



**LSA**

LEGISLATIVE  
SERVICES AGENCY

*Serving the Iowa Legislature*

**2022 SUMMARY  
OF LEGISLATION  
IOWA GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
REGULAR SESSION**



---

**SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION  
ENACTED IN THE YEAR 2022 BY THE SECOND REGULAR SESSION  
OF THE EIGHTY-NINTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**Prepared by the Legislative Services Agency**

**PURPOSE**

This summary of legislation enacted by the 2022 General Assembly has been prepared for the use of legislators and other interested persons. The summary of each legislative enactment has been assigned to a major subject category. This compilation provides concise and objective information relating to the change in the law included in each legislative enactment without commenting upon the enactment's merits or editorializing. The publication of this summary of legislation by the Legislative Services Agency does not constitute an endorsement of the summary's contents by members of the General Assembly.

**HOW TO FIND A SUMMARY**

If you know the original file number of a particular bill, you may refer to the charts on pages v through ix to locate the category in which the summary will be found. Otherwise, each subject category begins with a table of contents listing the file number and the chapter title from the 2022 Iowa Acts and a listing of related legislation directing the reader to the category in which the summary is located and briefly explaining how the category at hand is related.

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

The effective date of the legislative enactments is July 1, 2022, unless otherwise specified in an individual summary.

**FISCAL ANALYSIS**

The Internet version of this summary of legislation provides links to fiscal information for certain legislation. Legislation linked to such information contains the words "Fiscal Analysis" following the title of the legislation.

**FISCAL YEAR**

For purposes of this summary of legislation, "fiscal year 2022-2023," "FY 2022-2023," and "FY 2023" for example, all describe the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023.

**VETOED BILLS**

Bills vetoed by the Governor are included and noted in this summary. Item vetoes by the Governor are specified in their particular summary.



**Legislative Services Agency  
State Capitol Building  
Des Moines, Iowa 50319  
(515) 281-3566  
[www.legis.state.ia.us](http://www.legis.state.ia.us)**

*Joe Simpson, Principal Editor  
Tyler Heeren, Assistant Editor  
Published July 2022*

*Cover Photo by Serena Adams  
Photo by Gary Hoard Photography*



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### LOCATION OF SUMMARIES BY FILE NUMBER:

Senate Files .....	v
House Files .....	vii

### SUBJECT AREAS:

Agriculture .....	1
Alcohol Regulation and Substance Abuse .....	11
Appropriations .....	19
Business, Banking, and Insurance .....	39
Children and Youth .....	57
Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration .....	67
Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections .....	79
Economic Development .....	89
Education .....	93
Elections, Ethics, and Campaign Finance .....	103
Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities .....	107
Gaming .....	113
Health and Safety .....	117
Human Services .....	129
Labor and Employment .....	133
Local Government .....	137
Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation .....	145
Public Defense and Veterans .....	149
State Government .....	153
Taxation .....	167
Transportation .....	183

### APPENDICES:

Sections Amended, Added, or Repealed .....	191
Iowa Acts Amended .....	224

The following is a list of acronyms used:

DALS - Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship  
 DAS - Department of Administrative Services  
 DE - Department of Education  
 DHS - Department of Human Services  
 DIA - Department of Inspections and Appeals

DNR - Department of Natural Resources  
 DOM - Department of Management  
 DOR - Department of Revenue  
 DOT - Department of Transportation  
 DPH - Department of Public Health  
 DWD - Department of Workforce Development  
 FIP - Family Investment Program

IDA - Department on Aging  
 IEDA - Iowa Economic Development Authority  
 LSA - Legislative Services Agency  
 RIIF - Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund  
 TANF - Temporary Assistance for Needy Families



---

**LOCATION OF SUMMARIES BY FILE NUMBER****SENATE FILES**

<b><u>Number</u></b>	<b><u>Major Subject</u></b>
<b>SF 183</b>	State Government
<b>SF 333</b>	Transportation
<b>SF 384</b>	Local Government
<b>SF 463</b>	Health and Safety
<b>SF 513</b>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<b>SF 522</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>SF 529</b>	Health and Safety
<b>SF 551</b>	Transportation
<b>SF 577</b>	Health and Safety
<b>SF 581</b>	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
<b>SF 586</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>SF 2080</b>	Education
<b>SF 2119</b>	Health and Safety
<b>SF 2128</b>	Education
<b>SF 2130</b>	Education
<b>SF 2176</b>	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
<b>SF 2190</b>	Labor and Employment
<b>SF 2197</b>	Education
<b>SF 2232</b>	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
<b>SF 2233</b>	Local Government
<b>SF 2245</b>	Agriculture
<b>SF 2260</b>	Agriculture
<b>SF 2266</b>	State Government
<b>SF 2267</b>	Local Government
<b>SF 2279</b>	State Government
<b>SF 2285</b>	Local Government
<b>SF 2287</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>SF 2288</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>SF 2295</b>	State Government
<b>SF 2296</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>SF 2298</b>	Local Government
<b>SF 2310</b>	Agriculture
<b>SF 2322</b>	State Government
<b>SF 2323</b>	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
<b>SF 2324</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>SF 2325</b>	Economic Development
<b>SF 2334</b>	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation

<b><u>Number</u></b>	<b><u>Major Subject</u></b>
<b>SF 2337</b>	Transportation
<b>SF 2345</b>	Health and Safety
<b>SF 2363</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>SF 2366</b>	Taxation
<b>SF 2367</b>	Taxation
<b>SF 2370</b>	Transportation
<b>SF 2373</b>	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
<b>SF 2374</b>	Alcohol Regulation and Substance Abuse
<b>SF 2376</b>	Transportation
<b>SF 2378</b>	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
<b>SF 2380</b>	State Government
<b>SF 2383</b>	State Government
<b>SF 2385</b>	Appropriations

## SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

<b><u>Number</u></b>	<b><u>Major Subject</u></b>
<b>SJR 9</b>	Elections, Ethics, and Campaign Finance



---

**LOCATION OF SUMMARIES BY FILE NUMBER****HOUSE FILES**

<b><u>Number</u></b>	<b><u>Major Subject</u></b>
<b>HF 364</b>	Education
<b>HF 604</b>	Education
<b>HF 728</b>	Local Government
<b>HF 736</b>	Human Services
<b>HF 771</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 803</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 825</b>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<b>HF 2079</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>HF 2080</b>	Education
<b>HF 2081</b>	Education
<b>HF 2097</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>HF 2123</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2124</b>	Transportation
<b>HF 2126</b>	State Government
<b>HF 2127</b>	Children and Youth
<b>HF 2128</b>	Agriculture
<b>HF 2130</b>	Transportation
<b>HF 2147</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2154</b>	State Government
<b>HF 2155</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>HF 2165</b>	Education
<b>HF 2167</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>HF 2168</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2169</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2171</b>	Human Services
<b>HF 2172</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2198</b>	Children and Youth
<b>HF 2200</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>HF 2201</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2202</b>	Human Services
<b>HF 2209</b>	Natural Resources and Outdoor Recreation
<b>HF 2217</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>HF 2220</b>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<b>HF 2222</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>HF 2239</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>HF 2246</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2252</b>	Human Services

<b>Number</b>	<b>Major Subject</b>
<a href="#">HF 2258</a>	Economic Development
<a href="#">HF 2259</a>	Transportation
<a href="#">HF 2295</a>	State Government
<a href="#">HF 2298</a>	Health and Safety
<a href="#">HF 2300</a>	Public Defense and Veterans
<a href="#">HF 2316</a>	Education
<a href="#">HF 2317</a>	Taxation
<a href="#">HF 2330</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2340</a>	Alcohol Regulation and Substance Abuse
<a href="#">HF 2341</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2343</a>	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
<a href="#">HF 2345</a>	Transportation
<a href="#">HF 2355</a>	Labor and Employment
<a href="#">HF 2358</a>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<a href="#">HF 2367</a>	Health and Safety
<a href="#">HF 2372</a>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<a href="#">HF 2373</a>	State Government
<a href="#">HF 2378</a>	Gaming
<a href="#">HF 2380</a>	Agriculture
<a href="#">HF 2384</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2390</a>	State Government
<a href="#">HF 2399</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2401</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2411</a>	Labor and Employment
<a href="#">HF 2412</a>	Education
<a href="#">HF 2416</a>	Education
<a href="#">HF 2420</a>	Health and Safety
<a href="#">HF 2431</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2436</a>	Local Government
<a href="#">HF 2443</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2445</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2462</a>	Alcohol Regulation and Substance Abuse
<a href="#">HF 2463</a>	State Government
<a href="#">HF 2466</a>	Elections, Ethics, and Campaign Finance
<a href="#">HF 2468</a>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<a href="#">HF 2469</a>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<a href="#">HF 2470</a>	Economic Development
<a href="#">HF 2475</a>	Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities
<a href="#">HF 2481</a>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<a href="#">HF 2484</a>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<a href="#">HF 2489</a>	State Government
<a href="#">HF 2493</a>	Education

---

<b>Number</b>	<b><u>Major Subject</u></b>
<b>HF 2496</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>HF 2497</b>	Gaming
<b>HF 2501</b>	State Government
<b>HF 2507</b>	Children and Youth
<b>HF 2515</b>	State Government
<b>HF 2516</b>	Criminal Law, Procedure, and Corrections
<b>HF 2517</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2518</b>	Transportation
<b>HF 2521</b>	Health and Safety
<b>HF 2540</b>	Business, Banking, and Insurance
<b>HF 2546</b>	Human Services
<b>HF 2552</b>	Taxation
<b>HF 2557</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2558</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2559</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2560</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2562</b>	Civil Law, Procedure, and Court Administration
<b>HF 2564</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2573</b>	State Government
<b>HF 2575</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2578</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2579</b>	Appropriations
<b>HF 2581</b>	Agriculture
<b>HF 2589</b>	Appropriations

## HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

<b>Number</b>	<b><u>Major Subject</u></b>
<b>HJR 2005</b>	State Government



## AGRICULTURE

- SENATE FILE 2245** - Meat or Poultry Inspection — Establishment Licensing — Personal Use Exemption
- SENATE FILE 2260** - Animals Used in Qualified Research Facilities — Adoption Program
- SENATE FILE 2310** - Organization of Multiple Housing Cooperatives
- HOUSE FILE 2128** - Renewable Fuels
- HOUSE FILE 2380** - Acreage Limitations for Hemp Production
- HOUSE FILE 2581** - Regulation of Agriculture, Agricultural Programs, and Motor Fuels

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 581** - Fishing and Hunting Licenses and Permits  
*SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.* This Act relates to fishing and hunting licenses and permits and deer population management. The Act requires the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to conduct a study every three years regarding various impacts of the deer population in this state. The Act requires DNR to work with relevant representatives from the Iowa State University of Science and Technology Agricultural Extension Service, the Department of Transportation, and the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce.
- HOUSE FILE 2317** - State Taxation and Revenue — Tax Rates, Credits, and Exemptions  
*SEE TAXATION.* This Act creates an income tax exclusion for retired farmers relating to lease income and capital gains on the sale of real property associated with a farming business.
- HOUSE FILE 2431** - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses  
*SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.* This Act relates to home-based businesses, including home food processing establishments. The Act provides labeling requirements for homemade food items and cottage food items and authorizes the Department of Inspections and Appeals to adopt rules to administer provisions related to regulation, licensing, and inspection of home food processing establishments.
- HOUSE FILE 2470** - Artisanal Butchery — Implementation of Task Force Recommendation  
*SEE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.* This Act adopts and implements the recommendations of the artisanal butchery task force (task force), established pursuant to 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 175, section 2, as issued in its final report to the General Assembly on December 30, 2021.  
  
The Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) is required to collaborate with Iowa State University Extension and Outreach to develop and maintain a direct-to-consumer tool kit that contains the information detailed in the task force's final report. The Act also requires DALs to develop and maintain a directory of meat lockers in Iowa that provides the location of, and the contact information for, each locker in the directory. The tool kit and directory must be posted on DALs's Internet site no later than December 31, 2022.
- HOUSE FILE 2560** - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources  
*SEE APPROPRIATIONS.* This Act makes appropriations for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, from the General Fund of the State, the Environment First Fund, and other sources for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities, including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs), the Department of Natural Resources, Iowa State University of Science and Technology, and the State

University of Iowa. The Act appropriates moneys from these sources to DALs for purposes of supporting a number of regulatory and promotional programs associated with education, farmers' health, the production and sale of agricultural commodities and products, biofuels, soil and water conservation, and air and water quality.

- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
- SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** Division XVII of this Act adds a reference to Iowa Code chapter 194, relating to grades of milk used for manufacturing, for purposes of excluding such milk from the definitions of “homemade food item” and “cottage food.”

## AGRICULTURE

### **SENATE FILE 2245 - Meat or Poultry Inspection — Establishment Licensing — Personal Use Exemption**

BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. This Act creates a personal use exemption to licensing requirements in Iowa's Meat and Poultry Inspection Act (Iowa Code chapter 189A). The Act exempts a person who slaughters, processes, or prepares livestock or poultry of the person's own raising, exclusively for the person's household, nonpaying guests, or nonpaying employees. The Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALS) regulates persons engaged in the slaughter of livestock or poultry, the processing of livestock or poultry, and the preparation of meat products or poultry products derived from those slaughtered animals, on an intrastate basis, in cooperation with the United States Department of Agriculture. DALS currently provides similar exemptions for the inspection of livestock and poultry operations that are based on exemptions authorized under the federal Meat Inspection Act as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act (21 U.S.C. §623) and the federal Poultry Products Inspection Act as amended by the Wholesome Poultry Products Act (21 U.S.C. §464).

### **SENATE FILE 2260 - Animals Used in Qualified Research Facilities — Adoption Program**

BY DAWSON. This Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 162 that regulate commercial establishments possessing or controlling animals, including dogs or cats. A commercial establishment includes a research facility associated with an educational or scientific entity, including a regents institution, concerned with the prevention, control, or cure of diseases or abnormal conditions of human beings or animals. A commercial establishment also includes an animal shelter, which is a facility owned, operated, or maintained by a nonprofit organization devoted to the welfare, protection, and humane treatment of dogs or cats.

The Act requires that a research facility receiving state or federal moneys (qualified research facility) participate in an adoption program for dogs or cats confined at the research facility once the dog or cat is retired from use. The qualified research facility must provide for the retired animal's adoption into a permanent home. However, to be placed for adoption, the animal must not have a substantial medical condition, and must not pose a safety risk to the public. The qualified research facility must either offer the retired animal to an animal shelter or animal rescue organization under an agreement entered into by the parties, or to a person as part of a private adoption arrangement.

### **SENATE FILE 2310 - Organization of Multiple Housing Cooperatives**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act provides that a cooperative association organized as a housing cooperative may merge with a domesticated limited liability company under the Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act (RULCA) (Iowa Code chapter 489). The Act allows the housing cooperative to use a process for mergers and consolidations provided for a cooperative association engaged in the business of storing, processing, or marketing of agricultural commodities under the Iowa Cooperative Associations Act (ICAA) (Iowa Code chapter 501A). The ICAA applies to other agricultural cooperative associations, which together are defined as a traditional cooperative. The ICAA's umbrella term for a cooperative association organized under its chapter or a traditional cooperative is a domestic cooperative. The RULCA refers to a domestic limited liability company as simply a limited liability company (LLC), which is distinguished from a foreign limited liability company, and defines the term domestic cooperative in the same manner as the ICAA. The Act amends the definitions of a traditional cooperative and domestic cooperative in the ICAA and the definition of a domestic cooperative in the RULCA to include a housing cooperative. The ICAA provides that a cooperative lawfully organized in Iowa, including a domestic cooperative, may merge or consolidate with each other or an Iowa LLC under the RULCA. The RULCA includes a corresponding provision that allows an LLC to merge with a domestic cooperative. In the case of a merger of a domestic cooperative and an LLC, each entity must comply with requirements of the ICAA and the RULCA, which includes the adoption of a plan of merger.

### **HOUSE FILE 2128 - Renewable Fuels**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act includes a number of provisions related to the use of renewable fuels used to power motor vehicles, and includes certain compliance requirements and promotional programs. Generally, the term "motor fuel" is used to describe both gasoline and diesel fuel as those terms are defined in Iowa Code chapter 214A. However, Iowa Code chapter 452A uses the term "motor fuel" to describe gasoline while the term "special fuel" is used to describe diesel fuel. In all cases, the term "renewable fuel" is

used to describe gasoline or diesel fuel when blended with a percentage of a biofuel. For gasoline, its biofuel is referred to as ethanol (i.e., grain alcohol) and for diesel fuel, its biofuel is referred to as biodiesel (e.g., soybean oil). Renewable fuel is classified according to the volume percentage of biofuel present. The biofuel's percentage is designated by its classification, which includes an abbreviation for the type of biofuel and a designated variable percentage or range of percentages present by volume (generically referred to as E-xx or B-xx). Typically, a statute establishes a classification threshold meaning that a renewable fuel must have a minimum biofuel percentage. For ethanol blended gasoline, the most widely recognized classification thresholds are E-10, E-15, and E-85; and for biodiesel blended fuel, the most widely recognized threshold classifications are B-5, B-11, and B-20. The Act regulates motor fuel storage and dispensing infrastructure (infrastructure), which includes equipment used to store and dispense gasoline (gasoline infrastructure) or diesel fuel (diesel fuel infrastructure). A motor fuel dispenser (dispenser) refers to equipment that is part of the infrastructure that operates a metered motor fuel pump (fuel pump) to dispense motor fuel to the end point of a nozzle. The term "retail dealer" refers to a person engaged in the business of storing and dispensing motor fuel for sale on a retail basis at a retail motor fuel site (retail site). The Governor, the Secretary of Agriculture (secretary), and a number of state agencies are responsible for administering and enforcing these requirements and programs, including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs), the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), the State Fire Marshal (SFM), the Department of Revenue (DOR), and the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) together with various agencies that operate the state's motor vehicle fleet. The Act includes various effective dates with many of its provisions taking effect January 1, 2023.

*COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS — E-15 ACCESS STANDARD.* The Act amends provisions and enacts new provisions in two related Iowa Code chapters administered and enforced by DALs, including Iowa Code chapter 214 regulating weights and measures, including by providing for the issuance and renewal of licenses to retail dealers operating fuel pumps as commercial weighing and measuring devices, and Iowa Code chapter 214A regulating types of motor fuel dispensed by retail dealers at retail sites. DALs is responsible for establishing standards for types of motor fuel, including gasoline and diesel fuel, renewable fuel, and its biofuel components.

The Act amends Iowa Code chapter 214A by organizing its provisions into subchapters, including new subchapter III. That subchapter requires a retail dealer owning or operating a retail site to comply with the E-15 Access Standard by advertising and selling E-15 from a minimum number of qualifying gasoline dispensers located at the retail dealer's retail site. The retail dealer may comply with either the General E-15 Access Standard or the Alternative E-15 Access Standard established in new Iowa Code section 214A.32. In order to comply with the General E-15 Access Standard, the retail dealer must dispense E-15 from one qualifying gasoline dispenser if there is only one such gasoline dispenser located at the retail site or from at least 50 percent of all qualifying gasoline dispensers if there is more than one such dispenser located at the retail site. In order to comply with the Alternative E-15 Access Standard, the retail dealer cannot install, replace, or convert a gasoline storage tank at the retail site on or after July 1, 2023; and the retail dealer must advertise for sale and sell E-15 from at least one qualifying gasoline dispenser on and after January 1, 2026. Once the retail dealer no longer complies with the Alternative E-15 Access Standard (e.g., by installing a new gasoline tank), the retail dealer must comply with the General E-15 Access Standard. A nonqualifying gasoline dispenser includes a gasoline dispenser that is part of a mobile tank vehicle operating away from the retail site and a gasoline dispenser that is part of a commercial marina. The E-15 Access Standard does not apply during any period of noncompliance caused by an excusable event, including the maintenance, repair, or reconditioning of gasoline infrastructure; or the installation, expansion, replacement, or conversion of gasoline infrastructure.

New Iowa Code sections 214A.33 through 214A.36 authorize the Governor and secretary to issue orders that excuse compliance with the E-15 Access Standard. The Governor may issue an E-15 Access Standard suspension order, which is an executive order that suspends compliance with the E-15 Access Standard by all retail dealers doing business in the state or a geographic segment of the state. The order may be issued if there is credible evidence that market forces or existing gasoline infrastructure prevents compliance. The secretary may issue any of three types of administrative orders that waive or exempt compliance by a retail dealer on a site-by-site basis. The secretary may issue an E-15 unavailability order if there is credible evidence that the retail dealer has not been able to reasonably obtain E-15 gasoline. The secretary may also issue either of two classes of an E-15 incompatible infrastructure waiver if the retail dealer's application for the waiver is supported by a report by a certified professional retail motor



fuel site installer (installer). A class 1 waiver is based on the age of the retail dealer's existing gasoline storage tank and a class 2 waiver is based on a determination that the retail dealer's cost of complying with the Alternative E-15 Access Standard exceeds the maximum cost that the retail dealer would have to incur to be eligible to receive tier 3 standard financial incentives under the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Program for Retail Dealers established in Iowa Code section 159A.14, as amended in the Act. Provisions authorizing the issuance of an E-15 incompatible infrastructure waiver order are eliminated January 1, 2041. Finally, the secretary may issue a small retail motor fuel exemption administrative order to a retail dealer based on the size of the retail site. To qualify for the order, the retail site must have included gasoline infrastructure prior to January 1, 2023, and the retail site's average total gasoline gallonage must have been 300,000 gallons or less for a qualifying phase (calculated for the calendar years beginning on January 1, 2020, and ending on December 31, 2022). DALS may request that DOR provide information regarding retail sales of gasoline reported by retail dealers on a site-by-site basis for the qualifying phase. The information received by DALS is a confidential record. An E-15 infrastructure waiver order and a small retail motor fuel exemption administrative order terminates upon certain events, including the failure of the retail dealer to be licensed by DALS to dispense gasoline from a fuel pump; the cessation of the retail dealer's business; and the installation, replacement, or conversion of a gasoline storage tank.

The Act amends a number of provisions in Iowa Code chapter 214A by requiring DALS to determine if the retail dealer is advertising for sale and selling E-15 gasoline at a retail site in compliance with the E-15 Access Standard when it conducts an inspection of fuel pumps. DALS may refuse to issue or renew a license to a retail dealer operating a fuel pump and may suspend or revoke an existing license issued to a retail dealer for not complying with the E-15 Access Standard. A person who is a retail dealer submitting an application for an E-15 access unavailability waiver order, a retail dealer submitting an application for an E-15 infrastructure incompatibility waiver order, an installer submitting an inspection report as part of an infrastructure incompatibility waiver order, or a retail dealer submitting an application for a small retail motor fuel exemption administrative order commits perjury if the person knows that information contained in the application or report is not true. The offense of perjury is subject to a class "D" felony punishable by confinement for no more than five years and a fine.

*COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS — STATE GOVERNMENT ENTITIES USING RENEWABLE FUELS TO OPERATE THE STATE MOTOR VEHICLE FLEET.* Currently, DAS and other state entities must use renewable fuel, including ethanol blended gasoline or biodiesel blended fuel, if commercially available, to power motor vehicles that are part of the state motor vehicle fleet. State agencies subject to the requirement include DAS, the Iowa Commission for the Blind, the State Board of Regents, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Corrections. The Act amends a number of Iowa Code chapters providing for the organization or administration of these state agencies, including Iowa Code chapters 8A, 216B, 262, 307, and 904. The Act provides that DAS and the other state entities must use a qualified renewable fuel, which is ethanol blended gasoline or biodiesel blended fuel having the highest classification possible, to power the motor vehicle (e.g., E-85 or B-20). Certain limitations apply: (1) the qualified renewable fuel must be warranted by the motor vehicle's manufacturer, (2) that classification of the qualified renewable fuel must be available, and (3) an emergency situation must not exist. In addition, DAS and the other state entities must revise their bidding procedures as necessary to account for the purchase of motor vehicles powered by biodiesel blended fuel having a threshold classification of B-20. DAS, in cooperation with the other state entities, is required to prepare an annual report to be submitted to the Governor and General Assembly providing information regarding the number of state motor vehicles using engines powered by motor fuel, the number of those motor vehicles capable of being powered by ethanol blended gasoline meeting a threshold classification of E-15 and E-85 or biodiesel blended fuel meeting a threshold classification of B-20, and the number of gallons of qualified renewable fuels purchased.

*COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS — NEW INSTALLATION OF GASOLINE AND BIODIESEL INFRASTRUCTURE AT RETAIL DEALER SITES.* Generally, DNR is required to regulate underground infrastructure used to store gasoline or diesel fuel and the SFM regulates the storage, transportation, handling, or use of flammable or combustible liquids including an aboveground storage tank. New Iowa Code section 455G.32 provides that new gasoline infrastructure storing and dispensing E-15 must be capable of storing and dispensing E-85. New Iowa Code section 455G.33 provides that new diesel fuel infrastructure storing and dispensing diesel fuel must be capable of storing and dispensing B-20. The installed gasoline or diesel fuel infrastructure must be listed with an

independent testing laboratory (e.g., Underwriters Laboratories) or approved by the manufacturer and approved by DNR or the SFM, unless such approval is waived based on compliance with a substitute requirement.

*RENEWABLE FUEL PROMOTION PROGRAMS — EXCISE TAXES.* The Act amends provisions in Iowa Code sections 452A.32 and 452A.33 that require retail dealers to submit annual reports to DOR regarding the total gallonages of gasoline and diesel fuel sold during the prior calendar year (determination period) on a site-by-site basis. The information includes sales of renewable fuels according to classification. The aggregated information is used by DOR to calculate the amount of promotional incentives awarded in the form of reduced excise taxes imposed on certain types of renewable fuel sold in Iowa. Specifically, DOR calculates the excise tax for ethanol blended gasoline classified as E-15 or higher and for biodiesel fuel classified as B-11 or higher for each 12-month period beginning July 1 and ending June 30. For the period beginning January 1, 2022, a retail dealer must include additional information in the retail dealer's reports. This includes additional subclassifications of ethanol blended gasoline gallonages and biodiesel blended fuel gallonages. DOR may require the reports be submitted by electronic transmission and DOR is authorized to grant an extension. Otherwise, a retail dealer who does not submit a timely report is subject to a civil penalty.

The Act amends a number of provisions in Iowa Code chapter 452A, subchapter I, including Iowa Code section 452A.3, by extending the promotional excise tax rates for both ethanol blended gasoline and biodiesel blended fuel to July 1, 2030. The threshold classification for biodiesel blended fuel is increased to B-20 beginning July 1, 2024. The Act also amends related provisions to no longer require a licensed blender to apply for a refund for an overpayment amount. Instead, the gallonage of gasoline or diesel fuel withdrawn from a terminal by a supplier for purchase by a blender licensed by DOR is subject to a deduction on ethanol blended gasoline or biodiesel blended gasoline after it is blended to meet its classification threshold. This provision is eliminated July 1, 2030. Beginning January 1, 2023, the amount of the refund of sales and use taxes entitled to be claimed by a biodiesel producer is increased to 4 cents per gallon per quarter of each calendar year up to the 25 million gallonage limit.

*RENEWABLE FUEL PROMOTION PROGRAMS — INCOME TAX CREDITS FOR RETAIL DEALERS.* DOR administers three renewable income tax credit programs established under Iowa Code sections 422.11O, 422.11P, 422.11Y, and 422.33, including the E-85 Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, the E-15 Plus Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, and the Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit. For each program, the amount of the tax credit is calculated by multiplying the number of gallons of the applicable renewable fuel that meets a threshold classification sold at the retail site and reported to DOR during the prior determination period by a designated rate. The Act changes the threshold classifications and designated rates for two of the programs beginning January 1, 2023. The rate for the Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit increases based on threshold classification steps, including the first step of 5 cents for B-11 and higher up to but not including B-20; the second step of 7 cents for B-20 and higher up to but not including B-30; and the third step of 10 cents for B-30 and higher. However, the rates for the last two threshold steps do not qualify for the tax credit until standards for those classifications are established by DALs. For the E-15 Plus Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, the Act replaces threshold steps based on seasonal sales with a flat rate of 9 cents. The Act extends the period before the promotional tax credits expire. For the E-85 Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, the extended date is January 1, 2028; for the Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit, the extended date is January 1, 2028; and for the E-15 Plus Gasoline Tax Credit, the extended date is January 1, 2026.

*PROMOTION OF RENEWABLE FUEL AT RETAIL SITES — FINANCING RETAIL SITE INFRASTRUCTURE.* The Act amends provisions in Iowa Code section 159A.14 and related provisions in Iowa Code chapter 159A, subchapter III, which establish financing programs to support the increased use of renewable fuel, including the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Program for Retail Motor Fuel Sites administered by DALs in cooperation with the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Board (infrastructure board). Under the program, DALs enters into a financing agreement with a retail dealer who applies to receive an award of standard financial incentives to pay a percentage of the costs associated with improving a retail site by installing, replacing, or converting infrastructure used to store and dispense ethanol or ethanol blended gasoline (ethanol infrastructure) or biodiesel or biodiesel blended fuel (biodiesel infrastructure). The Act provides that the Underground Storage Tank Fund Board no longer evaluates retail dealer applications. The Act provides that the ethanol infrastructure must be capable of storing and dispensing E-85 and the biodiesel infrastructure must be capable of storing and dispensing B-20. For the term of the agreement, the ethanol infrastructure must be used to dispense E-15 or higher or B-5 or higher. The Act

requires the infrastructure board to establish a system to rank applications to improve a retail site by installing, replacing, or converting ethanol infrastructure according to priority order based on two criteria, including whether the retail dealer has been assigned special status and the retail site's tier designation. First priority is provided to a retail dealer assigned special status, and the award is to finance the improvement of a tier I site; second priority is provided to a retail dealer regardless of whether the retail dealer has been assigned priority status, if the award is to finance the improvement of a tier I site; third priority is provided to a retail dealer regardless of whether the retail dealer has been assigned priority status, if the award is to finance the improvement of a tier II site; and fourth priority is provided to any remaining retail dealer, if the award is to finance the improvement of a tier III site. A retail dealer is assigned special status if the retail dealer does not comply with the E-15 Access Standard and is ineligible to be issued a class 2 E-15 incompatible infrastructure waiver order. The tier designation is based on the number of retail sites owned and operated by the retail dealer and the retail site's average total gasoline gallonage for the qualifying phase that includes the three calendar years immediately prior to the year that the retail dealer submitted the application. DALs may request that DOR provide information regarding retail sales of gasoline reported to it by retail dealers and any such information received by DALs is a confidential record. The amount of financial incentive awarded to improve a retail site equals a percentage of the actual cost of making the improvement or a dollar amount, whichever is less. A tier I retail site is eligible to receive 90 percent or \$63,900, a tier II retail site is eligible to receive 75 percent or \$53,250, and a tier III retail site is eligible to receive 70 percent or \$50,000. The amount of standard financial incentives awarded to improve a retail site by installing, replacing, or converting biodiesel infrastructure is 70 percent or \$50,000.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2380 - Acreage Limitations for Hemp Production**

BY COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. This Act amends Iowa Code chapter 204, the Iowa Hemp Act (IHA), which in part requires the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) to regulate the production of hemp. Hemp is defined as a species of cannabis (*sativa* L.) having a maximum concentration of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol that does not exceed three-tenths of 1 percent on a dry weight basis. The IHA must comply with the relevant provisions of the federal Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 (Pub. L. No. 115-334), which allows states and tribes to assume primary regulatory authority over the production of hemp. DALs is required to establish and administer a process to issue and renew one-year hemp licenses to qualified producers. License and inspection fees are established by rules adopted by DALs for each 12-month period based on the costs of administering and enforcing the IHA, which may be based on the size of a licensed crop site. Two compatible maximum acreage limits apply to a single crop site or for all crop sites used to produce hemp by a qualified producer issued a license or licenses by DALs. The Act increases these maximum limits from 40 to 320 acres.

The Act took effect April 21, 2022.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2581 - Regulation of Agriculture, Agricultural Programs, and Motor Fuels**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act provides for programs and regulations administered and enforced by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs).

*CHOOSE IOWA PROMOTIONAL PROGRAM.* The Act enacts new Iowa Code sections 159.26 through 159A.31A as a new part of Iowa Code chapter 159, subchapter II. The new Iowa Code sections require DALs to establish and administer a Choose Iowa Promotional Program (Choose Iowa program) with the stated purpose of providing consumers a choice to purchase a food item originating as an agricultural commodity produced on an Iowa farm. A food item includes an unprocessed commodity or a product processed in this state, if any of its ingredients originate as an agricultural commodity produced on an Iowa farm. As part of the Choose Iowa program, DALs may establish a Choose Iowa Logo (logo). DALs may register the logo for legal protection as a mark with the Secretary of State, a trademark with the United States Patent and Trademark Office, or a copyright with the United States Copyright Office. DALs may enter into a licensing agreement with a person who applies to use the logo for a fee. A Choose Iowa Fund (fund) is established, which includes fees paid by applicants for a logo and moneys appropriated by the General Assembly. The fund must be used to finance the Choose Iowa program.

*PESTICIDE REGULATION.* The Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 206, the "Pesticide Act of Iowa," which in part regulates the sale and use of pesticides. Before selling or offering for sale any pesticide for use in this state, a person must register each brand and grade of that pesticide with DALs. Previously, the amount of a

registration fee was based on a percentage of gross sales of that brand or grade sold by the registrant in Iowa with a minimum of \$250 and a maximum of \$3,000. The Act replaces that method of calculating and assessing the amount of the registration fee with a flat amount of \$300. The Act also changes the terminology used to refer to a prohibited act committed by a commercial or private applicator from a violation to an offense.

*REGULATION OF MOTOR FUELS.* The Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 214A that authorize DALS to regulate types of motor fuel advertised for sale and sold at a retail motor fuel site (site) owned or operated by a retail dealer. Types of regulated motor fuel include gasoline, diesel fuel, and kerosene. DALS's regulations provide for the content of certain biofuel components in renewable fuel, including ethanol or biobutanol in gasoline or biodiesel in diesel fuel.

*MOTOR FUEL — TERMINOLOGY.* The Act changes the defined term "A.S.T.M. international" to "ASTM international," which refers to a globally recognized nonprofit organization establishing specifications for types of motor fuel. The Act changes the definition of "E-85 gasoline" by revising the required range of its ethanol content from between 70 and 85 percent to between 68 and 83 percent, and excludes any denaturant. The Act also amends the definition of "biodiesel" by describing its manufacturing process. The Act amends provisions authorizing DALS to establish standards applicable to types of motor fuel and its components based on ASTM international specifications and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations. The Act provides that DALS may base its standards in whole or in part on current or future ASTM international specifications. Certain terms used to describe the regulation of types of motor fuel are changed to be consistent throughout the Iowa Code, including "requirements," "classification," and "motor fuel dispenser."

*MOTOR FUEL — STANDARDS AND CLASSIFICATIONS — DALS.* The Act changes the minimum octane number for premium grade gasoline from 90 to 91. The Act eliminates a requirement that EPA must issue a waiver for ethanol blended gasoline sold and dispensed during summer months. The Act authorizes DALS standards to be based in whole or in part on current or successor ASTM specifications. The Act also changes the classifications of certain types of motor fuel and its components by increasing the minimum percentage of biodiesel in biodiesel blended fuel from B-1 to B-5 and adding additional classifications for ethanol (E-100), biobutanol (Bu-100), and biodiesel (B-100).

*MOTOR FUEL — ADVERTISING.* The Act replaces a provision that prohibited a person from falsely advertising that a motor fuel was or was not a renewable fuel with a provision that prohibits a person from falsely advertising the classification of a renewable fuel. The Act eliminates a requirement that a motor fuel dispenser be affixed with a label that identifies dispensed motor fuel as ethanol blended gasoline classified within a range from E-10 to E-15 or that identifies dispersed diesel fuel as biodiesel blended fuel.

