount of the credit shall be allocated and paid from the surplus redeposited in the general fund of the state provided for in the first paragraph of this section subsection 1.
 - Sec. 91. Section 426A.11, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. The property, not to exceed two thousand seven hundred seventy-eight dollars in taxable value, of any veteran, as defined in section 35.1, of World War I.
- 2. The property, not to exceed one thousand eight hundred fifty-two dollars in taxable value, of an honorably separated, retired, furloughed to a reserve, placed on inactive status, or discharged veteran, as defined in section 35.1, subsection 2, paragraph "a" or "b".

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Sec. 92. Section 426B.5, subsection 1, paragraph d, subparagraph (1), subparagraph divisions (a) and (b), Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:

- (a) The county is levying the maximum amount allowed for the county's mental health, intellectual disability, and developmental disabilities services fund under section 331.424A for the fiscal year in which the funding is distributed.
- (b) In the latest fiscal year reported in accordance with section 331.403, the county's mental health, intellectual disability, and developmental disabilities services fund ending balance under generally accepted accounting principles was equal to or less than twenty-five percent of the county's actual gross expenditures for that fiscal year.
- Sec. 93. Section 426B.5, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. For the purposes of this subsection, unless the context otherwise requires, "services fund" means a county's mental health, intellectual disability, and developmental disabilities services fund created in section 331.424A.
 - Sec. 94. Section 445.37, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

445.37 When delinquent.

- <u>1. a.</u> If the semiannual installment of any tax has not been paid before October 1 succeeding the levy, that amount becomes delinquent from October 1 after due. However, in those instances when the last day of September is a Saturday or Sunday, that amount becomes delinquent on the second business day of October. If the second installment is not paid before April 1 succeeding its maturity, it becomes delinquent from April 1 after due. However, in those instances when the last day of March is a Saturday or Sunday, that amount becomes delinquent on the second business day of April. This paragraph applies to all taxes as defined in section 445.1, subsection 6.
- <u>b.</u> However, if there is a delay in the delivery of the tax list referred to in chapter 443 to the county treasurer, the amount of ad valorem taxes and manufactured or mobile home taxes due shall become delinquent thirty days after the date of delivery or on the delinquent date of the first installment, whichever date occurs later. The delay shall not affect the due dates for special assessments and rates or charges. The delinquent date for special assessments and rates or charges is the same as the first installment delinquent date for ad valorem taxes, including any extension, in absence of a statute to the contrary.
- <u>2. a.</u> To avoid interest on delinquent taxes, a payment must be received by the treasurer on or before the last business day of the month preceding the delinquent date, or mailed with appropriate postage and applicable fees paid, and a United States postal service postmark affixed to the payment envelope, with the postmark bearing a date preceding the delinquent date. Items returned to the sender by the United States postal service for insufficient postage or applicable fees shall be assessed interest, unless the appropriate postage and fees are paid and the items are postmarked again before the delinquent date. However, if the last calendar day of a month falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a holiday, that amount becomes delinquent on the second business day of the following month.
- <u>b.</u> To avoid interest on current or delinquent taxes, for payments made through a county treasurer's authorized internet site only, if the last day of the month falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a holiday, the electronic payment must be initiated by midnight on the first business day of the next month. All other electronic payments must be initiated by midnight on the last day of the month preceding the delinquent date.
- Sec. 95. Section 452A.2, subsection 27, paragraph a, subparagraph (2), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (2) Any liquid advertised, offered for sale, sold for use as, or commonly or commercially used as a fuel for propelling motor vehicles which, when subjected to distillation of gasoline, naphtha, kerosene and similar petroleum products [ASTM (American society for testing and materials) international designation D-86], shows not less than ten percent distilled (recovered) below three hundred forty-seven 347 degrees Fahrenheit (one hundred seventy-five (175 degrees Centigrade) and not less than ninety-five percent distilled

(recovered) below four hundred sixty-four <u>464</u> degrees Fahrenheit (two hundred forty <u>(240</u> degrees Centigrade).

Sec. 96. Section 452A.2, subsection 27, paragraph b, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

b. "Motor fuel" does not include special fuel, and does not include liquefied gases which would not exist as liquids at a temperature of sixty 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of fourteen and seven-tenths pounds per square inch absolute, or naphthas and solvents unless the liquefied gases or naphthas and solvents are used as a component in the manufacture, compounding, or blending of a liquid within paragraph "a", subparagraph (2), in which event the resulting product shall be deemed to be motor fuel. "Motor fuel" does not include methanol unless blended with other motor fuels for use in an aircraft or for propelling motor vehicles.

Sec. 97. Section 452A.3, subsection 4, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

4. For compressed natural gas used as a special fuel, the rate of tax that is equivalent to the motor fuel tax shall be sixteen cents per hundred cubic feet adjusted to a base temperature of sixty 60 degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of fourteen and seventy-three hundredths pounds per square inch absolute.

Sec. 98. Section 452A.86, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

452A.86 Method of determining gallonage.

