CHAPTER 29

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY VARIANCES H.F. 641

AN ACT relating to the wastewater treatment facility and making variances granted subject to the review of the environmental protection commission.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 455B.181, Code 1987, is amended to read as follows: 455B.181 VARIANCES AND EXEMPTIONS.

The director may, after public notice and hearing, grant exemptions from a maximum contaminant level or treatment technique, or both. The director may also grant a variance from drinking water standards for public water supply systems when the characteristics of the raw water sources, which are available to a system, cannot meet the requirements with respect to maximum contaminant level of the standards despite application of the best treatment techniques which are generally available and if the director determines that the variance will not result in an unreasonable risk to the public health. A schedule of compliance may be prescribed by the director, at the time the variance or exemption is granted. The director shall also require the interim measures to minimize the contaminant levels of systems subject to the variance or exemption as may reasonably be implemented. The director may also issue variances from other rules of the department if necessary and appropriate. The director shall submit variances granted regarding a wastewater treatment facility to the commission for the commission's review within thirty days of the granting of a variance. The denial of a variance or exemption may be appealed to the department commission.

Approved April 23, 1987

CHAPTER 30

FUNERAL SERVICES AND MERCHANDISE FURNISHED UPON A FUTURE DEATH H.F. 614

AN ACT relating to sales of funeral services and funeral merchandise, revising regulatory and reporting provisions, requiring disclosures, requiring permits, providing penalties, providing for the applicability of the Act, and providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 156.9, subsection 3, Code 1987, is amended by striking the subsection.

Sec. 2. Section 156.12, Code 1987, is amended to read as follows:

156.12 FUNERAL DIRECTORS - SOLICITATION OF BUSINESS - EXCEPTIONS - PENALTY.

Every funeral director, or any person acting in their on behalf of a funeral director, who pays or causes to be paid any money or other thing of value as a commission or gratuity for the securing of business for such the funeral director, and every person who accepts or offers to accept any money or other thing of value as a commission or gratuity from a funeral director in order to secure business for the funeral director shall be deemed guilty of commits a simple misdemeanor. This section shall does not be constructed as prohibiting prohibit any person, firm, co-operative burial association, or corporation, subject to the provisions of this chapter, from using legitimate and honest advertising. This section does not apply to sales made in accordance with chapter 523A.

Sec. 3. Section 523A.1, Code 1987, is amended to read as follows:

523A.1 TRUST FUND ESTABLISHED.

Whenever an agreement is made by any person, firm, or corporation for the final disposition of a dead human body wherein delivery of personal property to be used under a prearranged funeral plan or the furnishing of professional services of a funeral director or embalmer in connection therewith, is not immediately required, to furnish, upon the future death of a person named or implied in the agreement, funeral services or funeral merchandise, a minimum of eighty percent of all payments made under the agreement, including interest thereon, shall be and remain trust funds until occurrence of the death of the person for whose benefit the funds were paid, unless said the funds are sooner released to the person making such the payment by mutual consent of the parties. Payments otherwise subject to this section are not exempt merely because they are held in certificates of deposit.

Interest or income earned on amounts deposited in trust under this section shall remain in trust under the same terms and conditions as the payments made under the agreement, except that the seller may withdraw so much of the interest or income as represents the difference between the amount needed to adjust the trust funds for inflation as set by the commissioner based on the consumer price index and the interest or income earned during the preceding year not to exceed fifty percent of the total interest or income, on a calendar year basis. The early withdrawal of interest or income pursuant to this provision does not affect the purchaser's right to the full refund or credit of such interest or income in the event the payments and interest in trust are released to the purchaser or in the event of a nonguaranteed price agreement, respectively. This provision does not affect the purchaser's right to a total refund of principal and interest or income in the event of nonperformance.

If an agreement pursuant to this section is to be paid in installment payments, the seller shall deposit eighty percent of each payment in trust until the full amount to be trusted has been deposited. If the agreement is financed with or sold to a financial institution, then the agreement shall be considered paid in full and the deposit requirements of this section shall be satisfied within thirty days after the close of the month in which payment is received from the financial institution.

This section does not apply to payments for merchandise delivered to the purchaser. Delivery includes storage in a warehouse under the control of the seller when a receipt of ownership in the name of the purchaser is delivered to the purchaser, the merchandise is insured against loss, and the annual reporting requirements of section 523A.2, subsection 1, are satisfied.

