5 should any such appropriations as indicated in this act be in excess of 6 those now authorized, they shall be reduced to said amount and in no 7 case shall they be increased.
1 SEC. 123. Publication clause. This act being deemed of immediate 2 importance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its 3 publication in the Des Moines News and the Plain Talk, newspapers 4 published in the city of Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 25, A. D. 1924.
I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines News April 30, 1924, and Plain Talk, Des Moines, May 1, 1924. W. C. RAMSAY, Seoretary of State.

## CHAPTER 5

## PRIMARY ELECTIONS

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AN ACT to amend, revise, and codify chapter two (2) of title four (4) of the compiled code of Iowa and of the supplement to said code, relating to nominations by primary elections and conventions; also to amend section three (3) of house file two hundred fifty-eight (258), passed at the extra session of the fortieth general assembly, entitled "An act relating to the nomination and election of officers, employees, and assistants in cities acting under the commission form of government."

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:
That chapter two (2) of title four (4) of the compiled code of Iowa and of the supplement to said code is amended, revised, and codified to read as follows:

SECTION 1. Primary election defined. The term "primary election" as used in this chapter shall be construed to apply to an election by the members of various political parties:

1. For the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for public office.
2. For selecting delegates to conventions.
3. For the selection of party committeemen.

Sec. 2. Political party defined. The term "political party" shall mean a party which, at the last preceding general election, cast for its candidate for governor at least two per cent ( $2 \%$ ) of the total vote cast at said election. A political organization which is not a "political party" within the meaning of this section may nominate candidates and have the names of such candidates placed upon the official ballot by proceeding under chapter three (3) of this title.

SEC. 3. Offices affected by primary. Candidates of all political parties for all offices which are filled at a regular biennial election by direct vote of the people, except the office of judge of the supreme and district courts, shall be nominated at a primary election at the time and in the manner hereinafter directed.

SEC. 4. Delegates and party committeemen. Delegates to the county convention of political parties and party county committeemen of such parties shall be elected at said primary election at said times and places.

Sec. 5. Applicable statutes. The provisions of chapters six (6) and seven (7) of this title and chapter fifty-three (53) of title thirtythree (33) shall apply, so far as applicable, to all said primary elections, except as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 6. Nomination of United States senators. Senators in the congress of the United States, in case of a full term, shall be nominated in the year preceding the expiration of the term of office of the incumbent. In case of a vacancy, such senators shall be nominated in the year in which occurs the first biennial election following the occurrence of the vacancy.

SEC. 7. Time of holding. The primary election by all political parties shall be held at the usual voting places of the several precincts on the first Monday in June in each even-numbered year.

SEC. 8. Secretary of state to furnish blanks. The secretary of state shall, at state expense, furnish blank nomination papers, in the form provided in this chapter, to any qualified elector who desires to petition for the nomination of any candidate, or to any person who intends to be a candidate, for any office for which nomination papers are required to be filed in his office.

SEC. 9. County auditor to furnish blanks. The county auditor shall, at county expense, perform the duty specified in the preceding section, as to all offices for which nomination papers are required to be filed in his office.

SEC. 10. Blanks furnished by others. Blank nomination papers which are in form substantially as provided by this chapter may be used even though not furnished by the secretary of state or county auditor.

SEC. 11. Filing of nomination papers. Nomination papers in behalf of a candidate shall be filed:

1. For an elective county office, in the office of the county auditor at least thirty (30) days prior to the day fixed for holding the primary election.
2. For United States senator, for an elective state office, for representative in congress, and for member of the general assembly, in the office of the secretary of state not more than sixty (60) days nor less than forty (40) days prior to the day fixed for holding said primary election.

Sec. 12. Noting time of filing. The officer receiving nomination papers for filing shall indorse thereon the day, and time of day, of filing.

SEC. 13. Failure to file nomination papers. No candidate for any office named in the second preceding section shall have his name printed on the official primary ballot of his party unless nomination papers are filed as therein provided.

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SEC. 14. Form of nomination papers. All nomination papers shall be about eight and one-half ( $81 \%$ ) by thirteen (13) inches in size and in substantially the following form:
"I, the undersigned, a qualified elector of
county, and state of Iowa, and a member of the
party, hereby nominate..............................................county,
state of Iowa, who has affiliated with and is a member of the........ . . party, as a candidate for the office of
to be voted for at the primary election to be held in June, 19. . . .".
No signatures shall be counted unless they are on sheets each having such form written or printed at the top thereof.

SEc. 15. Requirements in signing. The following requirements shall be observed in the signing and preparation of nomination blanks:

1. Each signer may sign as many nomination papers for the same office as there are officers to be elected to said office, and no more.
2. Each signer shall add his residence, with street and number, if any, and the date of signing.
3. All signers, for all nominations, of each separate part of a nomination paper, shall reside in the same county.
4. When more than one (1) sheet is used, the sheets shall be neatly arranged and securely fastened together before filing, and shall be considered one (1) nomination paper.
5. Only one (1) candidate shall be petitioned for or nominated in the same nomination paper.