The exclusive method of determining gallonage of any purchases or sales of motor fuel, undyed special fuel, compressed natural gas, or liquefied petroleum gas as defined in this chapter and distillate fuels shall be on a gross volume basis. A temperature-adjusted or other method shall not be used, except as it applies to liquefied petroleum gas and the sale or exchange of petroleum products between petroleum refiners. All invoices, bills of lading, or other records of sale or purchase and all returns or records required to be made, kept, and maintained by a supplier, restrictive supplier, importer, exporter, blender, or compressed natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas dealer or user shall be made, kept, and maintained on the gross volume basis. For purposes of this section, "distillate fuels" means any fuel oil, gas oil, topped crude oil, or other petroleum oils derived by refining or processing crude oil or unfinished oils which have a boiling range at atmospheric pressure which falls completely or in part between five hundred fifty 550 and twelve hundred 1,200 degrees Fahrenheit.

- Sec. 99. Section 455B.471, subsections 7 and 8, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 7. "Petroleum" means petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction of crude oil which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (sixty (60 degrees Fahrenheit and fourteen and seven-tenths pounds per square inch absolute).
- 8. "Regulated substance" means an element, compound, mixture, solution or substance which, when released into the environment, may present substantial danger to the public health or welfare or the environment. Regulated substance includes substances designated in 40 C.F.R., pts. 61 and 116, and 40 C.F.R. §401.15, and petroleum including crude oil or any fraction of crude oil which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (sixty (60 degrees Fahrenheit and fourteen and seven-tenths pounds per square inch absolute). However, regulated substance does not include a substance regulated as a hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976. Substances may be added or deleted as regulated substances by rule of the commission pursuant to section 455B.474.
- Sec. 100. Section 455E.11, subsection 2, paragraph b, subparagraph (3), subparagraph division (b), subparagraph subdivision (ii), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (ii) Not more than six percent of the moneys is appropriated annually to the state hygienic laboratory to assist in well testing.
- (iii) For purposes of this subparagraph division, "cistern" means an artificial reservoir constructed underground for the purpose of storing rainwater.

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- Sec. 101. Section 455G.2, subsection 13, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 13. "Petroleum" means petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction of crude oil which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (sixty (60 degrees Fahrenheit and fourteen and seven-tenths pounds per square inch absolute).
- Sec. 102. Section 455G.13, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- b. An <u>owner owner's</u> or operator's liability for a release for which coverage is admitted under the underground storage tank insurance fund established in section 455G.11, Code 2003, shall not exceed the amount of the deductible.
- Sec. 103. Section 455G.13, subsection 10, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. Upon payment by the fund for corrective action or third-party liability pursuant to this subchapter, the rights of the claimant to recover payment from any potentially responsible party, are assumed by the board to the extent paid by the fund. A claimant is precluded from receiving double compensation for the same injury.
- Sec. 104. Section 456A.37, subsection 1, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- a. "Aquatic invasive species" means \underline{a} nonnative wildlife or plant species that <u>have has</u> been determined by the department to pose a significant threat to the aquatic resources or water infrastructure of the state.
 - Sec. 105. Section 462A.2, subsection 32, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 32. "Proceeds" includes whatever is received when collateral or proceeds are sold, exchanged, collected, or otherwise disposed of. The term also includes the account arising when the right to payment is earned under a contract right. Money, checks, and the like are eash "proceeds" "cash proceeds". All other proceeds are "noncash proceeds".
 - Sec. 106. Section 468.188, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

468.188 Public improvements which divide a district — procedure.

- 1. If it should develop that any type of public improvement, other than the forces of nature, has caused such a change in the district as to effectively sever and cut off some of the land in the district from other lands in the district and from the improvements in the district in such a way as to deprive the land of any further benefits from the improvement, or in some manner to divide the benefits that may be derived from two separated portions of the improvement, then the board of supervisors or the board of trustees in charge may upon notice to interested parties and hearing as provided by this subchapter, parts 1 through 5, for the original establishment of a district make an order to remove lands so deprived of benefits from the district without any reclassification, or may subdivide the district into two separate entities if the public improvement splits the district into two separate units, each of which may still derive some separate benefits from the separated portions of the district.
- <u>2.</u> If the public improvement is such as to leave two separate portions of the improvement that are still operable and of benefit to the land on each side of the division made by the public improvement, then the board may divide the district into two separate units so that each may perform further work on the improvements in their respective parts, but neither shall be charged for work completed on the opposite side of the new improvement that divides them and may only be charged for the work done in that portion of the district remaining on their side of the division.
- <u>3.</u> The same authority provided in this section shall vest in the board of supervisors or the board of trustees in the event a drainage district in any manner relinquishes its control over any portion of its improvements or its obligation to maintain same to another district and lands may be removed from the district or the district may be divided as provided in this section.
- <u>4.</u> The board may further in dividing the district award to each of the separated portions of the district the improvement remaining in each portion, determine the value of the improvement so remaining on each side and secondly determine the contributions of the

lands in the separated portions to the improvements and the upkeep of the earlier district, and if the contribution is proportionate neither side shall owe the other portion of the district any money, but if contribution is disproportionate, the board shall determine an equitable adjustment and the amount of payment required for one portion to pay to the other to buy the existing improvement.