- Sec. 4. Section 523A.2, Code 1987, is amended to read as follows: 523A.2 DEPOSIT OF FUNDS RECORDS EXAMINATIONS REPORTS.
- 1. a. All funds held in trust under section 523A.1 shall be deposited in an a state or federally insured bank, savings and loan association, or credit union authorized to conduct business in this state, or trust department thereof, within thirty days after the receipt of the funds and shall be held in a separate account or in one common trust fund under a trust agreement in the name of the depositor in trust for the designated beneficiary until released under either of the conditions provided in pursuant to section 523A.1.
- b. The seller under an agreement referred to in section 523A.1 shall maintain accurate records of all receipts, expenditures, interest or earnings, and disbursements relating to funds held in trust, and shall make these records available to the county attorney of the county in which the principal place of business of the seller is located commissioner for examination at any reasonable time upon request.
- e. The seller under an agreement referred to in section 523A.1 shall file not later than March 1 of each year with the county recorder of the county in which the seller maintains its principal place of business a copy of each trust agreement created as required by paragraph "a" of this subsection for sales made during the previous calendar year.
- dc. The seller under an agreement referred to in section 523A.1 shall file notice with the county recorder for the county in which the trust agreement is filed of each receipt of funds held in trust under section 523A.1. This notice shall be filed on forms furnished by the seller,

and shall be filed not later than March 1 of each year. Each notice shall contain the required information for all receipts of the seller during the previous calendar year. with the commissioner not later than March 1 of each year a report including the following information:

- (1) The name and address of the seller and the name and address of the establishment that will provide the funeral services or funeral merchandise.
- (2) The name of the purchaser, beneficiary, and the amount of each agreement under section 523A.1 made in the preceding year and the date on which it was made.
- (3) The total value of agreements subject to section 523A.1 entered into, the total amount paid pursuant to those agreements, and the total amount deposited in trust as required under section 523A.1, during the preceding year.
- (4) The amount of any payments received pursuant to agreements reported in previous years in accordance with subparagraphs (2) and (3) and the amount of those payments deposited in trust for each purchaser.
- (5) The change in status of any trust account, including total amount of interest or income withdrawn from each trust account in the preceding year, and for each purchaser, any other amounts withdrawn from trust and the reason for each withdrawal. However, regular increments of interest or income need not be reported on a yearly basis.
- (6) The name and address of the financial institution in which trust funds were deposited, and the name and address of each insurance company which funds agreements under section 523A.1.
- (7) The name and address of each purchaser of funeral merchandise delivered in lieu of trusting pursuant to section 523A.1, and a description of that merchandise for each purchaser.
- (8) The complete inventory of funeral merchandise and its location in the seller's possession that has been delivered in lieu of trusting pursuant to section 523A.1.
- (9) Other information reasonably required by the commissioner for purposes of administration of this chapter.

The information required by subparagraphs (7) and (8) shall include a verified statement of a certified public accountant that the certified public accountant has conducted a physical inventory of the funeral merchandise specified in subparagraph (8) and that each item of that merchandise is in the seller's possession at the specified location. The statement shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioner.

The report shall be accompanied by a filing fee determined by the commissioner which shall be sufficient to defray the costs of administering this chapter.

- ed. A financial institution referred to in paragraph "a" of this subsection shall file notice with the county recorder for the county in which the trust agreement is filed commissioner of all funds deposited under the trust agreement. This The notice shall be on forms furnished prescribed by the seller commissioner and shall be filed not later than March 1 of each year. Each notice shall contain the required information for all deposits made during the previous calendar year. The seller shall furnish the financial institution with the appropriate forms. Forms may be obtained from the commissioner.
- fe. Notwithstanding chapter 22, all records maintained by a county recorder the commissioner under this subsection shall be confidential and shall not be made available for inspection or copying by any person except upon approval of the county attorney or a representative of the county commissioner or the attorney general.
- f. The state or federally insured bank, savings and loan association, or credit union in which trust funds are held shall not be owned or under the control of the seller and shall not use any funds required to be held in trust pursuant to this chapter or chapter 566A to purchase an interest in any contract or agreement to which the seller is a party, or otherwise to invest, directly or indirectly, in the seller's business operations.
- g. The bank, savings and loan, credit union, or trust department thereof, in which trust funds are held shall serve as trustee to the extent that organization has been granted those powers under the laws of this state or the United States and may invest, reinvest, exchange, retain,

sell, and otherwise manage the trust fund. The trustee may combine trust accounts established pursuant to this chapter as long as a separate accounting of each purchaser's principal, interest, and income is maintained. The seller may appoint an independent investment advisor to act in an advisory capacity with the trustee relative to the investment of the trust funds. The trust shall pay the cost of the operation of the trust and any annual audit fees.