SEC. 16. Withdrawals and additions not allowed. A nomination paper, when filed, shall not be withdrawn nor added to, nor any signature thereon revoked.

SEC. 17. Affidavit to nomination papers. The affidavit of a qualified elector, other than the candidate, shall be appended to each such nomination paper, or papers, if more than one (1) for any candidate, stating that he is personally acquainted with all the persons who have signed the same; that he knows them to be electors of that county and believes them to be affiliated with the party named therein; that he knows that they signed the same with full knowledge of the contents thereof; that their respective residences are truly stated therein; and that each signer signed the same on the date stated opposite his name.

Sec. 18. Affidavit by candidate. Every candidate shall make and file an affidavit in substantially the following form:
"I, .................................... being duly sworn, say that I reside at................... street, (city or town) of
county of eligible to the office for which I am a candidate, and that the political party with which I affiliate is the.........................party; that I am a candidate for nomination to the office of. to be made at the primary election to be held in June, 19............... hereby request that my name be printed upon the official primary ballot as provided by law, as a candidate of the
party. I furthermore declare that if I am nominated and elected I will qualify as such officer.
(Signed)


SEC. 19. Manner of filing affidavit. The affidavit provided in the preceding section shall be filed with the nomination papers when such papers are required; otherwise alone.

SEC. 20. Signatures required. Nomination papers shall be signed as follows:

1. If for a state office, United States senator, or elector at large, by at least one per cent ( $1 \%$ ) of the voters of the party of such candidates, in each of at least ten (10) counties of the state, and in the aggregate not less than one-half ( $1 / 2$ ) of one per cent ( $1 \%$ ) of the
total vote of his party in the state, as shown by the last general election.
2. If for a representative in congress, district elector, or senator in the general assembly in districts composed of more than one (1) county, by at least two per cent ( $2 \%$ ) of the voters of his party, as shown by the last general election, in at least one-half (1/2) of the counties of the district, and in the aggregate not less than one per cent ( $1 \%$ ) of the total vote of his party in such district, as shown by the last general election.
3. If for an office to be filled by the voters of the county, by at least two per cent ( $2 \%$ ) of the party vote in the county, as shown by the last general election.

In each of the above cases, the vote to be taken for the purpose of computing the percentage shall be the vote cast for the head of the ticket.

SEC. 21. Candidates for township or precinct office. The name of a candidate for an office to be filled by the voters of any subdivision of a county, including the office of party committeeman, shall be printed on the official primary ballot of his party:

1. If a nomination paper signed by ten (10) qualified voters of said subdivision is filed in his behalf with the county auditor at least twenty (20) days prior to such primary election, or
2. If the candidate files with the county auditor, twenty (20) days prior to such primary election, his personal affidavit as provided by section eighteen (18) of this chapter.

Sec. 22. Nominations certified. The secretary of state shall, at least thirty (30) days before a primary election, furnish to each county auditor a certificate under his hand and seal, which certificate shall show:

1. The name and postoffice address of each person for whom a nomination paper has been filed in his office, and for whom the voters of said county have the right to vote at said election.
2. The office for which such person is a candidate.
3. The political party from which such person seeks a nomination.
4. The order in which the names of all candidates for offices to be
filled by the voters of the entire state shall be arranged and printed on the primary ballot in said county.

SEC. 23. Order of names of candidates. The secretary of state shall arrange the various counties in the order of the vote cast by each political party in each county for its candidate for governor at the last preceding general election, or for the head of the ticket of any political party when it had no candidate for governor at such election, numbering the counties consecutively on each list from one (1) to ninety-nine (99), inclusive, beginning with the county which cast the largest vote, which shall be numbered " 1 ". He shall then arrange the surnames of such candidates in alphabetical order for the respective offices for the several political parties for the first county on the respective lists; thereafter, for each succeeding county, the names appearing first for the respective offices in the last preceding county shall be placed last, so that the names that occupied second position before the change shall occupy first position after the change.
SEC. 24. Notice of election. Such auditor shall, immediately after receiving said certified matter from the secretary of state, publish a proclamation of the time of holding the primary election, the hours during which the polls will be open, the offices for which candidates are to be nominated and that the primary election will be held in the regular polling places in each precinct.
SEC. 25. Publication of notice. Such notice shall appear once each week for two (2) consecutive weeks before the primary election, in not to exceed two (2) newspapers of general circulation published in such county. One (1) of such newspapers shall represent the political party which cast the largest vote in such county at the last preceding general election, and the other, if any, shall represent the political party which cast the next largest vote in such county at such general election.

SEC. 26. Correction of errors. The county auditor shall correct any errors or omissions in the names of candidates and any other errors brought to his knowledge before the printing of the ballots.