- <u>5.</u> If land is eliminated from any further benefits, there need not be any reclassification and the board may remove the same from the district in the same manner as if the land has been destroyed in whole by the erosion of a river and spread any deficiency in assessment among the remaining lands as provided by section 468.49.
- <u>6.</u> "Type of public improvement" for the purpose of this section includes drainage or levee improvements or new highways.
- Sec. 107. Section 468.500, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- b. A drainage or levee district under the control of a city council as provided in subchapter II, part 3, may be placed under the control and management of a board of trustees by the city council following the procedures provided in <u>subchapter II</u>, part 2, for the county board of supervisors.
 - Sec. 108. Section 468.500, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. An overlying drainage or levee district that controls and manages improvements and rights-of-way surrendered by a board of supervisors or board of trustees of a contained district, in accordance with sections 468.256 through 468.259, shall continue to be controlled and managed by a board of trustees as provided in subchapter II, part 3.
 - Sec. 109. Section 479.5, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

479.5 Application for permit.

- <u>1.</u> A pipeline company doing business in this state shall file with the board its verified petition asking for a permit to construct, maintain and operate its pipeline or lines along, over or across the public or private highways, grounds, waters and streams of any kind of this state. Any pipeline company now owning or operating a pipeline in this state shall be issued a permit by the board upon supplying the information as provided for in section 479.6.
- <u>2.</u> A pipeline company doing business in this state and proposing to engage in underground storage of gas within this state shall file with the board its verified petition asking for a permit to construct, maintain and operate facilities for the underground storage of gas to include the construction, placement, maintenance and operation of machinery, appliances, fixtures, wells, pipelines, and stations necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of the gas underground storage facilities.
- <u>3. a.</u> A pipeline company shall hold informational meetings in each county in which real property or property rights will be affected at least thirty days prior to filing the petition for a new pipeline. A member of the board or a person designated by the board shall serve as the presiding officer at each meeting, shall present an agenda for the meeting which shall include a summary of the legal rights of the affected landowners, and shall distribute and review the statement of individual rights required under section 6B.2A. A formal record of the meeting shall not be required.
- \underline{b} . The meeting shall be held at a location reasonably accessible to all persons, companies, or corporations which may be affected by the granting of the permit.
- <u>4. a.</u> The pipeline company seeking the permit for a new pipeline shall give notice of the informational meeting to each person determined to be a landowner affected by the proposed project and each person in possession of or residing on the property. For the purposes of the informational meeting, "landowner" means a person listed on the tax assessment rolls as responsible for the payment of real estate taxes imposed on the property and "pipeline" means a line transporting a solid, liquid, or gaseous substance, except water, under pressure in excess of one hundred fifty pounds per square inch and extending a distance of not less than five miles or having a future anticipated extension of an overall distance of five miles.
- \underline{b} . The notice shall set forth the name of the applicant; the applicant's principal place of business; the general description and purpose of the proposed project; the general

nature of the right-of-way desired; the possibility that the right-of-way may be acquired by condemnation if approved by the utilities board; a map showing the route of the proposed project; a description of the process used by the utilities board in making a decision on whether to approve a permit including the right to take property by eminent domain; that the landowner has a right to be present at such meeting and to file objections with the board; and a designation of the time and place of the meeting. The notice shall be served by certified mail with return receipt requested not less than thirty days previous to the time set for the meeting, and shall be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. The publication shall be considered notice to landowners whose residence is not known and to each person in possession of or residing on the property provided a good faith effort to notify can be demonstrated by the pipeline company.

- $\underline{5}$. A pipeline company seeking rights under this chapter shall not negotiate or purchase any easements or other interests in land in any county known to be affected by the proposed project prior to the informational meeting.
 - Sec. 110. Section 481A.1, subsection 35, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 35. "Whitetail" means an animal belonging to the <u>cervidae Cervidae</u> family and classified as part of the <u>virginianus Virginianus</u> species of the <u>odocoileus Odocoileus</u> genus, commonly referred to as whitetail.
 - Sec. 111. Section 481A.10A, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

481A.10A Farmer advisory committee.

- <u>1.</u> The director shall establish a farmer advisory committee for the purpose of providing information to the department regarding crop and tree damage caused by deer, wild turkey, and other predators.
- 2. Members of the committee shall include a representative designated by each of the following organizations: the
 - a. The Iowa corn growers association, the.
 - b. The Iowa farm bureau federation, the.
 - \overline{c} . The Iowa farmers union, the.
 - d. The Iowa state horticulture society, the.
 - e. The Iowa Christmas tree growers association, the.
 - f. The Iowa nursery and landscape association, the.
 - g. The department of agriculture and land stewardship, and the.
 - h. The Iowa state university agricultural extension service.
- <u>3.</u> The committee shall meet with a representative of the department of natural resources on a semiannual basis. The committee shall serve without compensation or reimbursement for expenses.
 - Sec. 112. Section 483A.54, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

483A.54 Nonliability of the state and its officials.

