- 1. Costs of the action.
- 2. Claims for labor.
- 3. Claims for materials.
- 4. Claims of the public corporation.

Upon settlement or adjudication of a claim and after judgment is entered, unpaid funds retained with respect to the claim which are not necessary to satisfy the judgment shall be released and paid to the contractor within twenty days of receipt by the public corporation of evidence of entry of judgment or settlement of the claim. Failure to make payment by that date shall cause interest to accrue on the unpaid amount. Interest shall accrue during the period commencing on the twenty-first day after receipt by the public corporation of evidence of entry of judgment and ending on the date of payment. The rate of interest shall be determined as set forth in section 573.14.

Approved May 9, 1991

CHAPTER 149

INCOME TAX CHECKOFF FOR OLYMPICS S.F. 403

AN ACT relating to the state income tax refund checkoff for olympics.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 422.12A, unnumbered paragraph 5, Code 1991, is amended to read as follows:

On or before March 1 of each year, the department of revenue and finance shall pay one-half of the moneys in the fund to the United States Olympic committee on the condition that the United States Olympic committee return and shall retain one-half of the funds to in this state to. Fifty percent of the funds retained by the state shall be spent in that year for local amateur sports, for which there is Olympic competition, with advice of the governor's council on physical fitness, and the remaining fifty percent shall be paid to Iowa special Olympics, incorporated, for special Olympic programs.

Approved May 9, 1991

CHAPTER 150

DEREGULATION OF CERTAIN COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES S.F. 504

AN ACT relating to the method of deregulation of communication services and facilities.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 476.1, unnumbered paragraph 8, Code 1991, is amended by striking the paragraph.

Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 476.1D REGULATION AND DEREGULATION OF COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES JURISDICTION.

- 1. Except as provided in this section, the jurisdiction of the board as to the regulation of communications services is not applicable to a service or facility that is provided or is proposed to be provided by a telephone utility that is or becomes subject to effective competition, as determined by the board. In determining whether a service or facility is or becomes subject to effective competition, the board shall consider, among other factors, whether a comparable service or facility is available from a supplier other than the telephone utility and whether market forces are sufficient to assure just and reasonable rates without regulation.
 - 2. Deregulation of a service or facility for a utility is effective only after all of the following:
 - a. A finding of effective competition by the board.
 - b. Election by a utility providing the service or facility to file a deregulation accounting plan.
 - c. Approval of a utility's deregulation accounting plan by the board.
- 3. If the board determines a service or facility is subject to effective competition and approves the utility's deregulation accounting plan, the board shall deregulate the service or facility within a reasonable time.
- 4. Upon deregulation, all investment, revenues, and expenses associated with the service or facility shall be removed from the telephone utility's regulated operations and shall not be considered by the board in setting rates for the telephone utility unless they continue to affect the utility's regulated operations. If the board considers investment, revenues, and expenses associated with unregulated services or facilities in setting rates for the telephone utility, the board shall not use any profits or costs from such unregulated services or facilities to determine the rates for regulated services or facilities. This section does not preclude the board from considering the investment, revenues, and expenses associated with the sale of classified directory advertising by a telephone utility in determining rates for the telephone utility.
- 5. Notwithstanding the presence of effective competition, if the board determines a service or facility is an essential communications service or facility and the public interest warrants retention of service regulation, the board shall deregulate rates and may continue service regulation.
- 6. The board may reimpose rate and service regulation on a deregulated service or facility if it determines the service or facility is no longer subject to effective competition.
- 7. The board may reimpose service regulation only on a deregulated service or facility if the board determines the service or facility is an essential communications service or facility and the public interest warrants service regulation, notwithstanding the presence of effective competition.
- 8. If the board reimposes regulation pursuant to subsection 6 or 7, the reimposition of regulation shall apply to all providers of the service or facility.
- 9. The board may investigate and obtain information from providers of deregulated services or facilities to determine whether the services or facilities are subject to effective competition or whether the service or facility is an essential communications service or facility and the public interest warrants service regulation. However, the board shall not, for purposes of this subsection, request or obtain information related to the provider's costs or earnings.