SEC. 27. Ballot-form. The official primary election ballot shall be prepared, arranged, and printed substantially in the following form:

PRIMARY ELECTION BALLOT
(Name of Party)
of
.................... Township or Precinct, . . . . . . . . . . . . Ward, City or
Town of................ County of.................. State of Iowa.
Primary election held on the.............. day of June, 19.....
FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR
(Vote for one.)
$\square$ William K. Brown
$\square$ J. R. Wayne

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SEC. 28. Printing of ballots. The ballots of each political party shall be printed in black ink, on separate sheets of paper, uniform in color, quality, texture, and size, with the name of the political party printed at the head of said ballots, which ballots shall be prepared by the county auditor in the same manner as for the general election, except as in this chapter provided.

Sec. 29. Names of state candidates. The names of candidates for offices to be filled by the voters of the entire state shall be arranged

No. Nam

| 1 | James Smith $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | X |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Tom Jones $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. |  | X |  |  |
| 3 | Dan Brown $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. |  |  | X |  |
| 4 | George White $\ldots \ldots . .$. |  |  |  | X |

SEC. 37. Designating party affiliation. It shall be the duty of the clerks of the primary election when entering the name of a voter to place in the poll books a cross, thus (X), in the column designating the party ticket which was given to said voter upon his application for a ticket.

SEC. 38. Australian ballot. The Australian ballot system as now used in this state, except as herein modified, shall be used at said primary election. The indorsement of the judges and the facsimile of the auditor's signature shall appear upon the ballots as provided for general elections.

SEC. 39. Opening of polls. In cities where registration is required, the polls shall be open from seven (7) o'clock a. m. to eight (8) o'clock p. m., and in all other precincts from nine (9) o'clock a. m. to eight (8) o'clock p. m.

Sec. 40. Voter confined to party ticket. The elector shall be allowed to vote for candidates for nomination on the ballot of the party with which he is registered as affiliated, and shall receive no other ballot. The voter shall return the ballot, folded, to one of the judges who shall deposit it in the ballot box.

SEC. 41. Ballot for another party's candidate. If any primary elector write upon his ticket the name of any person who is a candidate for the same office upon some other party ticket than that upon which his name shall be so written, such ballot shall be so counted for such person only as a candidate of the party upon whose ballot his name is written, and shall in no case be counted for such person as a candidate upon any other ticket.

SEC. 42. Records of party affiliation. The official records of party affiliation now existing in the office of the several county auditors of the state shall be used in the primary election of nineteen hundred twenty-four (1924). Prior to all subsequent primary elections, the county auditor shall, for each precinct, prepare two (2) alphabetically arranged lists of all voters, with their party affiiliation, as shown by the poll books of the last preceding primary election, and deliver the same to the judges at least one (1) day prior to each primary election. All such lists shall, with the poll books, be returned by the judges to the auditor.

SEC. 43. Change of party affiliation. Any elector, who, having declared his party affiliation, desires to change the same, may, not less than ten (10) days prior to the date of any primary election, file a written declaration with the county auditor stating his change of party affiliation, and the auditor shall enter a record of such change on the poll books of the last preceding primary election in the proper column opposite the voter's name and on the voting list.

SEc. 44. New voters. Any elector whose party affiliation has not, for any reason, been registered, or any elector who has changed his residence to another precinct, or a first voter or citizen of this state casting his first vote in this state, shall be entitled to vote at any primary election by declaring his party affiliation at the time of voting.

SEc. 45. Challenges. Each political party shall be entitled to have two (2) party challengers present at each polling place, to be ap-
pointed by the respective party committeemen. Any judge or clerk of the primary election or any party challenger may challenge any voter upon the grounds mentioned in section four hundred forty-three (443) and such challenge shall be determined as there provided.

SEC. 46. Change of affiliation-challenge. Any elector whose party affiliation has been recorded as provided by this chapter, and who desires to change his party affiliation on the primary election day, shall be subject to challenge. If the person challenged insists that he is entitled to vote the ticket of the political party to which he has transferred his political affiliation and the challenge is not withdrawn, one of the judges shall tender to him the following oath: "You do solemnly swear (or affirm) that you have in good faith changed your party affiliation to and desire to be a member of the
party." If he take such oath he shall thereupon be given a ticket of such political party and the clerks of the primary election shall change his enrollment of party affiliation accordingly.

SEc. 47. Counting ballots and preparing returns. Upon the closing of the polls the judges and clerks shall immediately:

1. Place the ballots of the several political parties in separate piles.
2. Separately count the ballots of each party, and make the correct entries thereof on the tally sheets.
3. Certify to the number of votes cast upon the ticket of each political party for each candidate for each office.
4. Seal the ballots cast on behalf of each of the parties in separate envelopes, and on the outside of such envelope write or print the names of said party's candidates for all offices and opposite each name enter the number of votes cast for such candidate in said precinct.
5. Seal all the envelopes of all political parties in one (1) large envelope and on the outside thereof, or on a paper attached thereto, enter the number of votes cast by each party in said precinct.
6. Seal the poll books, containing the tally sheets and certificates of the election jüdges, in an envelope, on the outside of which are written or printed in perpendicular columns the names of the several political parties with the names of the candidates for the different offices under their party name, and opposite each candidate's name enter the number of votes cast for such candidate in said precinct.
7. Enter at the bottom of each party column on said envelope the total vote cast by said party in said precinct.

