

CHAPTER 173.

PROTECTION AGAINST FIRE.

S. F. 232.

AN ACT to amend section forty-nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-ten (4999-a-10), of the supplement to the code, 1907, relating to protection against fire and providing a penalty.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Failure to equip buildings with doors opening outward—penalty. That section forty-nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-10 (4999-a-10) of the supplement to the code, 1907, be amended by adding to such section as follows:

“Any owner, agent, trustee or leasee having charge of any building that is not equipped as provided in section forty-nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-9 (4999-a-9) of the supplement to the code, 1907, as amended, who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of said section, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00).”

SEC. 2. In effect. This act being deemed of immediate importance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Register and Leader and Des Moines Capital, newspapers published in Des Moines, Iowa.

Approved April 12, A. D. 1911.

I hereby certify that the foregoing act was published in the Register and Leader and the Des Moines Capital April 13, 1911.

W. C. HAYWARD,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 174.

PURE FOODS.

S. F. 335.

AN ACT to repeal sections four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-fifteen (4999-a-15), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-sixteen (4999-a-16), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-twenty-one (4999-a-21), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-twenty-two (4999-a-22), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-twenty-three (4999-a-23), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-twenty-seven (4999-a-27), and four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-twenty-eight (4999-a-28) of the supplement to the code, 1907, and enact substitutes therefor, and defining duties of the state food and dairy commissioner under the pure food law, regulating appointment of assistants, providing for compensation and expenses of assistants, defining food and the term “misbranded,” and making appropriation therefor, and repealing acts and parts of acts in conflict therewith.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Repeal. That sections four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a fifteen (4999-a15), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a sixteen (4999-a16), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a twenty-one (4999-a21), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a twenty-two (4999-a22), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a twenty-three (4999-a23), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a twenty-seven (4999-a27), four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a twenty-eight (4999-a28), supplement to the code, 1907, are hereby repealed and the following enacted in lieu thereof:

“SEC. 2. State food and dairy commissioner—duties—seal—assistants—salaries and expenses. The state food and dairy commissioner shall be charged with the duty of carrying into effect the provisions of this act and shall have an official seal. He may, with the approval of the executive council, appoint such assistants as he may deem necessary, who may exercise the powers now provided by law in the case of milk inspectors together with those conferred by this act, and they shall perform such duties as may be assigned to them by the state food and dairy commissioner. They shall be paid a salary of not to exceed sixteen hundred dollars (\$1600) per annum, said salary to be paid in the same manner as the salaries of other state officers and they shall be allowed the expenses necessarily incurred by them in the discharge of their duties. Their accounts shall be itemized and sworn to, and when approved by the commissioner and the executive council, shall be paid by warrant of the auditor upon the treasurer out of a sum hereinafter appropriated for carrying out the provisions of this act.

“SEC. 3. Terms defined—food deemed misbranded—when. The word “commissioner,” whenever used in this act, shall be taken to mean the state food and dairy commissioner. The word “food,” as used herein, shall include all articles used for food, drink, confectionery or condiment, by man or domestic animals, whether simple, blended, mixed or compound. The term “misbranded,” as used herein, shall apply to all articles of food, or articles which enter into the composition of food, the package or label of which shall bear any statement, designed, or device regarding such article, or the ingredients or substances contained therein which shall be false or misleading in any particular, and to any food product which is falsely branded as to the state, territory or country in which it is manufactured or produced, or if in package form, which bears any statement of the weight or measure unless the same be a correct statement of the net weight or measure of the contents.

For the purpose of this act an article of food shall be deemed to be “misbranded:”

First. If it be offered for sale under the specific name of another article.

Second. If it be labeled or branded so as to deceive or mislead the purchaser, or purport to be a foreign product when not so.

Third. Baking powders if each can or package is not plainly labeled so as to show the name of each and every ingredient contained therein.

Fourth. In the case of articles labeled, branded, or tagged so as to plainly indicate that they are mixtures, compounds, combinations, imitations or blends, and the word “mixture,” “compound,” “combination,” “imitation” or “blend,” as the case may be is plainly stated on the package in which it is offered for sale, unless the name of each ingredient shall appear on the main label, in continuous list with no intervening matter of any kind, immediately following the phrase, “mixture of,” “compound of,” “combination of,” “blend of,” as the case may be, such names of ingredients to appear in the order in which they are present in quantity in said article of food, beginning with the ingredient present in the greater proportion. All letters used in naming the ingredients shall be of the same size, style, and color as the letters used in the phrase “mixture of,” “compound of,” “combination of,” or “blend of” and shall appear on a background of one color. Labels required by this act shall be distinctly printed in the English language in legible type no smaller than eight point heavy gothic caps. Such label shall be placed upon the outside of the package and shall contain the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer or dealer. The term “blend” as used herein shall be construed to mean a mixture of like substances. Provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed as requiring or compelling proprietors or

manufacturers of proprietary foods which contain no unwholesome added ingredients to disclose their trade formulas, except in so far as the provisions of this act may require to secure freedom from adulteration or misbranding.

SEC. 4. Food deemed adulterated—when. For the purpose of this act, an article of food shall be deemed to be adulterated:

First: If any substance or substances has or have been mixed and packed with it so as to reduce or lower or injuriously affect its quality, strength or purity.

Second. If any substance or substances has or have been substituted wholly or in part for the article.

Third. If any valuable constituent of the article has been wholly or in part abstracted.

Fourth. If it does not conform to the standards established by law.

Fifth. If it be mixed, colored, powdered, coated or stained in a manner whereby damage or inferiority is concealed.

Sixth. If it contains any added poisonous ingredient, or any ingredient which may render such article injurious to health or if it contains saccharine or formaldehyde.

Seventh. If it consist of the whole or any part of a diseased, filthy, decomposed or putrid animal or vegetable substance or any portion of an animal unfit for food, whether manufactured or not, or if it is the product of a diseased animal or one that has died otherwise than by slaughter.

Eighth. Candies and chocolates if they contain terra alba, barytes, talc, chrome yellow, or other mineral substances, or poisonous colors or flavors, or other ingredients deleterious or detrimental to health.

Ninth. Vinegar if it contain any added coloring matter.

“SEC. 5. Appropriation. For the purpose of enabling the commissioner to enforce the provisions of the various laws, the enforcement of which is vested with the state food and dairy commissioner, for the making of such analysis for other state departments as may be authorized by the executive council, for necessary traveling and miscellaneous expenses of assistants and experts and for all other expenses herein provided, the sum of twenty-one thousand (\$21,000.00) dollars annually, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated from the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 6. Acts in conflict repealed. All acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved April 14, A. D. 1911.

CHAPTER 175.

FOOD STANDARDS.

H. F. 247.

AN ACT to amend section four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-thirty-one (4999-a31) of the supplement to the code, 1907, relating to food standards.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

SECTION 1. Ice cream. That section four thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine-a-thirty-one (4999-a31) of the supplement to the code, 1907, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following: