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CHAPTER 378.

INSTALLATION AND INSPECTION OF PLUMBING.

S. F. 214.

AN ACT to repeal section seven hundred thirty-seven-a (737-a), supplement to the code, 1913, and to enact a substitute therefor empowering the state board of health to draft a code regulating the business of plumbing, requiring all cities, having sanitary sewerage systems or other systems of domestic sewage disposal, including cities acting under the commission form of government and special charter cities, to regulate the business of plumbing; to make rules and regulations for the installation of same; to create a board of examiners of plumbers in cities having a sanitary sewerage system on other system of domestic sewage disposal; to issue certificates, or licenses, to persons, firms or corporations desiring to engage in the business of plumbing who are properly qualified; to provide for the removal of plumbing installed in violation of the manner prescribed, and providing for punishment for a violation of the terms of this act

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Plumbing — installation and inspection, etc. That the law as it appears in section seven hundred thirty-seven-a (737-a) of the code nineteen hundred thirteen, (1913) be amended as follows: between the "," and the word "including" in line one, insert the following: "having a population of less than six thousand (6000)", and by adding to said section seven hundred thirty-seven-a (737-a) the following:

SEC. 2. Code of rules — committee — appointment, compensation, etc. — powers of cities and towns. That all cities having a population of six thousand (6000) or more, including cities acting under the commission form of government, and special charter cities shall, within ninety (90) days after the taking effect of this act, adopt and enforce ordinances regulating the business of plumbing and prescribing rules and regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this act for the installation and inspection of plumbing and prescribing the grade of material to be used; also compelling the removal of plumbing hereafter installed in violation of such rules and manner prescribed; and to impose penalties within the limits of section six hundred eighty (680), of the code, 1897, and amendments thereto, for violations of such ordinances.

The state board of health is hereby empowered to make such provisions as may be necessary to establish a code of rules governing the installation of plumbing in the state of Iowa. The governor of Iowa shall, within sixty days (60) after the passage of this act, appoint a committee of three, two of whom shall have had at least five (5) years experience in the business of plumbing, to meet with and assist the state board of health in drafting a state code for plumbing, specifying the grade of materials to be used, and regulating the installa-Said committee shall serve without compensation but tion of same. shall be paid necessary traveling and hotel expenses. All necessary and incidental expenses in carrying out the provisions of this act shall be paid by the state treasurer from the plumbing inspection fund hereinafter provided, in the manner provided in section one hundred seventy-s (170-s), supplemental supplement to the code, 1915, as amended by chapter 67, acts of the thirty-seventh general assembly,

28 provided, however, that said committee shall receive no compensa-29 tion except from such funds as may accrue under this act.

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The state board of health shall provide and issue to the cities and towns herein specified the necessary blank certificates, or license blanks, on application. All cities and towns herein referred to shall 33 . have power to adopt and enforce additional rules governing plumbing, not inconsistent with the state code herein provided for.

Board of examiners — certain cities, council of, to appoint duties — fund, etc. In all cities which have a population of more than six thousand, having sanitary sewer system, or such other methods of sewerage disposal as are enumerated in this act, the council shall by ordinance appoint a board of examiners, consisting of three members, one of whom shall be a practical journeyman plumber, one a member of the local board of health, and one a practical master plumber, two of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Provided, however, that if there is no resident practical journeyman plumber or practical master plumber in such city, the city council shall not be required to appoint a board of examiners, and every such city not having such a board of examiners shall require each person engaged as a master plumber or employing plumber, or journeyman plumber in such city, to have a license or certificate from some examining board within the state, either as a master plumber, journeyman plumber or employing plumber.

The council shall provide suitable rooms in which said board of examiners may hold its meetings, and shall provide for the necessary incidental expenses incurred by said board and may also provide a per diem compensation for the members of said board of examiners not exceeding ten dollars, (\$10) per day for the time actually spent in performing the duties imposed upon said board.

Said board shall, when so directed by the council, and under such rules and regulations as the council shall prescribe, hold examinations of applicants for a certificate, or license, to work, either as a master plumber, journeyman plumber, or employing plumber, and if satisfied as to the competency of the applicant, a certificate, or license, shall be issued to such master plumber, journeyman plumber or employing plumber, and the amount of the fee for such examination shall not exceed ten dollars (\$10) for a master plumber or employing plumber, and shall not exceed five dollars, (\$5) for a journeyman plumber. Fees for renewal for a master plumber or employing plumber's license shall not be more than two dollars, (\$2), and for a journeyman plumber's license shall not be more than one dollar (\$1). Fees for such examination shall be divided as follows: One dollar (\$1) of the examination fee to be returned to the secretary of the state board of health and by him paid to the state treasurer and kept by the treasurer as a separate fund to be known as the plumbing inspection fund, from which the expense incurred by the state board of health and the committee appointed by the governor as provided in section 2 hereof, shall be paid, and the balance of examination fees to be paid monthly into the city treasury along with renewal fees.

License — renewal — revocation. SEC. 4. Such certificates, or 2 license, shall be valid and recognized throughout the state for a period of one year and may be renewed from year to year upon the payment of the renewal fee. Such license shall not be transferable and shall 3 expire on the 31st day of December of each year.

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- Any such certificate, or license, issued by any such authorized board, may be revoked by said board for repeated violation of ordinances enacted under the provisions of this act.
 - SEC. 5. Master plumbers license without examination time limit. Such examining board shall issue a certificate, or license, upon the payment of the regular fee, without examination, to all master plumbers actually engaged in the business of plumbing at the time of the passage of this act, provided application for such license be made within ninety (90) days after taking effect of this act.
- SEC. 6. Terms defined. The term "journeyman plumber" as used in this act, shall mean a person who does any plumbing work which is by law, ordinance, rule or regulation, subject to official inspection. The term "master plumber" as used in this act, shall include any person, firm or corporation, other than master plumber, engaged in the business of installing plumbing. The term "plumbing" as used in this act shall mean the installing of any receptacle used to receive waste water, house soil, slops or sewage.
- 1 SEC. 7. Acts in conflict repealed. All acts or parts of acts that 2 are in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Approved April 25, A. D. 1919.

CHAPTER 379.

MANUFACTURE, SALE AND USE OF HOG-CHOLERA SERUM, ETC.

S. F. 212.

AN ACT to repeal sections twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w3 (2538-w3) supplemental supplement to the code, 1915, twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w4 (2538-w4) supplement to the code, 1913, twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w5 (2538-w5) of the supplemental supplement to the code, 1915, and sections twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w7 (2538-w7) of the supplement to the code, 1913, and sections twenty-five hundred and thirty-eight-w8 (2538-w8) and twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w12 (2538-w12) of the supplemental supplement to the code, 1915, and sections twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w9 (2538-w9) twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w10 (2538-w10) and twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w11 (2538-w11) of the supplement to the code, 1913, and to enact substitutes therefor regulating and licensing the manufacture, sale and use of anti-hog-cholera serum and hog-cholera virus and providing penalties for violation of the provisions of this act.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Repeal and substitute — commission of animal health

— powers and duties — inspector — agency, etc. That section

twenty-five hundred thirty-eight-w3 (2538-w3) of the supplemental

supplement to the code, 1915, be and the same is hereby repealed and

the following is enacted in lieu thereof:

The commission of animal health shall have the power to make such rules and regulations governing the manufacture of serum and other biological products for use on domestic animals in laboratories located within the state and doing an intrastate business, as it deems necessary to maintain the potency and purity of their products.