SEC. 48. Delivering returns. Said judges and clerks shall deliver said poll books, tally sheets, certificates, envelopes containing ballots, and all unused supplies to the county auditor within twenty-four (24) hours after the close of the polls. Said auditor shall carefully preserve said returns and envelopes in the condition in which received and deliver them to the county board of canvassers.

SEC. 49. Messenger sent for returns. If the returns from any precinct are not delivered as provided in the preceding section, the county auditor shall forthwith send a messenger for any such missing returns, and said messenger shall be paid as provided for such services in the general election law.

SEC. 50. Elector may ascertain vote cast. Any elector of the county shall have the right, before the day fixed for canvassing the returns,
to ascertain the vote cast for any candidate in any precinct in the county, as shown on the outside of the envelope containing the poll books.

SEC. 51. Canvass by county board of canvassers. On the second Tuesday next following the primary election, the board of supervisors shall meet, open, and canvass the returns from each voting precinct in the county, and make abstracts thereof, stating in words written at length:

1. The number of ballots cast in the county by each political party, separately, for each office.
2. The name of each person voted for and the number of votes given to each person for each different office.

SEC. 52. Signing and filing of abstract. The members of the board shall sign said abstracts and certify to the correctness thereof, and file the same with the county auditor.

Sec. 53. Finality of canvass. Such canvass and certificate shall be final as to all candidates for nomination to any elective county office or office of a subdivision of a county.

SEc. 54. Who nominated for county office. The candidate or candidates of each political party for each office to be filled by the voters of the county having received the highest number of votes, and not less than thirty-five per cent $(35 \%)$ of all the votes cast by the party for such office, shall be duly and legally nominated as the candidate of his party for such office, except that no candidate whose name is not printed on the official ballot who receives less than ten per cent ( $10 \%$ ) of the whole number of votes cast in the county for governor on the party ticket with which he affiliates, at the last general election, shall be declared to have been nominated to any such office.

SEc. 55. Who nominated for township office. The candidate or candidates of each political party for each office to be filled by the voters of any subdivision of a county having received the highest number of votes shall be duly and legally nominated as the candidate of his party for such office, except that no candidate whose name is not printed on the official primary ballot, who receives less than five per cent ( $5 \%$ ) of the votes cast in such subdivision for governor on the party ticket with which he affiliates, at the last general election, nor less than five (5) votes, shall be declared to have been nominated to any such office.

SEC. 56. Nominee's right to place on ballot. Each candidate so nominated shall be entitled to have his name printed on the official ballot to be voted for at the general election without other certificate.

Sec. 57. Nominee certified. The said canvassing board shall separately prepare and certify a list of the candidates of each party so nominated. It shall deliver to the chairman of each party central committee for the county a copy of the list of candidates nominated by the party he represents; and shall also certify and deliver to such chairman a list of the offices to be filled by the voters of a county for which no candidate of his party was nominated because of the failure of any candidate for any such office to receive the legally required number of votes, together with the names of the candidate for each
of sûch offices voted for at the primary election and the number of votes received by each of such candidates.

SEC. 58. Recount of ballots. Any candidate whose name appears upon the official primary ballot of any voting precinct may require the board of supervisors of the county in which such precinct is situated to recount, at the time fixed for canvassing the returns of the judges of election, the ballots cast in any such precinct as to the office for which he was a candidate, by filing with the county auditor not later than the day before such meeting, a showing in writing, duly sworn to by such candidate, that fraud was committed, or error or mistake made, in counting or returning the votes cast in any such precinct as to the office for which he was a candidate.

SEc. 59. Showing must be specific. The showing for such recount must be specific, and from it there must appear reasonable ground to believe that a recount of the ballots would produce a result as to the applicant's candidacy different from the returns made by the judges.

SEc. 60. Recount granted. If such showing is made to the satisfaction of the board, it shall thereupon recount the ballots cast in any such precinct for the office for which the contestant was a candidate, and if the result reached by the board on the recount of the ballots as to such office be different from that returned by the judges of election, it shall be substituted therefor as the true and correct return and so regarded in all subsequent proceedings. The action of the board shall be final and no other contest of any kind shall be permitted.

SEc. 61. Candidate defined. The term "candidate" as used in the three (3) preceding sections shall include and apply to persons voted for as delegates and party committeemen.

SEC. 62. Abstracts to secretary of state. The county board of canvassers shall also make a separate abstract of the canvass as to the following offices and certify to the same and forthwith forward it to the secretary of state, viz.:

1. United States senator.
2. All state offices.
3. Representative in congress.
4. Senators and representatives in the general assembly.

Sec. 63. Returns filed and abstracts recorded. When the canvass is concluded, the board shall deliver the original returns to the auditor, who shall file the same and record each of the abstracts above mentioned in the election book.

SEC. 64. Proceedings to be published. The published proceedings of the canvassing board shall be confined to a brief statement of:

1. The names of the candidates nominated by the electors of the county or subdivision thereof and the offices for which they are so nominated.
2. The offices for which no nomination was made by a political party participating in the primary, because of the failure of the candidate to receive the legally required number of votes cast by the party for such office.