- 2. In addition to complying with subsection 1, each seller under an agreement referred to in section 523A.1 shall file annually with the county attorney of the county in which the seller maintains its principal place of business a written statement that is signed by the seller and notarized and that contains all of the following information:
- a. Identification of each financial institution in which trust funds are held under subsection 1, paragraph "a", and a listing of each trust agreement governing funds held in the respective financial institutions and the date each agreement was filed with the county recorder.
- b. Authorization for the county attorney commissioner an authorization for the commissioner or a designee to investigate, audit, and verify all funds, accounts, safe-deposit boxes, and other evidence of trust funds held by or in a financial institution under paragraph "a" of this subsection.
- 3. The insurance division commissioner shall adopt rules under chapter 17A specifying the form, content, and cost of the forms for the notices and disclosures required by this section, and shall sell blank forms at that cost to any person on request.
- 4. If a seller under an agreement referred to in section 523A.1 ceases to do business, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, all funds held in trust under section 523A.1, including accrued interest or earnings, shall be repaid to the purchaser under the agreement.
- 5. The county attorney of the county in which a sale referred to in section 523A.1 takes place commissioner may require the performance of an audit of the seller's business by a certified public accountant if the county attorney commissioner receives reasonable evidence that the seller is not complying with this chapter. The audit shall be paid for by the seller, and a copy of the report of audit shall be delivered to the county attorney commissioner and to the seller.
- 6. A seller or financial institution that knowingly fails to comply with any requirement of this section or that knowingly submits false information in a document or notice required by this section commits a serious misdemeanor.
- 7. This chapter does not prohibit the funding of an agreement otherwise subject to section 523A.1 by insurance proceeds derived from a policy issued by an insurance company authorized to conduct business in this state. The seller of an agreement subject to this chapter which is to be funded by insurance proceeds shall obtain all permits required to be obtained under this chapter and comply with the reporting requirements of this section.
 - Sec. 5. Section 523A.5, subsection 1, Code 1987, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. This chapter applies only to the sale of funeral services, funeral merchandise, or a combination of these, pursuant to a prearranged funeral plan.
- Sec. 6. Section 523A.5, subsection 2, Code 1987, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. c. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance or the deputy appointed under section 502.601.

- Sec. 7. Section 523A.7, Code 1987, is amended to read as follows:
- 523A.7 BOND IN LIEU OF TRUST FUND.
- 1. In lieu of the trust fund required by sections 523A.1 and 523A.2, a seller may file with the county attorney of the county in which the seller maintains its principal place of business commissioner a surety bond in open penalty that is issued by a surety company authorized to do business in this state and that is conditioned on the faithful performance by the seller of agreements subject to this chapter. The liability of the surety extends to each agreement that is subject to this chapter and that is executed during the time the bond is in force and until performance of the agreement or rescission of the agreement by mutual consent of the

parties; and, to the extent expressly agreed to in writing by the surety company under subsection 3, paragraph "b", the liability of the surety extends to each agreement that is subject to this chapter and that was executed prior to the time the bond was in force and until performance of the agreement or rescission of the agreement by mutual consent of the parties. A buyer who is aggrieved by a breach of a condition of the bond covering the contract of that buyer may maintain an action against the bond, provided that if, at the time of the breach, the buyer is aware of the buyer's rights under the bond and how to file a claim against the bond, the surety shall not be liable as a result of any breach of condition unless notice of a claim is received by the surety within sixty days following the discovery of the acts, omissions, or conditions constituting the breach of condition, except as otherwise provided in subsection 2. A surety bond submitted under this subsection shall not be canceled by a surety company except upon a written notice of cancellation given by the surety company to the eounty attorney commissioner by restricted certified mail, and the surety bond shall not be canceled prior to the expiration of sixty days after the receipt by the eounty attorney commissioner of the notice of cancellation.