*MOTOR FUEL — APPLICABLE PENALTIES.* A person who violates a provision of Iowa Code chapter 214A is guilty of a serious misdemeanor. A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine. Instead of seeking a criminal penalty, the state may initiate a substitute civil enforcement action as an administrative action or judicial proceeding.

*IOWA SHEEP AND WOOL PROMOTION BOARD.* The Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 182 establishing the Iowa Sheep and Wool Promotion Board (board), whose membership is composed of sheep producers who are elected for three-year terms by producers to administer moneys collected from an assessment imposed on wool and sheep. The Act eliminates a requirement that each member must reside in a different official crop reporting district (district), as published by the United States Department of Agriculture. The Act also eliminates a provision restricting a member from serving for more than two consecutive terms and instead allows the board to set a term limit. The Act replaces a procedure requiring the board to appoint a nominating committee in each district with a process that allows the board to nominate candidates or accept nominations by petition.

*LOCAL FOOD AND FARM PROGRAM.* The Act amends provisions in Iowa Code chapter 267A by replacing the membership of the Local Food and Farm Program Council (council), which advises the Local Food and Farm Program Coordinator (coordinator) in administering the Local Food and Farm Program (food and farm program) to improve (1) communication and cooperation between and among farmers, food entrepreneurs, and consumers; and (2) coordination among government agencies, public universities and community colleges, organizations, and

---

private-sector firms working on local food and farm-related issues. The Act expands the food and farm program by allowing the coordinator in consultation with the council to fund projects that demonstrate the value of processing, distributing, and marketing local foods.

The council's current membership includes the Secretary of Agriculture (secretary) or a designee; a member appointed by the Iowa Farmers Union and a member appointed by the Iowa Farmers Market Association; and three members appointed by the Governor, including a person associated with a resource conservation and development office, a person actively engaged in the production, processing, and distribution of food products, and a person representing the Regional Food Systems Working Group. The Act provides that the secretary or secretary's designee remains on the council but other members are replaced by persons appointed by the secretary. The new membership must include four farmers engaged in producing agricultural commodities; two managers of processing firms; a manager of a distributor involved in the sale of food products to food establishments on a wholesale basis; three managers of food establishments engaged in the retail sale of food products; two heads of local or regional community organizations interested in providing food services; an attorney practicing agricultural or food law; and an employee of a government entity interested in nutrition programs.



## ALCOHOL REGULATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE

- SENATE FILE 2374** - Regulation of Food and Beverages — Alcoholic Beverage Control and Restaurant Food Delivery
- HOUSE FILE 2340** - Public Safety Nuisances — Licensed Premises
- HOUSE FILE 2462** - Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession With Intent To Manufacture or Deliver Heroin — Penalties

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2378** - Regulation, Redemption, and Disposal of Beverage Containers  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to Iowa's Bottle Bill. The Act includes high alcoholic content beer and canned cocktails in the definition of "beverage." The Act, as amended by 2022 Iowa Acts, House File 2589 (see Appropriations), authorizes a distributor who pays a handling fee for a beverage container that was sold for consumption off the premises and that used to contain beer, including high alcoholic content beer, to claim a refund of the barrel tax paid by the distributor in the amount of 1 cent for each such beverage container accepted by the distributor. The Department of Revenue (DOR) shall prescribe forms for a distributor to use to claim a refund and identifying information collected by DOR that can be used to identify a specific distributor shall be considered confidential information. These provisions of the Act take effect January 1, 2023.
- SENATE FILE 2385** - Appropriations — Administration and Regulation  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act requires the Department of Commerce to transfer \$1 million from the Beer and Liquor Control Fund to the Iowa Department of Public Health and prohibits the Treasurer of State from transferring amounts received for Sunday sales of alcoholic beverages collected from July 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022, to the Department of Public Health. The amount collected from Sunday sales from July 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022, shall be credited to the Beer and Liquor Control Fund.
- HOUSE FILE 2201** - Controlled Substances — Scheduled Substances — Prescription Monitoring Program  
***SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.*** This Act makes changes to controlled substance schedules I, II, IV, and V in Iowa's Uniform Controlled Substances Act and to the precursor substances reporting requirement to conform to the specific chemical designations of the substances contained in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), parts 1300, 1308, and 1310. This provision of the Act took effect May 2, 2022.
- HOUSE FILE 2367** - Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator and Advisory Council  
***SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.*** This Act makes terminology changes used to describe the duties of the Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator. "Narcotics enforcement" is changed to "drug enforcement," and "substance abuse" is changed to "substance use disorder" when referring to treatment programs and professionals.

The Act increases the number of members of the Iowa Drug Policy Advisory Council from 15 to 17. The additional members, to be appointed by the Governor, are the State Public Defender, or designee, and a police chief. The titles of certain current members of the Advisory Council are changed to more accurately describe the stakeholders.





## ALCOHOL REGULATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE

### **SENATE FILE 2374 - Regulation of Food and Beverages — Alcoholic Beverage Control and Restaurant Food Delivery**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to alcoholic beverage control and restaurant food delivery. The Act is organized by divisions. Divisions I, II, III, IV, and VI concern alcoholic beverage control and Division V concerns restaurant food delivery.

#### Division I — Retail Alcohol Licenses

Iowa Code section 123.30, establishing liquor control licenses, is stricken and rewritten. The Act replaces liquor control licenses with retail alcohol licenses and modifies the classes within the new category of retail alcohol licenses. The prior class “A” liquor control license and class “D” liquor control license are reclassified as class “F” and class “D” retail alcohol license, respectively. The prior class “B” liquor control license that could be issued to a hotel or motel is eliminated. Instead, the Act establishes a new class “B” retail alcohol license and special class “B” retail alcohol license. The new class “B” retail alcohol license allows the holder to purchase wine from a class “A” wine permittee and beer from a class “A” beer permittee and to sell wine and beer in original unopened containers at retail to patrons for consumption off the licensed premises. A holder of the new class “B” retail alcohol license is authorized to sell wine and beer in limited quantities to class “C,” special class “C,” class “D,” and class “F” retail alcohol licensees for resale for consumption on the premises. This new license combines, in part, the authority granted under the prior class “C” beer permit for beer and the former class “B” wine permit for wine. The new special class “B” retail native wine license is similar to the former class “B” native wine permit and authorizes the holder to purchase wine from a native winery holding a class “A” wine permit and to sell native wine at retail only for consumption off the licensed premises. The prior class “C,” special class “C,” and class “E” liquor control licenses are reclassified as class “C,” special class “C,” and class “E” retail alcohol licenses, respectively. The prior special class “C” native distilled spirits liquor control license is repealed. A class “E” retail alcohol licensee may purchase wine and beer from a class “A” wine or beer permittee, respectively. A class “E” retail alcohol licensee is authorized to sell wine and beer in unopened containers at retail, and to sell alcoholic liquor and high alcoholic content beer at wholesale. A holder of a class “E” retail alcohol license is authorized to sell wine and beer in limited quantities to class “C,” special class “C,” class “D,” and class “F” retail alcohol licensees for resale for consumption on the premises.

Iowa Code section 123.31, providing for liquor control license applications, is stricken and rewritten. Existing application requirements for liquor control licenses apply to retail alcohol licenses established by the Act. In addition, requirements for issuance of a prior class “B” beer permit, class “C” beer permit, and retail wine permit generally apply to issuance of a retail alcohol license.

New Iowa Code section 123.31A authorizes a holder of a new class “B,” class “C,” special class “C,” and class “E” retail alcohol license to include sales of beer or wine in other than the original container, which is similar to former class “B” wine permits and class “B” and class “C” beer permits. A holder of a new class “C” or special class “C” retail alcohol license cannot sell beer or wine to other retail alcohol license holders. The Act also prohibits a holder of any retail alcohol permit from selling wine, except wine purchased from a person holding a class “A” permit or native wine manufacturer.

New Iowa Code section 123.31B grants authority through a new special class “B” retail native wine license that is similar to the authority granted through a prior class “B” native wine permit.

The prior class “B” and class “C” beer permits and the prior class “B” wine, class “B” native wine, and class “C” native wine permits are repealed.

This division takes effect January 1, 2023.

### Division II — Alcoholic Beverage Control Fees

This division concerns fees for the new retail alcohol licenses and fees for other licenses and permits in Iowa Code chapter 123 (Alcoholic Beverage Control).

Iowa Code section 123.23, concerning the distiller's certificate of compliance, is amended to increase the annual fee for the certificate from \$50 to \$200.

Iowa Code section 123.36, concerning liquor control license fees, is stricken and rewritten and made applicable to the new retail alcohol licenses. The prior fees for a class "A" liquor control license are made applicable to the new class "F" retail alcohol license. The prior fees for a class "B" liquor control license are repealed. Instead, the Act establishes fees for the new class "B" retail alcohol license based on the population of the city where the premises are located as well as the square footage of the licensed premises. The fee for the new special class "B" native wine license is \$125, an increase from the fee for a prior class "B" native wine permit of \$25. The fees for the new class "C" and special class "C" retail alcohol license are modified from the prior fees for class "C" liquor control licenses. The new fees increase the population thresholds for increased fees for both the new class "C" and special class "C" licenses and reduce the fees for the class "C" retail alcohol license by \$50 over the prior fees for a class "C" liquor control license. The new class "D" retail alcohol license fee remains the same as the fee for the prior class "D" liquor control license. The Act establishes the fee for the new class "E" retail alcohol license based on the population of the city where the premises is located as well as the square footage of the licensed premises. The fee for the repealed class "E" liquor control license was based only on the population of the city where the premises are located. Prior provisions in Iowa Code section 123.36 crediting liquor control license fees to the Beer and Liquor Control Fund apply to the new retail alcohol license fees, excluding the new special class "B" retail alcohol licenses. Prior provisions imposing fee surcharges also apply to the new retail alcohol license fees, excluding the new class "B" and special class "B" retail alcohol licenses.

The Act decreases the annual fee for a manufacturer's license from \$350 to \$300, and decreases the annual fee for a class "A" native distilled spirits license from \$500 to \$300.

The Act keeps the annual permit fee for a class "A" beer permit at \$750, reduces the annual permit fee for a special class "A" beer permit from \$750 to \$300, and sets the annual fee for a class "A" beer permit for a native brewery at \$300. Fees for class "B" and class "C" beer permits are stricken as those permits are repealed by the Act.

The Act reduces the annual fee for a brewer's certificate of compliance from \$500 to \$200.

The Act keeps the annual permit fee for a class "A" wine permit that is not issued to a native wine manufacturer at \$750, increases the annual permit fee for a class "A" wine permit issued to a native wine manufacturer from \$25 to \$100, and sets the annual fee for a charity beer, spirits, and wine special event license, created in the Act, at \$100. Fees for class "B" wine permits and class "B" and class "C" native wine permits are stricken as those permits are repealed by the Act. The prior fees for charity wine auctions and charity wine event permits are stricken as those permits are repealed by the Act and combined in the new charity beer, spirits, and wine special event license created by the Act.

Finally, the Act increases the annual fee for a vintner's certificate of compliance from \$150 to \$200.

The division takes effect January 1, 2023.

### Division III — Alcoholic Beverage Control

This division makes conforming changes to Iowa Code chapter 123 relative to the creation of the new retail alcohol licenses and the elimination of certain native distilled spirits, beer, and wine permits in the Act. The Act also eliminates the requirement to obtain a special privilege to sell alcoholic beverages on Sunday and allows sales or other activities relating to alcoholic beverages on Sunday to the same extent as they are allowed on any other day.

Iowa Code section 123.3 (Definitions) is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses. The Act strikes definitions for “retail beer permit” and “retail wine permit” as those permits are repealed by the Act and creates a new “retail alcohol license” definition reflecting the classes of licenses included within this new license.

The definition of “canned cocktails” is amended by lowering the minimum percent of alcohol by volume for a canned cocktail from 6.25 percent to one-half of 1 percent. The definition of “high alcoholic content beer” is also amended to provide that high alcoholic content beer may contain up to 19 percent of alcohol by volume instead of the prior 15 percent.

Iowa Code section 123.34, concerning seasonal licenses and permits, is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses and to allow seasonal and shortened licenses for new class “C,” special class “C,” class “D,” and class “F” retail alcohol licensees. The Act eliminates the six-month seasonal license or permit and provides that the fee for an eight-month seasonal license shall be 50 percent of the license fee for that class of license instead of a proportional share of that fee.

New Iowa Code section 123.35 includes the provision from prior Iowa Code section 123.34 providing for the expiration of licenses, permits, and certificates of compliance but does not include the requirement that the Alcoholic Beverages Division (ABD) notify the holder prior to expiration. Unless prohibited by another statute, the Act authorizes the automatic renewal of a class “E” retail alcohol license, a distiller’s, vintner’s, or brewer’s certificate of compliance, and a wine direct shipper’s permit. The applicable license, certificate, or permit may be renewed without approval by the ABD administrator and without endorsement of any applicable local authority upon collection of the annual fee for that license, certificate, or permit by ABD, provided certain conditions are met since the preceding license, certificate, or permit was issued. The Act authorizes the automatic renewal of a license, certificate, or permit if, in the preceding year, the license, certificate, or permit was not suspended or revoked, a civil penalty was not imposed, an administrative proceeding to suspend or revoke the license, certificate, or permit or to impose a civil penalty is not pending, all required payments to ABD were made, and the licensee, certificate holder, or permittee, and all persons associated with the licensee, certificate holder, or permittee as described in Iowa Code section 123.3(40)(e), have not been convicted of a violation of Iowa Code chapter 123. In addition, for renewal of a class “E” retail alcohol license, the licensed premises shall constitute a safe and proper place and building that complies with all applicable building-related regulations.

Iowa Code section 123.43A (Native Distilleries) is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses in the Act. The Act prohibits a native distillery, regardless of the quantity of native distilled spirits the distillery produces, from selling more than 9 liters of native distilled spirits per person per day on the premises of the native distillery and from applying for more than two class “C” retail alcohol licenses. Under prior law, a native distillery that produces and manufactures more than 100,000 proof gallons of native distilled spirits on an annual basis could sell no more than 1.5 liters per person per day and was not authorized to apply for a class “C” native distilled spirits liquor control license. A holder of a class “C” retail alcohol license under the Act may sell alcoholic liquor, wine, and beer while a holder of the prior class “C” native distilled spirits liquor control licenses could only sell native distilled spirits and mixed drinks or cocktails.

Iowa Code section 123.46A, concerning delivery of alcoholic beverages by retailers, is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses in the Act and provides that deliveries must occur on the same day the order for delivery of alcoholic beverages is removed from the licensed premises of the retailer.

Iowa Code sections 123.49 (Miscellaneous Prohibitions) and 123.50 (Criminal and Civil Penalties) are amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses created in the Act and the fact that the authority to sell at retail is granted only to retail alcohol licensees and not permittees.

Iowa Code section 123.92, the Dramshop Act, is amended to provide that every retail alcohol licensee, except a class “B,” special class “B,” or class “E” retail alcohol licensee, shall furnish proof of financial responsibility by the existence of a liability insurance policy. Under prior law, every liquor control licensee, class “B” beer permittee, and class “C” native wine permittee, except a class “E” liquor control licensee, was required to furnish proof of financial responsibility.

Iowa Code section 123.130, concerning authority under class “A” beer permits, is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses in the Act. The Act also provides that a native brewery may be granted not more than two class “C” retail alcohol licenses instead of two class “B” permits, which permits are repealed by the Act.

Iowa Code section 123.138, concerning keg identification stickers, is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses and provides for a keg identification label instead of a sticker. In addition, the Act strikes provisions concerning the forfeiture and remittance of deposits relating to defacing the keg identification label.

Iowa Code section 123.143, concerning distribution of funds, strikes the provision directing where retail beer permit fees shall be distributed as those permits are repealed by the Act. The Act provides that all other beer permit fees shall accrue to the Beer and Liquor Control Fund.

Iowa Code section 123.173A (Charity Beer, Spirits, and Wine Auction Permit) and Iowa Code section 123.173B (Charity Beer, Spirits, And Wine Event Permit) are stricken and replaced with a combined charity beer, spirits, and wine special event license, allowing the license holder to conduct a charity auction, charity event, or a combined charity auction and charity event in a similar manner as is allowed under prior law for the two separate permits. The Act only allows one charity auction, charity event, or combined charity auction and charity event to be conducted during the period of the license and limits a person to no more than two special event licenses in a calendar year.

Iowa Code section 123.176 (Native Wines) is amended to reflect the new retail alcohol licenses in the Act. The Act also provides that a manufacturer of native wines may be granted not more than two class “C” retail alcohol licenses instead of two class “C” native wine permits, which permits are repealed by the Act. A holder of a class “C” retail alcohol license under the Act is granted the authority to sell wine and beer.

Iowa Code section 123.187, concerning the wine direct shipper permit, is amended to remove the requirement that an application for the permit be accompanied by a bond if not otherwise required to submit a bond as a wine manufacturer.

The Act amends Iowa Code sections that referred and applied to former permits and licenses that are replaced by the Act.

The division takes effect January 1, 2023.

#### Division IV — Conforming Changes

This division makes conforming changes to Iowa Code chapters 7D, 12, and 99B, relative to the creation of the new retail alcohol licenses and the elimination of certain native distilled spirits, beer, and wine permits in the Act.

Iowa Code section 137F.1, defining food establishments for purposes of licensure, is amended to provide that a food establishment does not include only a premises covered by a class “A” wine permit.

The division takes effect January 1, 2023.

#### Division VI — Transition Provisions

This division provides that any license or permit issued by ABD that is repealed, merged, or altered in the Act and in effect on January 1, 2023, shall continue in full force and effect with the authority granted by that license or permit until expiration or renewal. ABD is authorized to adopt alternative procedures to issue any license or permit that is repealed, merged, or altered in the Act that is issued on or after June 7, 2022, but before January 1, 2023. The alternative procedures shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of the Act governing the issuance of licenses or permits on or after January 1, 2023.

The division took effect June 7, 2022.

### Division V — Restaurant Food Delivery

This division relates to the delivery of restaurant food pursuant to a third-party food delivery service.

The Act creates a new Iowa Code chapter governing restaurant food delivery. The Act defines “food delivery platform” or “platform” as a business that is a third-party intermediary for a restaurant by delivering or otherwise managing pickup orders placed directly with, and fulfilled by, a restaurant.

The Act prohibits a food delivery platform from acting without a restaurant’s consent, including from using a restaurant’s likeness to suggest a false endorsement or sponsorship by the restaurant, managing the delivery or pickup of orders from a restaurant, modifying the restaurant’s prices, and charging a restaurant for the platform’s services. The Act also requires a food delivery platform to provide consumers with a mechanism to express concerns regarding the platform, and to remove a restaurant from a platform’s services upon request by the restaurant.

The Act requires agreements between food delivery platforms and restaurants to include certain terms to provide for clear delineation of costs, fees, and delivery management, and prohibits language to require a restaurant to indemnify a food delivery platform for damages or harm caused by the food delivery platform.

The Act provides that agreements in violation of the new Iowa Code chapter are void and unenforceable and the aggrieved restaurant or the Attorney General may bring a civil action and an action to enjoin the food delivery platform from further activity. The platform is subject to civil penalties that are specified in the Act.

The Act further requires a food delivery platform to transport food in accordance with food safety provisions, including maintaining the food for delivery at a holding temperature necessary to prevent spoilage, transporting the food in tamper-resistant and sealed containers, and refraining from carrying passengers, smoking, or vaping in the vehicle. The Act provides that a food delivery platform that fails to meet the requirements established by the new Iowa Code chapter is liable to the restaurant for related injuries or harm.

### **HOUSE FILE 2340 - Public Safety Nuisances — Licensed Premises**

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act establishes a public safety nuisance under Iowa Code chapter 123 relating to alcoholic beverage control and provides for the abatement of such a nuisance.

The Act provides that a public safety nuisance exists when clear and convincing evidence establishes that an owner, manager, employee, contemporaneous patron, or guest of the licensed premises unlawfully discharges a firearm or uses an offensive weapon, assaults another person with a dangerous weapon, or engages in a riot on at least three separate days within any 12-month period on the premises or on any parking lots, areas, or public rights-of-way adjacent to the premises. The Act provides that a licensed premises means a premises where alcoholic beverages are sold and where the serving of food is incidental to the consumption of alcoholic beverages on the premises.

The Act provides that if the county attorney or city attorney where a licensed premises is located believes a public safety nuisance exists, the county attorney or city attorney may file a suit in equity in district court without bond seeking abatement of the public safety nuisance. Upon filing such a suit, the administrator of the Alcoholic Beverages Division of the Department of Commerce shall issue an order reducing the hours during which alcoholic beverages may be sold or consumed at retail.

The Act provides that if the district court finds that a public safety nuisance exists, the court may enter judgment declaring the existence of the nuisance and order such remedial action as the court determines reasonable to abate the nuisance.

### **HOUSE FILE 2462 - Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession With Intent To Manufacture or Deliver Heroin — Penalties**

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act increases the penalties associated with the manufacture, delivery, or possession with the intent to manufacture or deliver heroin.

The Act provides that manufacturing, delivering, or possessing with the intent to manufacture or deliver more than 100 grams of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin is a class “B” felony and, notwithstanding Iowa Code section 902.9(1) (a class “B” felon shall be confined for no more than 25 years), is punishable by confinement for no more than 50 years and a fine of not more than \$1 million; more than 5 grams but not more than 100 grams of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin is a class “B” felony and is punishable by confinement for no more than 25 years and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$100,000; and 5 grams or less of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin is a class “C” felony and is punishable by confinement for no more than 10 years and a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$50,000.

Under Iowa Code section 124.413 (Mandatory Minimum Sentence — Parole Eligibility), a person sentenced pursuant to Iowa Code section 124.401(1)(a) or (b) shall not be eligible for parole or work release until the person has served a minimum term of confinement of one-third of the maximum indeterminate sentence prescribed by law. However, a person serving a sentence pursuant to Iowa Code section 124.401(1)(b) shall be denied parole or work release, based upon all the pertinent information as determined by the court under Iowa Code section 901.11(1) (parole and work release eligibility) until the person has served between one-half of the minimum term of confinement and the maximum indeterminate sentence prescribed by law.

Under Iowa Code section 811.1 (Bail and Bail Restrictions), a person awaiting judgment of conviction and sentencing following a plea or verdict of guilty for a violation of Iowa Code section 124.401(1)(a) or (b) shall not be admitted to bail.

**APPROPRIATIONS**

- SENATE FILE 2385** - Appropriations — Administration and Regulation
- HOUSE FILE 2147** - Appropriations — U.S.S. Iowa
- HOUSE FILE 2517** - Levee Districts Governance and Funding Study — Appropriation — Nonreversion of Funds
- HOUSE FILE 2557** - Appropriations — Transportation
- HOUSE FILE 2558** - Appropriations — Judicial Branch
- HOUSE FILE 2559** - Appropriations — Justice System
- HOUSE FILE 2560** - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources
- HOUSE FILE 2564** - Appropriations — Economic Development
- HOUSE FILE 2575** - Appropriations — Education
- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services
- HOUSE FILE 2579** - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes

**RELATED LEGISLATION**

- SENATE FILE 2378** - Regulation, Redemption, and Disposal of Beverage Containers  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to Iowa’s Bottle Bill. The Act establishes a Bottle Bill Fund in the State Treasury under the control of the Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The fund shall consist of moneys collected from civil penalties and any other moneys appropriated to or deposited in the fund. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to DNR for purposes of administering and enforcing the Bottle Bill. These provisions of the Act take effect January 1, 2023.
  
- HOUSE FILE 2431** - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses  
***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act relates to home-based businesses, including home food processing establishments. The Act prohibits a person from opening or operating a home food processing establishment without first obtaining a license and paying a fee of \$50 to the Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA). The Act also imposes a \$100 civil penalty for a violation of home food processing establishment regulations. Moneys collected from license fees and civil penalties shall be deposited in a special fund in the State Treasury. Such moneys are appropriated to DIA for the purpose of administering provisions related to the regulation, licensing, and inspection of home food processing establishments.
  
- HOUSE FILE 2501** - Veterans Trust Fund — Investment and Use of Funds  
***SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.*** This Act relates to the investment and use of funds in the Veterans Trust Fund.

The Act automatically appropriates moneys to the Commission of Veterans Affairs for the purpose of providing benefits to veterans. The amount of the appropriation to the Commission of Veterans Affairs varies depending on the beginning balance of the trust fund on July 1 of the current and immediately preceding fiscal years.

- HOUSE FILE 2573** - Abatement and Response to Opioid Use — Funds — Prescriptions for and Possession and Use of Opioid Antagonists by Schools **Fiscal Analysis**  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act appropriates \$3.8 million from the Opioid Settlement Fund to the Department of Justice for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, to be used for a medication addiction treatment program administered by the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics.



## APPROPRIATIONS

### **SENATE FILE 2385 - Appropriations — Administration and Regulation**

**Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates moneys to and makes related statutory changes involving various state departments, agencies, and funds for FY 2022-2023.

#### Division I — FY 2022-2023

Division I makes appropriations to various state departments and agencies for FY 2022-2023, including the Department of Administrative Services, Auditor of State, Iowa Ethics and Campaign Disclosure Board, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Department of Commerce, offices of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy, Department of Human Rights, Department of Inspections and Appeals, Department of Management, Iowa Public Information Board, Department of Revenue, Secretary of State, Treasurer of State, and Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System.

#### Division II — Standing Appropriations — Limitations

Division II limits a standing appropriation for enforcement of Iowa Code chapter 453D relating to tobacco product manufacturers under Iowa Code section 453D.8. The appropriation for FY 2022-2023 shall not exceed \$17,525.

#### Division III — Technology Modernization Fund Appropriation — Office of the Secretary of State

Division III modifies the Technology Modernization Fund. On or after July 1, 2022, any unobligated or unencumbered moneys remaining in the fund are appropriated to the Secretary of State for purposes of modernization within the Business Services Division until the moneys are fully expended or until June 30, 2026, whichever occurs first. The division strikes language regarding moneys credited to the fund and provides that the fund is repealed July 1, 2026.

#### Division IV — Alcoholic Beverage Control Appropriations

Division IV requires the Department of Commerce to transfer \$1 million from the Beer and Liquor Control Fund to the Iowa Department of Public Health after certain other transfers occur. This provision takes effect January 1, 2023.

The division prohibits the Treasurer of State from transferring amounts received for Sunday sales of alcoholic beverages collected from July 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022, to the Department of Public Health. The amount collected from Sunday sales from July 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022, shall be credited to the Beer and Liquor Control Fund.

### **HOUSE FILE 2147 - Appropriations — U.S.S. Iowa**

**Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates moneys from the General Fund of the State and the Veterans License Fee Fund to the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) for FY 2021-2022 to provide a grant to an entity in support of the christening and commissioning of the U.S.S. Iowa (SSN 797). The Act allows the IEDA to use not more than 5 percent of the moneys appropriated for administrative costs and provides that the moneys appropriated remain available for expenditure until the close of FY 2023-2024.

The Act took effect June 13, 2022.

### **HOUSE FILE 2517 - Levee Districts Governance and Funding Study — Appropriation — Nonreversion of Funds**

**Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act provides that moneys appropriated during the 2021 Legislative Session for a governance and funding of levee districts study shall not revert but shall remain available to the Iowa Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management for expenditure for the purposes designated during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. The Act took effect June 13, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2557 - Appropriations — Transportation****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act makes appropriations from the Road Use Tax Fund (RUTF) and the Primary Road Fund (PRF) to the Department of Transportation (DOT) for FY 2022-2023 for the DOT's ongoing operations, maintenance, and infrastructure projects, including the costs associated with participation in the Mississippi River Parkway Commission, administration of the Traffic and Criminal Software Program and the Mobile Architecture and Communications Handling Program, the statewide interoperability network, and the production of transportation maps. The Act makes appropriations from the RUTF and PRF to the DOT for FY 2023-2024 and FY 2024-2025 for costs associated with upgrades to the electronic records management system. The Act allows previously appropriated moneys for replacement of the Sioux City combined facility to remain available to the DOT until the end of FY 2023-2024.

**HOUSE FILE 2558 - Appropriations — Judicial Branch****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates from the general fund of the state for FY 2022-2023 to the judicial branch for salaries, receipt and disbursement of child support payments, reimbursement of the Auditor of State, maintenance, equipment, and miscellaneous purposes; for deposit in the revolving fund created pursuant to Iowa Code section 602.1302(3) for certain purposes; and for a salary increase for state court justices, judges, and magistrates.

The Act provides that a civil trial including a jury trial may take place in a county contiguous to the county with proper jurisdiction, even if the contiguous county is located in an adjacent judicial district or judicial election district, if all the parties in a case agree. If a trial is moved to another county that is located in another judicial district or judicial election district, the judicial officers serving the judicial district or judicial election district receiving the case shall preside over the case.

The Act permits a judicial officer to waive travel reimbursement for any travel outside the judicial officer's county of residence to conduct official business.

The Act allows a judicial officer to be placed on unpaid leave for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, on any day a court employee is required to furlough. The Act provides additional details.

The Act states legislative intent that the judicial branch utilize the Iowa Communications Network or other secure electronic communications in lieu of traveling.

The Act sets forth the salary rates for certain positions in the judicial branch for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and for subsequent pay periods.

The Act provides that the Director of the Department of Management shall submit the Supreme Court's estimate of total expenditure requirements of the judicial branch to the Governor for inclusion in the Governor's proposed budget for the succeeding fiscal year. The Act removes the requirement that the Governor include the estimate unchanged in the Governor's budget. The estimate shall also be submitted to the chairpersons of the committees on appropriations.

The Act requires the court administrator to provide the General Assembly with a copy of each actuarial valuation and annual actuarial update.

**THE GOVERNOR ITEM VETOED THE FOLLOWING:**

1. A provision that allowed no more than half of the commissioners of a district judicial nominating committee to be of the same gender.
2. A provision that required the judge of longest service in the judicial district to serve on the judicial nominating commission, and required the commissioners of the judicial nominating commission to elect a chairperson from among the members to serve a two-year term.

**HOUSE FILE 2559 - Appropriations — Justice System****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations to the justice system, amends provisions relating to indigent defense compensation, and expands the authorized use of moneys in the Public Safety Equipment Fund.

Division I — FY 2022-2023 Appropriations

The Act makes appropriations from the General Fund of the State for FY 2022-2023 to the departments of Justice, Corrections, Public Defense, Public Safety, and Homeland Security and Emergency Management, and the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy, Office of the State Public Defender, Board of Parole, Iowa State Civil Rights Commission, and the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division of the Department of Human Rights.

The Act appropriates moneys from the Department of Commerce Revolving Fund for FY 2022-2023 to the Office of Consumer Advocate of the Department of Justice.

The Act appropriates moneys from the Gaming Enforcement Revolving Fund for FY 2022-2023 to the Department of Public Safety.

The Act appropriates moneys from the 911 Emergency Communications Fund for FY 2022-2023 to the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management.

The Act appropriates moneys from the Consumer Education and Litigation Fund for FY 2022-2023 to the Department of Justice for farm mediation services and salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes for criminal prosecutions, criminal appeals, and performing certain duties.

Division II — Indigent Defense

The Act increases the hourly rates for court-appointed counsel by \$2 per hour and provides that for appointments made on or after July 1, 2022, the reasonable compensation shall be calculated on the basis of \$78 per hour for class “A” felonies, \$73 per hour for class “B” felonies, and \$68 per hour for all other cases.

Division III — Department of Public Safety

The Act amends the manner that moneys in the Public Safety Equipment Fund may be utilized to include installation and licensing costs. The department is authorized to designate moneys in the fund for the future purchase, maintenance, and replacement of equipment used by the department, including any installation and licensing costs.

**HOUSE FILE 2560 - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to agriculture, natural resources, and environmental protection by making appropriations for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities, and making changes to the Iowa Code. Specifically, the Act appropriates moneys to the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs), the Department of Natural Resources (DNR), and two entities under the control of the State Board of Regents, including Iowa State University of Science and Technology (ISU) and the State University of Iowa (UI). The Act makes appropriations based on the type of funding source and purpose of the appropriation. A funding source includes a major source that supports more than one entity or purpose and includes moneys from a number of revenue streams. This includes the General Fund of the State (GF) and the Environment First Fund (EFF). A funding source also includes a minor source that often supports a single entity or includes moneys from a dedicated fund established to further a specific purpose, such as the Special Snowmobile Fund, or that appropriates moneys that are otherwise capable of being segregated (e.g., unclaimed winnings retained by racetracks). Finally, the Act makes changes to the Iowa Code eliminating housing in state parks provided to DNR employees.

Division I — DALS — General, Designated, and Special Appropriations from a Major Source (GF) and Various Minor Sources — General and Specific Purposes

*GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF).* The Act makes general appropriations from the GF to DALS for purposes of supporting its administrative units, including those regulating or promoting consumer protection and industry services, soil conservation and water quality, food safety, and animal health. Moneys are also transferred to ISU for purposes of supporting its Midwest Grape and Wine Industry Institute.

*DESIGNATED APPROPRIATIONS FROM VARIOUS MINOR SOURCES.* The Act makes designated appropriations to DALS from various minor sources, which include moneys derived from unclaimed winnings paid from horse and dog races for the administration and enforcement of racing regulations and moneys credited to the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund for purposes of supporting motor fuel inspection.

*SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF).* The Act makes special appropriations from the GF to DALS in order to provide for milk inspection; for purposes of supporting the Local Food and Farm Program; to promote agricultural education; for deposit in the Foreign Animal Disease Preparation and Response Fund for purposes of supporting a Foreign Animal Disease Preparedness and Response Strategy; for purposes of supporting farmers with disabilities; for the regulation of grain dealers selling grain and warehouse operators storing grain and other agricultural products; and for purposes of supporting the Value Added Agricultural Grant Program. The Act also requires DALS to deposit appropriated moneys into the Loess Hills Development and Conservation Fund for use by the Loess Hills Development and Conservation Authority and the Southern Iowa Development and Conservation Fund for use by the Southern Iowa Development and Conservation Authority.

Division II — DNR — General, Designated, and Special Appropriations from Various Major and Minor Sources — General and Specific Purposes

The Act makes a general appropriation from the GF to DNR for purposes of supporting its administrative divisions regulating and promoting natural resources and environmental protection. It also makes general appropriations to DNR from two other major sources, including the State Fish and Game Protection Fund and the Groundwater Protection Fund, to the extent that moneys are not otherwise statutorily allocated.

*SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS FROM A MAJOR SOURCE (GF).* The Act makes a special appropriation from the GF to DNR for purposes of supporting floodplain management and dam safety programs, forestry health management programs, and state park operations.

*DESIGNATED APPROPRIATIONS FROM SEVERAL MINOR SOURCES.* The Act makes designated appropriations to DNR from several minor sources, including the Special Snowmobile Fund to administer and enforce state snowmobile programs and the Unassigned Revenue Fund for purposes of supporting administration of DNR's Underground Storage Tanks Section.

Division III — ISU — Special Appropriations from a Major Source (GF) — Specific Purpose (Animal Health)

The Act makes a special appropriation from the GF to ISU for purposes of supporting the operation of the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory by ISU's College of Veterinary Medicine. ISU is prohibited from reducing the amount that it allocated for purposes of supporting the college from any other source. The Act also appropriates moneys from the GF for deposit in the Livestock Disease Research Fund.

Division IV — UI — Special Appropriations from a Major Source (GF) — Specific Purpose (Agricultural Safety and Health)

The Act makes a special appropriation from the GF to UI for purposes of supporting the operations of Iowa's Center for Agricultural Safety and Health, which is part of UI's College of Public Health. UI is required to use the appropriation, in cooperation with DALS, for purposes of anticipating, recognizing, and preventing occupational illness and injury among members of the agricultural community. The appropriation is conditional on the retention of the center's director.