SEC. 65. Canvass by state board. On the second Monday after the June primary election, the executive council shall meet as a canvassing board, and open and canvass the abstract returns received from each county in the state. The board shall make an abstract of its canvass, stating in words written at length, the number of ballots cast by each political party, separately, for each office designated in the abstracts forwarded to the secretary of state, the names of all the persons voted for, and the number of votes received by each person for each office, and shall sign and certify thereto.

SEc. 66. State canvass conclusive. The canvass and certificates by the state board of canvassers shall be final as to all candidates named therein.

SEc. 67. Who nominated. The candidate of each political party for each office to be filled by vote of the people having received the highest number of votes in the state or district of the state, as the case may be, provided he received not less than thirty-five per cent ( $35 \%$ ) of all the votes cast by the party for such office, shall be duly and legally nominated as the candidate of his party for such office, except as provided in the following section.

SEC. 68. Minimum requirement for nomination. A candidate whose name is not printed on the official ballot, must, in order to be nominated, receive such number of votes as will equal at least ten per cent ( $10 \%$ ) of the whole number of votes cast for governor at the last general election in the state, or district of the state, as the case may be, on the ticket of the party with which such candidate affiliates.

SEc. 69. Nominee's right to place on ballot. Each candidate so nominated shall be entitled to have his name printed on the official ballot to be voted at the general election without other certificate.

SEc. 70. Certified list of nominees. The state board of canvassers shall prepare and certify separate lists of the candidates nominated by each party, as shown by the state canvass, and deliver to the chairman of each party central committee for the state a copy of the list of candidates nominated by the party which said chairman represents.

Sec. 71. Certificates in case of failure to nominate. Said state board shall, at once after completing its canvass, prepare separate certificates for each political party as to each office for which no candidate was nominated because of the failure of any candidate for any such office to receive the legally required number of votes cast by such party for such office. Such certificates shall show the names of the several candidates for each of such offices voted for at the primary election and the number of votes received by each of said candidates.

SEC. 72. Delivery of certificates. The certificate provided in the last preceding section shall be sent:

1. To the chairman of the state central committee of said party, in case of offices to be filled by the voters of the entire state.
2. To the chairman, if known, of the district central committee of said party, and to each county auditor, in case of offices to be filled by the voters of any district of the state composed of more than one (1) county.
3. To the chairman of the county central committee of said party, and to the county auditor, in case of offices to be filled by the voters of a district of the state composed of one (1) county.

SEC. 73. Messenger sent for abstracts. If returns of abstracts have not been received by the state canvassing board from all the counties by the time fixed for such state canvass, the secretary of state shall immediately send a messenger after said missing abstracts, and the said board may adjourn from time to time until said abstracts are received.

SEC. 74. State returns filed and recorded. When the canvass is concluded, the board shall deliver the original abstract returns to the secretary of state, who shall file the same in his office and record the abstracts of the canvass of the state board and certificates attached thereto in the book kept by him known as the election book.

SEc. 75. Secretary of state to certify nominees. Not less than fifteen (15) days before the general election the secretary of state shall certify to the auditor of each county, under separate party headings, the name of each person nominated as shown by the official canvass made by the executive council, or as certified to him by the proper persons when any person has been nominated by a convention or by a party committee, or by petition, his place of residence, the office to which he is nominated, and the order in which the tickets of the several political parties shall appear on the official ballot.

SEC. 76. Certificate in case of additional nominations. If, after the foregoing certificate has been forwarded, other authorized nominations are certified to the secretary of state, including nominations to be voted on at any time at a special election, said secretary shall at once, in the form provided in the preceding section, certify said nominations to the county auditors with a statement showing the reason therefor.

SEC. 77. Tie vote. In case of a tie vote resulting in no nomination for any office, or election of delegates or party committeeman, the tie shall forthwith be determined by lot by the board of canvassers, or judges of election, as the case may be.
SEc. 78. Vacancies in nominations prior to convention. Vacancies in nominations made in the primary election when such vacancies occur before the holding of the county, district, or state convention, shall be filled:

1. By the county convention if the office in which the vacancy occurs is to be filled by the voters of the county.
2. By a district convention if the office in which the vacancy occurs is to be filled by the voters of a district composed of more than one (1) county.
3. By the state convention if the office in which the vacancy occurs is to be filled by the voters of the entire state.

SEC. 79. Failure of convention to fill. If the convention does not fill such vacancy, the same shall, except in case of vacancy in the office of United States senator, be filled by the party central committee for the county, district, or state as the case may be.

SEc. 80. Vacancies in nominations subsequent to convention. Vacancies in nominations made in the primary election when such vacan-
cies occur after the holding of a county, district, or state convention, shall, except as provided in the next section, be filled by the party central committee for the county, district, or state as the case may be.

Sec. 81. Vacancies in nomination of United States senator. Vacancies in nominations made in the primary election, for office of United States senator, when such vacancy occurs after the holding of the state convention or too late to be filled by said convention and thirty (30) days prior to the holding of the regular November election, shall be filled by a state convention. For this purpose, the chairman of the party's state central committee shall, within ten (10) days after said vacancy occurs, reconvene the delegates to the last preceding state convention.