- <u>1.</u> Bonds issued are special limited obligations of the commission and are not a debt or liability of the state or any other political subdivision within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation and are not a pledge of the state's credit or taxing power within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation or provision and, except as provided in this <u>division subchapter</u>, an appropriation shall not be made, directly or indirectly, by the state or any political subdivision of the state for the payment of bonds. The bonds are special obligations of the commission payable solely from the wildlife habitat bond fund. Funds from the general fund of the state shall not be used to pay interest or principal on the bonds if revenues deposited in the wildlife habitat bond fund are insufficient.
- <u>2.</u> The members of the commission or other person executing the bonds is not personally liable for the payment of the bonds. The bonds are valid and binding obligations of the commission notwithstanding the fact that before the delivery of the bonds any of the officers whose signatures appear on the bonds cease to be officers of the state. From and after the sale and delivery of the bonds, they shall be incontestable by the commission.
 - Sec. 113. Section 493.9, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

493.9 Change in stock.

Any such corporation may, by appropriate amendments to its articles of incorporation, adopted by a two-third two-thirds affirmative vote of each class of stock then issued and outstanding and affected by such amendment, change its common or preferred stock having a par value to an equal, greater or less number of shares of stock having no par value, and, in connection therewith, may fix the amount of capital represented by such shares of stock without par value.

- Sec. 114. Section 514.1, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. For the purposes of this chapter, "subscriber":
- a. "Health care" means that care necessary for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human physical or mental illness, injury, or disability.
- b. "Provider" means a person as defined in section 4.1, subsection 20, which is licensed or authorized in this state to furnish health care services.
- <u>c.</u> "Subscriber" means an individual who enters into a contract for health care services with a corporation subject to this chapter and includes a person eligible for mandatory medical assistance or optional medical assistance as defined under chapter 249A, with respect to whom the department of human services has entered into a contract with a firm operating under this chapter. For purposes of this chapter, "provider" means a person as defined in section 4.1, subsection 20, which is licensed or authorized in this state to furnish health care services. "Health care" means that care necessary for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human physical or mental illness, injury, or disability.
 - Sec. 115. Section 514I.10, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Cost sharing for eligible children whose family income is below one hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty level shall not exceed the standards permitted under 42 U.S.C. $\frac{1396(0)(a)(3)}{13960(a)(3)}$ $\frac{13960(a)(3)}{13960(a)(3)}$ $\frac{13960(a)(3)}{13960(a)(3)}$
- Sec. 116. Section 521B.102, subsection 5, paragraph b, subparagraph (1), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The association shall satisfy the association's minimum capital and surplus requirements through the capital and surplus equivalents (net, net of liabilities) liabilities, of the association and its members, which shall include a joint central fund that may be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the association or any of its members, in an amount determined by the commissioner to provide adequate protection.
 - Sec. 117. Section 554.1110, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

554.1110 Rules for filing and indexing Rules for filing and indexing.

The secretary of state shall make and promulgate rules for all filing and indexing pursuant to this chapter and chapter 554B including but not limited to rules on whether statements and documents shall be indexed in real estate records.

- Sec. 118. Section 554.1201, subsection 2, paragraph p, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- p. "Document of title" means a record that in the regular course of business or financing is treated as adequately evidencing that the person in possession or control of the record is entitled to receive, control, hold, and dispose of the record and the goods the record covers and that purports to be issued by or addressed to a bailee and to cover goods in the bailee's possession which are either identified or are fungible portions of an identified mass. The term includes a bill of lading, transport document, dock warrant, dock receipt, warehouse receipt, and order for delivery of goods. An electronic document of title "electronic document of title" means a document of title evidenced by a record consisting of information stored in an electronic medium. A tangible document of title "tangible document of title" means a document of title evidenced by a record consisting of information that is inscribed on a tangible medium.
 - Sec. 119. Section 554.2311, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Unless otherwise agreed specifications relating to assortment of the goods are at the buyer's option and except as otherwise provided in section 554.2319, subsection 1, paragraph

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"c", and section 554.2319, subsection 3, specifications or arrangements relating to shipment are at the seller's option.

- Sec. 120. Section 556.1, subsection 12, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 12. <u>a.</u> "Property" means a fixed and certain interest in or right in an intangible that is held, issued, or owed in the course of a holder's business, or by a government or governmental entity, and all income or increment therefrom, including that which is referred to as or evidenced by any of the following:
 - a. (1) Money, check, draft, deposit, interest, dividend, and income.
- b. (2) Credit balance, customer overpayment, gift certificate, security deposit, refund, credit memorandum, unpaid wage, unused airline ticket, unused ticket, mineral proceeds, and unidentified remittance and electronic fund transfer.
 - e. (3) Stock or other evidence of ownership interests in a business association.
 - d. (4) Bond, debenture, note, or other evidence of indebtedness.
- e- (5) Money deposited to redeem stocks, bonds, coupons, and other securities, or to make distributions.
- f. (6) An amount due and payable under the terms of an insurance policy, including policies providing life insurance, property and casualty insurance, workers' compensation insurance, or health and disability benefits insurance.
- g. (7) An amount distributable from a trust or custodian fund established under a plan to provide health, welfare, pension, vacation, severance, retirement, death, stock purchase, profit sharing, employee savings, supplemental unemployment insurance, or similar benefits.
 - h. (8) Amounts distributable from a mineral interest in land.
- i. (9) Any other fixed and certain interest or right in an intangible that is held, issued, or owing in the course of a holder's business, or by a government or governmental entity.
- <u>b.</u> "Property" does not include credits, advance payments, overpayments, refunds, or credit memoranda shown on the books and records of a business association with respect to another business association unless the balance is property described in section 556.2 held by a banking organization or financial organization.
 - Sec. 121. Section 559.2, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
 - 1. General, special, or otherwise.
 - 2. Vested, contingent, or conditional.
- Sec. 122. Section 562A.2, subsection 2, paragraph c, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- c. To insure ensure that the right to the receipt of rent is inseparable from the duty to maintain the premises.
 - Sec. 123. Section 562A.12, subsection 7, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 7. The bad faith <u>bad-faith</u> retention of a deposit by a landlord, or any portion of the rental deposit, in violation of this section shall subject the landlord to punitive damages not to exceed twice the monthly rental payment in addition to actual damages.
 - Sec. 124. Section 589.16, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