Division V — DALS, DNR, and UI — Special Appropriations from a Major Source (EFF) — Specific Purposes (Soil and Water Conservation, Air and Water Quality Regulation, and Safety Programs)

The Act makes special appropriations from the EFF to DALS, DNR, and UI for purposes of supporting a number of programs. For DALS, its appropriation is to support soil and water conservation and water quality, watershed protection, and nutrient management. Moneys are transferred to the Hungry Canyons Account of the Loess Hills Development and Conservation Fund. For DNR, its appropriation is to support parks, geographic information systems, water quality monitoring, public water supplies, regulation of animal feeding operations, air quality, and floodplain management and dam safety. For UI, its appropriation is to support the operations of the Iowa Geological Survey; to measure, assess, and evaluate water quantity sources; and to assist DNR in regulating water quantity.

Division VI — DALS — Special Appropriation from a Major Source (EFF) — Specific Purpose (Water Quality Initiative)

The Act makes a special appropriation from the EFF for deposit in the Water Quality Initiative Fund administered by DALS for purposes of supporting the Water Quality Initiative. This includes projects in watersheds, including high-priority watersheds identified by the Water Resources Coordinating Council. Specifically, appropriations must be used to implement demonstration projects, conduct evaluations, provide education and outreach, and implement soil and water conservation practices on a cost-share basis in conformance with the Iowa Nutrient Reduction Strategy.

Division VII — DALS — Special Appropriation from a Major Source (EFF) — General and Specific Purposes (REAP and State Parks)

*(REAP) GENERAL REDUCED APPROPRIATION FROM A MAJOR SOURCE — EFF IN LIEU OF GF.* The Act makes a general appropriation of \$12 million from the EFF to the Iowa Resources Enhancement and Protection (REAP) Fund in lieu of the \$20 million standing limited statutory appropriation from the GF (Iowa Code section 455A.18).

*USE OF ALLOCATED MONEYS ALLOWED — STATE PARKS.* The Act authorizes DNR to use moneys allocated to the Open Spaces Account of the REAP Fund for purposes of supporting state park maintenance and repair.

Division VIII — DALS — Special Appropriation from a Major Source (GF) — Specific Purpose (Choose Iowa Promotional Program)

The Act appropriates moneys to the Choose Iowa Fund as enacted in 2022 Iowa Acts, House File 2581 (see Agriculture), for purposes of supporting DALS's administration of the Choose Iowa Promotional Program that provides consumers a choice in purchasing a food item originating as an agricultural commodity produced on an Iowa farm.

Division IX — DALS — Special Appropriation from a Major Source (GF) — Specific Purpose (Value Added Agricultural Grant Program)

The Act provides that moneys appropriated in 2021 for purposes of supporting the Value Added Agricultural Grant Program administered by DALS do not revert until the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. This provision took effect June 17, 2022.

Division X — DNR — Non-Appropriation — Elimination of State Park Housing

The Act provides that a DNR employee who occupied state housing in a state park on January 1, 2022, may continue to occupy that residence until December 31, 2023, under the same terms and conditions that applied on the date that the employee first occupied the residence. This provision took effect June 17, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2564 - Appropriations — Economic Development****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act is organized by divisions.

Division I of the Act appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State to the Department of Cultural Affairs, the Economic Development Authority (IEDA), the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA), the Public Employment Relations Board, the Department of Workforce Development (IWD), Iowa State University of Science and Technology, the State University of Iowa, and the University of Northern Iowa. The division appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State and the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund (ISWJCF) to the IEDA for support of the Butchery Innovation and Revitalization Program. The division appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State to the IEDA for the tourism office.

The division appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the ISWJCF to the IEDA, IWD, and the State Board of Regents and regents institutions.

For fiscal year 2022-2023, the division limits standing appropriations established in the Iowa Code for the World Food Prize, certain operational support grants, community cultural grants, and regional tourism marketing.

The division transfers \$100,000 of the moneys collected by the Insurance Division in excess of the anticipated gross revenues under Iowa Code section 505.7 to the IEDA for insurance economic development and international insurance economic development.

The division appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the Special Employment Security Contingency Fund to IWD for field offices.

The division appropriates interest earned on the Unemployment Compensation Reserve Fund for fiscal year 2022-2023 to IWD for field offices.

Moneys credited to the state by the Secretary of Treasury of the United States pursuant to section 903 of the Social Security Act are appropriated to IWD for administration of the Unemployment Compensation Program.

The Auditor of State is requested to review the audit of IFA performed by the auditor hired by IFA.

The division requires the IEDA to submit an annual report to the General Assembly by November 1, 2022, detailing all financial assistance awarded in the prior fiscal year.

Division II of the Act requires that for fiscal year 2022-2023, from the moneys transferred to the IEDA from the Beer and Liquor Control Fund, the IEDA award contracts to entities to conduct statewide tourism marketing services as detailed in the Act.

Division III creates a Housing Renewal Program Fund in the State Treasury under the control of IFA. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to IFA to establish and administer the Housing Renewal Pilot Program described in the division.

Division IV reduces the tax credits allocated to the High Quality Jobs Program from no more than \$70 million to no more than \$68 million for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and for each fiscal year thereafter.

Division V creates an Employer Child Care Tax Credit for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

**HOUSE FILE 2575 - Appropriations — Education****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State and other funds to the College Student Aid Commission (CSAC), the Department for the Blind, the Department of Education (DE), and the State Board of Regents and its institutions.

Division I — FY 2022-2023

The Act appropriates moneys to the Department for the Blind for its administration.

The Act appropriates moneys to CSAC for general administrative purposes, the Health Care Professional Recruitment Program, National Guard Service Scholarship Program, All Iowa Opportunity Scholarship Program, Teach Iowa Scholar Program, Rural Iowa Primary Care Loan Repayment Program, Health Care Loan Repayment Program, Rural Veterinarian Loan Repayment Program, Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program, and the Mental Health Practitioner Loan Repayment Program.

The Act appropriates moneys to DE for purposes of general administration, career and technical education (CTE) administration, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation Services, the State Library, the Public Broadcasting Division, career and technical education reimbursement for expenditures made by CTE regional planning partnerships, school food service, the Early Childhood Iowa Fund, expansion of the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act birth through age three services, Early Head Start projects, textbooks for nonpublic school pupils, the Student Achievement and Teacher Quality Program, statewide student assessment, a statewide clearinghouse to expand work-based learning, the Postsecondary Summer Classes for High School Students Program, Jobs for America's Graduates specialists, attendance center performance/general Internet site and data system support, the online state job posting system, successful progression for early readers, an early warning system for literacy, the Iowa Reading Research Center, the Computer Science Professional Development Incentive Fund, children's mental health school-based training and support, school districts for students with intellectual and developmental disabilities, adult education and literacy programs, distribution to the Midwestern Higher Education Compact to pay Iowa's member state annual obligation, and community colleges for the concurrent enrollment of certain students and general state funding.

For FY 2022-2023, the Act reduces the standing appropriations for at-risk children under Iowa Code section 279.51.

The Act appropriates moneys to the State Board of Regents for the board office, universities' general operating budgets, Western Iowa Regents Resource Center, State University of Iowa, Iowa State University of Science and Technology, University of Northern Iowa, Iowa School for the Deaf, and the Iowa Braille and Sight Saving School.

Division II — Workforce Training Programs — Appropriations — FY 2022-2023

The Act appropriates moneys from the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund to DE and CSAC.

Division III — Classroom Management and Transportation Reimbursement

The Act appropriates moneys from the General Fund of the State to DE for deposit in the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund and for payment of school district claims for reimbursement submitted under Iowa Code section 256.25A(1)(a) (therapeutic classroom transportation claims reimbursement).

Division IV — Appropriations — Standing Limited

The Act increases the standing appropriations from the General Fund of the State to CSAC related to tuition grants to qualified students who are enrolled in accredited private institutions or eligible institutions.

Division V — State Program Allocation

The Act extends for one year the priority order for the allocation of appropriations for purposes of student achievement and teacher quality programs provided by Iowa Code section 284.13(1).

Division VI — Programs for At-Risk Children

The Act provides for the nonreversion of moneys appropriated from the General Fund of the State under Iowa Code section 279.51 (Programs for At-Risk Children). This division took effect June 17, 2022.

Division VII — Iowa Geological Survey

The Act makes corrections to a provision related to the Iowa Geological Survey within the State University of Iowa.

Division VIII — Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Grant Program — Applications

The Act modifies the priority order for grants submitted under the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund Grant Program. This division applies to grant applications submitted under the program on or after July 1, 2022.

Division IX — Charter School Funding

The Act modifies provisions related to charter school funding. This division took effect June 17, 2022.

Division X — Waiver of Fees

The Act modifies a provision related to the waiver of fees charged by certain public entities associated with obtaining a professional license.

Division XI — FY 2021-2022 Appropriation — Cooperative Extension Service in Agriculture and Home Economics

The Act provides for the nonreversion until the close of the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2023, of a specified amount of moneys appropriated in fiscal year 2021-2022 from the General Fund of the State to the State Board of Regents for the costs incurred by the Iowa Agricultural Extension Association as host of the 2023 national meeting of the National Association of County Agricultural Agents. This division took effect June 17, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2578 - Appropriations — Health and Human Services****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 to the Department of Veterans Affairs, Iowa Veterans Home, Department on Aging (IDA), Office of Long-Term Care Ombudsman, Department of Public Health (DPH), Iowa Finance Authority, Department of Human Rights (DHR), and Department of Human Services (DHS). The Act is organized into divisions.

Division I — Department on Aging

This division appropriates funding to IDA for FY 2022-2023 for aging programs and area agencies on aging. Funding is transferred to the Economic Development Authority for the Iowa Commission on Volunteer Services to be used for the Retired and Senior Volunteer Program. Funds are also allocated for continuation of the Aging and Disability Resource Center Lifelong Links, Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS), and the prevention of elder abuse, neglect, and exploitation. Funding is also allocated to continue to expand the pilot initiative to provide long-term care options counseling to assist non-Medicaid eligible consumers to return to their community following a nursing facility stay.

Division II — Office of Long-Term Care Ombudsman

This division appropriates funding to the Office of Long-Term Care Ombudsman for FY 2022-2023.

Division III — Department of Public Health

This division appropriates funding to DPH for FY 2022-2023, including provisions and funding for the following purposes:

- Addictive disorders including tobacco use prevention and control, problem gambling and substance-related disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services; and to maintain a single statewide crisis hotline for the Iowa Children's Behavioral Health System.
- Healthy children and families, including funding for the Healthy Opportunities for Parents to Experience Success - Healthy Families Iowa Program; to continue the initiative for healthy mental development of children from birth through five years of age, known as "First Five"; for a statewide dental carrier to continue



the Donated Dental Services Program for indigent elderly and individuals with disabilities; for audiological services and hearing aids for children; to the University of Iowa College of Dentistry for provision of primary dental services to children; to address youth suicide prevention; for the Iowa effort to address the survey of children who experience adverse childhood experiences, known as ACEs; and for childhood obesity prevention.

- Chronic conditions, including for grants to individual patients who have an inherited metabolic disorder to assist with costs of medically necessary special foods and formula; for the Brain Injury Services Program; for continuation of a contract to provide supportive services to people living with epilepsy and their families; for Child Health Specialty Clinics; for the Regional Autism Assistance Program administered by the Child Health Specialty Clinics; for the comprehensive Cancer Control Program including for efforts related to melanoma; for cervical and colon cancer screening; and for the Center for Congenital and Inherited Disorders.
- Community capacity, including for continuation of a child vision screening program implemented through the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics; for continuation of the program to rotate intern psychologists including providing more flexibility in the program for intern psychologists who serve urban and rural mental health professional shortage areas; for the Iowa Prescription Drug Corporation; free clinics and Free Clinics of Iowa, the Iowa Association of Rural Health Clinics, and the Polk County Medical Society for increased access, health system integration, and engagement activities; for health care and public health workforce initiatives; for a matching dental education loan repayment program; for the Iowa Donor Registry; for continuation of a grant to a nationally affiliated volunteer eye organization; for the Medical Residency Training State Matching Grants Program; to Des Moines University for continuation of a provider education project to provide mental health training to primary care physicians; for rural psychiatric residencies; for psychiatric training for physician assistants and nurse practitioners; and for creation or continuation of a Center of Excellence Program to encourage innovation and collaboration among regional health care providers in a rural area.
- Essential public health services to reduce risks and invest in promoting and protecting good health over the course of a lifetime with a priority given to older Iowans and vulnerable populations.
- Infectious diseases to reduce the prevalence of communicable diseases.
- Public protection, including emergency medical services; sexual violence prevention programming; the state Poison Control Center; and for childhood lead poisoning.
- Resource management to establish and sustain the overall ability of DPH to deliver services to the public.
- Miscellaneous provisions relating to the indirect costs and billings of the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics.
- Funding is appropriated from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund to DPH for FY 2022-2023 for problem gambling and substance-related disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery services.

#### Division IV — Department of Veterans Affairs and Iowa Veterans Home

This division appropriates funds for FY 2022-2023 to the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Iowa Veterans Home. A transfer is made to the Iowa Finance Authority for continuation of the Home Ownership Assistance Program and the standing appropriation to county commissions of veteran affairs is limited.

#### Division V — Department of Human Services

This division appropriates funds for FY 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State and other funds to DHS and includes other appropriations and provisions involving human services and health care, including the following:

*TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF) BLOCK GRANT.* Appropriations are made from the federal TANF Block Grant for a number of purposes, including the Family Investment Program (FIP); the Job Opportunities and Basic Skills (JOBS) Program; FIP agreements; the Family Development and Self-Sufficiency (FaDSS) Program; field operations; general administration; state child care assistance; child and family services; child abuse prevention grants; pregnancy prevention grants; technology needs and other resources; and for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP).

*FAMILY INVESTMENT PROGRAM.* Under federal TANF welfare reform provisions, federal funding is provided for FIP in the form of an annual block grant to the state. Consequently, the division includes combined FIP and FIP-related appropriations from the General Fund of the State and the TANF Block Grant. These appropriations are directed to DHS to coordinate the FaDSS Program with DHR; to DHR for the FaDSS Program; for the diversion subaccount of the FIP account; to the SNAP Employment and Training Program, including a directive to DHS to apply the state plan to maximize the state/federal match for the federal SNAP Employment and Training Program and to continue the expansion of categorical federal SNAP eligibility provisions at 160 percent of the federal poverty level; and for the JOBS Program. Funding is allocated for a contract to provide tax preparation assistance to low-income Iowans in order to expand the usage of the Earned Income Tax Credit. Funding is provided to continue the Parental Obligations Pilot Project, in which the Child Support Recovery Unit participates, to support a broad-based parenthood initiative that promotes child support obligations, improved family relationships, and full-time employment.

*CHILD SUPPORT RECOVERY.* The division continues the Iowa Child Support Public Awareness Campaign located in the Office of the Attorney General and continues to direct DHS to issue federal access and visitation grant moneys directly to private not-for-profit agencies that provide services designed to increase compliance with child access provisions of court orders, including but not limited to neutral visitation site and mediation services.

*HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND AND MEDICAID FRAUD FUND.* The division provides that any funds remaining in either the Health Care Trust Fund or the Medicaid Fraud Fund for FY 2022-2023 are appropriated to DHS to supplement the Medicaid appropriation for the same fiscal year.

*MEDICAL ASSISTANCE (MEDICAID PROGRAM).* The division provides for appropriations from the General Fund of the State to DHS for the Medicaid program and continues provisions required in previous years, including the provision relating to the performance of abortions under the Medicaid program requiring the Office of the Governor to approve reimbursement for each abortion performed under the program. The division directs DHS to submit a Medicaid state plan amendment to add functional family therapy and multisystemic therapy for youth as covered services under the Medicaid program.

*HEALTH PROGRAM OPERATIONS.* The division provides for an appropriation from the General Fund of the State to DHS for health program operations including for continuation of HCBS waiver quality assurance programs; for planning and development of a phased-in program to provide a dental home for children; for the Autism Support Program; and for continuation of a grant to provide support services for children with autism spectrum disorder and their families.

*STATE SUPPLEMENTARY ASSISTANCE (SSA) AND CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM.* The division appropriates funding for SSA and for the State Children's Health Insurance Program, known as the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (hawk-i) Program, including supplemental dental services.

*CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE.* The division provides an appropriation from the General Fund of the State to DHS for child care programs. The State Child Care Assistance Program is allocated the majority of the amount appropriated. This program also receives federal funding through the federal Child Care and Development Block Grant.

*JUVENILE INSTITUTION.* The division provides an appropriation for the State Training School at Eldora, including for continuation of a substance use disorder treatment program.

*CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES.* The division provides an appropriation for child and family services. Major allocations include funding for group foster care maintenance and services, the Child Welfare and Juvenile Justice Funding Decategorization Initiative, shelter care, court-ordered services for juveniles, the Child Protection Center Grant Program including for the establishment of satellite centers, the Preparation for Adult Living Program, system of care programs throughout the state, and qualified residential treatment programs.

*ADOPTION SUBSIDY.* The division provides a separate appropriation for the Adoption Subsidy Program and provides that funds are to be used as authorized or allowed by federal law or regulation for adoption subsidy and post-adoption services and other purposes. The appropriation provides for the transfer of funds to the appropriation for department-wide duties to be used for facility operations.

*JUVENILE DETENTION HOME FUND.* The division appropriates moneys in the Juvenile Detention Home Fund to DHS to be used for county or multicounty detention homes.

*FAMILY SUPPORT SUBSIDY PROGRAM AND CONNER DECREE.* The division provides an appropriation for the Family Support Subsidy Program and provides that a portion of the funding is to be transferred to DPH for the Family Support Center component of the Comprehensive Family Support Program in a cooperative effort. The division provides funding to continue coordination and training opportunities associated with disability services in accordance with the Conner Consent Decree.

*MENTAL HEALTH INSTITUTES (MHIs) AND STATE RESOURCE CENTERS.* The division provides appropriations to the state MHIs at Cherokee and Independence. Appropriations are also made for the state resource centers at Glenwood and Woodward utilizing a net General Fund of the State appropriation approach known as “net budgeting.”

*SEXUALLY VIOLENT PREDATORS.* The division appropriates funding for payment of costs associated with the commitment and treatment of sexually violent predators at the State Mental Health Institute at Cherokee.

*FIELD OPERATIONS, GENERAL ADMINISTRATION, AND VOLUNTEERS.* The division includes appropriations for DHS field operations, general administration, and volunteers. The appropriation for field operations provides prioritization for the filling of full-time equivalent positions related to child protection services and eligibility determinations for low-income families. The appropriation for general administration continues the allocation related to a program to provide technical assistance, support, and consultation to providers of HCBS services under the Medicaid program; provides for a transfer to the Iowa Finance Authority to be used for administrative support for the Council on Homelessness; provides an allocation to the Achieving a Better Life Experience Savings Plan Trust under Iowa Code chapter 12I; provides for transfer of funding to the Economic Development Authority for the RefugeeRISE AmeriCorps Program; and provides funding to support the work of the Children’s Behavioral Health System, the system state board, and implementation of regional Mental Health and Disability Services System services. The division also allocates funds to be used for the renovation and construction of certain nursing facilities, consistent with the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 249K (Nursing Facility Construction or Expansion) and for the More Options for Maternal Support Program created in the Act.

*DEPARTMENT-WIDE DUTIES.* The division includes an appropriation to DHS for salaries, support, maintenance, and miscellaneous purposes at facilities under the purview of DHS.

*MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, STATE SUPPLEMENTARY ASSISTANCE, AND SOCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS REIMBURSED UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES.* The division addresses reimbursement for providers reimbursed under the purview of DHS. Reimbursement rates and methodologies for providers and services remain the same as the reimbursement in effect on June 30, 2021, with the following exceptions:

- DHS is directed to create a reimbursement rate methodology to provide incentives for home health agencies in rural areas to the extent possible within the state funding appropriated for this purpose.
- Subject to enactment of 2022 Iowa Acts, House File 2546 (see Human Services), DHS is required to implement a tiered rate reimbursement methodology effective by January 1, 2023, for psychiatric intensive inpatient care.
- Reimbursement rates for behavioral health intervention services are increased to the extent possible within the funding appropriated for this purpose.
- Reimbursement rates for all applied behavioral analysis services are increased to the extent possible within the funding appropriated for this purpose.

#### Division VI — Health Care Accounts and Funds

*PHARMACEUTICAL SETTLEMENT ACCOUNT.* This division appropriates funds from the Pharmaceutical Settlement Account to DHS to supplement the appropriations for health program operations under the Medical Assistance Program.

*QUALITY ASSURANCE TRUST FUND.* The division appropriates funds from the Quality Assurance Trust Fund to DHS to supplement the appropriations for the Medicaid program.

*HOSPITAL HEALTH CARE ACCESS TRUST FUND.* The division appropriates funds from the Hospital Health Care Access Trust Fund to DHS to supplement the appropriations for the Medicaid program.

#### Division VII — Decategorization Carryover Funding

This division provides for the transfer of carryover decategorization funds that remained unencumbered or unobligated at the close of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, to the Medicaid program for FY 2022-2023. The division took effect June 14, 2022, and applies retroactively to July 1, 2020.

#### Division VIII — Transfer of Property Tax Relief Fund Balance

This division transfers the Property Tax Relief Fund balance at the close of FY 2021-2022 to the Region Incentive Fund. This provision took effect June 14, 2022.

#### Division IX — Prior Appropriations and Other Provisions

This division provides that funds appropriated to DHS and credited to the Family Investment Program General Fund that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of FY 2022-2023 shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for one-time purposes, and may be transferred to the appropriation for general administration for technology purposes until the close of the succeeding fiscal year.

The division also provides that funds appropriated to DHS for child and family services and adoption subsidy that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of FY 2022-2023 shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated until the close of the succeeding fiscal year.

The division also provides that funds appropriated to DHS for field operations and general administration that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of FY 2022-2023 shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for one-time purposes, until the close of the succeeding fiscal year.

The division took effect June 14, 2022.

#### Division X — Public Health Emergency Provisions

This division provides that for the time period beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, notwithstanding state administrative rules to the contrary, to the extent federal regulations relating to the COVID-19 pandemic differ from state administrative rules, including applicable federal waivers, the federal regulations are controlling during the pendency of the federally declared state of emergency and for such period of time following the end of the federally declared state of emergency applicable to the respective federal regulations.

#### Division XI — Departmental Realignment

This division specifies the process for the transition of the Department of Human Services and the Department of Public Health into the Department of Health and Human Services.

#### Division XII — Non-State Government-Owned Nursing Facility Quality of Care Rate Add-On Program

This division eliminates the Non-State Government-Owned Nursing Facility Quality of Care Rate Add-On Program provisions in the Iowa Code and Iowa Acts.

#### Division XIII — Hearing Aids and Audiological Services Funding Program — Nonreversion

This division provides that any moneys appropriated to the Hearing Aids and Audiological Services Funding Program for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall

not revert but shall remain available for the purposes designated. DPH shall report the amount of the nonreversion to the General Assembly.

Division XIV — Admission or Transfer of Persons with a Diagnosis of an Intellectual Disability to a State Mental Health Institute

This division amends the definition of “intellectual disability” under Iowa Code section 4.1 and provides the requirements for the admission or transfer of a person with a diagnosis of an intellectual disability relative to a state mental health institute.

Division XV — Health-Related Data

This division provides that the Auditor of State shall not have access to individuals’ names or residential addresses from reportable disease reports; that hospital data collected shall not include the name of the individual subject of the data; and that a state or local agency employee or agent shall not have access to personally identifiable information included in a reportable disease report unless the employee or agent has completed data confidentiality training.

Division XVI — Medicaid and Hawk-i Programs — Insurance Provisions Applicability

This division provides that the Medicaid program, the hawk-i Program, and a managed care organization acting pursuant to a contract under those programs shall not be subject to the insurance and related regulation subtitle of the Iowa Code (Iowa Code title XIII) unless otherwise provided by law. The division also provides that a managed care organization acting pursuant to a contract with DHS to administer the Medicaid program or the hawk-i Program is only subject to the health maintenance organization chapter of the Iowa Code (514B) with respect to licensure and solvency standards.

Division XVII — More Options for Maternal Support Program — Medicaid Postpartum Coverage Report

This division creates the More Options for Maternal Support Program, a statewide program to promote healthy pregnancies and childbirth through nonprofit organizations that provide pregnancy support services. The division provides for selection by DHS of a program administrator through a request for proposals process; specifies the requirements for a program administrator and subcontractors under the program; directs DHS to adopt rules for the program; and requires DHS to submit program information relative to the prior fiscal year of the program beginning October 1, 2023. The division also requires DHS to review data and submit a report to the General Assembly regarding postpartum coverage available to recipients of pregnancy-related Medicaid coverage by December 15, 2022.

Division XVIII — Mental Health and Disability Services (MHDS) Regions

This division amends much of the criteria for forming a new MHDS region, ongoing administrative requirements for MHDS regions, dissolving MHDS regions, and reassigning counties in a dissolved MHDS region in order to reflect that all counties have been assigned to a region and that a single county region is subject to all the same requirements as a multicounty region unless specifically exempted.

Division XIX — Health Carriers — Telehealth

This division prohibits certain health carriers from excluding a health care professional who provides services for mental health conditions, illnesses, injuries, or diseases and who is physically located out of state from participating as a provider, via telehealth, under a policy, plan, or contract offered by the health carrier in the state, if the health care professional is licensed in Iowa, is able to deliver the mental health services in compliance with the division, and is able to satisfy the same criteria that a health carrier uses to qualify in-state professionals who hold the same license as the out-of-state professional. The division took effect June 14, 2022, and applies to health carriers that deliver, issue for delivery, continue, or renew a policy, contract, or plan in this state on or after that date.

Division XX — Nursing Facility Construction or Expansion Relief

This division provides that the Nursing Facility Expansion or Relief Program applies to major renovations exceeding \$750,000, rather than the former \$1.5 million threshold, and includes replacement or enhancement of an HVAC system as a basis for which relief or an exception may be requested under the program. The division directs DHS to adopt or amend administrative rules to administer the division.

Division XXI — Psychiatry Residency Program

This division requires the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics (UIHC) to administer a state-funded Psychiatry Residency Program in cooperation with the State Mental Health Institutes at Independence and Cherokee, the State Resource Center at Woodward, the State Training School at Eldora, and the Iowa Medical and Classification Center at Oakdale. The UIHC shall expand the Psychiatry Residency Program to provide additional residency positions in excess of those approved under the federal residency cap. Participating residents shall complete a portion of their psychiatry training at one of the state institutions specified. However, if accreditation-required clinical experiences are not available at one of the state institutions, the program and residents may utilize clinical rotations at the UIHC or its affiliates across the state. UIHC shall apply for approval of 12 additional residency positions for each class of residents and the program shall award the total number of residency positions approved for each class of residents. Preference in the awarding of residency positions shall be given to candidates who are residents of Iowa, attended and earned an undergraduate degree from an Iowa college or university, or attended and earned a medical degree from a medical school in Iowa. The division creates a Psychiatry Residency Program Fund in the State Treasury consisting of the moneys appropriated or credited to the fund by law. Moneys in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain in the fund for use in subsequent fiscal years. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to the UIHC to be used for the purposes of the program. The division makes appropriations for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 2023, and thereafter, of \$100,000 for each residency position approved and awarded under the program.

**HOUSE FILE 2579 - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects****Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to and makes appropriations to state departments and agencies from the Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund (RIIF), the Technology Reinvestment Fund (TRF), and the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund, and provides for related matters. The Act is organized by divisions.

Division I — Rebuild Iowa Infrastructure Fund

This division appropriates moneys for projects for FY 2022-2023 from RIIF to the departments of Administrative Services, Agriculture and Land Stewardship, the Blind, Corrections, Cultural Affairs, Homeland Security and Emergency Management, Human Services, Natural Resources, Public Defense, Public Safety, and Transportation, and for the Iowa Economic Development Authority, Board of Regents, Treasurer of State, and judicial branch. The division also appropriates moneys from RIIF for multiple fiscal years to the State Fair Authority.

Division II — Technology Reinvestment Fund

This division appropriates moneys for FY 2022-2023 from the TRF to the departments of Corrections, Education, Homeland Security and Emergency Management, Human Rights, Human Services, Inspections and Appeals, Management, Public Defense, Public Safety, and Revenue, and for the Iowa Telecommunications and Technology Commission and the judicial branch.

Division III — Changes To Prior Appropriations

This division provides that certain unencumbered or unobligated moneys appropriated from RIIF and the TRF to the Department of Human Services, Department of Public Safety, and Iowa Veterans Home will not revert for specified periods. The division also makes changes to moneys appropriated from RIIF to the Department of Public Defense for a readiness center in West Des Moines, the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management for emergency services programs, and the Board of Regents for projects at the Iowa State University of Science and Technology and the University of Northern Iowa.

The division took effect June 17, 2022.

#### Division IV — Miscellaneous Provisions

This division amends Iowa Code section 8.57C, concerning the TRF, to provide that the standing appropriation to the TRF from the General Fund of the State for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2022, is changed to fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2023, and to provide for an appropriation to the TRF from the General Fund of the State for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, of \$21.5 million.

The Vacant State Buildings Demolition Fund and the Vacant State Buildings Rehabilitation Fund are amended to allow moneys in each fund to be used for the demolition or rehabilitation of vacant buildings owned by a county that has purchased the building from the federal government. These provisions took effect June 17, 2022, and apply retroactively to June 1, 2020.

The Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Fund is amended to provide that no more than \$1.25 million shall be allocated each fiscal year to support the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Program for Retail Motor Fuel Sites. The division modifies provisions limiting distributions from the fund for the administration and marketing of the program by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship.

Iowa Code section 602.11101, concerning responsibility for county courthouses and attendant costs, is amended to provide that, effective July 1, 2023, for a county that expends moneys for the renovation or construction of suitable courtrooms, offices, and other physical facilities that requires the purchase of furnishings, supplies, and equipment as a result of that renovation or construction, the state shall be responsible for only 75 percent of the cost of the purchase.

The division also requires the Department of Transportation to establish a Des Moines Area Regional Transit Authority Alternative Funding Advisory Committee to study alternative methods to increase funding without an increase in property taxes. The committee shall submit a report to the General Assembly on or before December 15, 2022.

#### Division V — Sports Tourism Program

This division amends Iowa Code section 15F.401, creating the Sports Tourism Program, to provide that the program consists of both a Sports Tourism Marketing Program that funds marketing and promotion of sports tourism projects and a Sports Tourism Infrastructure Program to fund sports tourism infrastructure projects. The division provides that financial assistance from the Sports Tourism Infrastructure Program shall not be provided to an applicant for infrastructure projects located in a reinvestment district or to applicants that have received a rebate of sales tax imposed and collected by retailers. The division renames the Sports Tourism Fund the Sports Tourism Marketing Fund and directs that moneys in the fund be used for the Sports Tourism Marketing Program and creates a new Sports Tourism Infrastructure Fund for use by the Sports Tourism Infrastructure Program.

The division further appropriates moneys to the Iowa Economic Development Authority for the Sports Tourism Marketing Program for FY 2022-2023 from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund.

### **HOUSE FILE 2589 - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes**

**Fiscal Analysis**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to state and local finances by making appropriations, providing for legal and regulatory responsibilities, and providing for other properly related matters.

#### Division I — Standing Appropriations and Related Matters

For FY 2022-2023, the Act limits the standing appropriation for payment of claims for nonpublic school pupil transportation to approximately \$9 million, limits the standing appropriation for paying instructional support state aid to zero, provides that certain salary adjustments may be funded as determined by the Department of Management (DOM) using unappropriated moneys remaining in designated funds, and reduces state aid for area education

agencies by \$15 million plus the statewide amount of the area education agency professional development categorical funding supplement.

#### Division II — Corrective Provisions

The Act makes technical corrections to legislation enacted or considered during the 2022 Legislative Session. The Act sets forth certain effective date and retroactive applicability provisions for certain corrections based on the underlying legislation.

#### Division III — Office of the Chief Information Officer

Under prior law, the Office of the Chief Information Officer (OCIO) was an independent agency. The Chief Information Officer (CIO) was appointed by the Governor and subject to confirmation by the Senate. The Governor set the salary of the CIO within a range established by the General Assembly. The Act establishes OCIO within DOM and requires the Director of DOM to select, and set the salary of, the CIO. This division took effect June 21, 2022, and the salary provisions applied beginning with the subsequent pay period.

#### Division IV — Conduct of Elections — Funding

The Act prohibits the State Commissioner of Elections, a county commissioner of elections, and a political subdivision of the state from accepting or expending moneys for the conduct of elections from sources other than a lawful appropriation of public moneys from the government of the United States, a lawful appropriation of public moneys from the state of Iowa, or a lawful appropriation of public moneys from a political subdivision of the state for the conduct of an election in the political subdivision. The prohibition does not apply to the contribution of a building for use as a polling place, and the Act does not prohibit the issuance and collection of fees as otherwise provided by law. By operation of law, a person who willfully violates the prohibition is guilty of election misconduct in the fourth degree, a simple misdemeanor. This division took effect June 21, 2022.

#### Division V — Direct Mass Mailing

The Act defines “direct mass mailing” for the purposes of Iowa Code section 68A.405A, which prohibits self-promotion with taxpayer funds, to include a mailing that provides information to the recipient about a person, policy, product, service, program, initiative, law, legislation, event, or activity promoted by the statewide elected official who sent the mailing that is substantially similar or identical printed material delivered by a delivery service to more than 200 physical addresses and sent at the same time or within a 30-day period. A mailing is also considered a direct mass mailing if it is sent to any participant in a program or the participant’s address within 60 days of an election in which the Office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Secretary of Agriculture, or Attorney General appears on the ballot and the purpose of the mailing is to provide a participant with information relevant to the participant’s existing account with a program sponsored and administered by the statewide elected official who sent the mailing.

#### Division VI — Open Enrollment

Prior law required a student’s parent or guardian to send notification to the student’s school district of residence and the receiving school district that the parent or guardian intended to open enroll the student in another school district. The notice had to be sent by March 1 of the preceding school year for students entering grades 1 through 12, or by September 1 of the current school year for students entering kindergarten and for prekindergarten students enrolled in special education programs. The Act removes the March 1 and September 1 notification deadlines. The Act also removes provisions that authorized parents and guardians to send notifications after March 1 of the preceding school year if there was good cause for the failure to meet the March 1 deadline.

The Act provides that, if the request to open enroll is granted, the receiving school district is required to transmit a copy of a form created by the Department of Education to the student’s parent or guardian within five days after the receiving school district’s action on the request. The Act authorizes the parent or guardian to withdraw the request to open enroll at any time prior to the receiving school district’s action on the request.



If a student open enrolls and attends school in the receiving school district for less than a full school year, the Act requires the payment from the student's school district of residence to the receiving school district to be prorated on a per diem basis.

Prior law authorized a student who open enrolled to participate immediately in a varsity interscholastic sport if the student participated in open enrollment because the student's assigned attendance center in the school district of residence was identified as in significant need for improvement. The Act strikes this provision.

This division took effect June 21, 2022.

#### Division VII — Shared Operational Functions

The Act adds college and career transition counselors and coordinators to the list of staff for which supplementary weighting may be assigned for shared operational functions among school districts and area education agencies. College and career transition counselors and coordinators are assigned a supplementary weighting of three pupils for the function.

#### Division VIII — Delinquent Act — Possession of Dangerous Weapons or Firearms by Minors

The Act makes a violation of Iowa Code section 724.4E, relating to possession of dangerous weapons and loaded firearms by minors, which is committed by a child a "delinquent act" under Iowa Code chapter 232. Delinquent acts are under the exclusive original jurisdiction of the juvenile court unless specifically exempted by law. This division took effect June 21, 2022.