Sec. 82. Vacancies in office prior to convention. Nominations occasioned by vacancies in office when such vacancies occur too late for the filing of nomination papers for candidates in the primary election, and before the holding of the county, district, or state convention, shall be made by the convention which has jurisdiction to make nominations for the office in question.

SEc. 83. Vacancies in office subsequent to convention-United States senator. Nominations occasioned by vacancies in office when such vacancies occur after the holding of the county, district, or state convention, or when they occur before said convention but too late to be made thereby, shall be made by the party central committee for the county, district, or state, as the case may be, except that when the vacancy is in the office of senator of the United States, and occurs thirty (30) days prior to the holding of the regular November election, nomination shall be made by convention as provided in case of vacancies in nominations for such office.
SEC. 84. Vacancies in office of representative in congress or state senator. A nomination to be voted on at a special election and occasioned by a vacancy in the office of representative in congress, or senator in the general assembly for a district composed of more than one county, shall be made by a convention duly called by the district central committee.

SEC. 85. Vacancies in office of state senator or representative. A nomination to be voted on at a special election and occasioned by a vacancy in the office of representative in the general assembly, or of a senator in such assembly for a district composed of one county, shall be made by the county central committee.

SEc. 86. When county convention reconvened. When a nomination is directed to be made by a district convention composed of more than one county, and the county convention in any county of the district has adjourned without selecting delegates to such convention, the county convention shall be reconvened for the purpose of making such selection.

SEc. 87. Committee may call convention. A party central committee empowered to make a nomination to fill a vacancy, either in a nomination authorized to be made at the primary or to fill a vacancy in office, may in lieu of exercising such right, call a convention to make such nomination.

## Ch. 51 LAWS EXTRA SESSION FORTIETH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SEC. 88. Vacancies in nominations and in offices for subdivisions of county. Vacancies in nominations made in the primary election, and nominations occasioned by vacancies in offices, when such offices are to be filled by a territory smaller than a county shall be filled by the members of the party committee for the county from such subdivision.

SEC. 89. Certification of vacancy nominations. Nominations made in case of vacancies, and nominations made by state, district, and county conventions, shall, under the name, place of residence, and postoffice address of the nominee, and the office to which he is nominated, and the name of the political party making the nomination, be forthwith certified to the proper officer by the chairman and secretary of the convention, or by the committee, as the case may be, and if such certificate is received in time, the names of such nominees shall be printed on the official ballot the same as if the nomination had been made in the primary election.

SEC. 90. County convention. Each political party shall hold a county convention at the county seat on the fourth Saturday following each primary election, which convention shall convene at eleven (11) o'clock a. m.

SEC. 91. Delegates-committee to fix number. Said county convention shall be composed of delegates elected at the last preceding primary election. The number of delegates from each voting precinct shall be determined by a ratio adopted by the respective party county central committees, and a statement designating the number from each voting precinct in the county shall be filed by such committee in the office of the county auditor at least thirty (30) days before the primary election; if not so done, the auditor shall fix the number.

SEc. 92. Election of delegates. The requisite number of names of candidates of his choice for delegates to the county convention to which each precinct is entitled shall be written, or pasted with uniform white pasters, on the blank lines upon the ballot, by the voter while in the booth, or by someone designated by a voter unable to write, after the ballots are received and before they are deposited, and the requisite number of persons from each precinct who receive the highest number of votes shall be the delegates from the precinct to the county convention.

SEC. 93. Returns as to delegates and committeeman. Returns shall be made by the judges of election respecting delegates and members of the county central committee in the same manner as for other offices, except that the judges of election shall canvass the returns as to delegates and members of the county central committee, and certify the result to the auditor with the returns.

SEC. 94. Notification and certificate as to delegates. The auditor shall, immediately after the final count and canvass of the votes and returns by the board of supervisors, notify the delegates and members of the county central committee who have thus been elected, of their election, and of the time and place of holding the county convention, and shall on the second Thursday following the primary election, deliver a certified list thereof to the chairmen of the respective party central committees for the county.

SEC. 95. Term of office of delegates. The term of office of such delegates shall begin on the day following the final canvass of the votes by the board of supervisors, and shall continue for two (2) years and until their successors are elected.

Sec. 96. Calling convention to order-list of offices. When the delegates, or a majority thereof, or when delegates representing a majority of the precincts, thus elected, shall have assembled in the county convention, the convention shall be called to order by the chairman of the county central committee, who shall present the certified list of delegates and members of the county central committee, and a list of the offices for which no nomination was made at the primary election by reason of the failure of any candidate for any such office to receive the legally required number of all votes cast by such party therefor.

SEC. 97. Proxies prohibited. If any precinct shall not be fully represented the delegates present from such precinct shall cast the full vote thereof, and there shall be no proxies.