589.16 Tax sales legalized.

In all instances where a county treasurer heretofore conducted a tax sale at the time provided in section 7259, Code 1935, or section 7262, both of the Code, 1935, sales made at such tax sale or any adjournment thereof shall not be held invalid by reason of the failure of the county treasurer to have brought forward the delinquent tax of prior years upon the current tax lists in use by the said county treasurer at the time of conducting the sale, or by reason of the failure of the county treasurer to have offered all the property unsold before each adjournment of said sale and said tax sales are hereby legalized and declared valid notwithstanding the provisions of section 7193, Code 1935, and section 7259, both of the Code, 1935, provided the delinquent taxes for which the said real estate was sold had been brought forward upon the current tax list of the year preceding the year in which the said tax sale was conducted. Provided, however, that no tax sale so legalized and validated shall affect a special assessment if the same continues to remain a lien notwithstanding a tax deed

now or hereafter issued pursuant to such tax sale.

Sec. 125. Section 600.1, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

If a proceeding held under this chapter involves an Indian child as defined in section 232B.3 and the proceeding is subject to the Iowa Indian child welfare Act under chapter 232B, the proceeding and other actions taken in connection with the proceeding or this chapter shall comply with chapter 232B. In any proceeding held or action taken under this chapter involving an Indian child, the applicable requirements of the federal Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1999 1997, Pub. L. No. 105-89, shall be applied to the proceeding or action in a manner that complies with chapter 232B and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act. Pub. L. No. 95-608.

Sec. 126. Section 600A.3, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

If a proceeding held under this chapter involves an Indian child as defined in section 232B.3 and the proceeding is subject to the Iowa Indian child welfare Act under chapter 232B, the proceeding and other actions taken in connection with the proceeding or this chapter shall comply with chapter 232B. In any proceeding held or action taken under this chapter involving an Indian child, the applicable requirements of the federal Adoption and Safe Families Act of 1999 1997, Pub. L. No. 105-89, shall be applied to the proceeding or action in a manner that complies with chapter 232B and the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, Pub. L. No. 95-608.

Sec. 127. Section 602.11101, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

a. For the period beginning July 1, 1983, and ending June 30, 1987, the provisions of division I (articles of 1983 Iowa Acts, ch. 186, articles 1 through 10) 10 of this chapter, take effect only to the extent that the provisions do not conflict with the scheduled state assumption of responsibility for the components of the court system, and the amendments and repeals of divisions II and III of 1983 Iowa Acts, ch. 186, take effect only to the extent necessary to implement that scheduled state assumption of responsibility. If an amendment or repeal to a Code section in division II or III of 1983 Iowa Acts, ch. 186, is not effective during the period beginning July 1, 1983, and ending June 30, 1987, the Code section remains in effect for that period. On July 1, 1987, 1983 Iowa Acts, chapter ch. 186, takes effect in its entirety.

Sec. 128. Section 633.356, subsection 3, paragraph a, subparagraph (6), Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(6) If applicable, that <u>the</u> attached copy of the decedent's will is the last will of the decedent and has been admitted to probate or otherwise filed in the office of a clerk of the district court.

Sec. 129. Section 633.361, subsection 6, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

6. Name, relationship and post office address of each beneficiary under the will (if if the decedent died testate) testate or of each heir (if if the decedent died intestate) intestate. If any persons take by representation, the personal representative shall list the deceased person through whom those persons take and shall also list the persons taking under that deceased person.

Sec. 130. Section 633.510, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2. That the said absentee has property in this state (describing, describing it with reasonable certainty) certainty, all or part of which is situated in the county in which the petition is filed.

Sec. 131. Section 633.647, subsection 3, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- 3. To make payments to, or for the benefit of, the ward in any of the following ways:
- a. Directly to the ward;
- b. Directly for the maintenance, welfare, and education of the ward;

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- c. To the legal guardian of the person of the ward; or.
- d. To anyone who at the time shall have the custody and care of the person of the ward.