#### Division IX — National Guard Members

The Act enhances criminal penalties for assaults committed against National Guard members engaged in National Guard duty or state active duty.

#### Division X — Dependent Adult Abuse Resulting in Death

The Act provides that a caretaker who intentionally or recklessly commits dependent adult abuse is guilty of murder in the second degree if the intentional or reckless dependent adult abuse results in the death of the dependent adult.

#### Division XI — Health Care Provider Referral to Ambulatory Surgical Center

The Act requires a health care provider who determines that a patient is a candidate for outpatient surgery based on the patient's medical status and surgical service needs, and refers the patient to an ambulatory surgical center as an option for the surgery, to provide the patient with a written document listing the factors the patient should consider to make a fully informed decision about the recommended course of care. A health care provider who violates these provisions is subject to licensee discipline.

#### Division XII — Health Care Employment Agencies

The Act provides that 2022 Iowa Acts, House File 2521 (see Health and Safety), relating to health care employment agencies, applies retroactively to any contract between a health care employment agency and an agency worker or health care entity referred to under Iowa Code section 135Q.2(3) that was entered into or executed on or after January 1, 2019.

#### Division XIII — Physical Examinations by Licensed Physicians

The Act requires administrative rules adopted relating to physical examination requirements for licensed or registered facility personnel and the children being provided child care by the licensed or registered facility to allow for any licensed physician as defined in Iowa Code section 135.1 to perform the physical examination.

Division XIV — Beverage Containers Control

Under 2022 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2378 (see Environment, Energy, and Public Utilities), a beverage container distributor who pays a handling fee under Iowa Code chapter 455C for containers that used to contain beer may claim a refund on the barrel tax paid by the distributor for each accepted beverage container. The Act narrows the refund to apply only to beverage containers sold for consumption off the premises. This division takes effect January 1, 2023.

Division XV — Funeral Services — Correction

The Act makes a technical correction to a provision relating to disclosure duties associated with preneed sellers and sales licenses.

Division XVI — County Jurisdiction — Cemeteries

The Act authorizes a cemetery that does not otherwise qualify to be under the jurisdiction and control of a county board of supervisors or county cemetery commission to designate a portion of the cemetery as a pioneer section if at least 50 percent of the burials in that portion occurred at least 100 years prior to the designation. Upon approval by the cemetery, the county board of supervisors, and the county cemetery commission, a county cemetery commission may use its resources to restore and maintain the pioneer section of the cemetery as though the section was a pioneer cemetery. However, a cemetery with a designated pioneer section and the pioneer section itself shall not be considered a pioneer cemetery.

Division XVII — Home-Based Businesses

The Act adds a reference to Iowa Code chapter 194, relating to grades of milk used for manufacturing, for purposes of excluding such milk from the definitions of “homemade food item” and “cottage food,” which are regulated under Iowa Code chapters 137D and 137F respectively.

## BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE

- [SENATE FILE 586](#) - Regulation of Banks and Banking
- [SENATE FILE 2288](#) - Foreign Investments by Life Insurance Companies or Associations
- [SENATE FILE 2324](#) - Real Estate Brokerage Services — Real Estate Teams — Display of Licensee, Brokerage, and Team Names
- [HOUSE FILE 2155](#) - Preneed Sellers and Purchase Agreements for Cemetery Merchandise, Funeral Merchandise, and Funeral Services
- [HOUSE FILE 2167](#) - Health Care Insurance Coverage — Autism Spectrum Disorder
- [HOUSE FILE 2200](#) - Direct Health Care Agreements
- [HOUSE FILE 2217](#) - Insurance Holding Company Systems — Financial Reporting
- [HOUSE FILE 2330](#) - Electronic Delivery of Insurance Notices and Documents
- [HOUSE FILE 2341](#) - Foreign Vehicles — Transfer of Ownership — Insurance Carriers
- [HOUSE FILE 2384](#) - Pharmacy Benefits Managers, Pharmacies, and Prescription Drug Benefits
- [HOUSE FILE 2399](#) - Health Benefit Plans and Health Care Reimbursement — Prior Authorization
- [HOUSE FILE 2401](#) - Online Marketplace Transactions — Collection and Disclosure of Specified Information
- [HOUSE FILE 2431](#) - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses
- [HOUSE FILE 2443](#) - Smart Contracts, Distributed Ledger Technology, and Digital Assets
- [HOUSE FILE 2445](#) - Uniform Commercial Code — Controllable Electronic Records
- [HOUSE FILE 2469](#) - Business Corporations — Communications, Records, and Shareholders' Lists — Miscellaneous Changes
- [HOUSE FILE 2540](#) - Sale of Travel Insurance

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- [SENATE FILE 333](#) - Authorized Emergency Vehicles — Operation — Equipment — Liability  
***SEE TRANSPORTATION.*** This Act provides that a certified fire fighter, emergency medical care provider, peace officer, reserve peace officer, or emergency management agency employee who has completed certain training, or an associated entity, shall not be liable for any consequence of injury or loss arising from the operation of an authorized emergency vehicle in response to an emergency call or to an incident dangerous to the public unless the vehicle is operated with reckless disregard for the safety of persons or property. The Act specifies that the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle shall not be liable for any injury or loss unless reckless disregard for the safety of persons or property is proven by a preponderance of the evidence.

The Act took effect May 24, 2022, and Iowa Code section 321.231B (limiting liability for certain authorized emergency vehicle operators), as enacted, applies to causes of action accrued on or after May 24, 2022.

- [SENATE FILE 581](#) - Fishing and Hunting Licenses and Permits  
***SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.*** This Act relates to fishing and hunting licenses and permits and deer population management. The Act requires the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to conduct a study every three years regarding various impacts of the deer population in this state. The Act requires

DNR to work with relevant representatives from the Iowa State University of Science and Technology Agricultural Extension Service, the Department of Transportation, and the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce.

- SENATE FILE 2233** - Land Surveying — Terms Used to Describe Distances and Locations  
**SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.** This Act relates to measurement requirements and terms used in the context of land surveying.
- SENATE FILE 2285** - County and City Zoning — Sale of Consumer Fireworks — Effect of Extension of City Zoning Jurisdiction Beyond City Limits  
**SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.** This Act relates to county and city zoning authority. The Act prohibits a county or city from adopting or enforcing any zoning ordinance to regulate, restrict, or prohibit the location of a permanent building or temporary structure used for the sale of consumer fireworks in any location zoned for commercial or industrial purposes. This prohibition took effect on April 21, 2022.
- SENATE FILE 2287** - Used Catalytic Converter Transactions  
**SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.** This Act regulates transactions involving used catalytic converters by requiring sellers and purchasers involved in such transactions to provide and keep certain documents. A used catalytic converter seller who is a scrap metal dealer, authorized vehicle recycler, motor vehicle dealer, towable recreational vehicle dealer, mechanic, or automotive repair facility may provide certain identifying information about the business in lieu of providing the required information for other individual sellers. The transaction must make use of a traceable payment method. Any purchaser of a used catalytic converter is required to keep a record of all information the seller must provide for at least two years, and the purchaser must mark proof that the seller is the owner of the catalytic converter to indicate that the catalytic converter was already sold. A purchaser must provide the information and records to a law enforcement agency upon request.
- The Act provides both civil and criminal penalties for certain violations.
- SENATE FILE 2310** - Organization of Multiple Housing Cooperatives  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act provides that a housing cooperative may merge with a limited liability company by using the process for mergers and consolidations allowed for cooperative associations engaged in the business of storing, processing, or marketing of agricultural commodities (Iowa Code chapter 501A).
- SENATE FILE 2367** - Sales, Use, Excise, Motor Fuel, and Franchise Taxes — Tax Permits — Solar Energy System Tax Credits — Income Tax Deductions for Certain Premium Pay and Bonuses  
**SEE TAXATION.** This Act phases in a reduction of the current franchise tax of 5 percent of net income to 3.50 percent for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027.
- SENATE FILE 2370** - Aircraft — Special Certificates for Manufacturers, Transporters, and Dealers — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions  
**SEE TRANSPORTATION.** This Act limits the period a manufacturer or dealer may operate an aircraft under a special certificate to three years. The Act increases the annual fee for a special certificate from \$100 to \$400, and provides that a special certificate expires at midnight on October 31 rather than midnight on June 30. The Act provides that the Department of Transportation (DOT) may refuse to issue, or may revoke or suspend, a special certificate if the person making application for, or holding, the special certificate operated such an aircraft without a special certificate for the aircraft in violation of the Act. These provisions take effect June 30, 2022, and apply to special certificates issued by the DOT that are valid for a period beginning after midnight on June 30, 2022.

- SENATE FILE 2374** - Regulation of Food and Beverages — Alcoholic Beverage Control and Restaurant Food Delivery  
***SEE ALCOHOL REGULATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE.*** This Act relates to alcoholic beverage control and restaurant food delivery. The Act is organized by divisions. Divisions I, II, III, IV, and VI concern alcoholic beverage control and Division V concerns restaurant food delivery.
- Division V of the Act relates to the delivery of restaurant food pursuant to a third-party food delivery service and creates a new Iowa Code chapter governing restaurant food delivery. The Act defines “food delivery platform” or “platform” as a business that is a third-party intermediary for a restaurant by delivering or otherwise managing pickup orders placed directly with, and fulfilled by, a restaurant.
- The Act prohibits a food delivery platform from acting without a restaurant’s consent, including using a restaurant’s likeness to suggest a false endorsement or sponsorship by the restaurant, managing the delivery or pickup of orders from a restaurant, modifying the restaurant’s prices, and charging a restaurant for the platform’s services. The Act also requires a food delivery platform to provide consumers with a mechanism to express concerns regarding the platform, and to remove a restaurant from a platform’s services upon request by the restaurant.
- The Act requires agreements between food delivery platforms and restaurants to include certain terms to provide for clear delineation of costs, fees, and delivery management, and prohibits language to require a restaurant to indemnify a food delivery platform for damages or harm caused by the food delivery platform.
- The Act provides that agreements in violation of the new Iowa Code chapter are void and unenforceable and the aggrieved restaurant or Attorney General may bring a civil action and an action to enjoin the food delivery platform from further activity. The platform is subject to civil penalties that are specified in the Act.
- The Act requires a food delivery platform to transport food in accordance with food safety provisions, including maintaining the food for delivery at a holding temperature necessary to prevent spoilage, transporting the food in tamper-resistant and sealed containers, and refraining from carrying passengers, smoking, or vaping in the vehicle. The Act provides that a food delivery platform is liable for related injuries or harm caused by a failure of the food delivery platform to meet the requirements established by the new Iowa Code chapter.
- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing  
***SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.*** This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions. Division VII of the Act provides that the Commissioner of Insurance may issue a temporary resident or nonresident insurance producer license for a period not to exceed 180 days in specific circumstances as detailed in the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2300** - Employment and Insurance Coverage Protection for Members of the Civil Air Patrol or Coast Guard  
***SEE PUBLIC DEFENSE AND VETERANS.*** This Act provides that certain members of the Civil Air Patrol must be considered continuously covered by group insurance; applies limitations on additional insurance coverage to Civil Air Patrol and United States Coast Guard members; and applies certain protections relating to health insurance coverage to

members of the United States Coast Guard who are employed in Iowa but reside in another state. These provisions apply in the same manner as other members of the military.

- HOUSE FILE 2343** - Conveyance of Real Property — Groundwater Hazard Statement Requirements  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to the submission of a groundwater hazard statement with a declaration of value upon the conveyance of real property. The Act provides that a person is not required to submit a groundwater hazard statement with a deed, instrument, or writing if no specified conditions exist on the property, but rather the first page of the deed, instrument, or writing shall include a statement indicating that specified conditions do not exist on the property and, therefore, the transaction is exempt from the requirement to submit a groundwater hazard statement.
- HOUSE FILE 2355** - Employment Security Benefits  
***SEE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT.*** This Act relates to employment security benefits. The Act makes changes to the guide for interpreting Iowa Code chapter 96 (Unemployment Security), decreases the amount of time an individual may receive unemployment benefits, changes several factors that determine when a person may be disqualified from unemployment benefits, adds new requirements for shared work plans in the Shared Work Unemployment Compensation Program or Voluntary Shared Work Program (VSW), and makes part-time employees eligible for VSW benefits if such employees meet all other requirements for VSW benefits.
- HOUSE FILE 2373** - Restrictions on Companies Boycotting Israel — Parent Companies, Subsidiaries, or Affiliates  
***SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.*** This Act provides that public sector restrictions regarding companies boycotting Israel pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 12J apply to a wholly owned subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company, or affiliate of such company.
- HOUSE FILE 2552** - State and Local Taxation — Department of Revenue Records, Duties, and Procedures — Assessment, Collection, Calculation, and Refunds of Taxes — Debt Collection — Property Assessment Appeal Board Salaries  
***SEE TAXATION.*** This Act requires business entities and financial institutions (banks) to file an electronic return under certain circumstances. For a partnership, pass-through entity, corporation, or a financial institution, the Act applies to tax years ending on or after December 31, 2022, or on or after December 31 of the calendar year in which the Department of Revenue implements a system for receiving the electronic returns required by the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes provisions exempting the Medicaid and Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (hawk-i) Program and the managed care organizations acting pursuant to a contract under those programs from certain insurance regulations and provisions relating to health maintenance organizations; and, relative to policies, contracts or plans delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed on or after June 14, 2022, prohibits certain health carriers from excluding a health care professional who provides services for mental health conditions, illnesses, injuries, or diseases and who is physically located out of state from participating as a provider via telehealth under a policy, plan, or contract offered by the health carrier in the state if the health care professional is licensed in Iowa and meets the same criteria as in-state professionals.

- 
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** Division XVII of this Act adds a reference to Iowa Code chapter 194, relating to grades of milk used for manufacturing, for purposes of excluding such milk from the definitions of “homemade food item” and “cottage food.”





## BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE

### **SENATE FILE 586 - Regulation of Banks and Banking**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act modifies numerous provisions of Iowa Code chapter 524 (Banks), and makes conforming changes to other related Iowa Code sections.

The Act establishes who will serve as the Superintendent of Banking (superintendent) when the office is vacant or the superintendent is unable to serve. The Act modifies the rights and obligations of the superintendent, including the superintendent's rights and obligations with respect to ordering a state bank to cease to carry on business. Additionally, the Act amends Iowa Code section 524.207, which appropriates moneys from the Department of Commerce Revolving Fund to the Division of Banking. The Act provides that the amount of the appropriation from the fund is determined by the amount of fees and assessments paid to the superintendent.

The Act modifies the type of entity a state bank may utilize when incorporating and modifies the steps in the incorporation process.

The Act amends provisions of Iowa Code chapter 524, subchapter V, related to fractional shares, record dates, voting lists, share information that is required to be included in the state bank's articles of incorporation, and voting by a member of a mutual corporation.

The Act provides for the participation in a meeting of the directors and the notice required in conjunction with the meetings. Additionally, the Act establishes who may administer an oath to a director.

The Act modifies provisions relating to the decisions of officers that do not require shareholder approval.

The Act establishes the types and amounts of assets that state banks are authorized to hold and invest in. The Act authorizes state banks to conduct certain activities in electronic form. Additionally, the Act modifies provisions related to safe deposit boxes.

The Act amends provisions related to a state bank's ability to invest in certain public welfare investments, when a state bank may purchase cash value life insurance contracts, and real property purchased by a state bank at a foreclosure sale. Additionally, the Act modifies provisions related to the granting of loans and extensions of credit by a state bank.

The Act modifies provisions related to when a state bank is required to cease acting as a fiduciary, the duties of a temporary fiduciary, the voluntary relinquishment of fiduciary capacity, and the succession of fiduciary accounts.

The Act requires any fees paid to an affiliate to comply with 12 U.S.C. §371c and 12 U.S.C. §371c-1.

The Act amends provisions related to the superintendent's authority over out-of-state offices of a state bank. Additionally, the Act establishes where data processing services may take place. The Act requires a bank doing business in this state electronically to identify its legally chartered name in any online interface.

The Act modifies provisions related to a state bank ceasing to carry on the business of banking but continuing as a corporation.

The Act modifies provisions relating to the types of entities that may merge into a state bank and the types of entities a state bank may merge into. The Act establishes information that must be included in the articles of merger and the plan of merger. Additionally, the Act provides for the types of entities that may convert into a state bank and the requirements related to articles of conversion.

The Act modifies provisions related to the affirmative vote required of a class or series of shares to adopt an amendment to the state bank's articles of incorporation.

The Act makes syntax and terminology changes to Iowa Code sections 524.1301, 524.1303, 524.1305, 524.1306, and 524.1503.

The Act strikes subsections 1 through 5 from Iowa Code section 524.1805, which provided restrictions on mergers and acquisitions.

The Act modifies Iowa Code section 524.2001 to strike the reference to Iowa Code chapter 489, the Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act.

The Act repeals Iowa Code sections 524.226, 524.302A, 524.314, 524.315, 524.1008, 524.1205, and 524.1412.

**SENATE FILE 2288 - Foreign Investments by Life Insurance Companies or Associations**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act allows life insurance companies and associations (companies) to make investments issued by, or investment practices with, a counterparty outside of either the United States or Canada of substantially the same type as those investments permitted under Iowa Code section 511.8 if the aggregate amount of foreign investments held by a company does not exceed the percentages detailed in the Act. The investments must be aggregated with investments of the same type made in a similar manner under all other subsections of Iowa Code section 511.8 to determine compliance limitations.

Under prior law, companies could invest in bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, not to include currency, issued, assumed, or guaranteed by a foreign government other than Canada, or by a corporation incorporated under the laws of a foreign government other than Canada. Such governmental obligations must have been valid, legally authorized, and issued and, on the date of acquisition, have investment qualities and characteristics as provided by administrative rule. The corporate obligations must have met specific qualifications established for bonds and other evidences of indebtedness issued, assumed, or guaranteed by a corporation incorporated under the laws of the United States or Canada.

The Act applies to funds invested by companies in a foreign country other than Canada on or after January 1, 2023.

**SENATE FILE 2324 - Real Estate Brokerage Services — Real Estate Teams — Display of Licensee, Brokerage, and Team Names**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the designation of real estate teams and the display of real estate licenses. The Act defines “real estate team” to mean a group of two or more licensees working together under the same real estate broker and representing themselves as a team. The Act provides that if a licensee or real estate team is assigned to the same broker, the licensee or team shall display the name of the brokerage immediately following the name of the licensee or team in advertising materials or other publicly available information.

The Act applies to displays of advertising or information by an individual licensee or real estate team on or after December 31, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2155 - Preneed Sellers and Purchase Agreements for Cemetery Merchandise, Funeral Merchandise, and Funeral Services**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to preneed sellers and purchase agreements (agreement) for cemetery merchandise, funeral merchandise, and funeral services.

The Act prohibits the sale or transfer of an agreement as part of the sale of a business, or the assets of a business, until the seller of the business (seller) has provided the buyer of the business (buyer) with copies of all agreements to be assumed by the buyer, as well as the additional information detailed in the Act. Prior law required a certified public accountant to complete a procedures engagement in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants that verified the adequacy or inadequacy of funding related to the agreements to be sold or transferred and the buyer must file a copy with the Commissioner of Insurance (commissioner).

The Act requires the seller to file a disclosure with the commissioner at least 30 calendar days prior to the date of the transfer of any agreements that lists all of the agreements that are to be transferred to the buyer, and provides additional information as detailed in the Act. If the seller fails to file the disclosure, the commissioner may suspend certain licenses or assess penalties as detailed in the Act.

If an agreement contains a provision stating that it will be funded by either the purchase of a new insurance policy or a new annuity, the insurance producer (producer) who sells the policy or annuity must require that any payment made by the purchaser be made payable only to the insurance company designated in the agreement. The producer must remit the insurance or annuity application and the premium to the designated insurance company within 30 calendar days of execution of the agreement. Prior law required that the premiums for any new insurance policy be fully paid within 30 days after execution of the agreement.

The Act requires sales agents, and any persons who own at least 5 percent of a preneed seller business, to disclose to the commissioner certain felony crimes, misdemeanors, and all bankruptcy petitions filed by the agent or person. Failure to do so subjects the person to the penalties under Iowa Code section 523A.807(3).

Preneed sellers are required to establish, implement, and maintain written procedures relating to business continuity and succession planning.

If a purchase agreement funded by insurance or annuity proceeds includes nonguaranteed merchandise or services, the purchaser, beneficiary, or the beneficiary's estate shall receive a credit for, and the benefit of, any growth in death benefits that is at least equal to the percentage of the total price under the purchase agreement that is attributable to the nonguaranteed merchandise or services. Failure to credit a purchaser, beneficiary, or the beneficiary's estate for any growth in death benefits subjects a person to the applicable remedies and penalties under Iowa Code section 523A.807(3).

The section of the Act that amends Iowa Code section 523A.207 applies to purchase agreements sold or transferred as part of the sale of a business, or of the assets of a business, on or after July 1, 2022.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2167 - Health Care Insurance Coverage — Autism Spectrum Disorder**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act is related to the definition of autism spectrum disorder for purposes of certain health care coverage. Under prior law, "autism spectrum disorders" was defined as any of the pervasive developmental disorders including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder, and pervasive developmental disorders not otherwise specified, and the Commissioner of Insurance is required to define the term consistent with the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (APA DSM). The Act defines "autism spectrum disorder" as a mental health condition that meets the diagnostic criteria for such disorder as published in the most recent edition of APA DSM.

The Act applies to plans established pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 509A for employees of the state that are delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 2023; and to third-party provider payment contracts, policies, or plans specified in Iowa Code section 514C.31(1)(a), or to plans established pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 509A for public employees other than employees of the state, that are delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 2023.

The Act makes conforming changes to Iowa Code chapter 225D (Autism Support Program), Iowa Code section 321.189 (driver's licenses), and Iowa Code section 321.190 (nonoperator's identification cards).

#### **HOUSE FILE 2200 - Direct Health Care Agreements**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to direct health care agreements. Prior law allowed certain primary care health professionals to enter into direct primary care agreements with patients to provide certain primary care health services. The Act broadens the types of health care professionals that may enter into direct health care agreements to include health care professionals that perform health care services. "Health care services" is defined in the Act as services for the diagnosis, prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health condition, illness, injury, or disease, including dental care services. The Act prohibits a health care provider from refusing to accept

a new patient, refusing to renew a direct health care agreement, or establishing an additional service charge for a direct health care agreement based on a patient's or prospective patient's preexisting condition or health status.

The Act took effect on May 12, 2022, and applies to direct health care agreements that are fully executed on or after that date.

**HOUSE FILE 2217 - Insurance Holding Company Systems — Financial Reporting**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to financial reporting by insurance holding company systems.

The Act requires the ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration to concurrently file with the registration an annual group capital calculation that shall be completed in accordance with the group capital calculation instructions and filed with the lead state commissioner of the holding company system as determined by the procedures in the most recent financial analysis handbook published by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC). "Group capital calculation instructions" is defined in the Act. The Act exempts certain holding companies from filing the calculation.

The Act also requires the ultimate controlling person of every insurer subject to registration, and that meets the scope criteria, to file the results of a liquidity stress test for each data year that the insurer is subject to the liquidity stress test framework. "Scope criteria" and "liquidity stress test framework" are defined in the Act. The performance of the liquidity stress test and the filing of the test results for a specific year must comply with the requirements detailed in the Act. Any change to the liquidity stress test framework, or to the data year for which the scope criteria is to be measured, shall be effective on January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year that the change to the framework or to the data year is adopted by the NAIC.

All information obtained by, disclosed to, reported to, or provided to the Commissioner of Insurance shall be considered a confidential record and be recognized and protected as a trade secret, and is subject to disclosure or prohibited from disclosure as detailed in the Act.

Under the Act, the group capital calculation and all supporting documentation, and the stress test results and all supporting documentation, shall be designated as regulatory tools utilized for the purpose of assessing group risks, and capital adequacy and group liquidity risks, respectively, and shall not be construed as a means to rank insurers or holding companies. Except as otherwise required under the Act, an insurer, a broker, or other person engaged in the business of insurance shall be prohibited from making an announcement to the public. "Announcement to the public" is defined in the Act.

The Act makes conforming changes to Iowa Code sections 511.8(22)(b)(2) and 521A.3(2)(a)(12).

**HOUSE FILE 2330 - Electronic Delivery of Insurance Notices and Documents**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to electronic delivery of certain insurance notices and documents.

The Act allows a sponsor or policyholder of a group health plan to consent to electronic delivery of notices and documents, unless there is a federal requirement for a specific mode of delivery, on behalf of the sponsor's or policyholder's covered employees and covered persons. "Covered employee" and "covered person" are defined in the Act. For the consent to be effective, the sponsor or policyholder must comply with the requirements as detailed in the Act.

**HOUSE FILE 2341 - Foreign Vehicles — Transfer of Ownership — Insurance Carriers**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the transfer of ownership of certain vehicles that are registered and titled in a state other than Iowa (foreign vehicles) from a person to an insurance carrier.

An owner of a foreign vehicle is not required to obtain an Iowa certificate of title, which is otherwise required to transfer ownership of a vehicle, if ownership is transferred to a licensed motor vehicle dealer and, at the time of the transfer, the certificate of title is held by a secured party and the dealer has forwarded to the secured party the sum necessary to discharge the security interest pursuant to Iowa Code section 321.48.

The Act extends the exception to also allow a person who does not possess an Iowa certificate of title to transfer ownership of a foreign vehicle to an insurance carrier authorized to do business in Iowa.

**HOUSE FILE 2384 - Pharmacy Benefits Managers, Pharmacies, and Prescription Drug Benefits**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act concerns pharmacy benefits managers, pharmacies, and prescription drug benefits, and is divided into three divisions.

Division I of the Act requires a pharmacy benefits manager (PBM) to perform the PBM's duties exercising good faith and fair dealing in the performance of its contractual obligations toward a third-party payor (payor). The PBM must also notify a health carrier in writing of any activity, policy, practice ownership interest, or affiliation of the PBM that presents any conflict of interest. A PBM is required to act in the best interest of each payor for whom the PBM manages a prescription drug benefit provided by the payor, and must discharge its duties in accordance with applicable state and federal law. "Pharmacy benefits manager," "third-party payor," and "health carrier" are defined in the division.

The Division prohibits a PBM from assessing, charging, or collecting any form of remuneration that passes from a pharmacy or a pharmacist in a pharmacy network to the PBM including but not limited to claim processing fees, performance-based fees, network participation fees, or accreditation fees. "Pharmacy network" is defined in the division.

A covered person shall not be required to make a cost-sharing payment at the point of sale for a prescription drug (drug) in an amount that exceeds the total amount that the pharmacy at which the covered person fills the covered person's prescription drug order is reimbursed. A PBM shall not prohibit a pharmacy from disclosing the availability of a lower-cost drug option to a covered person, or from selling a lower-cost drug option to a covered person. "Covered person" and "prescription drug" are defined in the division.

The division requires that prior to placement of a particular drug on a maximum allowable cost list (MACL), a PBM must satisfy all of the requirements detailed in the Act. For each MACL that a PBM uses in the state, the PBM must provide each pharmacy in a network reasonable access to the MACL to which the pharmacy is subject; update the MACL within seven days from the date of an increase of 10 percent or more in the pharmacy acquisition cost of a drug on the list by one or more wholesale distributors doing business in the state; update the MACL within seven days from the date of a change in the methodology, or a change in the value of a variable applied in the methodology, on which the MACL is based; and provide a reasonable process for each pharmacy in a network to receive prompt notice of all changes to the MACL to which the pharmacy is subject. "Maximum allowable cost list" is defined in the division.

The division prohibits a PBM from reimbursing any pharmacy located in Iowa in an amount less than the amount that the PBM reimburses a pharmacy benefits manager affiliate for dispensing the same drug and requires the reimbursement to be calculated on a per unit basis based on the same generic product identifier or generic code number. "Pharmacy benefits manager affiliate" is defined in the division.

After the date of receipt of a clean claim submitted by a pharmacy in a network, a PBM cannot retroactively reduce payment on the claim, either directly or indirectly except in the circumstances detailed in the division. "Clean claim" is defined in the division.

The division permits the Commissioner of Insurance to adopt rules to administer Iowa Code chapter 510B (Regulation of Pharmacy Benefits Managers). If a provision of Iowa Code chapter 510B or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the chapter that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

The division applies to PBMs that manage a prescription drug benefit in Iowa on or after June 13, 2022.

Division II, concerning pharmacy benefits manager reporting, replaces "health carrier" with "third-party payor" in several definitions in Iowa Code section 510C.1, defines several terms to mean the same as defined in Iowa Code

section 510B.1 rather than Iowa Code section 514J.102, defines “third-party payor administrative service fee,” and replaces “health carrier” with “third-party payor” in several places in Iowa Code section 510C.2.

Division III of the Act permits the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce to adopt emergency rules to implement the Act.

The Act took effect on June 13, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2399 - Health Benefit Plans and Health Care Reimbursement — Prior Authorization**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act is related to reimbursement for health care services provided after receipt of a prior authorization.

Except in the circumstances detailed in the Act, a utilization review organization is prohibited from revoking, or imposing a limitation, condition, or restriction on, a prior authorization after the date on which a health care provider provides a health care service to a covered person per the prior authorization. Except in the circumstances detailed in the Act, a health carrier is required to reimburse a health care provider at the contracted reimbursement rate for a health care service provided by the provider to a covered person per a prior authorization. “Covered person,” “facility,” “health benefit plan,” “health care professional,” “health care provider,” “health care services,” “health carrier,” “prior authorization,” “utilization review,” and “utilization review organization” are defined in the Act.

The Act provides that a prior authorization for a specific health care service for a specific covered person is valid for not less than 90 days from the date that the covered person’s health care provider receives the prior authorization from a utilization review organization, provided that during the 90 days the covered person remains a participant in the same health benefit plan in which the covered person participated on the date the prior authorization was received by the health care provider.

The Commissioner of Insurance may adopt rules as necessary to administer the Act.

The Act applies to health benefit plans that are delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 2023.

**HOUSE FILE 2401 - Online Marketplace Transactions — Collection and Disclosure of Specified Information**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to high-volume third-party sellers participating in an online marketplace.

The Act defines “high-volume third-party seller” to include a participant on an online marketplace platform who is a third-party seller and who, for a continuous 12-month period within the previous 24 months, entered into 200 or more sales or transactions of consumer products, made through the online marketplace and for which payment was processed by the online marketplace, with an aggregate total of \$5,000 or more in gross revenue. The Act defines “online marketplace” to include a person or entity that operates a consumer-directed electronic platform that third-party sellers use to sell products to consumers and that has a contractually similar relationship with consumers governing their use of the platform. The Act defines “third-party seller” to include any seller who is independent of an online marketplace who sells, offers to sell, or contracts to sell a consumer product in Iowa through an online marketplace platform, with exceptions as detailed in the Act.

The Act provides that an online marketplace shall require a high-volume third-party seller to disclose certain information to the online marketplace, including bank account information, a business or individual tax number, email address, phone number, and other contact information. The Act requires an online marketplace to send a notification to a high-volume third-party seller at least once per year requesting updated information and to verify that the information the seller is providing is correct. If a high-volume third-party seller fails to provide the required information, the online marketplace shall issue a notice to the seller, and if no additional information is supplied within 10 days following the notice, the online marketplace shall suspend the high-volume third-party seller from additional sales on the platform until the information is provided.



The Act requires an online marketplace to collect data solely to comply with the requirements of the Act and any applicable laws and the collected data cannot be used for other purposes. An online marketplace must maintain security practices to protect data collected from high-volume third-party sellers from unauthorized use, disclosure, access, destruction, or modification.

The Act requires a high-volume third-party seller with a cumulative total of \$20,000 or more in annual gross revenues on an online marketplace to disclose information as detailed in the Act to the online marketplace for the benefit of consumers. High-volume third-party sellers are required to provide users of the online marketplace with contact information displayed in a conspicuous manner including a current working phone number, a current working email address, or other means of direct electronic messaging to facilitate direct communication with consumers. If a high-volume third-party seller uses a different seller to supply the consumer products, the high-volume third-party seller must disclose the other seller's contact information to a consumer upon purchase and upon consumer request.

Online marketplaces are required to provide a reporting mechanism for consumers to report suspicious marketplace activity.

High-volume third-party sellers may request partial disclosure of the seller's contact information upon request to the online marketplace. A third-party seller who makes a false representation regarding partial disclosure or fails to communicate with customers after being granted partial disclosure will be suspended from sales activity on the platform. An online marketplace must provide notice to a seller prior to suspending future sales.

The Act grants the Attorney General sole authority to enforce the Act and to bring a civil action against an online marketplace operating in violation of the Act. A violation of the Act is punishable by a civil penalty in an amount up to \$100,000. The Attorney General may adopt rules as necessary to implement the Act.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2023.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2431 - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to home-based businesses, including home food processing establishments.

The Act replaces the definition of "home bakery" and "prepared food" with a new definition for "home food processing establishment" and "homemade food item," respectively, and makes conforming changes. For purposes of regulating home food processing establishments, the Act defines "department," "food," and "produce." The Act provides labeling requirements for homemade food items. A label for a homemade food item must include the name of the home food processing establishment, the common name of the food, the ingredients, the net quantity of contents, an expiration date if the homemade food item is a time/temperature control for safety food, and a disclaimer. The Act imposes a \$100 civil penalty for a violation of home food processing establishment regulations. Prior law provided that a home bakery was guilty of a simple misdemeanor for a violation of a regulation relating to home bakeries or prepared foods created in a home bakery.

The Act defines "cottage food" to include the production and sale of food produced at a private residence that is not a time/temperature control for safety food. The Act provides that cottage food is exempt from all licensing, permitting, inspection, packaging, and labeling laws of the state if the food is sold and delivered by the producer directly to the consumer or delivered by mail or an agent of the producer. Cottage food sold in such manner must be affixed or labeled with information to identify the name and contact information of the person preparing the food, the common name of the food, the ingredients, a disclaimer, and, if the food is home-processed and home-canned pickles, vegetables, or fruits, the date that the food was processed and canned. Compliance with cottage food requirements pursuant to the Act does not represent compliance with federal law.

The Act defines the terms "goods," "home-based business," and "no-impact home-based business" as those terms are used for regulating a home-based business by a county or city. The Act provides that using residential property as a home-based business is generally permitted unless prohibited by covenant or ownership community agreement. The Act bars a county or city from prohibiting or requiring prior approval to operate a no-impact home-based business. The Act authorizes a county or city to regulate home-based businesses as long as such regulations are narrowly

tailored to purposes provided in the Act. A county or city cannot require, as a condition of operating a home-based business, that the property be rezoned for commercial use or that the business owner install or equip fire sprinklers in a single-family detached residential dwelling or any residential dwelling with not more than two dwelling units. In any proceeding alleging that a regulation does not comply with the Act, the county or city that enacted the regulation must establish by clear and convincing evidence that the regulation complies with the Act.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2443 - Smart Contracts, Distributed Ledger Technology, and Digital Assets**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to smart contracts, distributed ledger technology, and digital assets by amending the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (Iowa Code chapter 554D) and enacting new Iowa Code chapter 554E, which is closely related to the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) (Iowa Code chapter 554).