SEc. 98. Duties performable by county convention. The said county convention shall:

1. Make nominations of candidates for the party for any office to be filled by the voters of a county when no candidate for such office has been nominated at the preceding primary election by reason of the failure of any candidate for any such office to receive the legally required number of votes cast by such party therefor.
2. Make nominations in those cases where a nomination made in the primary election has become vacant before the convening of the convention.
3. Make nominations to fill vacancies in office occurring too late to file nomination papers in the primary election.
4. Elect delegates to the next ensuing regular state convention, to the state judicial convention, and to all district conventions of that year, including judicial district convention, upon such ratio of representation as may be determined by the party organization for the state, district or districts of the state, as the case may be. Delegates to district conventions need not be selected in the absence of any apparent reason therefor.
5. Elect a member of the party central committee for the senatorial and congressional districts composed of more than one (1) county.
6. Elect the member, or members, of the judicial district central committee as required by the law relative to the nomination and election of supreme, district, and superior judges.

SEc. 99. Nominations prohibited. In no case shall the county convention make a nomination for an office for which no person was voted for in the primary election of such party, except nominations to fill vacancies in office when such vacancies occurred too late for the filing of nomination papers.

Sec. 100. Party committeeman and term of office. A man member and a woman member of the county central committee for each political party shall, at said primary election, be elected from each precinct. The term of office of a member shall begin immediately following the
adjournment of the county convention and shall continue for two (2) years and until his or her successor is elected and qualified, unless sooner removed by the county central committee for inattention to duty, incompetency, or failure to support the ticket nominated by the party which elected such member.

SEC. 101. Organization of central committee. The county central committee elected in the primary election shall organize on the day of the convention, immediately following the same. Vacancies in such committee may be filled by majority vote of the committee, but no two members thereof from the same precinct shall be of the same sex.

SEC. 102. District convention. Each political party shall hold a senatorial or congressional convention in districts composed of more than one county:

1. When no nomination was made in the primary election for the office of senator in the general assembly, or of representative in congress, as the case may be, because of the failure of any candidate to receive the legally required number of votes cast by his party for such candidates.
2. When a vacancy exists in a nomination made in the primary election.
3. When a nomination is required to fill a vacancy in either of said offices, and when said vacancy occurred after said primary election, or if before said election, too late for the filing of nomination papers.

SEC. 103. Call for district convention. The district central committee, through its chairman, shall as soon as practicable after the necessity for such convention is known, issue a call for such senatorial or congressional convention, and immediately file a copy thereof with each county auditor in the district. Said call shall state the number of delegates to which each county will be entitled, the time and place of holding the convention, and the purpose thereof.

SEC. 104. Duty of county auditor. The county auditor, in case the district delegates for his county have not been selected, shall deliver a copy of said call to the chairman of the convention which selects said delegates.

SEC. 105. Organization and procedure. The organization of a district convention and the procedure therein shall be substantially the same as in the state convention.

SEC. 106. Nominations authorized. The convention when organized shall make nominations to meet any of the conditions named in the fourth preceding section.

SEC. 107. Nominations prohibited. In no case shall any district convention of a party make a nomination for an office for which no person was voted for in the primary election of such party, except nominations to fill vacancies in office when such vacancies occurred too late for the filing of nomination papers.

SEC. 108. State convention. Each political party shall, not earlier than the first nor later than the fifth Wednesday following the county convention, hold a state convention at such time and place as may be determined by party organization.

Sec. 109. Organization-proxies prohibited. The convention shall be called to order by the chairman of the state central committee, who shall thereupon present a list of delegates, as certified by the various county conventions, and effect a temporary organization. If any county shall not be fully represented, the delegates present from such county shall cast the full vote thereof, and there shall be no proxies.

Sec. 110. Nominations authorized. Said state convention shall make nominations of candidates for the party for any office to be filled by the voters of the entire state:

1. When no candidate for such office has been nominated at the preceding primary election by reason of the failure of any candidate for any such office to receive the legally required number of votes cast by such party therefor.
2. When a vacancy exists in a nomination made in the primary election.
3. When a nomination is required to fill a vacancy in an office and when such vacancy occurred after the primary election, or if before such election, too late for the filing of nomination papers.

3a. Presidential electors in those years when presidential candidates are to be voted on.
4. In all cases otherwise provided by law.

SEC. 111. Nominations prohibited. In no case shall the state convention of a party make a nomination for an office for which no person was voted for in the primary election of such party, except nominations to fill vacancies in office when such vacancies occurred too late for the filing of nomination papers.

SEC. 112. State central committee-platforms. Said conventions shall elect a state central committee consisting of one man and of one woman from each congressional district, adopt state platforms, and transact such other business as may properly be brought before it. The state central committee elected at said state convention may organize at pleasure for political work as is usual and customary with such committees, and shall continue to act until succeeded by another committee duly elected.

SEC. 113. Primary elections in certain cities. This chapter shall, so far as applicable, govern the nominations of candidates by political parties for all offices to be filled by a direct vote of the people in cities of the first class and cities acting under a special charter having a population of over fifteen thousand ( 15,000 ), except all such cities as adopt a plan of municipal government which specifically provides for a nonpartisan primary election.