Sec. 132. Section 657.11, subsection 3, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

- 3. \underline{a} . This section does not apply to a person during any period that the person is classified as a chronic violator under this subsection as to any confinement feeding operation in which the person holds a controlling interest, as defined by rules adopted by the department of natural resources. This section shall apply to the person on and after the date that the person is removed from the classification of chronic violator. For purposes of this subsection, "confinement feeding operation" means an animal feeding operation in which animals are confined to areas which are totally roofed, and which are regulated by the department of natural resources or the environmental protection commission.
- \underline{a} . \underline{b} . (1) A person shall be classified as a chronic violator if the person has committed three or more violations as described in this subsection prior to, on, or after July 1, 1996. In addition, in relation to each violation, the person must have been subject to either of the following:
- (a) The assessment of a civil penalty by the department or the commission in an amount equal to three thousand dollars or more.
- (b) A court order or judgment for a legal action brought by the attorney general after referral by the department or commission.
- (2) Each violation must have occurred within five years prior to the date of the latest violation, counting any violation committed by a confinement feeding operation in which the person holds a controlling interest. A violation occurs on the date the department issues an administrative order to the person assessing a civil penalty of three thousand dollars or more, or on the date the department notifies a person in writing that the department will recommend that the commission refer, or the commission refers the case to the attorney general for legal action, or the date of entry of the court order or judgment, whichever occurs first. A violation under this subsection shall not be counted if the civil penalty ultimately imposed is less than three thousand dollars, the department or commission does not refer the action to the attorney general, the attorney general does not take legal action, or a court order or judgment is not entered against the person. A person shall be removed from the classification of chronic violator on the date on which the person and all confinement feeding operations in which the person holds a controlling interest have committed less than three violations described in this subsection for the prior five years.
- b. c. For purposes of counting violations, a continuing and uninterrupted violation shall be considered as one violation. Different types of violations shall be counted as separate violations regardless of whether the violations were committed during the same period. The violation must be a violation of a state statute, or a rule adopted by the department, which applies to a confinement feeding operation and any related animal feeding operation structure, including an anaerobic lagoon, earthen manure storage basin, formed manure storage structure, or egg washwater storage structure; or any related pollution control device or practice. The structure, device, or practice must be part of the confinement feeding operation. The violation must be one of the following:
- (1) Constructing or operating a related animal feeding operation structure or installing or using a related pollution control device or practice, for which the person must obtain a permit, in violation of statute or rules adopted by the department, including the terms or conditions of the permit.
- (2) Intentionally making a false statement or misrepresenting information to the department as part of an application for a construction permit for the related animal feeding operation structure, or the installation of the related pollution control device or practice, for which the person must obtain a construction permit from the department.
- (3) Failing to obtain a permit or approval by the department for a permit to construct or operate a confinement feeding operation or use a related animal feeding operation structure or pollution control device or practice, for which the person must obtain a permit from the department.
- (4) Operating a confinement feeding operation, including a related animal feeding operation structure or pollution control device or practice, which causes pollution to the

waters of the state, if the pollution was caused intentionally, or caused by a failure to take measures required to abate the pollution which resulted from an act of God.

(5) Failing to submit a manure management plan as required, or operating a confinement feeding operation required to have a manure management plan without having submitted the manure management plan.

Sec. 133. Section 692.5, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:

692.5 Right of notice, access and challenge.

- <u>1.</u> Any person or the person's attorney shall have the right to examine and obtain a copy of criminal history data filed with the department that refers to the person. The person or person's attorney shall present or mail to the department written authorization and the person's fingerprint identification. The department shall not copy the fingerprint identification and shall return or destroy the identification after the copy of the criminal history data is made. The department may prescribe reasonable hours and places of examination.
- 2. Any person who files with the division a written statement to the effect that a statement contained in the criminal history data that refers to the person is nonfactual, or information not authorized by law to be kept, and requests a correction or elimination of that information that refers to that person shall be notified within twenty days by the division, in writing, of the division's decision or order regarding the correction or elimination. Judicial review of the actions of the division may be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A. Immediately upon the filing of the petition for judicial review the court shall order the division to file with the court a certified copy of the criminal history data and in no other situation shall the division furnish an individual or the individual's attorney with a certified copy, except as provided by this chapter.
- 3. Upon the request of the petitioner, the record and evidence in a judicial review proceeding shall be closed to all but the court and its officers, and access thereto shall be refused unless otherwise ordered by the court. The clerk shall maintain a separate docket for such actions. A person, other than the petitioner, shall not permit a copy of any of the testimony or pleadings or the substance thereof to be made available to any person other than a party to the action or the party's attorney. Violation of this section shall be a public offense, punishable under section 692.7. The provisions of this section shall be the sole right of action against the department, its subdivisions, or employees regarding improper storage or release of criminal history data.
- <u>4.</u> Whenever the division corrects or eliminates data as requested or as ordered by the court, the division shall advise all agencies or individuals who have received the incorrect information to correct their files. Upon application to the district court and service of notice on the commissioner of public safety, any individual may request and obtain a list of all persons and agencies who received criminal history data referring to the individual, unless good cause be shown why the individual should not receive <u>said the</u> list.
 - Sec. 134. Section 707.11, subsection 1, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. A person commits the offense of attempt to commit murder when, with the intent to cause the death of another person and not under circumstances which would justify the person's actions, the person does any act by which the person expects to set in motion a force or chain of events which will cause or result in the death of the other person.
 - Sec. 135. Section 715C.1, subsection 11, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 11. <u>a.</u> "Personal information" means an individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination with any one or more of the following data elements that relate to the individual if any of the data elements are not encrypted, redacted, or otherwise altered by any method or technology in such a manner that the name or data elements are unreadable:
 - a. (1) Social security number.
- b. (2) Driver's license number or other unique identification number created or collected by a government body.