The Act defines “digital asset” to include any electronic record that represents or evidences economic value or economic, proprietary, or access rights and such records used as payment, but does not include a deposit account, electronic record evidencing chattel paper, electronic chattel paper, controllable account, controllable payment intangible, money, electronic document of title, investment property, or a transferable record. The Act defines “distributed ledger technology” to include an electronic ledger or other record of transactions or other data where the ledger is both uniformly ordered and redundantly maintained or processed by more than one computer or machine to guarantee the consistency or nonrepudiation of the recorded transactions or other data. The Act defines “smart contract” to mean an electronic record that is an event-driven program or computerized transaction protocol that runs on a distributed, decentralized, shared, and replicated ledger that executes the term of contract, including but not limited to taking custody over and instructing the transfer of assets. The Act creates new definitions for “controllable account,” “controllable electronic record,” “electronic services system,” “transaction,” and “transferable record.” The terms “electronic document of title” and “money” have the same meaning as those terms are defined in Iowa Code chapter 554, article 1, which governs the UCC’s general provisions. The terms “account,” “chattel paper,” “deposit account,” “electronic chattel paper,” “investment property,” and “payment intangible” have the same meaning as those terms are defined in Iowa Code chapter 554, article 9, which governs UCC secured transactions. The terms “contract,” “electronic,” “electronic record,” and “record” have the same meaning as those terms are defined in Iowa Code chapter 554D.

The Act classifies digital assets as intangible personal property. The Act provides that a record, signature, or contract created, generated, sent, signed, adopted, communicated, received, recorded, or stored by means of distributed ledger or smart contract is a valid document or agreement that maintains its full legal effect and enforceability. A person engaging in commerce who uses distributed ledger technology to secure information retains the same rights of ownership with respect to the information as the person possessed prior to using the distributed ledger technology.

The Act provides that a real estate transaction subject to provisions of the Act that is intended to provide notice pursuant to Iowa Code section 558.11, and any instrument that is otherwise required by law to be recorded by the office of the county recorder, shall be evidenced by a document in a format suitable for recording and conforming with the applicable document standards under Iowa Code chapter 558.

The Act eliminates provisions in Iowa Code chapter 554D relating to the use of smart contracts and distributed ledger technology (including the repeal of Iowa Code section 554D.106A).

#### **HOUSE FILE 2445 - Uniform Commercial Code — Controllable Electronic Records**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act amends Iowa Code chapter 554, Iowa’s version of the Uniform Commercial Code, governing certain commercial transactions involving electronic forms of intangible property (assets that do not derive value from physical attributes). The Act amends Iowa Code section 554.1201 to define the term “electronic” as applied throughout the Iowa Code chapter to mean technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities. Forms of electronic intangible property are sometimes referred to as digital assets and may include non-fiat currency and blockchain based non-fungible tokens, commonly referred to as NFTs. The Act creates new Article 14, cited as “Uniform Commercial Code — Controllable Electronic Records,” that is based on new Article 12 of the UCC, amendments to Article 1 providing general provisions applicable throughout the UCC, and amendments to Article 9 governing secured transactions, as prepared by a committee appointed jointly by the Uniform Law Commission and the American Law Institute.



*NEW ARTICLE 14 — CONTROLLABLE ELECTRONIC RECORDS.* Iowa's new Article 14 governs a controllable electronic record (CER), which is a record stored in an electronic medium. New Iowa Code section 554.14105 provides that a person in control of a CER exercises certain powers including: (1) to exclusively or nonexclusively derive substantially all benefit from that control; (2) to exclusively act to prevent another person from deriving substantially all such benefit; and (3) to exclusively act to transfer control to another person. In addition, the person must be able to identify themselves as holding these powers (e.g., by cryptographic key). The controlling person only derives a benefit from attributes associated with the type of CER being controlled (e.g., limited to holding the CER as an investment or exchange it for value).

*NEW ARTICLE 14 — QUALIFIED PURCHASERS.* Iowa's new Article 14 provides for certain rights associated with control of a CER by a qualifying purchaser. New Iowa Code section 554.14102 defines a qualifying purchaser as a person who obtains control of the CER for value in good faith and without notice of a competing property claim. New Iowa Code section 554.14104 provides that a qualifying purchaser acquires rights in the CER free of a competing claim of a property right in that same CER. An action cannot be asserted against a qualifying purchaser based on the qualifying purchaser's purchase of the controllable electronic record. The filing of a financing statement under Article 9 does not constitute a notice of a property right in the CER.

*NEW ARTICLE 14 — TETHERED CONTROLLABLE ACCOUNTS AND CONTROLLABLE PAYMENT INTANGIBLES.* Iowa's new Article 14 provides that a CER evidences control of an account, referred to as a controllable account, or a payment intangible, referred to as a controllable payment intangible. The term "account" means having a present and future right to a payment based on the transfer of services or property including by sale or lease, and includes accounts receivable, but excludes an item represented by a negotiable instrument or chattel paper. The term "payment intangible" (under the catchall term "general intangible") means a debtor's principal obligation is the payment of money. An account debtor is a person who owes an obligation on an account, chattel paper, or intangible property. Chattel paper is a debt obligation supported with a security interest in tangible property and includes electronic chattel paper evidenced by an electronic record. A controllable account or controllable payment intangible is commonly described as being tethered to (or embedded in) a CER. New Iowa Code section 554.9102 provides that a number of different types of property cannot be tethered to a CER including a deposit account, chattel paper or electronic chattel paper, an electronic document of title, electronic money, investment property (a security, security entitlement, securities account, commodity contract, or commodity account as those terms are defined in Iowa Code section 554.9102. It also does not include a transferable record subject to the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act under 24 U.S.C. §7021(a)(1) or the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act under Iowa Code chapter 554D. New Iowa Code section 554.14106 provides that an account debtor on a controllable account or controllable payment intangible may discharge an obligation by paying the person having control of the CER tethered to the controllable account or controllable payment intangible.

*NEW ARTICLE 14 — CONNECTION WITH ARTICLE 9 ATTACHMENT AND PERFECTION OF SECURITY INTERESTS.* Iowa's new Article 14 is connected to Article 9, which allows a creditor to obtain a security interest attached to a debtor's personal property as collateral and to obtain priority when enforcing that security interest over other creditors having a security interest in that same collateral. The method used to obtain priority is referred to as perfecting the creditor's security interest and under the "first in time, first in right" rule, the creditor who first perfects a security interest in collateral prevails over another creditor's security interest in the same collateral that is unperfected or perfected at a later time. The most common method of perfection is filing a financing statement (UCC-1) with the Secretary of State; but Article 9 also recognizes perfection by possession in the case of tangible property, or perfection by control in the case of intangible property.

*AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE 9—ATTACHMENT AND PERFECTION OF SECURITY INTEREST.* New Iowa Code section 554.9107A provides that, for purposes of Article 9, a secured party who has control of a CER also has control of any tethered controllable account or controllable payment intangible. New Iowa Code section 554.9203 provides that a security interest attached in a CER also attaches to the tethered controllable account or tethered controllable payment intangible. New Iowa Code section 554.9308 provides that the perfection of a security interest in a CER also perfects a security interest in any tethered controllable account or controllable payment intangible. Iowa Code section 554.9310 is amended to provide that the filing of a financing statement is not required to perfect a CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible just as it is not required to perfect electronic chattel paper.

Iowa Code section 554.9312 is amended to provide that a CER, controllable account, or controllable electronic record may be perfected by filing in the same manner as chattel paper. Iowa Code section 554.9314 is amended to provide that a CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible, may also be perfected by control in the same manner as electronic chattel paper. New Iowa Code section 554.9326A provides that a secured party who has a security interest in and control of a CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible has priority over a secured party who holds a security interest in the same CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible but who does not have control. Under current law, a secured party does not owe a duty to a person who is a debtor or obligor and is not liable to such person, if the secured party does not know the person is a debtor or obligor, how to identify the person, or how to communicate with the person. Iowa Code sections 554.9605 and 554.9628 are amended to provide that a secured party who is in control of a CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible, must notify the debtor, if the secured party knows that the type of collateral or system in which the collateral is recorded would prevent the secured party knowing a person was a debtor, their identity, and how to communicate with them. Under current law, after receiving a demand by a debtor, a secured party must take final action on a satisfied obligation, including by formally releasing a debtor from the obligation (e.g., provide an authoritative copy of the electronic chattel paper to the debtor). Iowa Code section 554.9208 is amended to provide that a secured party in control of a CER taking final action on a satisfied obligation, must transfer control of the CER to a debtor or person designated by the debtor.

*AMENDMENTS TO ARTICLE 9 — TANGIBLE AND ELECTRONIC MONEY.* The Act amends Article 9 by providing for the use of money as a security. Under current law, money is described as a medium of exchange required to meet certain conditions, including by being currently authorized or adopted by a domestic or foreign government, by an intergovernmental organization, or pursuant to an agreement between two or more governments. Iowa Code section 554.1201 is amended to provide that the medium of exchange must have been initially issued, created, or distributed by one of those governmental entities or pursuant to an agreement between two or more of those governmental entities. The Act would therefore exclude an electronic record existing and operating as a medium of exchange before being authorized or adopted as a medium of exchange by a governmental entity. The Act's amendments to Article 9 recognize a difference between tangible money and electronic money (money in an intangible form). New Iowa Code section 554.9105A describes the control of electronic money according to the same criteria used to describe the control of a controllable electronic record. The Act amends provisions requiring that a security interest in money must be perfected by possession. Tangible money must still be so perfected. Iowa Code section 554.9314 is amended to provide that electronic money must be perfected by control. Iowa Code section 554.9208 is amended to provide that after receiving a demand by a debtor, the person in control of electronic money must transfer control of the electronic money to a debtor or person designated by the debtor in the same manner as a person in control of a CER must transfer control of the CER.

*NEW ARTICLE 14 AND AMENDED ARTICLE 9 — GOVERNING LAW.* New Iowa Code section 554.14107 provides that, unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, Iowa law governs any transaction involving a CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible if Iowa law would govern perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the priority of a security interest in that CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible under new Iowa Code section 554.9306A. New Iowa Code section 554.9306A provides that Iowa law governs any CER, controllable account, or controllable payment intangible granted by a debtor located in this state at the time the security interest becomes enforceable against the debtor.

**HOUSE FILE 2469 - Business Corporations — Communications, Records, and Shareholders' Lists — Miscellaneous Changes**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act amends provisions in the Iowa Business Corporation Act (IBCA) (Iowa Code chapter 490) based on the fourth edition of the Model Business Corporation Act (MBCA) as drafted and recommended by the American Bar Association in 2016 and enacted by the General Assembly (2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 165).

The Act includes provisions based on more recent amendments to the MBCA including the use of forms of electronic transmission, such as electronic mail, recognized as a means of communication between a corporation and its shareholders. The Act defines electronic mail as any electronic transmission directed to a unique electronic mail address (amended Iowa Code section 490.140(12A) and (12B)). Instead of requiring a corporation to obtain

the consent of a shareholder before communicating via electronic mail, it reverses the presumption by allowing for its use by the corporation unless the shareholder objects in writing (amended Iowa Code section 490.140(4)). The corporation must cease communicating via electronic mail if it receives a message that the electronic transmission could not be delivered (amended Iowa Code section 490.141(5)). The Act amends provisions regarding a corporation's records of its "list of shareholders" (list) and a shareholder's right to obtain a copy of the list for purposes related to an upcoming shareholders' meeting. The list must include the electronic mail or other electronic transmission address of a shareholder if used by the corporation for communicating with the shareholder (amended Iowa Code section 490.720(1)). The Act provides that an electronic mail address of a shareholder is deemed to be provided to the corporation by a shareholder if the electronic mail address is contained in a communication to the corporation by or on behalf of the shareholder unless the communication expressly indicates that the electronic mail address is not to be used to deliver notices or other communications (amended Iowa Code section 490.1601(4)).

The Act makes several grammatical corrections to various provisions (amended Iowa Code sections 490.140(57), 490.143(1), and 490.1704(4)). It also makes changes to terminology used to describe a foreign corporation with a presence in Iowa. The changes are consistent with the terminology used in the fourth edition of the MBCA. Prior to the enactment of that edition by the General Assembly in 2021, the IBCA, like other model business organization statutes (e.g., the Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act codified in Iowa Code chapter 489) required a foreign business to obtain a certificate of authorization from the Secretary of State before being "authorized to transact business in this state" or the equivalent phrase "authorized to do business in this state." The Act's terminology changes provide that a foreign corporation must obtain a "certificate of registration" from the Secretary of State (Iowa Code section 490.128) as a "registered foreign corporation" to be "registered to do business in this state" (Iowa Code section 490.140(47) and amended Iowa Code sections 490.120(5), 490.401(2), 490.401(4), 490.748(3), 490.922(5), 490.1511(4), 490.1621(4), and 496C.20(3)).

#### **HOUSE FILE 2540 - Sale of Travel Insurance**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act is based on the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's Travel Insurance Model Act.

The Act permits the Commissioner of Insurance to issue a limited lines travel insurance producer license to a person that files an application in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner. A travel insurance producer must be licensed to sell, solicit, or negotiate travel insurance, as defined in the Act, through a licensed insurer. A person shall not act as a travel insurance producer or as a travel retailer, as defined in the Act, unless the person is licensed as a travel insurance producer or is registered as a travel retailer. A travel retailer may offer and disseminate travel insurance under a travel insurance producer's license only if all of the conditions as detailed in the Act are satisfied. The Act authorizes a person licensed in a major line of authority as an insurance producer to sell, solicit, and negotiate travel insurance.

Travel protection plans, as defined in the Act, may be offered at one price for all features included in the plan if the requirements detailed in the Act are satisfied.

Travel insurance may be marketed directly to consumers as provided in the Act.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of Iowa Code Title XIII, subtitle 1, the Act prohibits a person from acting as or representing itself as a travel administrator for travel insurance unless the person is a licensed property and casualty insurance producer in Iowa, or is in compliance with all laws and regulations that are applicable to managing general agents or to third-party administrators in this state.

Notwithstanding any provision of Iowa Code Title XIII, subtitle 1, to the contrary, the Act details how travel insurance shall be classified and filed for purposes of rates and forms. Travel insurance may be issued in the form of an individual, group, or blanket policy. An insurer that offers travel insurance shall pay tax on travel insurance premiums as detailed in the Act.

The Act applies to travel insurance that covers any Iowa resident and to travel insurance that is sold, solicited, negotiated, or offered in this state, and to any travel insurance policy or certificate that is delivered or issued for

delivery in this state. The Act does not apply to cancellation fee waivers or to travel assistance services except as expressly provided in the Act.

The Commissioner of Insurance may adopt rules as necessary to implement and administer the Act.

## CHILDREN AND YOUTH

- HOUSE FILE 2127** - State Child Care Assistance Program — Additional Payments
- HOUSE FILE 2198** - Child Care Centers — Employee Minimum Age, Fingerprinting, and Supervision — Staff-to-Children Ratios
- HOUSE FILE 2507** - Juvenile Justice and Child and Family Welfare

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2190** - Child Labor — Operation of Pizza Dough Rollers  
***SEE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT.*** This Act creates an exception to the provision prohibiting a person under the age of 18 from operating certain power-driven bakery machines by allowing the person to operate power-driven pizza dough rollers that are equipped with certain safety features that are operational and not overridden.
- HOUSE FILE 771** - Self-Administration and Storage of Bronchodilators, Bronchodilator Canisters, and Bronchodilator Canisters and Spacers in School.  
***SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.*** This Act relates to the self-administration, storage, and supply of bronchodilators, bronchodilator canisters, and bronchodilator canisters and spacers relative to schools and students.
- HOUSE FILE 2209** - Hunting or Trapping — Persons Under Sixteen Years of Age Accompanying an Adult  
***SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.*** This Act allows a resident under 16 years of age to accompany the minor's parent or guardian, or any other competent adult with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian, without a hunting or fur harvester license while the parent, guardian, or other adult is hunting or trapping any game or fur-bearing animal as long as the minor is not hunting or trapping and does not carry or use a firearm or any other weapon.
- HOUSE FILE 2239** - Evidence — Criminal or Postconviction Relief Actions — Victims of Physical or Sexual Abuse  
***SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.*** This Act provides that in a prosecution for physical abuse or a sexual offense, including but not limited to a sexual offense in violation of Iowa Code section 709.2 (Sexual Abuse in the First Degree), 709.3 (Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree), 709.4 (Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree), 709.11 (Assault with the Intent To Commit Sexual Abuse), 709.12 (Indecent Contact with a Child), 709.14 (Lascivious Conduct with a Minor), 709.15 (Sexual Exploitation by a Counselor, Therapist, or School Employee), 709.16 (Sexual Misconduct with Offenders and Juveniles), or 709.23 (Continuous Sexual Abuse of a Child), upon or against a child, a person with an intellectual disability, a person with a cognitive impairment, or a person with a developmental disability, testimony by the victim concerning an out-of-court statement, whether consistent or inconsistent, made by the victim to another that is an initial disclosure of the offense and testimony by another concerning an out-of-court statement, whether consistent or inconsistent, made by the victim that is an initial disclosure of the offense charged for physical abuse or a sexual offense against the victim shall be admitted into evidence at trial as an exception to the hearsay rule. Such out-of-court statements shall be admitted if the party intending to offer the statement notifies the adverse party of the intent to offer the statement, provides the adverse party with the name of the witness through whom the statement will be offered, and provides the adverse party with a written summary of the statement to be offered; the court finds in a hearing conducted outside of the presence of the jury that the timing of the statement, the content of the statement, and the circumstances surrounding the making of the statement provide sufficient safeguards

of reliability; and the child, person with an intellectual disability, person with a cognitive impairment, or person with a developmental disability testifies at the trial. If a statement is admitted pursuant to the Act, the court shall instruct the jury that it is for the jury to determine the weight and credibility to be given to the statement and, in making that determination, the jury shall consider the age and maturity of the child or the disability of the person with an intellectual disability, cognitive impairment, or developmental disability; the nature of the statement; the circumstances under which the statement was made; and any other relevant factor.

- HOUSE FILE 2252** - Department of Human Services — Child Care Assistance Program, Child and Family Services, Foster Care, Adoption, and the Dependent Adult Abuse Information Registry  
**SEE HUMAN SERVICES.** This Act allows a child to qualify for the Child Care Assistance Program on the basis of a parent, guardian, or custodian being absent or unable to care for the child regardless of how long the parent, guardian, or custodian is absent or unable to care for the child.

The Act redefines “child” for the purposes of the Iowa Code relating to child and family services to include certain persons 18, 19, and 20 years of age. The Act limits which foster care services provided to a child 18 years of age or older may receive payment from the state.

- HOUSE FILE 2298** - Enrollment Prerequisites for Child Care Centers or Elementary, Secondary, or Postsecondary Schools — COVID-19 Immunization  
**SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.** This Act prohibits required immunization against COVID-19 for a person to be enrolled in any licensed child care center, elementary or secondary school, or postsecondary school in Iowa prior to July 1, 2029.

- HOUSE FILE 2390** - Child Welfare — Foster Care — Court Appointed Special Advocates  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act relates to child welfare, including provisions relating to foster care, the Child Advocacy Board (CAB), local citizen foster care, review boards (local boards), and Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASAs).

*CAB.* The Act requires establishment of protocols for CAB, and modifies its duties relative to foster care placements.

*CASAs.* The Act codifies the duties of a CASA relative to a foster care matter. A CASA must, with respect to a child unless otherwise directed by a court with jurisdiction over the child, conduct in-person interviews with the child every 30 days if the child’s age is appropriate for interviews, and interview each parent, guardian, or other person having custody of the child as needed; visit the home, residence, or both, of the child; visit a prospective home or residence of the child, including each time placement is changed; interview any person providing medical, mental health, social, educational, or other services to the child; if possible, obtain firsthand knowledge of the facts, circumstances, and parties involved; attend any depositions, hearings, and trial proceedings; assist the Transition Committee in the development of a transition plan if the child’s case permanency plan calls for one; submit a written report containing case-related observations and recommendations prior to each hearing to the juvenile court and each party entitled to disclosure of the report, unless otherwise directed by the court; submit periodic reports to the court and interested parties detailing the child’s situation as long as the child remains under the jurisdiction of the court; and file other reports as ordered by a court.

The reports a CASA must prepare for a hearing must include the strengths of the child and the child’s family as identified by the CASA, the concerns identified by the CASA, the

CASA's recommendations regarding the child's placement, and other recommendations the CASA believes are in the child's best interests.

*LOCAL BOARD.* A local foster care review board (local board) must review the efforts of the foster care agency responsible for the placement of a child to locate and provide services to a child's biological or adoptive parents, legal guardians, or fictive kin providing the majority of a child's daily food, lodging, and support. Previously, such reviews did not include legal guardians or fictive kin.

The Act also specifies the types and methods of provision of information to be submitted to a local board.

A local board must notify an intervenor in a child's case to all local board meetings involving the child.

- HOUSE FILE 2416** - Collegiate and Interscholastic Athletics — Student Eligibility Requirements — Educational Institution Liability  
***SEE EDUCATION.*** This Act relates to student eligibility requirements for eligibility to participate in athletics sponsored by certain educational institutions and organizations. Only students designated as female at birth may participate in athletics designated as for females, women, or girls. Students and certain educational institutions and organizations who suffer harm as a result of a violation of athletics sex requirements have a private cause of action against an educational institution or organization in violation of the athletics sex requirements.
- HOUSE FILE 2420** - Newborn Safe Haven Act — Age of Newborn Infant  
***SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.*** This Act redefines “newborn infant” under the Newborn Safe Haven Act to allow for the voluntary release of custody of a newborn infant 90 days of age or younger, rather than 30 days of age or younger as provided under prior law.
- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes numerous provisions involving children, including the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (hawk-i) Program and other child health initiatives, child support, child care, child protection, child welfare, juvenile justice, subsidized adoption, Early Childhood Iowa Initiative funding, the Autism Support Program, and the Children's Behavioral Health System and Children's Behavioral Health System State Board.
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** Division VIII of this Act makes a violation of Iowa Code section 724.4E which is committed by a child a “delinquent act” under Iowa Code chapter 232.





## CHILDREN AND YOUTH

### **HOUSE FILE 2127 - State Child Care Assistance Program — Additional Payments**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act allows a child care provider to collect from a family participating in the state Child Care Assistance (CCA) Program the difference between the CCA program reimbursement rate and the rate the provider would typically charge a private-pay family for child care, so long as the child care provider and family agree in writing to such additional payments prior to the provision of the child care.

### **HOUSE FILE 2198 - Child Care Centers — Employee Minimum Age, Fingerprinting, and Supervision — Staff-to-Children Ratios**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to the minimum age requirements and staff-to-children ratios for child care centers.

The minimum required age for child care center employees and substitutes who provide child care to school age children without additional supervision is now 16 years of age. Child care centers are now allowed to obtain fingerprints from children 16 years of age or older for the purposes of employing that child as an employee or substitute, provided that such fingerprints are voluntarily given with permission of the child and the child's parent or guardian.

The minimum staff-to-children ratio at child care centers is one child care worker for every seven children who are two years of age and one child care worker for every 10 children who are three years of age. Additional staff-to-children ratios that apply to children who are not two or three years of age are provided under current law.

The section of the Act relating to child care center staff ratio rules took effect June 16, 2022.

### **HOUSE FILE 2507 - Juvenile Justice and Child and Family Welfare**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to juvenile justice including juvenile delinquency, child in need of assistance and family in need of assistance proceedings, juvenile justice reform, and juvenile justice expenses and costs, and includes effective date, applicability, and retroactive applicability provisions.

*JUVENILE JUSTICE — CONSTRUCTION AND DEFINITIONS.* For the purposes of interpreting Iowa Code chapter 232 (Juvenile Justice), the rules of construction specify that when a child is removed from the control of the child's parents, a court must secure the least restrictive care for the child's placement with a preference for placement with the child's family or fictive kin.

The Act defines and redefines several terms for the purposes of Iowa Code chapters 232 and 234 (Child and Family Services), including "child abuse," "child in need of assistance," "court appointed special advocate," "fictive kin," "foster care," "guardian," "guardian ad litem," "neglect," "physical abuse," "putative father," "relative," and "sibling."

The definition of "guardian ad litem" includes additional duties. A guardian ad litem (GAL) is required to make a written report to the juvenile court and to each of the parties to a child's case prior to each hearing, unless otherwise ordered, detailing how the GAL complied with the other required GAL duties. If the GAL is also the child's attorney, the report must also contain an assessment of this dual role and whether there is a need for the court to appoint a separate GAL. A GAL must provide a sibling of a child who was not placed with the child the reasons why the child and the sibling have not been placed together and an explanation of the efforts being made to facilitate placement together or why efforts to place the child and the sibling together are not appropriate. This requirement does not apply if the sibling's age or mental state makes it inappropriate to provide such explanations. A GAL must meet minimum requirements when formulating a position that serves the best interests of a child.

Upon notice of the pendency of an action under Iowa Code chapter 232, a district judge, district associate judge, or judicial hospitalization referee shall not issue an order, finding, or decision relating to custody, guardianship, or placement of a child who is the subject of the action, including an order, finding, or decision made under Iowa Code chapter 232D (Minor Guardianships).

*JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS — TAKING A CHILD INTO CUSTODY.* A peace officer no longer has the option to place a child in a runaway assessment center if the peace officer believes the child is a chronic runaway.

*JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS — JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.* A service of summons or notice in a juvenile delinquency proceeding or termination of parent-child relationship proceeding may now be made by publication if a court believes other forms of service are impracticable.

A court may waive the requirement for reasonable efforts to prevent the permanent removal of a child from the child's home when the parent has been convicted of the murder of a child; voluntary manslaughter of a child; aiding, abetting, attempting, conspiring in, or soliciting the commission of a murder or voluntary manslaughter of a child; or a felony assault which resulted in serious bodily injury of a child.

*CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE — CHILD ABUSE REPORTING, ASSESSMENT, AND REHABILITATION.* The legislative findings establishing the purpose and policy of child in need of assistance (CINA) proceedings recognize that removing a child from the child's family will cause the child harm and that the harm caused by a child's removal must be weighed against the potential harm in allowing a child to remain with the child's family.

Alleged child abuse related to the failure to provide certain care to the child or the unlawful use, possession, manufacturing, cultivating, or distribution of certain dangerous substances must have occurred within five years of a report to the Department of Human Services (DHS) in order to constitute child abuse.

All reports of possible child abuse only need to be made orally instead of orally, in writing, or both.

Upon DHS's request, multidisciplinary teams must assist in the subsequent provision of services in addition to assisting with the assessment, diagnosis, and disposition of a child abuse assessment.

*CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDINGS — TEMPORARY CUSTODY OF A CHILD.* A court, prior to ordering a temporary removal of a child pursuant to an ex parte order, must make a finding that substantial evidence exists to demonstrate that the need for removal outweighs the potential harm removal of a child from the child's family would cause the child, including any physical, emotional, social, and mental trauma the removal may cause the child.

If a court determines that a child should be temporarily removed from the child's home pursuant to an ex parte order, the court shall consider placing the child in the temporary custody of another parent of the child. If the juvenile court determines custody with any of the child's parents is not in the child's best interests, custody will be transferred to DHS for placement of the child in accordance with priorities established in the Act. If a child is placed with a licensed foster care provider, DHS must assign decision-making authority to the foster care provider for the purpose of applying the reasonable and prudent parent standard during the child's placement.

If a court places custody of a child with DHS for temporary placement, the court may identify a category for placement of the child, but DHS must select the specific person or facility for placement, subject to court review upon the request of an interested party. If an interested party does request a review, the court shall give deference to DHS's decision, and the opposing party has the burden to prove DHS unreasonably or irresponsibly failed to find suitable placement for the child.

A court must make a specific finding that placement with an adult relative is not in a child's best interests and provide reasons for the finding before the court may order placement of a child in a category consisting of nonrelatives.

A peace officer or juvenile court officer who takes a child into custody, a physician treating a child, or a peace officer, physician, or medical security personnel authorized by a juvenile court officer to take a child into custody without a court order must make every reasonable effort to place the child with an adult relative of the child or a fictive kin of the child.

A peace officer without a court order must attempt to place a child with an adult relative or fictive kin of the child if the peace officer determines the child does not have adult supervision because the child's parent, guardian, or other

person responsible for the child's care has been arrested and detained or has been unexpectedly incapacitated, and that no adult who is legally responsible for the child's care can be located within a reasonable period of time.

The Act creates a new definition of "safety plan," and provides that DHS and a parent may enter into a safety plan upon DHS's determination that potential harm to a child may be mitigated by the development of a safety plan. Safety plans shall not be construed as a removal from parental custody absent a court order placing the child with a person or facility other than the parent who entered into the safety plan. This provision applies beginning on the effective date specified in administrative rules adopted by DHS.

A court may enter an ex parte order removing an alleged domestic abuser from a child's home if the court, DHS, a juvenile court officer, or a county attorney alleges that the alleged domestic abuser has committed domestic abuse against or in the presence of a child and that substantial evidence exists to believe that the presence of the alleged domestic abuser presents a danger to the child's life or physical, emotional, or mental health. A court or alleged domestic abuser may file a motion for a hearing to determine whether an order to vacate a residence should be upheld, modified, or vacated. A hearing must be held within 30 days of the removal of an alleged sexual offender, physical abuser, or domestic abuser from a child's residence.

Unless custody of a child is transferred from one parent to another parent, within 30 days from the removal of a child from the custody of a parent or parents, DHS, juvenile court services, or a private agency must exercise due diligence in identifying and providing notice to the child's specified family members, subject to certain exceptions. DHS, juvenile court services, and certain private agencies are authorized to share information as necessary to explore a child's potential placement with any of the child's specified family members, subject to certain exceptions. DHS is required to provide notice of a child's transfer of custody to specified family members who were discovered by or identified to DHS within 30 days of that individual becoming known to DHS.

Grounds for adjudicating a CINA have moved from Iowa Code section 232.2 (Definitions) to new Iowa Code section 232.96A.

*CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE — JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS.* Putative fathers are not necessary parties to a CINA proceeding until paternity is established, but putative fathers have the right to counsel in such proceedings once they are a party. A court must appoint a separate legal counsel for a child if that child is represented by counsel and there is a conflict of interest between the counsel and the child's putative father.

A court may appoint separate persons as a child's counsel and the child's GAL if the same person cannot properly represent the child's best interests. If a child's GAL is also acting as the child's legal counsel, each report submitted to a court by the GAL must contain a statement indicating whether a separate GAL is required based on the GAL's ongoing interviews and investigations.

A child's parent, without custody, must be made a party to a CINA proceeding. An agency, facility, institution, relative with a substantial relationship to a child, fictive kin, or individual providing custodial care to the child may petition a court to be made a party to a CINA proceeding.

There is a presumption that it is in the best interests of a child 10 years of age or older to attend all CINA hearings.

All continuances in CINA or termination of parental rights proceedings are prohibited except upon a showing of good cause.

Upon a hearing regarding temporary removal of a child from a child's home after the filing of a CINA petition, a court may do any of the following: return the child to a person with legal custody of the child, pending a final order; remove the child from the child's home and place the child with a parent, pending a final order; remove the child from the child's home and place custody of the child with DHS for placement in a manner similar to DHS placement pursuant to an ex parte order, pending a final order; or authorize a physician, physician's assistant, or hospital to provide medical or surgical procedures if such procedures are necessary to safeguard the child's life or health.

A court that orders the temporary removal of a child following the filing of a CINA petition must make a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the child, that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child, and that substantial evidence exists to demonstrate that the need for removal due to an imminent risk to the child's life or health is greater than the potential harm including but not limited to any physical, emotional, social, or mental trauma the removal may cause the child. A court must make a determination regarding the continuation of a child in the child's home, and regarding reasonable efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those made to finalize any permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not required, on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination must be explicitly documented and stated in the court's order while giving the preservation of the safety of the child paramount consideration unless imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the time of the court's consideration.

If a court places temporary custody of a child with DHS after the filing of a CINA petition, the court must follow the same placement guidelines and procedures as with ex parte orders for removal.

A report, study, record, or other writing, or an audiotape or videotape recording made by a child protection center, may be admitted into evidence in a CINA proceeding.

A court that adjudicates a child to be a CINA may order the temporary removal of a child from the child's home. If the court does order such a removal, the court must follow the same placement guidelines and procedures as with ex parte orders for removal.

DHS must file a copy of a social report following a social investigation created pursuant to a CINA proceeding with the court, and the court shall restrict access to the social report to the counsel for the child, counsel for the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, DHS, the state's counsel, the court appointed special advocate, a local foster care review board, the county attorney, and the GAL. A court may order counsel to not disclose parts of a social report to the child, or to the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child. A child's parent, guardian, or foster parent or other person with custody of or providing substantial care to a CINA shall be provided with information from a social report indicating the child or parent has behaved in a manner that threatened the safety of another person, has committed a violent act causing bodily injury to another person, has committed sexual abuse, or has been a victim of sexual abuse, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

After a dispositional hearing on a CINA petition, a court may transfer legal custody of a child to a parent of the child. If the court determines custody with a parent is not in the child's best interests, the court shall transfer custody to DHS for placement of the child in the same manner as an ex parte order for removal.

After a dispositional hearing on a CINA petition, a court shall not order group foster care placement of a child which is a charge upon the state unless that placement is in compliance with procedures established by DHS by rule.

The Act eliminates the requirement that a court must review and address a child's participation in developmentally appropriate extracurricular activities if placed in foster care.

Unless prohibited by court order or unless DHS or juvenile court services finds that allowing the visitation would not be in the child's best interests, DHS or juvenile court services may authorize reasonable visitation between a child and an adult relative or fictive kin of the child.

The Act defines "reasonable efforts" and "family-centered services" for the purposes of CINA proceedings. Interactions between a child and the child's family must continue regardless of a parent's failure to comply with court or DHS requirements, provided a court or DHS does not find that such interaction would be detrimental to the child.

A child's parent, guardian, or custodian may file a motion to terminate, modify, or vacate and substitute a dispositional order once every 60 days.

A court-appointed attorney must be paid by the State Public Defender's office for work done relating to a bridge order.

After a child's permanency hearing for a child subject to out-of-home placement, a court may order a transfer of guardianship and custody of the child to an adult relative, fictive kin, or other suitable person.

If a court orders the transfer of custody of a child and siblings for placement, reasonable efforts shall be made to place the child and siblings together. This requirement also applies to custody transfer orders made at separate times.

If custody of siblings is being transferred but the siblings are not placed in the same placement together, a child's attorney or GAL must provide the siblings with reasons for the placement and the efforts being made to facilitate placement together or, if placement together is not appropriate, why such efforts are not appropriate. An explanation is not required if the siblings' ages or mental states make such an explanation inappropriate.

Unless visitation or ongoing interaction with siblings is suspended or terminated by a court, DHS shall make reasonable efforts to provide for visitation or other ongoing interaction between the siblings that take place at least once every 30 days.

A person who wishes to assert a sibling relationship with a child who is subject to an order issued for an out-of-home placement may request visitation or other ongoing interaction with the child by filing a motion or petition with the court with jurisdiction over the child.

*TERMINATION OF PARENT-CHILD RELATIONSHIP PROCEEDINGS.* A county attorney must file or join a petition for termination of a parent-child relationship and parental rights to a child if the child's parent has been convicted of one of the following: the murder or voluntary manslaughter of a child; aiding or abetting, attempting, conspiring in, or soliciting the commission of the murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child; or felony assault which resulted in serious bodily injury of a child.

A court shall not require a finding of a nonaccidental physical injury when considering whether to terminate parental rights on the grounds a child subject to the proceeding, or a child who is a member of the same family, was physically or sexually abused or neglected as a result of the acts or omissions of one or both parents.

A court may terminate parental rights and the parent-child relationship on grounds that the child has been adjudicated a CINA, the parent has a severe substance-related disorder, presents a danger to self or others as evidenced by prior acts, and, as provided under current law, there is clear and convincing evidence that the parent's prognosis precludes the child from being returned to the parent within a reasonable time.

If a court terminates the parental rights of a parent, guardianship and custody of the child must be transferred to another parent whose parental rights have not been terminated. If the court believes guardianship and custody with parents is not in the child's best interests, guardianship and custody shall transfer to the following in order of priority: DHS if certain conditions are met; an adult relative of the child; a fictive kin; or certain agencies relating to child-placing or child care.