SEC. 114. Duty of city and town officers. The duties devolving upon the county auditor and board of supervisors, by this chapter, shall, in municipal elections, devolve upon the city auditor and city council, respectively. Said council shall meet to perform said duties within two (2) days next following the primary election.

SEc. 115. Time of holding municipal primary. Municipal primaries shall be held on the last Monday in February of the year in which general municipal elections are held.

Sec. 115-a1. That section three of House File two hundred fiftyeight (258) passed at the extra session of the fortieth general assembly, is hereby amended by striking out of the second line thereof the word "Monday" and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "Tuesday".

SEC. 116. Percentage of signers in municipal primary. The percentage of voters signing petitions required for printing the name of a candidate upon the official primary ballot shall be the same as is required of a candidate for a county office and shall be based upon the vote cast for mayor by the respective parties in the preceding city election.

SEc. 117. Certain names not printed on ballots. The names of candidates for ward aldermen, for city precinct committeemen and for delegates to the city convention, shall not be printed upon the official primary ballot but in each case a blank line or lines shall be provided therefor.

SEc. 118. When plurality vote nominates and elects. A plurality shall nominate the party candidate for alderman and a plurality shall elect the precinct committeemen and delegates to the city convention.

SEC. 119. Expense of municipal primary. The entire expense of conducting said municipal primary election shall be audited by the city council and paid by the city.

SEC. 120. Misconduct of election officials-penalty. Any party committeeman or any primary election officer or public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by this chapter or by chapters herein made applicable, who shall wilfully neglect to perform any such duty, or who shall wilfully perform it in such a way as to hinder the objects thereof, or shall disclose to anyone, except as may be ordered by any court of justice, the manner in which a ballot may have been voted, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ( $\$ 100.00$ ) nor more than one thousand dollars ( $\$ 1,000.00$ ), or by imprisonment in the penitentiary not to exceed five (5) years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 121. Bribery-illegal voting. Whoever is guilty of any of the following acts shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ( $\$ 100.00$ ) nor more than five hundred dollars ( $\$ 500.00$ ), or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than six (6) months, to wit:

1. Offering or giving a bribe, either in money or other consideration, to any elector for the purpose of influencing his vote at a primary election.
2. Receiving and accepting such bribe by an elector entitled to vote at any primary election.
3. Making false answers to any of the provisions of this chapter relative to his qualifications and party affiliations.
4. Wilfully voting or offering to vote at a primary election by one who has not been a resident of this state for six (6) months next preceding said primary election, or who is not twenty-one (21) years of age, or who is not a citizen of the United States.
5. Wilfully voting or offering to vote at a primary election by one who knows himself not to be a qualified elector of the precinct where he votes or offers to vote.

20 6. Violating any provision of this chapter, or any provision of 21 law made applicable to this chapter.
22
7. Knowingly procuring, aiding, or abetting any violation specified in this section.

Sec. 122. Nominations by petition. This chapter shall not be construed to prohibit nomination of candidates for office by petition as hereafter provided in this title, but no person so nominated shall be permitted to use the name of any political party authorized or entitled under this chapter to nominate a ticket by primary vote, or that has nominated a ticket by primary vote under this chapter.

Sec. 123. Publication clause. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall be in full force and effect from and after its publication in the Des Moines Capital and the Des Moines Register, newspapers published in the city of Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved March 27, A. D. 1924.

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## CHAPTER 6

## CORPORATIONS

S. F. 201

AN ACT to amend, revise, and codify sections fifty-three hundred forty-five (5345), fifty-four hundred forty-four (5444), fifty-four hundred forty-eight (5448), and fifty-four hundred fifty-three (5453) of the compiled code of Iowa, and sections fifty-three hundred thirty-one (5331) and fifty-three hundred sixtyseven (5367) of the supplement to the compiled code, relating to corporations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:
That sections fifty-three hundred forty-five (5345), fifty-four hundred forty-four (5444), of the compiled code of Iowa, are amended, revised, and codified to read as follows:
1 SEC. 1. Certain corporations exempted. Nothing in this chapter 2 shall be construed as imposing an annual fee or requiring a report.
3 from any corporation organized for religious, educational, scientific,
4 or charitable purposes or other corporations not organized for pe-
5 cuniary profit, or from any corporation engaged in the banking or
6 loan and trust business, nor from insurance companies or associations
7 who have paid or have been exempted from the taxes provided in
8 sections forty-five hundred seventeen (4517) and forty-five hundred
9 twenty-one (4521), of the compiled code of Iowa, and received a cer10 tificate of authority from the commissioner of insurance.

That section five thousand four hundred forty-eight (5448), of the compiled code of Iowa, is amended, revised, and codified to read as follows:
1 Sec. 2. Power to confer degrees. Any corporation of an academical 2 character may confer the degrees usually conferred by such an in3 stitution.


[^0]:    I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Des Moines Register March 31, 1924, and the Des Moines Capital March 31, 1924.
    W. C. RAMSAY, Secretary of State.