- 2. If a seller becomes insolvent or otherwise ceases to engage in business prior to or within sixty days after the cancellation of a bond submitted under subsection 1, the seller shall be deemed to have breached the conditions of the surety bond with respect to all outstanding contracts subject to this chapter as of the day prior to cancellation of the bond. The county attorney commissioner shall mail written notice by restricted certified mail to the buyer under each outstanding contract of the seller that a claim against the bond must be filed with the surety company within sixty days after the date of mailing of the notice. The surety company shall cease to be liable with respect to all agreements except those for which claims are filed with the surety company within sixty days after the date the notices are mailed by the county attorney commissioner.
- 3. If a surety bond is canceled by a surety company under any conditions other than those specified in subsection 2, the seller shall comply with paragraphs "a" and "b" of this subsection:
- a. The seller shall comply with the trust requirements of sections 523A.1 and 523A.2 with respect to all contracts subject to this chapter that are executed on or after the effective date of cancellation of the surety bond, or the seller may submit a substitute surety bond meeting the requirements of subsection 1, provided that but the seller shall must comply with sections 523A.1 and 523A.2 with respect to any contracts executed on or after the effective date of cancellation of the earlier surety bond and prior to the date on which the later surety bond takes effect.
- b. Within sixty days after the effective date of the cancellation of the surety bond, the seller shall submit to the county attorney commissioner an undertaking by another surety company that a substitute surety bond meeting the requirements of subsection 1 is in effect and that the liability of the substitute surety bond extends to all outstanding contracts of the seller that were executed but not performed or extinguished prior to the effective date of the substitute surety bond, or the seller shall submit to the county attorney commissioner a financial statement accompanied by an unqualified opinion based upon an audit performed by a certified public accountant licensed in this state certifying the total amount of outstanding liabilities of the seller on contracts subject to this chapter and proof of deposit by the seller in trust under sections 523A.1 and 523A.2 of either the amount specified in sections 523A.1, including interest as set by the commissioner based on the interest which would have been earned had the funds been maintained in trust, with respect to all of those outstanding contracts or such lesser amount as is certified in the report of the certified public accountant to be adequate to assure the performance by the seller of each of those outstanding contracts, where applicable, that delivery of merchandise has been made in compliance with section 523A.1. The surety may require such security as is necessary to comply with this section. Upon compliance by the seller with this paragraph, the surety company canceling the surety bond shall cease to be liable with respect to any outstanding contracts of the seller except those with respect

to which a breach of condition occurred prior to cancellation and timely claims were filed.

- 4. Section 523A.2, subsection 1, paragraphs "b", "c", and "f" "e", subsection 5, and, to the extent it is applicable, subsection 6, apply to sellers whose agreements are covered by a surety bond maintained under this section, and section 523A.2 continues to apply to any agreements of those sellers that are not covered by a surety bond maintained under this section.
- 5. Upon receiving a notice of cancellation of a surety bond, the county attorney commissioner shall notify the seller of the requirements of this chapter resulting from cancellation of the bond. The notice may be in the form of a copy of this section and sections 523A.1 and 523A.2.
- 6. Upon receiving a notice of cancellation, unless the seller has complied with the requirements of this section, the county attorney general shall seek an injunction to prohibit the seller from making further agreements subject to this chapter and shall commence an action to attach and levy execution upon property of the seller when the seller fails to perform an agreement subject to this chapter, to the extent necessary to secure compliance with this chapter, and the county attorney may bring criminal charges under section 523A.2, subsection 6.
 - 7. The surety under this section shall not be owned or under the control of the seller.

Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 523A.8 DISCLOSURES.

- 1. Every agreement for funeral merchandise or funeral services under this chapter shall be written in clear, understandable language and shall be printed or typed in easy-to-read type, size, and style, and shall:
- a. Identify the seller, the salesperson's permit and establishment name and permit number, the expiration date of the salesperson's permit, the purchaser, and the person for whom the funeral services or funeral merchandise are purchased if other than the purchaser.
- b. Specify the funeral services or funeral merchandise, or both, to be provided, and the cost of each service and merchandise item.
 - c. State clearly the conditions on which substitution will be allowed.
 - d. Set forth the total purchase price and the terms under which it is to be paid.
- e. State clearly whether the agreement is a guaranteed price contract or a nonguaranteed price contract.
- f. State clearly whether the agreement is a revocable or irrevocable contract, and who has the authority to revoke the contract.
 - g. State the amount or percentage of money to be placed in trust.
- h. Explain the disposition of the interest and disclose what fees and expenses may be charged if incurred.
 - i. Specify the purchaser's right to cancel and damages for cancellation, if any.
 - j. State the name and address of the commissioner.
- 2. Every agreement shall be signed by the purchaser, the seller, and if the agreement is for funeral services as defined in chapter 156, a person licensed to deliver those services.