After termination of parental rights, if a court does not place siblings together and those siblings have an existing relationship, the court must order ongoing contact between the siblings subject to certain limitations.

A moving party or party opposed to actions taken by a court-appointed GAL has the burden to establish that the GAL unreasonably or irresponsibly failed to act in the child's best interests in finding a suitable adoptive home for the child. A court must give deference to a decision of the GAL.

*FAMILY IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDINGS.* The Act establishes duties, limitations, and rights of court appointed special advocates. In family in need of assistance proceedings, the court shall not order group foster care placement of a child which is a charge upon the state, unless the group foster care meets the requirements established by DHS rules.

*JUVENILE COURT EXPENSES AND COSTS — SHELTER AND DETENTION HOMES — SHELTER CARE.* If the actual and allowable costs of a child's shelter care placement exceed the amount DHS is authorized to pay, the

unpaid costs may be recovered from the child's custodial parent's county of residence, not to exceed the difference between the amount DHS is authorized to pay and the statewide average of the actual and allowable rates as determined by DHS annually. The amount a home may be reimbursed is limited to the lesser of the home's actual costs or the statewide average of the actual and allowable rates established by DHS.

*JUVENILE DETENTION HOMES.* Until July 1, 2023, all of the following are under the authority of DHS, the director of the Department of Human Rights (DHR), or the DHR director's designee: approval of how county or multicounty juvenile detention homes must receive financial aid from the state; adoption of minimal rules and standards for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of juvenile detention homes; approval of juvenile detention homes; and the State Juvenile Detention Fund. Beginning July 1, 2023, authority of the aforementioned will solely be with the DHR director or the DHR director's designee.

*DECATEGORIZATION OF CHILD WELFARE AND JUVENILE JUSTICE FUNDING INITIATIVE — EARLY INTERVENTION PROGRAMS.* Moneys designated for a project's decategorization services funding pool that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of a fiscal year shall not revert to the General Fund of the State, but shall remain available for the next three fiscal years.

Responsibility to develop, expand, and adopt rules for juvenile court graduated sanctions services shifts from DHS to juvenile court services. Juvenile court graduated sanctions services are programs developed to rehabilitate, train, track, or treat at-risk youth, youth who are low to moderate risks to a community, or juveniles adjudicated as delinquent youth.

*JUDICIAL BRANCH NONREVERSION OF CERTAIN MONEYS — CHILD WELFARE AND JUVENILE JUSTICE.* For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2020, federal funds received by the state as the result of expenditure of state funds by the judicial branch, including expenditures during a previous fiscal year, pursuant to the federal Social Security Act or the federal Family First Prevention Services Act of 2018, are appropriated to the judicial branch to be used as additional funding for juvenile court services, juvenile delinquent graduated sanctions services, and court-ordered services, including qualified expenses and administrative costs. Such appropriated funds that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of a fiscal year shall remain available to the judicial branch for the next two fiscal years. DHS is allowed to retain an amount equal to DHS's administrative expenses in processing judicial branch reimbursement claims from the federal funds received. These provisions took effect May 24, 2022, and apply retroactively to July 1, 2020.

*CONFORMING IOWA CODE CHANGES.* The Act makes conforming Iowa Code changes and provides for repeals in accordance with the Act.

## CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION

- SENATE FILE 513** - Mental Health, Substance-Related Disorder, or Housing Crises — Crisis Intervention Reports — Authority to Detain
- HOUSE FILE 825** - Domestic Abuse and Sexual Abuse Protective Orders — Consent Agreements
- HOUSE FILE 2220** - Antisemitism — Definition, Rules of Construction, Discriminatory Acts, and State Personnel Training
- HOUSE FILE 2468** - Statutes of Limitations on Arbitration Proceedings
- HOUSE FILE 2481** - Judges — Residency Requirements, Nomination and Appointment Process, and Resignations
- HOUSE FILE 2484** - Iowa Trust Code — Notices, Trust Accounting, Trustee Powers, and Representation by Holders of Powers of Appointment or Similar Interests
- HOUSE FILE 2562** - Mobile Homes and Manufactured Housing — Landlord and Tenant Law — Forcible Entry and Detainer

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 333** - Authorized Emergency Vehicles — Operation — Equipment — Liability  
***SEE TRANSPORTATION.*** In a claim against the operator of an authorized emergency vehicle, this Act requires a judge to make a prima facie finding of recklessness before the matter proceeds to trial.  
  
 The Act took effect May 24, 2022, and Iowa Code section 321.231B (limiting liability for certain authorized emergency vehicle operators), as enacted, applies to causes of action accrued on or after May 24, 2022.
- SENATE FILE 522** - Abuse of Dependent Adults and Older Individuals — Criminal and Civil Actions  
***SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.*** This Act relates to older individuals and dependent adults and certain criminal offenses and civil actions, and provides penalties. The Act establishes the crimes of older individual assault and theft against an older individual, changes the existing additional civil penalty for consumer frauds committed against elders (those 60 years of age or older) to apply to consumer frauds committed against older individuals consistent with other provisions relating to older individuals under the Act, establishes criminal penalties for elder abuse, and establishes the crime of financial exploitation of an older individual. The Act relocates the criminal penalties for dependent adult abuse as they currently exist from Iowa Code chapter 235B (dependent adult abuse) to Iowa Code chapter 726 (relating to the protection of the family and dependent persons).
- SENATE FILE 529** - Assisted Reproduction Fraud  
***SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.*** This Act creates the Fraud in Assisted Reproduction Act. In part, the Act prohibits a health care professional or health facility from knowingly or intentionally using or providing human reproductive material for assisted reproduction other than that to which the patient consented in writing and from providing a patient with human reproductive material for assisted reproduction that is not provided with the donor's consent or in a manner or to an extent other than that to which the donor consented. A violation of these provisions may be the basis for a private cause of action for damages by certain people, which is not subject to a statute of limitations and may be brought at any time. The Act specifies who may bring such cause of action including a patient, the patient's spouse, a child, or a donor; the elements of a cause of action; and the specific

types of damages that may be awarded to a prevailing plaintiff under the Act including compensatory, punitive, statutory, and other costs.

- SENATE FILE 2232** - Water Treatment Systems — Sale, Lease, or Rental — Certification Requirements for Contaminant Removal Claims  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to the sale, lease, rental, and advertisement of water treatment systems on and after January 1, 2023. A violation of the Act constitutes an unlawful practice under the Iowa Consumer Fraud Act. The Act takes effect January 1, 2023.

- SENATE FILE 2287** - Used Catalytic Converter Transactions  
***SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.*** This Act regulates transactions involving used catalytic converters by requiring sellers and purchasers involved in such transactions to provide and keep certain documents. A used catalytic converter seller who is a scrap metal dealer, authorized vehicle recycler, motor vehicle dealer, towable recreational vehicle dealer, mechanic, or automotive repair facility may provide certain identifying information about the business in lieu of providing the required information for other individual sellers. The transaction must make use of a traceable payment method.

Any purchaser of a used catalytic converter is required to keep a record of all information the seller must provide for at least two years, and the purchaser must mark proof that the seller is the owner of the catalytic converter to indicate that the catalytic converter was already sold. A purchaser must provide the information and records to a law enforcement agency upon request.

A person who violates the Act is subject to a \$1,000 civil penalty for a first violation; a \$5,000 civil penalty for a second violation; and a \$10,000 civil penalty for a third or subsequent violation.

- SENATE FILE 2322** - Public Records — Fees for Examination and Copying  
***SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.*** This Act relates to fees associated with public records requests. The Act provides that fulfillment of a request for copies of public records may be contingent upon receipt of payment of reasonable expenses, which may be contested by the person requesting the records.

- SENATE FILE 2378** - Regulation, Redemption, and Disposal of Beverage Containers  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to Iowa's Bottle Bill. The Act imposes a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 total per attempted transaction on a person who knowingly attempts to redeem a beverage container that is not properly marked. A person who violates any other provision of the Bottle Bill is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000. The Act authorizes the Director of the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to issue any order necessary to secure compliance with or prevent a violation of the Bottle Bill. A person who violates a compliance order is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for each day of such violation. The Act establishes procedures for hearings, appeals, and judicial review and authorizes legal proceedings instituted by the Attorney General at the request of DNR.

These provisions of the Act take effect January 1, 2023.

- HOUSE FILE 2079** - Sexual Abuse — Conditions for Post-Arrest Release — Initial Appearance Required  
***SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.*** This Act adds Iowa Code sections 709.2 (Sexual Abuse in the First Degree), 709.3 (Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree), and 709.4 (Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree) to Iowa Code section 664A.3,



which requires an initial appearance before a magistrate for persons taken into custody or arrested for such sexual abuse offenses before release on bail or otherwise. The sexual abuse offenses added to Iowa Code chapter 664A allow a magistrate to enter a temporary no-contact order before the person is released on bail or otherwise.

- HOUSE FILE 2155** - Preneed Sellers and Purchase Agreements for Cemetery Merchandise, Funeral Merchandise, and Funeral Services  
**SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.** This Act relates to preneed sellers and purchase agreements (agreement) for cemetery merchandise, funeral merchandise, and funeral services.

The Act requires sales agents (agents), and any persons who own at least 5 percent of a preneed seller business, to disclose to the Commissioner of Insurance certain felony crimes, misdemeanors, and all bankruptcy petitions filed by the agent or person. Failure to do so subjects the person to the remedies and penalties under Iowa Code section 523A.807(3).

If a purchase agreement funded by insurance or annuity proceeds includes nonguaranteed merchandise or services, the purchaser, beneficiary, or the beneficiary's estate shall receive a credit for, and the benefit of, any growth in death benefits that is at least equal to the percentage of the total price under the purchase agreement that is attributable to the nonguaranteed merchandise or services. Failure to credit a purchaser, beneficiary, or the beneficiary's estate for any growth in death benefits subjects the person to the remedies and penalties under Iowa Code section 523A.807(3).

The section of the Act that amends Iowa Code section 523A.207 applies to purchase agreements sold or transferred as part of the sale of a business, or of the assets of a business, on or after July 1, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2168** - Massage Therapy — Continuing Education — Child and Dependent Adult Abuse Reporting  
**SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.** This Act adds licensed massage therapists to the list of persons required to report child and dependent adult abuse. A person required to report a suspected case of child or dependent adult abuse who knowingly fails to do so is civilly liable for proximate damages caused by the failure to report.

- HOUSE FILE 2252** - Department of Human Services — Child Care Assistance Program, Child and Family Services, Foster Care, Adoption, and the Dependent Adult Abuse Information Registry  
**SEE HUMAN SERVICES.** This Act requires additional information and notice requirements for adoption petitions, preplacement investigation reports, and court findings when the parents of a person to be adopted had their parental rights terminated and a sibling of the person to be adopted was not placed in the same living arrangements as a sibling.

The Act requires a court or juvenile court to order the opening of a juvenile court or court's permanent adoption record, permanent termination of parental rights record, or both, relating to an adopted person who is an adult, upon the request of the adopted person if the parents of the adopted person had their parental rights terminated.

The Act provides for the disclosure of information to certain entities relating to a dependent adult abuse assessment, evaluation, or investigation or relating to founded dependent adult abuse if necessary to protect the dependent adult's assets.

- HOUSE FILE 2340** - Public Safety Nuisances — Licensed Premises  
**SEE ALCOHOL REGULATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE.** This Act establishes a public safety nuisance under Iowa Code chapter 123 relating to alcoholic beverage control and provides for the abatement of such a nuisance. The Act provides that if the county attorney

or city attorney where a licensed premises is located believes a public safety nuisance exists, the county attorney or city attorney may file a suit in equity in district court without bond seeking abatement of the public safety nuisance.

- HOUSE FILE 2401** - Online Marketplace Transactions — Collection and Disclosure of Specified Information  
***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act relates to the disclosure of specified information in connection with designated online marketplace transactions. The Act provides that the Attorney General has authority to enforce provisions of the Act and may bring a civil action against an online marketplace operating in violation of the provisions of the Act. A violation of the Act's provisions is punishable by a civil penalty in an amount up to \$100,000. The Attorney General may adopt rules as necessary to implement the Act's provisions.
- HOUSE FILE 2416** - Collegiate and Interscholastic Athletics — Student Eligibility Requirements — Educational Institution Liability  
***SEE EDUCATION.*** This Act relates to student eligibility requirements for eligibility to participate in athletics sponsored by certain educational institutions and organizations. Only students designated as female at birth may participate in athletics designated as for females, women, or girls.
- The Act removes state and local government immunity from tort liability for entities that do not comply with athletics sex requirements. The Act also gives a student, certain educational institutions, and certain organizations a private cause of action against an entity in violation of the athletics sex requirements if the student, educational institution, or organization suffered harm as a result of a violation of athletics sex requirements.
- HOUSE FILE 2431** - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses  
***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act relates to home-based businesses, including home food processing establishments. The Act imposes a \$100 civil penalty for a violation of home food processing establishment regulations. The Act also provides that in any proceeding alleging that a regulation of a home-based business does not comply with the Act, the county or city that enacted the regulation must establish by clear and convincing evidence that the regulation complies with the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2445** - Uniform Commercial Code — Controllable Electronic Records  
***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act amends Iowa Code chapter 554, Iowa's version of the Uniform Commercial Code, governing certain commercial transactions involving electronic forms of intangible property. The Act creates new Article 14, cited as "Uniform Commercial Code — Controllable Electronic Records," and amends Article 9 governing secured transactions. The Act provides that a controllable electronic record is intangible property that allows a person in control to exercise certain powers associated with that property. The Act provides that a security interest may attach to the controllable electronic record and any tethered controllable account or controllable payment intangible. The controllable electronic record and any tethered controllable account or controllable payment intangible may be perfected by either filing or control, subject to first priority being provided to the secured party in control. The Act also creates a distinction between tangible and electronic money and similarly provides that a security interest may attach to electronic money, which may be perfected but only by control.
- HOUSE FILE 2558** - Appropriations — Judicial Branch  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act provides that the Director of the Department of Management shall submit the Supreme Court's estimate of total expenditure requirements of the judicial branch to the Governor for inclusion in the Governor's proposed budget for the succeeding fiscal year. The Act removes the requirement that the Governor include the

estimate unchanged in the Governor's budget. The estimate shall also be submitted to the chairpersons of the committees on appropriations.

The Act requires the court administrator to provide the General Assembly with a copy of each actuarial valuation and annual actuarial update.



## CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION

### **SENATE FILE 513 - Mental Health, Substance-Related Disorder, or Housing Crises — Crisis Intervention Reports — Authority to Detain**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act establishes the use of crisis intervention reports by law enforcement in situations relating to persons experiencing a mental health crisis, a substance-related disorder crisis, or a housing crisis. Information in the crisis intervention report shall remain confidential with certain exceptions. The Act provides definitions for “crisis intervention report” and “housing crisis.”

The Act allows certain medical facilities to detain a person for a period of up to 12 hours if a magistrate is not readily available and if an attending physician and surgeon, or osteopathic physician and surgeon, reasonably believe that the person has a substance-related disorder or substance-induced incapacitation and the person’s behavior is likely to result in physical injury to the person or others if allowed to continue or if certain examining health care practitioners reasonably believe that the person is seriously mentally impaired and, due to the impairment, the person is likely to injure the person’s self or others if not immediately detained. Within 12 hours of detaining a person for either reason, the attending physician or examining health care practitioner must contact the nearest available magistrate.

### **HOUSE FILE 825 - Domestic Abuse and Sexual Abuse Protective Orders — Consent Agreements**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act allows a court in a domestic abuse case to approve a consent agreement or grant a protective order without a finding that a defendant committed domestic abuse. Additionally, a court in a sexual abuse case may approve a consent agreement or grant a protective order without a finding that a defendant committed sexual abuse.

### **HOUSE FILE 2220 - Antisemitism — Definition, Rules of Construction, Discriminatory Acts, and State Personnel Training**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to antisemitism in the state of Iowa. The Act defines “antisemitism” and the Act shall not be construed to diminish or infringe upon any right protected under the Constitution of the State of Iowa or the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States and shall not be construed to conflict with discrimination laws.

The Act requires the state, when reviewing, investigating, or deciding whether there has been a violation of any law, rule, or policy prohibiting discriminatory acts, to take into consideration the definition of antisemitism set forth in the Act for purposes of determining whether an alleged act was motivated by discriminatory antisemitic intent. A court or other relevant authority is instructed to use the same legal standard used in other civil rights discrimination proceedings.

The Act provides that the definition of antisemitism must be used when providing discrimination and antibias training to state personnel.

### **HOUSE FILE 2468 - Statutes of Limitations on Arbitration Proceedings**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act provides that if a claim sought to be arbitrated would have been barred by limitations provided in Iowa Code chapter 614 (Limitation of Actions) at the time the demand for arbitration was made or notice was served, a party may assert a limitation as a bar to the arbitration.

The Act applies to all arbitration proceedings commenced on or after July 1, 2022, and any pending arbitration on July 1, 2022.

### **HOUSE FILE 2481 - Judges — Residency Requirements, Nomination and Appointment Process, and Resignations**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to judicial selection, including the nominees to the court of appeals, and the appointments, resignations, and residency requirements of district judges, district associate judges, associate juvenile judges, and associate probate judges.

The Act strikes a provision that required the nominees to submit a certified application to the chairperson of the applicable commission. The chairperson of the judicial nominating commission shall send a certified list of nominees by electronic mail to the Governor and Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or their designees on the day of the nomination.

The Act increases the number of nominees to be submitted for a court of appeals vacancy to five nominees for each vacancy.

The Act provides that a district judge must be a resident of the judicial election district or a county contiguous with the judicial election district before assuming office and must be a resident of the judicial election district during the entire term. The Act provides that a full-time associate judge, a full-time associate juvenile judge, and a full-time associate probate judge must be a resident of the judicial election district before assuming office and during the entire term of office.

District associate judges, full-time associate juvenile judges, and full-time associate probate judges shall be appointed by the Governor from persons nominated by the district judicial nominating commission in the same manner as district judges under Iowa Code chapter 46.

A district associate judge, full-time associate juvenile judge, or full-time associate probate judge who seeks to resign shall notify in writing the Governor, chief judge of the judicial district, and State Commissioner of Elections as to the district associate judge's, associate full-time juvenile judge's, or associate full-time probate judge's intention to resign and the effective date of the resignation. When a vacancy occurs or will occur within 120 days in the office of the district associate judge, associate full-time juvenile judge, and associate full-time probate judge, the State Commissioner of Elections shall notify the Governor. The Governor shall call a meeting of the commission within 10 days after such notice.

A person does not qualify for appointment to the office of district associate judge, associate full-time juvenile judge, or associate full-time probate judge unless the person is at the time of appointment licensed to practice law in Iowa, and will be able to complete the initial term of office prior to reaching age 72. Nominees must reside in the judicial election district to which they are nominated or a county contiguous to which they are nominated and be a resident of the judicial election district before assuming office.

A member of a county magistrate appointing commission shall not be appointed to the office of magistrate but may be nominated for or appointed to the office of district associate judge, office of associate juvenile judge, or office of associate probate judge.

**HOUSE FILE 2484 - Iowa Trust Code — Notices, Trust Accounting, Trustee Powers, and Representation by Holders of Powers of Appointment or Similar Interests**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to trusts, including optional notices to creditors when a will has been admitted to probate without administration and the trust is the beneficiary of the estate, trust accounting, specific powers of a trustee, and representation of holders of power and similar interests.

The Act provides optional language that may be included in a notice given to creditors, heirs, and surviving spouses when a decedent's will has been admitted to probate without administration. If such notice is provided, creditors must mail proof of claims to the trustee within four months or else be barred from asserting such claims.

The Act provides that annual accountings of the trust provided by the trustee to each beneficiary shall include the beginning and ending balances of the trust upon request.

The Act changes the specific powers designated to a trustee relating to obligations a trustee has when there is an actual or potential violation of an environmental law on a property held by a trustee. The Act makes such obligations optional actions that a trustee may take.

The Act provides for holders of a limited power of appointment, along with the taker in default of the appointment, the power to jointly represent and bind a person whose interest is dependent upon that power of appointment.

The Act allows first order remainder beneficiaries to represent a remote contingent beneficiary in addition to a minor or an incompetent, unborn, or unascertained person.

### **HOUSE FILE 2562 - Mobile Homes and Manufactured Housing — Landlord and Tenant Law — Forcible Entry and Detainer**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to property law, including mobile homes and manufactured housing, rental agreements, landlord and tenant remedies for retaliation, wrongful failure to provide essential services, rent increases, the sale of a manufactured home community or mobile home park, the repeal of the manufactured home community and mobile home tax, forcible entry and detainer actions, and abandoned mobile homes.

#### Division I — Retaliation

This division prohibits a landlord from retaliating against a tenant for exercising rights and remedies under Iowa Code chapter 216 (Civil Rights Commission). In an action by or against the tenant, evidence of a complaint by a tenant within one year prior to the alleged act of retaliation creates a presumption that the landlord's conduct was in retaliation.

#### Division II — Rental Agreements

This division defines "rent" to include base rent, utilities, late fees, and other payments made by a tenant to a landlord under a rental agreement. Written notice to cancel a rental agreement by either party must be provided 90 days prior to cancellation. The landlord must provide written notice 90 days prior to the effective date of a rent increase.

The division took effect May 17, 2022, and applies to rent increases first noticed under Iowa Code chapter 562B (Manufactured Home Communities or Mobile Home Parks Residential Landlord and Tenant Law) occurring on or after that date.

#### Division III — Disclosure of Utility Charges

This division provides that tenants shall be notified in writing 60 days before the effective date of any increase in utility rates or charges unless the landlord does not receive at least 90 days' prior notice of such increase from the utility provider. A landlord is authorized to meter a premises and to assess a utility charge to the tenant unless doing so would be contrary to applicable law, rule, or tariff.

#### Division IV — Wrongful Failure to Provide Essential Services

This division provides that if a landlord deliberately or negligently fails to supply running water or other essential services, a tenant may give written notice to the landlord specifying the breach and may also do one of the following: procure reasonable amounts of water or other essential services; recover damages based upon the diminution in the fair market value of the mobile home space; or recover any rent already paid for the period of the landlord's noncompliance unless the condition was caused by the deliberate or negligent act or omission of the tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or other person on the premises with the consent of the tenant.

The division took effect May 17, 2022.

#### Division V — Denial of Rental or Refusal of Sale

This division provides that if a landlord does not approve a purchaser of a tenant's mobile home as a tenant, the landlord shall provide the purchaser with written notice of such denial and the general reason for the denial.

#### Division VI — Prohibited Rental Agreement Provision — Home Equipment

This division provides that a rental agreement shall not allow a landlord to modify a tenant's mobile home, manufactured home, or modular home in a way that would substantially impair the ability of the tenant to move the home from the mobile home space, unless such modification is required by federal law, by state or local law, the

manufacturer's installation instructions, or any requirement arising from the landlord's financing of the home or of the mobile home park or manufactured home community in which the home is located unless such modification is otherwise necessary for the safe and proper installation of the home.

#### Division VII — Landlord Sales

This division provides that any sale of a mobile home located in a manufactured home community or mobile home park by a landlord or a landlord's agent shall be by written agreement and the landlord shall, upon the buyer's fulfillment of all payment and other terms under the agreement, produce and assign the current certificate of title obtained from the Department of Transportation. The agreement must state the basic terms of sale and if the sale fails to comply with the terms, the court may award monetary or equitable relief, including voiding the sale, and the buyer may recover damages incurred, amounts paid in excess of two months' rent as a rental deposit, and reasonable attorney fees.

#### Division VIII — Sale of Manufactured Home Community or Mobile Home Park

This division provides that in a sale of a manufactured home community or mobile home park, upon termination of the landlord's interest in the manufactured home community or mobile home park, the landlord's successor in interest shall have the same legal obligations, rights, and remedies as the landlord, including with respect to all rental agreements.

The division applies to manufactured home community or mobile home park sales made on or after May 17, 2022.

#### Division IX — Regulation by Counties and Cities — Continuing Nonconforming Uses

This division provides that when there is a replacement of a preexisting manufactured home or mobile home, containing no more than the original number of dwelling units, the board of supervisors and the city shall not impose any conditions on the replacement home, the home site upon which the replacement home sits, or the owner's property that were not required of the preexisting home, home site, or property that would prevent the continuance of the property owner's lawful nonconforming use that had existed relating to the preexisting home, home site upon which the home sat, or the owner's property except if the replacement of the preexisting home with the replacement home would substantially increase the risk to the safety of life or property; the property owner has discontinued and abandoned the nonconforming use for the period of time established by ordinance, unless such discontinuance is caused by circumstances outside the control of the property owner as described in the division; the replacement results in the overall nature and character of the present use being substantially or entirely different from the original lawful preexisting nonconforming use; or the replacement results in an obstruction to a shared driveway or shared sidewalk providing vehicular or pedestrian access to other homes and uses unless the property owner makes modifications to remove the obstruction.

#### Division X — Forcible Entry and Detainer

This division provides that the setting of an initial hearing in a forcible entry and detainer action is not a jurisdictional requirement and does not affect the court's subject matter jurisdiction to hear the action. In computing time for completion of service for a forcible detainer and entry action, the first day shall be excluded and the final day shall be included regardless of whether the fourth day is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal holiday.

#### Division XI — Abandoned Mobile Homes

This division provides that in an action for abandonment, except when there is a lien on a property other than a tax lien, the court shall set a hearing no sooner than 25 days from the date of receipt of the petition to allow for service on the lienholder.

The division provides that if a lien other than a tax lien exists on a mobile home or personal property at the time an action for abandonment is initiated, personal service shall be made upon the lienholder no less than 20 days before the hearing. Notice to the lienholder shall describe the mobile home and shall state the docket, case number, date,



time at which the hearing is scheduled, and the lienholder's right to assert a claim to the mobile home at the hearing. The notice shall state that failure to assert a claim to the mobile home within the judicial proceedings is deemed a waiver of all rights, title, claims, and interest in the mobile home and deemed to be consent to the sale or disposal of the mobile home. If personal service cannot be completed in time to give the lienholder the minimum notice, the court may set a new hearing date.

The division provides that in the event a tenant who is sole owner of a mobile home dies during the term of a rental agreement resulting in a mobile home being abandoned, the person's heirs or legal representative or the landlord shall have the right to cancel the tenant's lease by giving 60 days' written notice to the person's heirs or legal representative or to the landlord, as appropriate, and the heirs or legal representative shall have the same rights, privileges, and liabilities as the original tenant.

The division provides that if a claimant asserts a claim to the property, any judgment shall be satisfied before the claimant may take possession of the property except as otherwise ordered by the court. Unless the court otherwise provides, if a claimant satisfies the judgment at the time of entry, the court shall enter an order allowing the claimant to remove the property from its location, and the court shall direct the amount of rent or storage charged.

The division provides that in a proceeding for disposal of a property, if the personal property owner, a lienholder, or other claimant asserts a claim to the property within a judicial proceeding, that person shall be notified of the sale by restricted certified mail not less than five days before the sale. A sale made after the notice is provided shall discharge any lien. The real property owner may propose to retain the mobile home and personal property in satisfaction of the judgment by written notice of the proposal sent to the mobile home owner, lienholder, or other claimant, if that person has asserted a claim to the mobile home or personal property in the judicial proceedings. If the real property owner receives objection in writing from the mobile home owner, lienholder, or other claimant within 21 days after the notice was sent, the real property owner shall dispose of the mobile home and personal property. If no written objection is received by the real property owner, the mobile home and personal property may be retained. Retention of the mobile home and personal property discharges the judgment of the real property owner, any tax lien, and any other lien.

The division provides that after using proceeds in a proceeding for the disposal of a mobile home and personal property, the remaining proceeds must be used to satisfy (1) the real property owner's judgment, (2) a tax lien, and (3) any other lien. Any remaining amounts are the surplus.

The division provides that if a tenant who was sole owner of a mobile home dies during the term of a rental agreement then that person's heirs at law or the personal representative of the decedent's estate, or the landlord shall have the right to cancel the tenant's lease by giving 60 days' written notice to the person's heirs at law or the personal representative of the decedent's estate, or to the landlord, as appropriate, and the heirs at law or the personal representative of the decedent's estate shall have the same rights, privileges, and liabilities of the original tenant, provided that such heirs at law or personal representative of the estate shall not have the right to occupy or otherwise use the home or mobile home space as a tenant unless approved by the landlord as a tenant. In the event the landlord, after such a written notice is given and the tenant's lease is canceled, brings an action for forcible entry and detainer or action for abandonment, the estate of the tenant and the person's located heirs at law or personal representative shall be named as defendants in the action. The landlord may serve notice upon the defendants pursuant to Iowa Code section 562B.27A (Method of Service of Notice on Tenant) or by mailing notice by both regular mail and certified mail to the defendant's last known address.

The division provides that if a tenant who was sole owner of a mobile home dies during the term of a rental agreement resulting in the mobile home being abandoned and the landlord cannot locate such a tenant's heirs at law or personal representative, then the landlord may bring an action for abandonment naming as defendants the estate of the tenant and all unknown heirs at law of the tenant and, upon the landlord's filing of an affidavit that personal service cannot be had on any heirs at law, personal representative, or the estate of the tenant, the court shall permit original notice of such action to be served by publication once each week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county where the petition is filed. Service is complete after the third consecutive weekly publication.

The division provides that in the event any tax lien or other liens exist on the mobile home, the landlord may proceed with an action for abandonment with notice provided to the county treasurer if a tax lien exists, and personal service upon any lienholder no less than 20 days before the hearing. Any notice to a lienholder shall state that failure to assert a claim to the mobile home is deemed a waiver of all rights, title, claims, and interest in the mobile home and is deemed consent to the sale or disposal of the mobile home. If personal service upon the lienholder cannot be completed in time to give the lienholder the minimum notice required by the Act, the court may set a new hearing date.

## CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS

- SENATE FILE 522** - Abuse of Dependent Adults and Older Individuals — Criminal and Civil Actions
- SENATE FILE 2287** - Used Catalytic Converter Transactions
- SENATE FILE 2296** - Garbage Placed in Public Areas for Waste Collection — Local Regulation and Privacy Expectations — Search and Seizure
- SENATE FILE 2363** - Sex Offender Registry — Modification of Registration Requirements
- HOUSE FILE 2079** - Sexual Abuse — Conditions For Post-Arrest Release — Initial Appearance Required
- HOUSE FILE 2097** - Forfeiture of Bail — Notice
- HOUSE FILE 2222** - Pro Se Filings by Criminal Defendants or Postconviction Relief Applicants Represented by Counsel
- HOUSE FILE 2239** - Evidence — Criminal or Postconviction Relief Actions — Victims of Physical or Sexual Abuse
- HOUSE FILE 2358** - Iowa Law Enforcement Academy — Duties — Miscellaneous Changes
- HOUSE FILE 2372** - Nonconsensual Termination of a Human Pregnancy — Attempt — Penalty
- HOUSE FILE 2496** - Brady-Giglio Lists — Procedural Requirements for Compilation — Notice
- HOUSE FILE 2516** - Indigent Defense — Appointment of Counsel

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 333** - Authorized Emergency Vehicles — Operation — Equipment — Liability  
***SEE TRANSPORTATION.*** This Act allows the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle to exercise the privileges set forth in Iowa Code section 321.231 when in pursuit of a perpetrator of a misdemeanor or felony. Prior law limited the exercise of such privileges to pursuit of a felony perpetrator. The Act applies existing penalties relating to the unauthorized use of sirens and lights to authorized uses provided in the Act.  
  
 The Act took effect May 24, 2022.
- SENATE FILE 513** - Mental Health, Substance-Related Disorder, or Housing Crises — Crisis Intervention Reports — Authority to Detain  
***SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION.*** This Act establishes the use of crisis intervention reports by law enforcement in situations relating to persons experiencing a mental health crisis, a substance-related disorder crisis, or a housing crisis. Information on the crisis intervention report shall remain confidential with certain exceptions. The Act provides definitions for “crisis intervention report” and “housing crisis.”
- SENATE FILE 529** - Assisted Reproduction Fraud  
***SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.*** This Act creates the Fraud in Assisted Reproduction Act and establishes the crime of sexual abuse in the fourth degree. A health care professional commits sexual abuse in the fourth degree when the health care professional uses or provides a patient with human reproductive material for assisted reproduction other than that to which the patient expressly consented in writing. Sexual abuse in the fourth degree is an aggravated misdemeanor. However, sexual abuse in the fourth degree is a class “D” felony if the health care professional uses or provides the health care professional’s own human reproductive material for assisted reproduction in violation of the Act. An information or indictment for sexual abuse in the fourth degree may be commenced at any time after the commission of the offense. The Act provides that sexual abuse in the fourth

degree, if the perpetrator is a health care professional who used or provided the health care professional's own human reproductive material for assisted reproduction in violation of the Act, is a tier III offense, and subjects the offender to required registration on the sex offender registry.

- SENATE FILE 551** - Fire Fighters and Emergency Medical Services Members — Motor Vehicle Operation, Equipment, and Training — Emergencies  
**SEE TRANSPORTATION.** This Act requires a court to dismiss and expunge from a driver's record any speeding citation issued to a driver under circumstances in which the driver complied with the Act and if the driver presents to the court a signed statement from the applicable fire chief or chief officer of an emergency medical services agency providing relevant details about the driver's operation of the vehicle while responding to an emergency call or fire alarm. However, this provision does not apply to a driver who holds a commercial driver's license or commercial learner's permit.
- SENATE FILE 2370** - Aircraft — Special Certificates for Manufacturers, Transporters, and Dealers — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions  
**SEE TRANSPORTATION.** Iowa Code section 328.40 provides that any person who violates any of the provision of Iowa Code chapter 328 (Aeronautics), including the provisions amended by this Act, is guilty of a fraudulent practice.
- SENATE FILE 2373** - Lake Manawa and Waubonsie State Park User Fee Pilot Programs — Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.** This Act extends two pilot programs to collect a fee from a nonresident entering Lake Manawa State Park or Waubonsie State Park. The Act authorizes a temporary DNR officer to enforce the provisions of the pilot programs. The repeal of the pilot programs is extended from July 1, 2022, to July 1, 2025. The Act took effect June 13, 2022.
- HOUSE FILE 364** - Athlete Agents — Prohibited Conduct  
**SEE EDUCATION.** This Act modifies various prohibited conduct by athlete agents. A violation of these requirements is a serious misdemeanor.
- HOUSE FILE 2168** - Massage Therapy — Continuing Education — Child and Dependent Adult Abuse Reporting  
**SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.** This Act adds licensed massage therapists to the list of persons required to report child and dependent adult abuse. A person required to report a suspected case of child or dependent adult abuse who knowingly and willfully fails to do so is guilty of a simple misdemeanor.
- HOUSE FILE 2367** - Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator and Advisory Council  
**SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.** This Act increases the number of members of the Iowa Drug Policy Advisory Council from 15 to 17. The additional members, to be appointed by the Governor, are the State Public Defender, or designee, and a police chief. The titles of certain current members of the Advisory Council are changed to more accurately describe the stakeholders.
- HOUSE FILE 2380** - Acreage Limitations for Hemp Production  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act increases the maximum acreage limits for a single crop site or all crop sites used to produce hemp under a license or licenses issued to a qualified producer by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship. The maximum acreage limits are increased from 40 to 320 acres.