 ϵ . (3) Financial account number, credit card number, or debit card number in combination with any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's financial account.

- d. (4) Unique electronic identifier or routing code, in combination with any required security code, access code, or password that would permit access to an individual's financial account.
- e- (5) Unique biometric data, such as a fingerprint, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representation or digital representation of biometric data.
- <u>b.</u> "Personal information" does not include information that is lawfully obtained from publicly available sources, or from federal, state, or local government records lawfully made available to the general public.
 - Sec. 136. Section 719.1, subsections 1 and 2, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. \underline{a} . A person commits interference with official acts when the person knowingly resists or obstructs anyone known by the person to be a peace officer, emergency medical care provider under chapter 147A, or fire fighter, whether paid or volunteer, in the performance of any act which is within the scope of the lawful duty or authority of that officer, emergency medical care provider under chapter 147A, or fire fighter, whether paid or volunteer, or who knowingly resists or obstructs the service or execution by any authorized person of any civil or criminal process or order of any court.
- a. b. Interference with official acts is a simple misdemeanor. In addition to any other penalties, the punishment imposed under this paragraph shall include assessment of a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars.
- b. c. If a person commits interference with official acts, as defined in this subsection, which results in bodily injury, the person commits a serious misdemeanor.
- e- d. If a person commits interference with official acts, as defined in this subsection, which results in serious injury, the person commits an aggravated misdemeanor.
- d. e. If a person commits an interference with official acts, as defined in this subsection, and in so doing inflicts bodily injury other than serious injury, that person commits an aggravated misdemeanor.
- e. f. If a person commits an interference with official acts, as defined in this subsection, and in so doing inflicts or attempts to inflict serious injury, or displays a dangerous weapon, as defined in section 702.7, or is armed with a firearm, that person commits a class "D" felony.
- 2. \underline{a} . A person under the custody, control, or supervision of the department of corrections commits interference with official acts when the person knowingly resists, obstructs, or interferes with a correctional officer, agent, employee, or contractor, whether paid or volunteer, in the performance of the person's official duties.
 - a. b. Interference with official acts in violation of this subsection is a serious misdemeanor.
- \underline{b} . \underline{c} . If a person violates this subsection and in so doing commits an assault, as defined in section 708.1, the person commits an aggravated misdemeanor.
- ϵ . If a person violates this subsection and the violation results in bodily injury to another, the person commits an aggravated misdemeanor.
- d. e. If a person violates this subsection and the violation results in serious injury to another, the person commits a class "D" felony.
- *e.* <u>f.</u> If a person violates this subsection and in so doing inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury other than serious injury to another, displays a dangerous weapon, as defined in section 702.7, or is armed with a firearm, the person commits a class "D" felony.
- £ g. If a person violates this subsection and uses or attempts to use a dangerous weapon, as defined in section 702.7, or inflicts serious injury to another, the person commits a class "C" felony.
 - Sec. 137. Section 904.602, subsection 10, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 10. Regulations, procedures, and policies that govern the internal administration of the department and the judicial district departments of correctional services under chapter 905, which if released may jeopardize the secure operation of a correctional institution operation or program are confidential unless otherwise ordered by a court. These records include procedures on inmate movement and control, staffing patterns and regulations, emergency

plans, internal investigations, equipment use and security, building plans, operation, and security, security procedures for inmate, staff, and visits, daily operation records, and contraband and medicine control. These records are exempt from the public inspection requirements in section 17A.3 and section 22.2.

These records are exempt from the public inspection requirements in section 17A.3 and section 22.2.

DIVISION II CORRESPONDING CHANGES

- Sec. 138. Section 99F.15, subsection 6, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 6. Except for wagers on gambling games or exchanges for money as provided in section 99F.9, subsection 4 3, a licensee who exchanges tokens, chips, or other forms of credit to be used on gambling games for anything of value commits a simple misdemeanor.
 - Sec. 139. Section 99F.16, subsection 2, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Except for coins authorized in section 99F.9, subsection 4 <u>3</u>, all moneys, coin, and currency found in close proximity of wagers, or of records of wagers are presumed forfeited. The burden of proof is upon the claimant of the property to rebut this presumption.
 - Sec. 140. Section 422.34A, subsection 8, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 8. Utilizing a distribution facility within this state, owning or leasing property at a distribution facility within this state that is used at or distributed from the distribution facility, or selling property shipped or distributed from a distribution facility. For purposes of this subsection, "distribution facility" means an establishment where shipments of tangible personal property are processed for delivery to customers. "Distribution facility" does not include an establishment where retail sales of tangible personal property or returns of such property are undertaken with respect to retail customers on more than twelve days a year except for a distribution facility which processes customer sales orders by mail, telephone, or electronic means, if the distribution facility also processes shipments of tangible personal property to customers provided that not more than ten percent of the dollar amount of goods are delivered and shipped so as to be included in the gross sales of the corporation within this state as provided in section 422.33, subsection 2, paragraph "b" "a", subparagraph (6) (2), subparagraph division (f).
 - Sec. 141. Section 422.36, subsection 6, Code 2014, is amended to read as follows:
- 6. A foreign corporation is not required to file a return if its only activities in Iowa are the storage of goods for a period of sixty consecutive days or less in a warehouse for hire located in this state whereby the foreign corporation transports or causes a carrier to transport such goods to that warehouse and provided that none of the goods are delivered or shipped so as to be included in the gross sales of the corporation within this state as provided in section 422.33, subsection 2, paragraph "b" "a", subparagraph (6) (2), subparagraph division (f).
- Sec. 142. Section 805.8C, subsection 5, paragraphs a and b, Code 2014, are amended to read as follows:
- a. For violations of legal age for gambling wagering under section 99D.11, subsection 7, section 99F.9, subsection 5 $\underline{4}$, and section 725.19, subsection 1, the scheduled fine is five hundred dollars. Failure to pay the fine by a person under the age of eighteen shall not result in the person being detained in a secure facility.
- b. For legal age violations for entering or attempting to enter a facility under section 99F.9, subsection 6 5, the scheduled fine is five hundred dollars. Failure to pay the fine by a person under the age of eighteen shall not result in the person being detained in a secure facility.