Sec. 9.* NEW SECTION. 523A.9 ESTABLISHMENT PERMITS.

- 1. A person, as defined in section 4.1, subsection 13, shall not engage in the business of selling, promoting, or otherwise entering into agreements to furnish, upon the future death of a person named or implied in the agreement, funeral services, property for use in funeral services, or funeral merchandise without an establishment permit as provided for in this section. An establishment doing business shall obtain a permit for each location.
- 2. An applicant for a permit under this section shall submit to the commissioner an application on a form provided by the commissioner. The application shall include at a minimum the following information:
 - a. The name and location of the applicant's business.
- b. The name and location of the provider who will provide the funeral services or funeral merchandise.

^{*}This section does not contain a subsection 3

- c. The name and address of each owner, officer, or other official of the applicant's business, or in the event that the applicant is a corporation, the names and addresses of the chief executive officer and the members of the board of directors.
 - d. The types of professional services or funeral merchandise to be sold.

An application for a permit pursuant to this section shall be accompanied by a copy of each sales agreement the permit holder will use for sales of funeral services or funeral merchandise under section 523A.1.

A permit holder shall inform the commissioner of changes in the information within thirty days of the change.

- 4. The applicant for a permit shall submit a fee in the amount of fifty dollars.
- 5. Permits granted under this section are not assignable.
- 6. Upon the filing of an application for a permit, if the commissioner finds that the applicant has not been convicted of a criminal offense involving dishonesty or false statement and can provide the funeral services or funeral merchandise the applicant purports to sell, the commissioner shall issue the permit.
- 7. If the commissioner does not grant the permit, the commissioner shall notify the applicant in writing of the denial and the reasons for the denial. The commissioner shall approve or deny every application for a license within ninety days after the filing thereof, but any failure of the commissioner to act within that time period shall not be deemed to be an approval of the application.

Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 523A.10 SALES PERMITS.

- 1. An individual shall not sell, promote, or otherwise enter into an agreement to furnish, upon the future death of a person named or implied in the agreement, funeral services or funeral merchandise without a permit as provided for in this section. An individual permit holder must be an employee or agent of an establishment which holds a permit pursuant to section 523A.9 and which can deliver the funeral services or funeral merchandise being sold. The establishment is liable for the acts of its employees and agents, independent or otherwise, performed in the course of obtaining or attempting to obtain an agreement for the sale of funeral services or funeral merchandise under section 523A.1.
- 2. This chapter does not allow a person to engage in the practice of mortuary science without a license. However, a person having a valid permit under this section may engage in the preneed sale of a funeral director's services as an employee or agent of a funeral establishment that may furnish the funeral services in accordance with chapter 156.
- 3. An applicant for a permit under this section shall submit to the commissioner an application on a form provided by the commissioner. The application shall include at a minimum the following information:
 - a. The name and address of the applicant.
- b. The name and address of the applicant's employer or the establishment on whose behalf the applicant will be making or attempting to make sales, and, if different, the name and address of the provider who will provide the funeral services or funeral merchandise.

A permit holder shall inform the commissioner of changes in the information within thirty days of the change.

- 4. The permit shall be deemed effective upon filing the application with the commissioner. The permit shall disclose on its face the permit holder's employer or the establishment on whose behalf the applicant will be making or attempting to make sales, the permit number, and the expiration date. A permit under this section shall expire one year from the date the application is filed.
 - 5. The application fee shall be five dollars.
 - 6. Permits granted under this section are not assignable.

7. The commissioner may revoke a permit if the commissioner determines that the permit holder has been convicted of a criminal offense involving dishonesty or false statement or that the establishment cannot provide the funeral services or funeral merchandise the establishment purports to sell.

Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 523A.11 INVESTIGATIONS.