The Act took effect April 21, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2462** - Manufacture, Delivery, or Possession With Intent To Manufacture or Deliver Heroin — Penalties  
**SEE ALCOHOL REGULATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE.** This Act provides that manufacturing, delivering, or possessing with the intent to manufacture or deliver more than 100 grams of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin is a class “B” felony and, notwithstanding Iowa Code section 902.9(1) (a class “B” felon shall be confined for no more than 25 years), is punishable by confinement for no more than 50 years and a fine of not more than \$1 million; more than 5 grams but not more than 100 grams of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin is a class “B” felony and is punishable by confinement for no more than 25 years and a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$100,000; and 5 grams or less of a mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of heroin is a class “C” felony and is punishable by confinement for no more than 10 years and a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$50,000.
- Under Iowa Code section 124.413 (Mandatory Minimum Sentence — Parole Eligibility), a person sentenced pursuant to Iowa Code section 124.401(1)(a) or (b) shall not be eligible for parole or work release until the person has served a minimum term of confinement of one-third of the maximum indeterminate sentence prescribed by law. However, a person serving a sentence pursuant to Iowa Code section 124.401(1)(b) shall be denied parole or work release, based upon all the pertinent information as determined by the court under Iowa Code section 901.11(1) (parole and work release eligibility) until the person has served between one-half of the minimum term of confinement and the maximum indeterminate sentence prescribed by law.
- Under Iowa Code section 811.1 (Bail and Bail Restrictions), a person awaiting judgment of conviction and sentencing following a plea or verdict of guilty for a violation of Iowa Code section 124.401(1)(a) or (b) shall not be admitted to bail.
- HOUSE FILE 2497** - Gambling Regulation and Wagering  
**SEE GAMING.** This Act concerns gambling regulation and wagering. The Act provides that a person who knowingly or intentionally passes a winning wager to another or uses fraudulent identification to avoid the forfeiture of any money as a voluntarily excluded person or to avoid a debt setoff under either Iowa Code chapter 99D or Iowa Code chapter 99F commits a class “D” felony and is barred for life from the licensed facility.
- HOUSE FILE 2559** - Appropriations — Justice System  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act increases the hourly rates for court-appointed counsel by \$2 per hour and provides that for appointments made on or after July 1, 2022, the reasonable compensation shall be calculated on the basis of \$78 per hour for class “A” felonies, \$73 per hour for class “B” felonies, and \$68 per hour for all other cases.
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** Division VIII of this Act makes a violation of Iowa Code section 724.4E which is committed by a child a “delinquent act” under Iowa Code chapter 232. Division IX enhances criminal penalties for assaults committed against National Guard members engaged in National Guard duty or state active duty. Division X provides that a caretaker who intentionally or recklessly commits dependent adult abuse is guilty of murder in the second degree if the intentional or reckless dependent adult abuse results in the death of the dependent adult.



## CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS

### **SENATE FILE 522 - Abuse of Dependent Adults and Older Individuals — Criminal and Civil Actions**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to older individuals and dependent adults and certain criminal offenses and civil actions, and provides penalties.

Division I of the Act relates to criminal and civil relief for older individuals. The Act establishes the crime of older individual assault, which is the assault of an older individual. The Act defines “older individual” as an individual 60 years of age or older. The Act provides criminal penalties for older individual assault ranging from a simple misdemeanor to a class “D” felony depending on the circumstances of the assault. The Act also provides for the determination of whether a violation is a second or subsequent offense and provides for minimum sentencing for offenders.

The Act establishes the crime of theft against an older individual, which enhances the penalties for the existing crime of theft by one degree.

The Act changes the existing additional civil penalty for consumer frauds committed against elders (those 60 years of age or older) to apply to consumer frauds committed against older individuals consistent with other provisions relating to older individuals under the Act.

The Act establishes criminal penalties for elder abuse ranging from a serious misdemeanor to a class “C” felony depending on the circumstances and resulting injuries of the abuse. Elder abuse is defined as the abuse, emotional abuse, neglect, isolation, or sexual exploitation of an older individual.

The Act establishes the crime of financial exploitation of an older individual. A person commits financial exploitation of an older individual when the person stands in a position of trust or confidence with the older individual and knowingly and by undue influence, deception, coercion, fraud, breach of fiduciary duty, or extortion, obtains control over or otherwise uses the benefits, property, resources, belongings, or assets of the older individual, to the detriment of the older individual. The criminal penalties for financial exploitation of an older individual range from a serious misdemeanor to a class “B” felony based on the amount of benefits, property, resources, belongings, or assets of the older individual involved.

The Act relocates the criminal penalties for dependent adult abuse as they currently exist from Iowa Code chapter 235B (dependent adult abuse) to Iowa Code chapter 726 (relating to the protection of the family and dependent persons).

Division II of the Act makes conforming changes throughout the Iowa Code consistent with the Act.

### **SENATE FILE 2287 - Used Catalytic Converter Transactions**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act regulates transactions involving used catalytic converters by requiring sellers and purchasers involved in such transactions to provide and keep certain documents.

Prior law defined “scrap metal” to include catalytic converters under Iowa Code section 714.27 (scrap metal transactions and reporting). The Act redefines “scrap metal” to not include catalytic converters and instead creates a new Iowa Code section regarding used catalytic converter transactions.

The Act provides reporting and record-keeping requirements for transactions involving a catalytic converter that was previously installed in a motor vehicle and subsequently removed, including such transactions between certain scrap metal dealers, authorized vehicle recyclers, motor vehicle dealers, towable recreational vehicle dealers, mechanics, and automotive repair facilities (businesses), and all other persons (individuals). An individual who sells a catalytic converter, including an individual who sells a catalytic converter on behalf of a business, must provide to the purchaser certain personal identification information and present to the purchaser valid government-issued photo identification. An individual seller must provide proof that the individual owns the catalytic converter. A business transaction, as defined in the Act, permits businesses selling a catalytic converter to provide certain

identifying information about the business, or provide the proof of ownership information required for individuals. All transactions must make use of a traceable payment method.

A purchaser of a used catalytic converter is required to keep a record of all information the seller must provide for at least two years, and the purchaser must mark proof that the seller is the owner of the catalytic converter to indicate that the catalytic converter was already sold. A purchaser must provide the information and records to a law enforcement agency upon request.

A seller or purchaser who violates the Act is subject to a civil penalty per violation ranging from \$1,000 to \$10,000.

Proof that a seller failed to provide the required information and proof that a purchaser failed to keep records of a transaction is evidence that the seller or purchaser, as applicable, aided and abetted the underlying theft of the catalytic converter and that the seller or purchaser, as applicable, had knowledge a certain person committed a public offense for purposes of proving the seller or purchaser, as applicable, acted as an accessory to the crime after the fact.

**SENATE FILE 2296 - Garbage Placed in Public Areas for Waste Collection — Local Regulation and Privacy Expectations — Search and Seizure**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to a peace officer's search of garbage placed outside of a person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area.

The Act provides that it is the public policy of the state that a person has no reasonable expectation of privacy in garbage placed outside of the person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area. An ordinance or a regulation adopted by a city or county shall not be construed by a person to create a reasonable expectation of privacy in garbage placed outside of the person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area.

The Act provides that garbage placed outside of a person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area shall be deemed abandoned property and shall not be considered to be constitutionally protected papers or effects of the person. A peace officer may conduct a search and may seize garbage placed outside of a person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area without making an application for a search warrant.

**SENATE FILE 2363 - Sex Offender Registry — Modification of Registration Requirements**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the requirements for a sex offender to be granted a modification of Sex Offender Registry requirements.

The Act changes the requirements for a sex offender to be granted a modification of the Sex Offender Registry requirements. Under prior law, a sex offender was required to be on probation, parole, work release, special sentence, or any other type of conditional release to file an application for a modification. The Act allows any sex offender on the Iowa Sex Offender Registry to file an application for a modification.

The Act provides that for an offender whose requirement to register as a sex offender commenced prior to July 1, 2022, an application for modification shall not be granted unless all the requirements of the 2022 Iowa Code are met.

The Act provides that for an offender whose requirement to register as a sex offender commenced on or after July 1, 2022, an application shall not be granted unless all of the following apply:

- A period of time has elapsed since the offender's initial registration as follows: Except as otherwise provided, a tier I offender must have initially registered at least 10 years prior to the filing of the application; a tier I offender who was under 20 years of age at the time the offender committed a violation involving a sex act with a person who was 4 or more years younger than the offender must have initially registered at least 5 years prior to the filing of the application; and a tier II or tier III offender must have initially registered at least 15 years prior to the filing of the application.
- The sex offender must have successfully completed all sex offender treatment programs that have been required.



- A risk assessment must have been completed and the sex offender was classified as a low risk to reoffend.
- The sex offender must have successfully completed any pretrial release, probation, parole, or work release for the offense requiring registration.
- The director of the judicial district department of correctional services supervising the sex offender, or the director's designee, stipulates to the modification, and a certified copy of the stipulation is attached to the application.
- The sex offender shall not be incarcerated when the application is filed, and a tier I offender must not have been convicted of any criminal offense other than a simple misdemeanor, or a simple or serious misdemeanor or traffic violation under Iowa Code chapter 321 (Motor Vehicles and Law of the Road), for the 10-year period immediately preceding the filing of the application, and a tier II or tier III offender shall not have been convicted of any criminal offense other than a simple misdemeanor, or a simple or serious misdemeanor or traffic violation under Iowa Code chapter 321, for the 15-year period immediately preceding the filing of the application.

The Act strikes the provision allowing a sex offender to be granted a modification if the offender is required to be on the Sex Offender Registry as a result of an adjudication for a sex offense, the offender is not under the supervision of the juvenile court or a judicial district judicial department of correctional services, and the Department of Corrections agrees to perform a risk assessment on the sex offender; and strikes the requirement that the director of the judicial district department of correctional services supervising the sex offender, or the director's designee, must stipulate to the modification.

**HOUSE FILE 2079 - Sexual Abuse — Conditions For Post-Arrest Release — Initial Appearance Required**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to post-arrest release after an initial appearance for persons taken into custody or arrested for certain sexual abuse offenses and the issuance of no-contact orders.

The Act adds Iowa Code sections 709.2 (Sexual Abuse in the First Degree), 709.3 (Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree), and 709.4 (Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree) to Iowa Code section 664A.3, which requires an initial appearance before a magistrate for persons taken into custody or arrested for such sexual abuse offenses before release on bail or otherwise.

The sexual abuse offenses added to Iowa Code chapter 664A allow a magistrate to enter a temporary no-contact order before the person is released on bail or otherwise.

**HOUSE FILE 2097 - Forfeiture of Bail — Notice**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to forfeiture of bail.

The law provides that if a defendant fails to appear in court at the defendant's arraignment, trial, judgment, or other court proceedings where the defendant's personal appearance is lawfully required, or to surrender in execution of the judgment, the court must enter a forfeiture judgment of the defendant's bail. As a part of the entry under prior law, the court was required to provide 10 days' notice in writing to the defendant and the defendant's sureties to appear and show cause, if any, why judgment should not be entered for the amount of bail. The Act requires the court to provide 30 days for such notice.

**HOUSE FILE 2222 - Pro Se Filings by Criminal Defendants or Postconviction Relief Applicants Represented by Counsel**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to documents that may be filed pro se by a defendant represented by counsel or an applicant for postconviction relief represented by counsel.

A defendant represented by counsel may file, pro se, a motion seeking disqualification of the counsel, a notice of appeal, and a response to a motion to withdraw made pursuant to Rule of Appellate Procedure 6.1005 (Fivolous Appeals; Withdrawal of Counsel). An applicant for postconviction relief represented by counsel may file, pro se, a motion seeking disqualification of the counsel and a notice of appeal.

**HOUSE FILE 2239 - Evidence — Criminal or Postconviction Relief Actions — Victims of Physical or Sexual Abuse**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the discovery of evidence in a criminal or postconviction relief action involving victims of sexual abuse, and the admissibility of evidence in a prosecution for physical abuse or a sexual offense upon or against a child, person with an intellectual disability, person with a cognitive impairment, or person with a developmental disability.

The Act provides that the provisions of Rule of Evidence 5.412 (Sexual Abuse Cases; Victim's Past Sexual Behavior) shall apply to discovery conducted in a criminal case or postconviction relief action including but not limited to depositions. If a defendant in a criminal action or an applicant for postconviction relief wishes to conduct discovery involving evidence subject to Rule of Evidence 5.412, the defendant or applicant shall comply with substantially the same procedural requirements for evidence sought to be offered at trial including timelines, offers of proof, service, purpose of proposed discovery, in camera hearings, relevancy, and the balancing of the probative value of the evidence with the danger of unfair prejudice. Discovery, by deposition or otherwise, is not permitted for evidence that would not be admissible at trial under Rule of Evidence 5.412.

The Act provides that in a prosecution for physical abuse or a sexual offense, including but not limited to a sexual offense in violation of Iowa Code section 709.2 (Sexual Abuse in the First Degree), 709.3 (Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree), 709.4 (Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree), 709.11 (Assault with the Intent To Commit Sexual Abuse), 709.12 (Indecent Contact with a Child), 709.14 (Lascivious Conduct with a Minor), 709.15 (Sexual Exploitation by a Counselor, Therapist, or School Employee), 709.16 (Sexual Misconduct with Offenders and Juveniles), or 709.23 (Continuous Sexual Abuse of a Child), upon or against a child, a person with an intellectual disability, a person with a cognitive impairment, or a person with a developmental disability, testimony by the victim concerning an out-of-court statement, whether consistent or inconsistent, made by the victim to another that is an initial disclosure of the offense and testimony by another concerning an out-of-court statement, whether consistent or inconsistent, made by the victim that is an initial disclosure of the offense charged for physical abuse or a sexual offense against the victim shall be admitted into evidence at trial as an exception to the hearsay rule. Such out-of-court statements shall be admitted if the party intending to offer the statement notifies the adverse party of the intent to offer the statement, provides the adverse party with the name of the witness through whom the statement will be offered, and provides the adverse party with a written summary of the statement to be offered; the court finds in a hearing conducted outside of the presence of the jury that the timing of the statement, the content of the statement, and the circumstances surrounding the making of the statement provide sufficient safeguards of reliability; and the child, person with an intellectual disability, person with a cognitive impairment, or person with a developmental disability testifies at the trial.

The Act provides that if a statement is admitted pursuant to the Act, the court shall instruct the jury that it is for the jury to determine the weight and credibility to be given to the statement, and in making that determination, the jury shall consider the age and maturity of the child or the disability of the person with an intellectual disability, cognitive impairment, or developmental disability; the nature of the statement; the circumstances under which the statement was made; and any other relevant factor.

The Act does not prevent the admission of any evidence based upon forfeiture by wrongdoing.

The Act provides definitions for "child," "cognitive impairment," "developmental disability," and "intellectual disability."

**HOUSE FILE 2358 - Iowa Law Enforcement Academy — Duties — Miscellaneous Changes**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the Iowa law enforcement academy (academy).

The Act strikes the requirement that the director of the academy promulgate rules relating to the certification through examination of individuals who have successfully completed the Federal Bureau of Investigation National Academy, have corrected Snellen vision in both eyes of 20/20 or better, and were employed on or before January 1, 1996, as chief of police of a city in Iowa with a population of 20,000 or more.

The Act strikes the requirement that the academy shall be the principal law enforcement library and media resource center and shall coordinate the use of law enforcement media resources with training centers and educational institutions offering a two-year program in law enforcement to insure for the efficient use of state law enforcement media resources.

**HOUSE FILE 2372 - Nonconsensual Termination of a Human Pregnancy — Attempt — Penalty**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to the nonconsensual termination of a human pregnancy. The law provides that a person who intentionally terminates a human pregnancy without the knowledge and voluntary consent of the pregnant person is guilty of a class “C” felony. The Act provides that a person who attempts to intentionally terminate a human pregnancy without the knowledge and voluntary consent of the pregnant person is guilty of a class “D” felony.

**HOUSE FILE 2496 - Brady-Giglio Lists — Procedural Requirements for Compilation — Notice**

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act relates to the procedural requirements for placing an officer’s name on a Brady-Giglio list, and for a prosecuting agency disclosing exculpatory evidence.

The Act defines “Brady-Giglio list” as a list compiled by a prosecuting agency containing the names and details of officers who have sustained incidents of untruthfulness, criminal convictions, candor issues, or some other type of issue which places the officer’s credibility into question. This definition is repealed July 1, 2023.

The Act provides that a prosecuting agency that maintains a Brady-Giglio list (list) shall adopt a policy that, at a minimum, includes all of the following: the criteria used by the prosecuting agency to place an officer’s name on a list; the officer’s right to receive written notice at least 10 days before the prosecuting agency considers placing the officer’s name on a list and the officer’s right to provide input to the prosecuting agency before the prosecuting agency makes a determination of whether the officer’s name should be placed on a list; the duty of the prosecuting agency to provide notice of the prosecuting agency’s decision regarding placement of the officer’s name on a list; the officer’s right to make a request for reconsideration of the determination and to submit supporting and corroborating documents and evidence in support of the officer’s request for reconsideration; and the applicable time frame and procedures for notifying the officer of the prosecuting agency’s final decision on the officer’s request for reconsideration.

The Act requires a prosecuting agency to provide written notice to the officer. If the prosecuting agency makes a determination to place the officer’s name on a list, the prosecuting agency shall provide written notice to the officer. The Act details the information that must be included in the notices.

The Act provides that if an officer submits a request for reconsideration and the officer’s request for reconsideration is approved by the prosecuting agency on its merits, the officer’s name shall be removed from the list. If the officer’s request for reconsideration is denied by the prosecuting agency, the officer’s name shall remain on the list. An officer whose name was placed on a list prior to the effective date of the Act has the right to request reconsideration.

The Act does not limit the duty of a prosecuting agency to produce Brady-Giglio discovery evidence in all cases as required by the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Iowa, and the Iowa Rules of Criminal Procedure, and the Act does not create a private cause of action against a prosecuting agency or an employee of a prosecuting agency.

The section of the Act relating to the procedural requirements for placing an officer’s name on a list is repealed July 1, 2023.

The Act strikes the repeal of Iowa Code section 80F.1(23) relating to the prohibition against the discharge, discipline, or threatened discharge of an officer solely due to a prosecuting attorney making a determination or disclosure that exculpatory evidence exists concerning the officer.

**HOUSE FILE 2516 - Indigent Defense — Appointment of Counsel**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act relates to the appointment of counsel for indigent persons by the court in certain cases.

Current law provides that an indigent person is entitled to an appointment of one attorney in all cases, except that in class "A" felony cases the court may appoint two attorneys.

The Act provides that in addition to cases involving class "A" felonies, the court may also appoint two attorneys in cases for which an assistant state public defender from the Wrongful Convictions Division of the Office of the State Public Defender enters an appearance after a private attorney has been appointed to represent the indigent person.

## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

- SENATE FILE 2325** - Economic Development Authority Entities and Programs — Iowa Energy Center and High Quality Jobs and Workforce Housing Tax Incentive Programs
- HOUSE FILE 2258** - Iowa Council on Homelessness
- HOUSE FILE 2470** - Artisanal Butchery — Implementation of Task Force Recommendations

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- HOUSE FILE 2128** - Renewable Fuels  
***SEE AGRICULTURE.*** This Act includes a number of provisions related to the use of renewable fuels used to power motor vehicles, and includes certain compliance requirements and promotional programs administered by a number of state entities including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs). The Act amends provisions establishing the Renewable Fuel Infrastructure Program for Retail Motor Fuel Sites administered by DALs, which awards financing to retail dealers of motor fuel to improve their motor fuel sites by installing infrastructure to store and dispense ethanol blended gasoline or biodiesel blended fuel. The Act provides conditions for the award of financing based on the type of infrastructure being installed and the retail dealer's promise to sell ethanol blended gasoline or biodiesel blended fuel for the term of an agreement. The Act establishes a system that ranks the approval of applications for financing to install ethanol infrastructure and changes the amounts that may be awarded for installing ethanol infrastructure and biodiesel infrastructure.
- HOUSE FILE 2317** - State Taxation and Revenue — Tax Rates, Credits, and Exemptions  
***SEE TAXATION.*** This Act makes numerous changes to the Research Activities Tax Credit, High Quality Jobs Tax Credit, Redevelopment Tax Credit, Endow Iowa Tax Credit, Third-Party Developer Tax Credit, Historic Preservation Tax Credit, Geothermal Heat Pump Tax Credit, and the Assistive Device Tax Credit.
- HOUSE FILE 2564** - Appropriations — Economic Development  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act makes appropriations from the General Fund of the State and other sources related to economic development.

Division I of the Act appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State and the Iowa Skilled Worker and Job Creation Fund to the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) for support of the Butchery Innovation and Revitalization Program. The division appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State to the IEDA for the tourism office.

Division II of the Act requires that for fiscal year 2022-2023, from the moneys transferred to the IEDA from the Beer and Liquor Control Fund, the IEDA award contracts to entities to conduct statewide tourism marketing services as detailed in the Act.

Division III creates a Housing Renewal Program Fund in the State Treasury under the control of the Iowa Finance Authority (IFA). Moneys in the fund are appropriated to IFA to establish and administer the Housing Renewal Pilot Program described in the division.

Division IV reduces the tax credits allocated to the High Quality Jobs Program from no more than \$70 million to no more than \$68 million for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and for each fiscal year thereafter.

Division V creates an Employer Child Care Tax Credit for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

- HOUSE FILE 2579** - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act amends the Vacant State Buildings Demolition Fund and the Vacant State Buildings Rehabilitation Fund to allow moneys in each fund to be used for the demolition or rehabilitation of vacant buildings owned by a county that has purchased the building from the federal government. The Act also amends Iowa Code section 15F.401, creating the Sports Tourism Program, to provide that the program consists of both a Sports Tourism Marketing Program that funds marketing and promotion of sports tourism projects and a Sports Tourism Infrastructure Program to fund sports tourism infrastructure projects. The Act further appropriates moneys to the Iowa Economic Development Authority for the Sports Tourism Marketing Program for FY 2022-2023 from the Sports Wagering Receipts Fund.

## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

### **SENATE FILE 2325 - Economic Development Authority Entities and Programs — Iowa Energy Center and High Quality Jobs and Workforce Housing Tax Incentive Programs**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to matters under the purview of the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA) including the Iowa Energy Center, the High Quality Jobs Program, and the Workforce Housing Tax Incentive Program.

Under prior law, Iowa Code section 15.120, which established the Iowa Energy Center, was to be repealed on July 1, 2022. The Act extends the date of repeal to 2027, and requires that the Iowa Energy Center support research and development of strategies for carbon management.

Under prior law, for purposes of the High Quality Jobs Program, a county qualified as an economically distressed area if the county ranked among the bottom 33 of all Iowa counties, as measured by either the monthly unemployment level for the most recent 12-month period, or the average annualized unemployment level for the most recent five-year period. Under the Act, a county qualifies if it meets at least three of the criteria detailed in the Act and may, per rules adopted by the IEDA, designate a county that does not meet at least three of the criteria as an economically distressed area if a business located in the county experiences a layoff or a closure that has a significant impact on a community within the county.

Under prior law, for purposes of the Workforce Housing Tax Incentive Program (program), a “small city” was defined as any city or township, except those located wholly within one or more of the 11 most populous counties in the state, as determined by the most recent population estimates issued by the United States Bureau of Census (census bureau). The Act defines “small city” as any city or township, except those located wholly within one or more of the 11 most populous counties as determined by either the most recent population estimate or the most recent decennial census released by the census bureau; or any city or township located wholly within one or more of the 11 most populous counties in the state, that has a population less than or equal to 2,500, and that had population growth of less than 30 percent as calculated by comparing the population in the most recent decennial census to the population in the decennial census released 10 years prior. “Urban area” was not defined for purposes of the program under prior law; however, the term is now defined in the Act.

The Act removes new construction, rehabilitation, repair, or redevelopment of dwelling units in a distressed workforce housing community as an option for a proposed housing project (project) under the program. To receive workforce housing tax incentives (tax incentives) under the program, a project cannot exceed a specific average dwelling unit cost (unit cost), which varies depending on the type of project and whether the project is located in a small city or an urban area, as determined by the IEDA’s board as detailed in the Act. Under prior law, the IEDA was permitted to extend a project’s completion deadline once up to 12 months. Under the Act, the IEDA may approve a second extension of up to 12 months under the circumstances described in the Act. Under prior law, if the cost of a project caused a housing project’s average unit cost to exceed the authorized maximum amount, but it did not exceed 110 percent of the authorized maximum amount, the IEDA was permitted to issue a tax credit certificate (certificate). If the cost exceeded 110 percent, the IEDA was required to determine that the housing business is in default, revoke the housing business’s tax incentive award, and not issue it a certificate. Under the Act, the average unit cost cannot exceed 150 percent of the authorized maximum amount.

The sections of the Act amending or enacting Iowa Code sections 15.352(10), 15.352(11), 15.353(2)(e), 15.353(3), and 15.354(3)(e)(2)(b)-(c) apply retroactively to July 1, 2021, to all eligible housing businesses that the IEDA has not notified of the amount that the housing business may claim as a refund of the sales and use tax under Iowa Code section 15.355(2), and to all eligible housing businesses that the IEDA has not issued a certificate stating the amount of Workforce Housing Investment Tax Credits under Iowa Code section 15.355(3) the eligible housing business may claim.

The Act took effect March 23, 2022.



**HOUSE FILE 2258 - Iowa Council on Homelessness**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the membership, procedures, and functions of the Iowa Council on Homelessness (council). Under prior law, the council had 38 voting members consisting of 26 members of the general public (public) and 12 agency directors. Under the Act, there are 20 council members consisting of 11 voting members from the public and 9 nonvoting agency directors.

Under prior law, the nominating committee (committee) was comprised of the 12 agency directors. The Act requires the council to annually elect five members to the committee, at least two of whom must be nonvoting members and at least two of whom must be voting members.

Under prior law, a majority of the members of the council constituted a quorum and any action taken by the council required adoption by the affirmative vote of a majority of its membership. Under the Act, seven voting members of the council constitute a quorum and any action taken by the council requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the quorum.

The Act eliminates several of the council's duties and requires the council to file an annual point-in-time report on homelessness in Iowa with the Governor and the General Assembly, rather than file a report in odd-numbered years. The Act also addresses the transition and terms of members on the council.

**HOUSE FILE 2470 - Artisanal Butchery — Implementation of Task Force Recommendations**

BY COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC GROWTH. This Act adopts and implements the recommendations of the artisanal butchery task force (task force), established pursuant to 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 175, section 2, as issued in its final report to the General Assembly on December 30, 2021.

The Act requires the Department of Education, in collaboration with the State Board of Education, to establish, no later than December 31, 2022, a framework based on the recommendations in the task force's final report for a one-year community college certificate program for artisanal butchery and to provide the framework to all colleges established under Iowa Code chapter 260C. A college that elects to establish a certificate program shall use the framework as the minimum requirements, may modify the curriculum based on the unique circumstances of the specific college, and must obtain approval of the certificate program prior to implementation.

The Act also requires the Department of Workforce Development (IWD) to collaborate with the Iowa Economic Development Authority no later than December 31, 2022, to develop and maintain a library of resources that serves as a single resource point at which any Iowa-based business involved in meat processing may obtain education and financial assistance information as detailed in the Act. The Act requires IWD to add butchery, artisanal butchery, and meat processing to the list of high-demand jobs pursuant to Iowa Code section 84A.1B(14) no later than July 31, 2022.

The Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) is required to collaborate with Iowa State University Extension and Outreach to develop and maintain a direct-to-consumer tool kit that contains the information detailed in the task force's final report. The Act also requires DALs to develop and maintain a directory of meat lockers in Iowa that provides the location of, and the contact information for, each locker in the directory. The tool kit and directory must be posted on DALs's Internet site no later than December 31, 2022.



## EDUCATION

- SENATE FILE 2080** - Student Physical Examinations and Health Screenings — School Districts, Charter Schools, and Innovation Zone Schools
- SENATE FILE 2128** - Education — English Language Learners and Community College Faculty Standards
- SENATE FILE 2130** - Schools Required to Register with the College Student Aid Commission
- SENATE FILE 2197** - Special Education Support for Students at Nonpublic Schools — Task Force
- HOUSE FILE 364** - Athlete Agents — Prohibited Conduct
- HOUSE FILE 604** - Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Children — Language and Developmental Resources
- HOUSE FILE 2080** - Sharing of Operational Functions by School Districts
- HOUSE FILE 2081** - Practitioner Preparation Programs — Elimination of Subject Assessments — Pre-Student Teaching Field Experiences
- HOUSE FILE 2165** - Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program — Eligible Students
- HOUSE FILE 2316** - School Finance — State Percents of Growth — Regular Program State Cost Per Pupil — Property Tax Replacement Payments — School Transportation Funding
- HOUSE FILE 2412** - Radon Testing and Mitigation in Public Schools
- HOUSE FILE 2416** - Collegiate and Interscholastic Athletics — Student Eligibility Requirements — Educational Institution Liability
- HOUSE FILE 2493** - Employment of Substitute Teachers — Para-educators

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2260** - Animals Used in Qualified Research Facilities — Adoption Program  
*SEE AGRICULTURE.* This Act requires that a research facility receiving state or federal moneys participate in an adoption program for dogs or cats confined at the research facility once the dog or cat is retired from use.
- SENATE FILE 2266** - Compensation and Benefit Limits — Retirees Under the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and School Board Members  
*SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.* This Act modifies the earnings limitation for retirees under the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and the limitation on compensation and benefits for a member of a school board.  
  
The Act allows a member of the board of directors of a school corporation to enter into a contract with the school corporation if the benefit from the contract to the director does not exceed \$20,000 in a fiscal year. Previously, the contract benefit limitation was \$6,000.  
  
The Act took effect March 23, 2022.
- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing  
*SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.* This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions. Division II of the Act relates to work-based learning and requires the Department of Education (DE) to establish and maintain a process that requires the boards of directors of school districts to report to DE at least annually regarding student participation in work-based learning programs. The division

requires the Board of Educational Examiners to adopt rules relating to a certification system for supervisors of work-based learning programs. The division also requires that a student's individualized career and academic plan be developed in grade 8 to identify both the coursework and work-based learning needed in grades 9 through 12 to support the student's postsecondary education and career options.

Division III of the Act relates to the Rural Iowa Primary Care Loan Repayment Program, the Health Care Professional Recruitment Program, and the Health Care Loan Repayment Program.

The Health Care Loan Repayment Program is renamed the Health Care Award Program under the division and provides financial awards to qualified registered nurses, advanced registered nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and certain nurse educators in the amount of \$6,000 for not more than five consecutive years.

**HOUSE FILE 771** - Self-Administration and Storage of Bronchodilators, Bronchodilator Canisters, and Bronchodilator Canisters and Spacers in Schools  
**SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.** This Act relates to the self-administration, storage, and supply of bronchodilators, bronchodilator canisters, and bronchodilator canisters and spacers relative to schools and students.

**HOUSE FILE 2298** - Enrollment Prerequisites for Child Care Centers or Elementary, Secondary, or Postsecondary Schools — COVID-19 Immunization  
**SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.** This Act prohibits required immunization against COVID-19 for a person to be enrolled in any licensed child care center, elementary or secondary school, or postsecondary school in Iowa prior to July 1, 2029.

**HOUSE FILE 2470** - Artisanal Butchery — Implementation of Task Force Recommendations  
**SEE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.** This Act adopts and implements the recommendations of the artisanal butchery task force (task force), established pursuant to 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 175, section 2, as issued in its final report to the General Assembly on December 30, 2021.

The Act requires the Department of Education, in collaboration with the State Board of Education, to establish, no later than December 31, 2022, a framework for a one-year community college certificate program for artisanal butchery that is based on the recommendations in the task force's final report, and to provide the framework to all colleges established under Iowa Code chapter 260C. A college that elects to establish a certificate program shall use the framework as the minimum requirements, may modify the curriculum based on the unique circumstances of the specific college, and must obtain approval of the certificate program prior to implementation.

**HOUSE FILE 2560** - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act makes appropriations for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, from the General Fund of the State (GF) and the Environment First Fund (EFF), for purposes of supporting Iowa State University of Science and Technology (ISU) and the State University of Iowa (UI). The Act appropriates moneys from the GF for purposes of supporting ISU's Midwest Grape and Wine Industry Institute and the College of Veterinary Medicine. The Act appropriates moneys from the GF to UI for purposes of supporting Iowa's Center for Agricultural Safety and Health. The Act also appropriates moneys from the EFF to UI for purposes of supporting the Iowa Geological Survey.

- HOUSE FILE 2573** - Abatement and Response to Opioid Use — Funds — Prescriptions for and Possession and Use of Opioid Antagonists by Schools  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act adds a school employee to the definition of “person in a position to assist,” which also includes a family member, friend, caregiver, health care provider, employee of a substance abuse treatment facility, school employee, or other person who may be in a place to render aid to a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose. A licensed health care professional may prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist.

The Act provides that a school district may obtain a valid prescription for an opioid antagonist and maintain a supply of opioid antagonists in a secure location at each location where a student may be present for use as provided in Iowa Code section 135.90.

- HOUSE FILE 2575** - Appropriations — Education  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act appropriates moneys for fiscal year 2022-2023 from the General Fund of the State and other funds to the College Student Aid Commission (CSAC), the Department for the Blind, the Department of Education (DE), and the State Board of Regents and its institutions. Division I appropriates moneys for numerous purposes. Division II appropriates moneys from the Iowa Skilled Worker Job Creation Fund to DE. Division III appropriates moneys to DE for deposit in the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund and for payment of therapeutic classroom transportation reimbursement claims. Division IV increases the standing appropriations to CSAC for tuition grants to qualified students who are enrolled in accredited private institutions or eligible institutions. Division V extends for one year the priority order for the allocation of appropriations for purposes of student achievement and teacher quality programs. Division VI provides for the nonreversion of moneys appropriated under Iowa Code section 279.51 (Programs for At-Risk Children). Division VII makes corrections to a provision related to the Iowa Geological Survey. Division VIII modifies the priority order for grants submitted under the Therapeutic Classroom Incentive Fund Grant Program. Division IX modifies provisions related to charter school funding. Division X modifies a provision related to the waiver of fees associated with obtaining a professional license. Division XI provides for the nonreversion until the close of the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2023, of a specified amount of moneys appropriated in fiscal year 2021-2022 from the General Fund of the State to the State Board of Regents for the costs incurred by the Iowa Agricultural Extension Association as host of the 2023 national meeting of the National Association of County Agricultural Agents.

Divisions VI, IX, and XI took effect June 17, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** Division VI of this Act amends Iowa’s open enrollment law, including by removing the March 1 and September 1 notification deadlines. Division VII adds college and career transition counselors and coordinators to the list of staff for which supplementary weighting may be assigned for shared operational functions among school districts and area education agencies.



## EDUCATION

### **SENATE FILE 2080 - Student Physical Examinations and Health Screenings — School Districts, Charter Schools, and Innovation Zone Schools**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to the administration of certain physical examinations and student health screenings by school districts, charter schools, or innovation zone schools.

The Act prohibits school districts, charter schools, and innovation zone schools from administering or conducting an invasive physical examination of a student, or a student health screening that is not required by state or federal law, without first acquiring the written consent of the student's parent or guardian. The Act does not prohibit a school district, charter school, or innovation zone school from conducting a health screening in an emergent care situation or from cooperating in a child abuse assessment. The Act defines "emergent care situation," "invasive physical examination," and "student health screening."

### **SENATE FILE 2128 - Education — English Language Learners and Community College Faculty Standards**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to education, including the education of students who are not fully English proficient and the standards applicable to hiring, developing, and evaluating community college faculty.

The Act modifies various sections of the Iowa Code to replace references to a student who is "limited English proficient" with "English learner."

The law requires a community college administration to establish a committee to develop a plan for hiring and developing quality faculty that includes several provisions. Prior law required the plan to include a provision for compliance with the faculty accreditation standards of the Higher Learning Commission. The Act modifies this provision to require compliance with the faculty accreditation standards of similar accredited institutions of higher education that are consistent with the standards established pursuant to Iowa Code section 260C.48 (Standards for Accrediting Community College Programs).

Prior law provided that the standards relating to quality assurance of community college faculty and ongoing quality professional development are required to include the accreditation standards of the Higher Learning Commission. The Act modifies this provision to require that the standards shall be the accreditation standards of similar accredited institutions of higher education that are consistent with the standards established pursuant to Iowa Code section 260C.48.