DIVISION III DIRECTIVES

Sec. 143. CODE EDITOR DIRECTIVES.

1. Sections 53.38, 53.39, 53.41, 53.44, 53.48, 53.49, 53.50, 53.51, 53.52, 73.15, 73.21, 85.63, 85.67, 85.68, 234.24, 234.26, 234.27, 234.28, 260C.56, 260C.57, 260C.61, 260C.63, 260C.64, 260C.65, 260C.67, 262.53, 262.56, 262.59, 262.60, 262.62, 262.63, 262.64, 262.65, 263.13, 358.36, 358.37, 461A.75, 461A.76, 461A.78, 462A.85, 476.26, 476.82, 483A.56, and 499.71, are amended by striking the word "division" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "subchapter".

- 2. Sections 53.46, subsections 1, 3, 5, 6, and 7; 53.53, subsections 1 and 3; 73.16, subsection 2, paragraph "c"; 85.65A, subsection 3, paragraph "e"; 85.66, subsection 1; 262.55, unnumbered paragraph 1; 263.11, unnumbered paragraph 1; 462A.77, subsection 9; 462A.83, unnumbered paragraph 1; 476.23, subsections 2 and 4; 476.25, subsection 1; 476.42, unnumbered paragraph 1; 476.42, subsection 1, paragraph "b"; 476.44, subsection 2, paragraph "a"; 476.72, unnumbered paragraph 1; 476.76, unnumbered paragraph 1; 483A.50, subsection 1; 483A.51, subsections 2, 5, and 6; 499.61, unnumbered paragraph 1; 499.69, subsection 1, paragraph "a"; and 499.69, subsection 1, paragraph "b", subparagraph (3), are amended by striking the word "division" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "subchapter".
- 3. Sections 144A.12, 331.449, 331.470, 554.9801, 554.9802, 554.9803, 554.9805, and 554.9809 are amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the word "chapter" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch.".
- 4. Sections 202B.202, subsections 2 and 3; 490.1703, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1; 490.1703, subsection 2; 514C.27, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1; 516B.2, unnumbered paragraph 1; 535.2, subsection 6, paragraph "a"; 554.9804, subsection 1; 554.9806, subsection 1, paragraph "a"; 554.9806, subsection 2, paragraph "b"; 554.9806, subsection 3, paragraph "a"; 554.9807, subsections 2 and 5; 602.11101, subsection 2, paragraph "b"; and 602.11101, subsection 3, are amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the word "chapter" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch.".
- 5. Section 589.22 is amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the letters "ch" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch.".
- 6. Sections 202B.202, subsection 1; 426C.4, subsection 1, paragraph "b", subparagraph (2); 504.1703, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1; 504.1703, subsection 2; and 508.38, subsection 11, are amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the letters "ch" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch.".
- 7. Section 155A.43 is amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the words "chapter" and "section" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch." and the symbol "§".
- 8. Sections 8.57, subsection 2; 135C.2, subsection 5; 144D.4, subsection 10; 233A.1, subsection 3; 233B.1, subsection 3; and 411.30, subsection 1, paragraph "c", are amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the words "chapter" and "section" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch." and the symbol "§".
- 9. Section 554.11101 is amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the words "chapter" and "sections" and inserting in lieu thereof the abbreviation "ch." and the symbol "§".
- 10. Sections 12E.3A, subsection 1; 16.54, subsection 2; 135.153, subsection 1; 135.166, subsection 1; 249L.4, subsection 5, paragraph "a"; 312A.3, subsection 1, paragraph "a"; 315.4, subsection 1, paragraph "a", subparagraph (2); 455E.11, subsection 2, paragraph "a", subparagraph (2), subparagraph division (f); and 505.32, subsection 2, paragraph "g", are amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the word "section" and inserting in lieu thereof the symbol "§".
- 11. Section 446.45 is amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the word "sections" and inserting in lieu thereof the symbol "\sella".
- 12. Section 229.39, subsection 3, paragraph "a", is amended by striking, within the Iowa Acts citation, the word "sections" and inserting in lieu thereof the symbol "§".

Approved March 26, 2014