The attorney general or the commissioner may, for the purpose of discovering violations of this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter:

- 1. Investigate the business and examine the books, accounts, records, and files used by every permit holder under this chapter.
- 2. Administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, receive evidence, and require the production of documents and records in connection with an investigation or proceeding being conducted pursuant to this chapter.
- 3. Apply to the district court for issuance of an order requiring a person's appearance before the commissioner or attorney general, or a designee of either or both, in cases where the person has refused to obey a subpoena issued by the commissioner or attorney general. The person may also be required to produce documentary evidence germane to the subject of the investigation. Failure to obey a court order under this subsection constitutes contempt of court.

Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 523A.12 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF PERMITS.

- 1. The commissioner may, pursuant to chapter 17A, suspend or revoke any permit issued pursuant to this chapter if the commissioner finds any of the following:
- a. The permit holder has violated any provisions of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter or any other state or federal law applicable to the conduct of the permit holder's business.
- b. Any fact or condition exists which, if it had existed at the time of the original application for the permit, would have warranted the commissioner refusing originally to issue the permit.
- c. The permit holder is found upon investigation to be insolvent, in which case the permit shall be revoked immediately.
- d. The permit holder, for the purpose of avoiding the trusting requirement for funeral services under section 523A.1, attributes amounts paid pursuant to the agreement to funeral merchandise that is delivered under section 523A.1 rather than to funeral services sold to the purchaser. The sale of funeral services at a lower price when the sale is made in conjunction with the sale of funeral merchandise to be delivered pursuant to section 523A.1 than the services are regularly and customarily sold for when not sold in conjunction with funeral merchandise is evidence that the permit holder is acting with the purpose of avoiding the trusting requirement for funeral services under section 523A.1.
- 2. The commissioner may, on good cause shown, suspend any permit for a period not exceeding thirty days, pending investigation.

Except as provided in the preceding paragraph, a permit shall not be revoked or suspended except after notice and hearing in accordance with chapter 17A.

- 3. Any permit holder may surrender a permit by delivering to the commissioner written notice that the permit holder surrenders the permit, but the surrender shall not affect the permit holder's civil or criminal liability for acts committed before the surrender.
- 4. Revocation, suspension, or surrender of a permit does not impair or affect the obligation of any preexisting lawful contract between the permit holder and any person.

Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 523A.13 PROSECUTION FOR VIOLATIONS OF LAW.

If the commissioner believes that grounds exist for the criminal prosecution of persons subject to this chapter for violations of this chapter or any other law of this state, the commissioner may forward to the attorney general the grounds for the belief, including all evidence in the commissioner's possession, in order that the attorney general may proceed with the

matter as the attorney general deems appropriate. At the request of the attorney general, the county attorney shall appear and prosecute the action when brought in the county attorney's county.

Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 523A.14 INJUNCTIONS.

The attorney general may apply to the district court in any county of the state for an injunction to restrain a person subject to this chapter and any agents, employees, or associates of the person from engaging in conduct or practices deemed contrary to the public interest. In any proceeding for an injunction, the attorney general may apply to the court for the issuance of a subpoena to require the appearance of a defendant and the defendant's agents and any documents, books, and records germane to the hearing upon the petition for an injunction. Upon proof of any of the offenses described in the petition for injunction the court may grant the injunction.

Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 523A.15 FRAUDULENT PRACTICES.

A person who commits any of the following acts commits a fraudulent practice and is punishable as provided in chapter 714:

- 1. Knowingly makes, causes to be made, or subscribes to a false statement or representation in a report or other document required under this chapter, or renders such a report or document misleading through the deliberate omission of information properly belonging in the report or document.
- 2. Conspires to defraud in connection with the sale of funeral services or funeral merchandise under this chapter.
- 3. Deliberately misrepresents or omits a material fact relative to the sale of funeral services or funeral merchandise under this chapter.

Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 523A.16 RULES.

The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to administer this chapter, in accordance with chapter 17A.

- Sec. 17. Section 331.602, subsection 29A, Code 1987, is amended by striking the subsection.
- Sec. 18. Section 331.756, subsection 70A, Code 1987, is amended by striking the subsection.
- Sec. 19. APPLICABILITY. The administrative and reporting requirements of this Act apply to agreements in effect on July 1, 1987, as well as to agreements entered into on or after that date.
 - Sec. 20. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 9 and 10 of this Act take effect on January 1, 1988.

Approved April 23, 1987