Prior law required community college-employed instructors in the subject area of arts and sciences to either possess a master's degree from a regionally accredited graduate school or have two or more years of successful experience in a professional field in which the instructor is teaching classes and in which postbaccalaureate recognition or professional licensure is necessary. The Act modifies the provision related to an instructor's possession of a master's degree to require that the instructor possess a master's degree from a graduate school that meets the standards established by an accrediting agency recognized under 34 C.F.R. pt. 602 and by the federal Higher Education Opportunity Act.

### **SENATE FILE 2130 - Schools Required to Register with the College Student Aid Commission**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to schools that are required to register with the College Student Aid Commission.

The Act requires that the tuition refund policy for Iowa resident students of a for-profit school governed by Iowa Code chapter 261B (Registration of Postsecondary Schools) that offers a course of instruction leading to a recognized educational credential must comply with Iowa Code section 714.23, which provides standards for refund policies and penalties for violating those standards. The Act requires the school to submit the refund policy to the College Student Aid Commission.

Under prior law, Iowa Code chapter 261B did not apply to colleges and universities authorized by Iowa to grant degrees. The Act strikes this exception and replaces it with an exception for community colleges established

under Iowa Code chapter 260C and institutions of higher learning under the control of the State Board of Regents. Additionally, under prior law, Iowa Code chapter 261B did not apply to either a postsecondary educational institution established in Bettendorf in 1969 to prepare students for the Federal Communications Commission radio broadcasting examination or a school of religious study located in Iowa that was established in Spain in 1982, was affiliated with the Department of Global Missions of Open Bible Churches, granted bachelor's degrees, and was accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency. The Act strikes these exceptions.

**SENATE FILE 2197 - Special Education Support for Students at Nonpublic Schools — Task Force**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act provides for the establishment of a task force related to special education support for students at nonpublic schools.

The Act requires the Department of Education to convene and provide administrative support to the task force. The Act requires the task force to study and make recommendations regarding how to better serve students enrolled in nonpublic schools who receive special education services, especially those students who reside in rural areas of the state. The Act establishes the composition of the membership of the task force.

The Act requires the task force to submit a report that includes findings and recommendations for policy changes to the General Assembly by December 1, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 364 - Athlete Agents — Prohibited Conduct**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act relates to prohibited conduct by athlete agents. The Act strikes language prohibiting an agent from furnishing anything of value to a student athlete before the athlete enters into an agency contract and to an individual other than the athlete or another registered athlete agent. The Act instead prohibits furnishing anything of value to an athlete or another individual if doing so may result in loss of the athlete's eligibility to participate in the athlete's sport, unless two specified actions occur.

The Act also prohibits an agent from encouraging another individual to engage in conduct prohibited for agents, and from encouraging another individual to assist any other individual in engaging in conduct prohibited for agents.

The Act additionally modifies prohibited conduct, other than giving materially false or misleading information or making a materially false promise or representation, by prohibiting such conduct when engaged in intentionally, rather than with the intent to influence an athlete or the athlete's parent or guardian to enter into an agency contract.

By operation of law, a violation of these requirements by an athlete agent is a serious misdemeanor.

**HOUSE FILE 604 - Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Children — Language and Developmental Resources**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to language and literacy development for deaf and hard-of-hearing children.

The Act requires the Department of Education (DE) to work with the Iowa School for the Deaf, area education agencies, school districts, and the Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Program in the Department of Public Health for purposes of coordinating and developing resources to inform deaf and hard-of-hearing children's language acquisition and development. The Act establishes DE's duties with respect to the coordination and development of these resources.

The Act requires DE, in consultation with the Iowa School for the Deaf, area education agencies, school districts, and the Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Program, to select existing tools or assessments that may be used by qualified educators to assess American Sign Language and English language and literacy development of deaf and hard-of-hearing children from birth through age eight. The Act establishes standards for these tools and assessments and when the tools and assessments may be used.

The Act provides that, if moneys are appropriated by the General Assembly, DE must develop guidelines for a comprehensive family support mentoring program that meets the language and communication needs of families. The Act charges DE with administering the family support mentoring program, in consultation with the Iowa School for the Deaf. The Act requires DE to work with the Early Hearing Detection and Intervention Program, the Iowa

School for the Deaf, and area education agencies when developing the guidelines for a comprehensive family support mentoring program. The Act authorizes certain actions DE may take under the family support and mentoring program.

The Act requires DE to annually compile, and publish on DE's Internet site, a report using existing data reported in compliance with the state performance plan on pupils with disabilities, required under federal law, that is specific to language and literacy development in deaf and hard-of-hearing children from birth through age eight. The Act defines "English" and "federal law."

#### **HOUSE FILE 2080 - Sharing of Operational Functions by School Districts**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to school districts that share operational functions.

Current law provides additional funding to increase student opportunities and redirect resources to student programming for school districts that share operational functions. A school district that shares with a political subdivision one or more operational functions of certain specified persons for at least 20 percent of the school year is assigned a supplementary weighting for each shared operational function up to a maximum of 21 additional pupils. The Act adds school resource officers to the list of specified persons. In addition, the Act establishes a supplementary weighting of three pupils for the school resource officer function.

Prior law provided that a school district that shared an operational function in the area of superintendent management was assigned a supplementary weighting of eight pupils for the function. The Act increases this supplementary weighting to nine pupils.

The Act provides that a school district may receive the additional weighting under Iowa Code section 257.11 for sharing the services of an individual with another school district even if the type of operational function performed by the individual for the other school district is not the same operational function, so long as either both operational functions are eligible for supplementary weighting or the operational function the individual performs for the school district is that of a special education director.

The Act took effect June 13, 2022, and applies to school budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2022.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2081 - Practitioner Preparation Programs — Elimination of Subject Assessments — Pre-Student Teaching Field Experiences**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to teachers, including the assessments administered to practitioner preparation program admission candidates and to practitioner preparation program students prior to students' completion of a practitioner preparation program, field experiences, and certain specified licenses for teachers created by the Board of Educational Examiners (BOEE).

Prior law required the State Board of Education (state board) to adopt rules requiring all higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation to report to the Department of Education (DE) information related to practitioner preparation program admission candidates' scores on preprofessional tests offered by a nationally recognized testing service. The Act strikes this requirement.

Prior law required the state board to adopt rules requiring all higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation to administer, prior to a student's completion of the practitioner preparation program, assessments designed by a nationally recognized testing service that measure pedagogy and knowledge of at least one subject area or a subject-area-specific, performance-based assessment for preservice teacher candidates. Prior law also required the state board to adopt rules requiring the Director of DE to waive these assessment requirements for not more than one year for a person who has completed the course requirements for an approved practitioner preparation program but attained an assessment score below the minimum passing scores set by DE. The Act strikes both of these requirements.

The Act requires all higher education institutions providing practitioner preparation to notify the students who failed to achieve the minimum passing scores set by DE on the assessments administered under prior law of the changes related to the completion of a practitioner preparation program provided by the Act, including the student's ability to



apply for an initial license from the BOEE if the student completed all other requirements of an approved practitioner preparation program.

Current law requires students accepted into an approved practitioner preparation program to, before the student teaching experience, participate in field experiences that include both observation and participation in teaching activities. Prior law required these field experiences to comprise a total of at least 50 hours in duration. The Act increases this amount to at least 80 hours in duration. In addition, the Act provides that the field experiences for students participating in a teacher intern preparation program must comprise a total of at least 50 hours in duration.

The Act took effect June 13, 2022, and applies to students who attended or are attending practitioner preparation programs before, on, or after June 13, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2165 - Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Program — Eligible Students**  
BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to students who are eligible to receive a scholarship from the Future Ready Iowa Skilled Workforce Last-Dollar Scholarship Fund (fund). Under prior law, among other people, an Iowa resident was eligible to receive a scholarship from the fund if the Iowa resident was less than 20 years of age; graduated from an Iowa high school, completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A, or received a high school equivalency diploma; and, prior to turning 20 years of age, enrolled full-time during the academic year or part-time during the summer semester in an eligible program at an eligible institution. Under the Act, a person who enrolls part-time during the academic year and otherwise qualifies is also eligible to receive a scholarship from the fund.

**HOUSE FILE 2316 - School Finance — State Percents of Growth — Regular Program State Cost Per Pupil — Property Tax Replacement Payments — School Transportation Funding**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act establishes a state percent of growth of 2.5 percent and a categorical state percent of growth of 2.5 percent for the school budget year beginning July 1, 2022. The state percent of growth is used to calculate the amount of supplemental state aid as part of the State School Foundation Program for that budget year. The categorical state percent of growth is used to calculate the amount of supplemental state aid for each of the categorical funding supplements.

The Act modifies the calculation of school district property tax replacement payments for budget years beginning on or after July 1, 2022. For each budget year beginning on or after July 1, 2022, each school district's property tax replacement payment amount is equal to the school district's weighted enrollment for the budget year multiplied by the sum of \$153 plus the difference of the following: (1) the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year beginning July 1, 2022, multiplied by 100 percent less the regular program foundation base per pupil percentage; and (2) the regular program state cost per pupil for the budget year beginning July 1, 2021, multiplied by 100 percent less the regular program foundation base per pupil percentage.

For the budget year beginning July 1, 2022, the regular program state cost per pupil is the regular program state cost per pupil for the base year plus the regular program supplemental state aid for the budget year, plus \$5. Then with the budget year beginning July 1, 2023, and succeeding budget years, the regular program state cost per pupil will again be calculated as provided under current law without any additional amount added.

The Transportation Equity Program provides additional funding for school districts with a transportation cost per pupil that exceeds the statewide adjusted transportation cost per pupil, as determined by the Department of Management. The amount of transportation equity aid for each school district is an amount equal to the school district's actual enrollment for the school year, excluding the shared-time enrollment for the school year, multiplied by the school district's transportation cost per pupil differential, as defined in statute, for the budget year.

Iowa Code section 257.16C establishes a Transportation Equity Fund and appropriates all moneys in the fund to the Department of Management for purposes of making the transportation equity aid payments. However, if the balance of the fund exceeds the amount necessary to make all transportation equity aid payments, moneys remaining in the fund are required to be used for transportation base funding payments as established by statute. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2022, Iowa Code section 257.16C appropriates from the General Fund of the State



to the Transportation Equity Fund the sum of the amount appropriated for the immediately preceding fiscal year plus the product of the amount appropriated for the immediately preceding fiscal year multiplied by the categorical percent of growth for the corresponding school budget year. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, the Act appropriates an amount necessary to make all transportation equity aid payments and then resumes the formula for determining the appropriation in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023.

The Act took effect February 17, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2412 - Radon Testing and Mitigation in Public Schools**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to testing for radon at public schools.

The Act defines “short-term test” as a test using a device that remains in an area for two to seven days to determine the amount of radon in the air. The Act requires the board of directors of each public school district to have a short-term test for radon gas performed at each attendance center under its control at least once by July 1, 2027, and at least once every five years thereafter. Each school district must publish its most recent results on its Internet site. Radon testing pursuant to the Act conducted on and after July 1, 2022, must be performed by a person certified to conduct such testing pursuant to Iowa Code section 136B.1 or by those district employees that have completed a school radon testing training program approved by the Iowa Department of Education and the Iowa Department of Public Health.

If the results of a short-term test are at or above four picocuries per liter, the Act requires the board to have a second short-term test performed at the attendance center within 60 days of the first test. If the averaged results of the tests are at or above four picocuries per liter, the board must retain or employ a person credentialed to develop a radon mitigation plan. The radon mitigation plan must be completed within two years of the first test. Radon mitigation is not required at an attendance center if the district intends to abandon the building within five years or has a plan to renovate the attendance center within five years and the renovation will include radon mitigation. However, all new school construction must incorporate radon-resistant construction techniques.

The Act adds radon testing conducted pursuant to the Act to the list of permissible uses of revenues from the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education fund under Iowa Code section 423F.3. The Act makes inapplicable Iowa Code section 423F.3(8), which requires legislation that would alter the purposes for which the revenues received under Iowa Code section 423F.3 may be used from infrastructure and property tax relief purposes to any other purpose to be approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members of both chambers of the General Assembly.

The Act may include a state mandate as defined in Iowa Code section 25B.3. The Act requires that the state cost of any state mandate included in the Act be paid by a school district from state school foundation aid received by the school district under Iowa Code section 257.16 or revenues from the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education fund under Iowa Code section 423F.3. The specification is deemed to constitute state compliance with any state mandate funding-related requirements of Iowa Code section 25B.2. The inclusion of this specification is intended to reinstate the requirement of political subdivisions to comply with any state mandates included in the Act.

**HOUSE FILE 2416 - Collegiate and Interscholastic Athletics — Student Eligibility Requirements — Educational Institution Liability**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act relates to student eligibility requirements in school district, accredited nonpublic school, regent institution, community college, and certain other institutions of higher education athletics.

An interscholastic athletic team, sport, or athletic event that is sponsored or sanctioned by a public school district, a Board of Regents institution, a community college, or an institution of higher education in Iowa that is a member of the National Collegiate Athletic Association, National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics, or National Junior College Athletic Association educational institution (educational institution) or an organization with a primary purpose of sponsoring athletic contests and competitions (organization) must be designated as females, women, or girls; males, men, or boys; or coeducational or mixed based on the sex at birth of the participating students. Only female students, based on their designated sex at birth, may participate in any team, sport, or athletic event designated as being for females, women, or girls.

State and local immunities do not apply to an educational institution or employee of an educational institution that does not comply with athletics sex requirements.

A student, educational institution, or organization has a cause of action for injunctive, mandamus, damages, and declaratory relief against an educational institution or organization if the student suffered harm as a result of reporting a violation of athletics sex requirements, or if the student, educational institution, or organization suffered harm as a result of a violation of athletics sex requirements. Such civil actions must be initiated within two years from the date the alleged harm occurred. Prevailing parties in such civil actions are entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs.

All governmental entities are prohibited from investigating a complaint or taking any adverse action against an educational institution or organization, or any employee of an educational institution, for compliance with athletics sex requirements.

A governmental entity, educational institution, or organization is immune from liability to any student for its compliance with athletics sex requirements.

The Attorney General must provide legal representation at no cost to, and the state must assume all legal costs for, an educational institution, an organization, authorities in charge of an educational institution or organization, or an employee of an educational institution or organization for any lawsuit brought or any complaint filed against that entity or individual as a result of compliance with athletics sex requirements.

The Act took effect March 3, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2493 - Employment of Substitute Teachers — Para-Educators — VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR BY ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW COMMITTEE.** This bill provided that for the school year beginning July 1, 2021, a certified para-educator with a substitute authorization could substitute in any classroom in grades prekindergarten through 12, except a driver's education classroom.

The bill required a school district to make a good-faith effort to employ a substitute teacher who is not a para-educator before employing a para-educator for a position pursuant to the bill. The bill required a school district employing a para-educator as a substitute pursuant to the bill to compensate the person at the higher rate of either the school district's substitute pay per diem or the hourly pay to which the para-educator would otherwise have been entitled.

The bill authorized the Board of Educational Examiners to adopt emergency rules to implement the bill. The bill would have taken effect upon enactment.

---

## ELECTIONS, ETHICS, AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE

- [SJR 9](#) - Proposed Constitutional Amendment — Qualifications of Electors
- [HOUSE FILE 2466](#) - County Supervisor Candidate Nominations — Signature Requirements

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- [HOUSE FILE 2589](#) - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
*SEE APPROPRIATIONS.* Division IV of this Act prohibits the State Commissioner of Elections, a county commissioner of elections, and a political subdivision of the state from accepting or expending moneys for the conduct of elections from sources other than lawful appropriations from the government of the United States, the state of Iowa, or a political subdivision of the state, with certain exceptions. Division V defines “direct mass mailing” for the purposes of Iowa Code section 68A.405A, which prohibits self-promotion with taxpayer funds.



## ELECTIONS, ETHICS, AND CAMPAIGN FINANCE

### **SJR 9** - Proposed Constitutional Amendment — Qualifications of Electors

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Joint Resolution proposes an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Iowa that reduces the voting age from 21 years of age to 18 years of age, except that a person who will be 18 years of age by the next general election shall be permitted to vote in a primary election. Eighteen years of age is the current voting age for every election in the United States due to the 26th Amendment to the United States Constitution. The Joint Resolution will be published and then referred to the next General Assembly (90th) for adoption, before being submitted to the electorate for ratification.

### **HOUSE FILE 2466** - County Supervisor Candidate Nominations — Signature Requirements

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act removes a requirement that nomination papers for an office to be filled by the voters of the county or for the office of county supervisor elected from a district within the county be signed by 2 percent of the party vote in the county or supervisor district, as shown by the last general election, or by at least 100 persons, whichever is less. Such petitions must be signed as provided in Iowa Code section 45.1. The Act amends Iowa Code section 45.1 to reduce, from 50 to 21, the minimum number of signatures needed on a nomination petition for election to a supervisor district with a population of 15,000 or fewer.

The Act took effect March 22, 2022.



## ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

- SENATE FILE 2176** - Natural Resources and Waste Management
- SENATE FILE 2232** - Water Treatment Systems — Sale, Lease, or Rental — Certification Requirements for Contaminant Removal Claims
- SENATE FILE 2378** - Regulation, Redemption, and Disposal of Beverage Containers
- HOUSE FILE 2343** - Conveyance of Real Property — Groundwater Hazard Statement Requirements
- HOUSE FILE 2475** - Municipal Utility Boards — Removal of Members

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2366** - Assessment and Taxation of Wind Energy Conversion Property.  
**SEE TAXATION.** This Act specifies that the special valuation provisions governing wind energy conversion property authorized by local ordinance under Iowa Code section 427B.26 are in lieu of the assessment and taxation provisions of Iowa Code chapter 437A (electricity replacement tax). If such ordinance is repealed, the Act provides that such property shall continue to be valued under that Iowa Code section until the end of the 19th assessment year following the assessment year in which the property was first assessed. The Act also provides that maintaining, refurbishing, or repowering does not cause such property to receive a new special valuation schedule and that, for purposes of determining net acquisition cost, except for a clerical error, an adjustment shall not be made after the third year the property is assessed.  
  
 The Act took effect May 23, 2022, and includes applicability and retroactive applicability provisions.
- SENATE FILE 2367** - Sales, Use, Excise, Motor Fuel, and Franchise Taxes — Tax Permits — Solar Energy System Tax Credits — Income Tax Deductions for Certain Premium Pay and Bonuses  
**SEE TAXATION.** This Act exempts from the sales tax the sales price of specified digital products, prewritten computer software, and other enumerated digital and computer services furnished to a public utility, if exclusively used by the public utility.  
  
 The Act extends the residential Solar Energy System Tax Credit for the following Solar Energy System Tax Credit applications for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022: installations that were completed prior to the 2022 calendar year that were denied solely due to the expiration of the credit, regardless of whether the applicant appealed the denial; and installations that were completed during the 2021 calendar year as long as the application is received by June 30, 2022.
- HOUSE FILE 728** - County Rules Requiring Periodic Septic Tank Pumping — Penalties Prohibited  
**SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.** This Act prohibits a county from requiring the payment of a penalty, fine, or fee due to a resident's noncompliance with rules adopted by a county sanitarian regarding periodic septic tank pumping as part of routine maintenance.
- HOUSE FILE 2128** - Renewable Fuels  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act includes a number of provisions related to the use of renewable fuels used to power motor vehicles, and includes certain compliance requirements and promotional programs administered by a number of state entities including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) and the Department of Natural Resources. The Act requires DALs to administer and enforce provisions that require a retail dealer of motor fuel to advertise and dispense ethanol blended gasoline containing at least 15 percent ethanol by volume (E-15) from a minimum number of

qualifying gasoline dispensers located at the retail dealer's retail site. The Act requires that new gasoline infrastructure that stores and dispenses E-15 must be capable of storing and dispensing E-85 and new diesel fuel infrastructure that stores diesel fuel must be capable of storing diesel fuel blended with biodiesel and be capable of storing and dispensing biodiesel blended diesel fuel classified as B-20.

**HOUSE FILE 2412** - Radon Testing and Mitigation in Public Schools  
**SEE EDUCATION.** This Act requires testing for radon at public schools and provides directions for the development of a radon mitigation plan.

**HOUSE FILE 2515** - Flood Recovery Fund Moneys — Use of Interest  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act authorizes the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management to use the interest earned on moneys in the Flood Recovery Fund for specified purposes related to the Flood Mitigation Board and the Flood Mitigation Program.

The Act took effect May 2, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2560** - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act makes appropriations for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, from the General Fund of the State, the Environment First Fund, the Groundwater Protection Fund, and other sources for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities, including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) and Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The Act appropriates moneys from these sources to DALs or DNR for purposes of supporting a number of regulatory and promotional programs associated with soil and water conservation and air and water quality.

**HOUSE FILE 2581** - Regulation of Agriculture, Agricultural Programs, and Motor Fuels  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act revises fees imposed on the sale of pesticides regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) and makes changes to terminology. The Act also amends provisions that authorize DALs to regulate types of motor fuel sold at a retail motor fuel site, including by changing terminology, providing for standards and classifications of types of motor fuel and biofuel components, and providing for the advertising of renewable fuel.

**HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** Division XIV of this Act provides that a refund on the barrel tax paid by a beverage container distributor who pays a handling fee under Iowa Code chapter 455C only applies to beverage containers sold for consumption off the premises.



## ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

### **SENATE FILE 2176 - Natural Resources and Waste Management**

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT. This Act relates to certain programs within the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

The Act inserts the word “sanitary” before certain instances of the word “landfill” in Iowa Code chapter 455B, subchapter IV, part 1 (part 1), regulating solid waste. The phrase “sanitary landfill” is defined in part 1 as a sanitary disposal project where solid waste is buried between layers of earth. A sanitary disposal project refers to any facility used as the site for the final disposition of solid waste. The Act also changes certain instances of “sanitary disposal project” and “sanitary disposal project site” to “sanitary landfill” so that only a sanitary landfill, rather than a sanitary disposal project in general, is subject to specific regulations, including groundwater monitoring requirements and the installation of shafts to relieve the accumulation of gas.

The Act changes instances of the word “variances” in part 1 to “waivers.” The Act authorizes the Environmental Protection Commission (EPC) to adopt rules providing for the land application of soils resulting from the remediation of petroleum releases and land application of certain solid wastes including industrial sludges, rather than from the remediation of underground storage tank releases. The Act authorizes an operator of a sanitary landfill to combine closure and postclosure accounts into one account. The Act amends other provisions in part 1 to make conforming changes and remove outdated language.

The Act repeals the State Interagency Missouri River Authority created in Iowa Code section 28L.1. Under prior law, the authority consisted of members of the executive branch or their designees who represented the interests of this state with regard to its membership in the Missouri River Association of States and Tribes, an interstate association of government representatives formed to seek consensus solutions to issues impacting the Missouri River basin. The state withdrew from the Missouri River Association of States and Tribes in 2011 and the association has since disbanded.

The Act repeals Iowa Code chapter 455B, subchapter XI, which is the Mercury-Free Recycling Act. The Mercury-Free Recycling Act required vehicle manufacturers to develop and publish plans for the removal, collection, and recovery of vehicle mercury-added switches and authorized EPC to enforce the plans. Prior to its repeal, Iowa Code section 455B.803 provided for the termination of EPC’s enforcement of the removal, collection, and recovery plans on July 1, 2020. The Mercury-Free Recycling Act also generally prohibited a person from delivering an end-of-life vehicle to a scrap recycling facility unless the mercury-added switch was removed from the vehicle. A future repeal of the subchapter was otherwise contingent upon the implementation of a national mercury switch recovery program that meets certain standards.

### **SENATE FILE 2232 - Water Treatment Systems — Sale, Lease, or Rental — Certification Requirements for Contaminant Removal Claims**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to the sale, lease, or rental of water treatment systems. A violation of the Act constitutes an unlawful practice under the Iowa Consumer Fraud Act.

Current law prohibits a person from selling, leasing, renting, or advertising the sale, lease, or rental of a water treatment system for which claims or representations of removing health-related contaminants are made unless the water treatment system is performance tested, met the performance testing requirements, bears a specific label and is accompanied by the manufacturer’s performance data sheet, and includes the consumer information pamphlet compiled by the Department of Public Health (DPH).

The Act defines “health-related contaminant” to mean a contaminant which has a potentially adverse health effect and for which a maximum contaminant level, treatment technique requirement, or an action level established in lieu of a maximum contaminant level has been specified in the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations.

The Act amends the requirements so that the sale, lease, rental, or advertisement of a water treatment system is not an unlawful practice if a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute certifies all claims

and representations related to the removal of health-related contaminants. The Act eliminates the requirements that a consumer of a water treatment system be provided the manufacturer's performance data sheet or a consumer information pamphlet compiled by the DPH.

The Act takes effect on January 1, 2023, and applies to the sale, lease, rental, and advertisement of water treatment systems that occur on or after that date.

**SENATE FILE 2378 - Regulation, Redemption, and Disposal of Beverage Containers**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act makes numerous changes to Iowa Code chapter 455C, commonly known as the "Bottle Bill."

Under current law, unchanged by the Act, a consumer pays a 5-cent refund value to a dealer for each beverage container that the consumer purchases. A consumer may receive the refund value upon returning an empty beverage container to a redemption center. Under prior law, a consumer could also return empty beverage containers to a dealer in exchange for the refund value. Under the Act, a consumer may return an empty beverage container to a dealer in exchange for the refund value only if the dealer is a participating dealer. The Act defines "participating dealer" as a dealer who accepts the return of empty beverage containers from a consumer. The Act allows a dealer to refuse to accept beverage containers from a consumer if the dealer holds a food establishment license and sells time/temperature control for safety food; the dealer has entered an agreement with an approved redemption center for the operation of a mobile redemption center, as defined in the Act, subject to certain conditions; or if the dealer's place of business is in a county with a population of more than 30,000 and within 10 miles of an approved redemption center or if the dealer's place of business is in a county with a population of 30,000 or fewer and within 15 miles of an approved redemption center. The Department of Natural Resources (DNR) shall make available to the public an electronic method of locating approved redemption centers.

A participating dealer may act as a redemption center for purposes of the Bottle Bill. A dealer who has an agreement with an approved redemption center to operate a mobile redemption center or who meets the population and distance thresholds may refuse to accept beverage containers as of June 17, 2022. Under the Act, a participating dealer or redemption center shall return the amount of the refund value owed to a consumer within a reasonable time not to exceed 10 days.

Prior law required a distributor to pay a 1-cent handling fee for each beverage container that the distributor accepted from the dealer, dealer agent, or redemption center. Under the Act, the distributor shall pay a 3-cent handling fee to a participating dealer or redemption center.

The Act, as amended by 2022 Iowa Acts, House File 2589 (see Appropriations), authorizes a distributor who pays a handling fee for a beverage container that was sold for consumption off the premises and that used to contain beer, including high alcoholic content beer, to claim a refund of the barrel tax paid by the distributor in the amount of 1 cent for each such beverage container accepted by the distributor. The Department of Revenue (DOR) shall prescribe forms for a distributor to use to claim a refund. Identifying information collected by DOR that can be used to identify a specific distributor shall be considered confidential information.

Beginning November 15, 2023, DOR shall require the registration of the universal product code for each beverage container using a method of registration determined by DOR.

The Act imposes a civil penalty, not to exceed \$5,000 total per attempted transaction, on a person who knowingly attempts to redeem a beverage container that is not properly marked. A person who violates any other provision of the Bottle Bill is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000. The Act authorizes the DNR director to issue any order necessary to secure compliance with or prevent a violation of the Bottle Bill and establishes procedures for hearings, appeals, and judicial review and authorizes legal proceedings instituted by the Attorney General at the request of DNR. A person who violates a compliance order is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,000 for each day of such violation. The Act establishes a Bottle Bill Fund in the State Treasury under the control of DNR. The fund shall consist of moneys collected from civil penalties and any other moneys appropriated to or deposited in the fund. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to DNR for purposes of administering and enforcing the Bottle Bill.

The Act provides that any amount of refund value or handling fees possessed by a distributor after the distributor has made required payments shall be considered the property of the distributor.

The Act requires the Legislative Fiscal Committee to hold a meeting during the 2025 Legislative Interim at which the committee will review the enforcement of the Bottle Bill by DNR and whether and how many redemption centers have been approved by DNR, the adequacy of the handling fee amount, and any other information the committee deems important. The committee shall submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly no later than January 31, 2026. The Act also requires the Attorney General to submit a report to the General Assembly prior to the Legislative Fiscal Committee's meeting that shall detail any legal proceedings arising under the Bottle Bill since January 1, 2023.

Unless otherwise provided, the Act takes effect January 1, 2023.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2343 - Conveyance of Real Property — Groundwater Hazard Statement Requirements**

BY COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION. This Act relates to the submission of a groundwater hazard statement with a declaration of value upon the conveyance of real property. Prior law required a groundwater hazard statement stating whether certain groundwater hazards exist to accompany each declaration of value submitted to a county recorder when any real property in this state is granted, assigned, transferred, or otherwise conveyed. A county recorder then transmits the groundwater hazard statement to the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) as directed by the DNR Director.

Under the Act, a person shall not submit a groundwater hazard statement with a deed, instrument, or writing if no specified conditions exist on the property. Rather, the first page of the deed, instrument, or writing shall include a statement indicating that specified conditions do not exist on the property and the transaction is exempt from the requirement to submit a groundwater hazard statement. The owner of the property is responsible for the accuracy of such statement. An owner's agent, a preparer of a groundwater hazard statement, and a preparer of a statement that no specified condition exists on a property shall not be liable for the accuracy of information provided by the owner of the property unless the person has direct knowledge contrary to the submitted statement.

The Act requires a county recorder to refuse to record any deed, instrument, or writing by which any real property in this state is conveyed if the deed, instrument, or writing and a required declaration of value is not accompanied by a groundwater hazard statement, if required, or if an exemption statement is not present on the first page of the deed, instrument, or writing, if required. A recording in violation of the Act shall not be the basis for invalidating a deed, instrument, or writing. Additionally, a county recorder may transmit a groundwater hazard statement to DNR electronically or through a browser interface provided by the county land record information system as determined by DNR and the county recorders.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2475 - Municipal Utility Boards — Removal of Members**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to utility board member removal criteria.

The Act provides that municipal utility board members acting in municipalities with a population of 200,000 or fewer may be removed from office by the mayor with unanimous approval from the city council for willful or habitual neglect or refusal to perform the duties of the office, willful misconduct or maladministration in office, corruption, extortion, conviction of a felony, intoxication or conviction for intoxication, campaign finance violations, failure to pay specified fines, or habitual nonattendance of board meetings.

The Act provides that a board member subject to removal shall receive a written notice by certified mail stating the grounds for removal and is entitled to a public hearing within 30 days of the mailing of the notice, unless the board member requests a later date. After the passage of 30 days or after the public hearing, the city council shall vote on the board member's removal.

The Act took effect May 17, 2022.



**GAMING**

- HOUSE FILE 2378** - Pari-Mutuel Wagering — Horse Racing Purse Moneys Distribution — Race Horse Aftercare Organization Assistance Fund
- HOUSE FILE 2497** - Gambling Regulation and Wagering



## GAMING

### **HOUSE FILE 2378 - Pari-Mutuel Wagering — Horse Racing Purse Moneys Distribution — Race Horse Aftercare Organization Assistance Fund**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act concerns horse racing and pari-mutuel wagering under the control of the Racing and Gaming Commission.

The Act provides that of purse moneys dedicated for thoroughbred racing, 4 percent, and not 2 percent, shall be distributed to an organization representing owners of thoroughbred race horses.

The Act creates an Iowa Race Horse Aftercare Organization Assistance Fund in the State Treasury under the control of the Racing and Gaming Commission. The fund will consist of fines collected by the commission under Iowa Code chapter 99D and such other moneys as may be deposited in the fund. The Act provides that moneys in the fund shall be distributed by the commission to organizations that are dedicated to race horse aftercare, with priority given to organizations primarily involved in rehabilitation, retraining, and rehoming of former race horses that raced in the state of Iowa and that have governing boards comprised of pari-mutuel industry occupational license holders. The Act limits distributions to organizations shown to have been in existence for a minimum of three years.

### **HOUSE FILE 2497 - Gambling Regulation and Wagering**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act concerns gambling regulation and wagering and is organized by divisions.

Division I of the Act concerns cashless wagering and allows a person to access a cash account through a mobile application for purposes of cashless wagering on the wagering area of a licensee under Iowa Code chapter 99D (Pari-Mutuel Wagering) or gaming floor of a licensee under Iowa Code chapter 99F (Gambling Games and Sports Wagering Regulation). The Act requires the mobile application to include the statewide telephone number that provides problem gambling information and extensive responsible gaming features.

Division II relates to the forfeiture and withholding of certain gaming winnings.

The division prevents the Racing and Gaming Commission (commission) from initiating any administrative action or imposing penalties, pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 99D or Iowa Code chapter 99F, on a licensee who voluntarily reports to the commission activity of a person who passes a winning wager to another or a person who uses fraudulent identification to avoid the forfeiture of any money as a voluntarily excluded person or to avoid the application of a debt setoff. A person who knowingly or intentionally passes a winning wager as a voluntarily excluded person or to avoid a debt setoff under either Iowa Code chapter 99D or Iowa Code chapter 99F commits a class “D” felony and is barred for life from the licensed facility.

Division III relates to the inclusion of wagering on other sports-related events within the provisions governing sports wagering.

The division includes a charitable event with professional athletes as a professional sporting event for purposes of sports wagering.

The division defines “sports-related event” as an event that takes place in relation to an authorized sporting event, but that is not tied to the outcome of a specific athletic event or contest as authorized by the commission. “Sports-related events” include but are not limited to professional sports drafts and individual player awards. The division permits wagers on sports-related events as a form of sports wagering.

Division IV relates to occupational licenses. The Act provides that an occupational license is required for occupations identified by the commission as engaged in the administration, control, and conduct of gambling games and sports wagering.

Division V imposes limitations on the number of gambling licenses the commission may issue. New Iowa Code section 99F.5A provides that, commencing June 1, 2022, the total number of gambling games licenses the

commission may issue shall not exceed 19. There are currently 19 licenses issued in Iowa. The division provides that any gambling games license issued shall be restricted to those counties conducting gambling games on June 1, 2022. The Act allows the commission to authorize a gambling games licensee to move to a new location within the same county, to issue a gambling games license in a county if a licensed facility in that county is sold, and to issue a new license in a county if a previous license to conduct gambling games in that county was surrendered, not renewed, or revoked. This new Iowa Code section is repealed June 30, 2024.

The division took effect June 17, 2022, and applies retroactively to June 1, 2022.

Division VI concerns simulcasting licensure and taxation. New Iowa Code section 99D.9D allows an entity that has entered into an agreement with the Iowa Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association for source market fees to apply for a license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering on simultaneously telecast horse or dog races conducted at another facility licensed to conduct gambling games under Iowa Code chapter 99D or Iowa Code chapter 99F. The new Iowa Code section allows the licensee to enter into an agreement with any gambling game licensee to conduct wagering on simultaneously telecast horse or dog races without the requirement to conduct live horse or dog races at the licensed gambling game facility. The commission is required to establish an annual license fee and regulatory fee for an entity issued a license under this new Iowa Code section, which imposes an annual audit requirement.

Iowa Code section 99D.15, providing for pari-mutuel wagering taxes, is amended to authorize the pari-mutuel wagering tax on simultaneously telecast horse and dog races that are conducted by a licensee under new Iowa Code section 99D.9D. The Act establishes a 2 percent tax on the gross sum wagered on simultaneously telecast horse and dog races and is owed by a licensee under new Iowa Code section 99D.9D when such pari-mutuel wagers exceed \$25 million in a calendar year. Of the tax revenues collected, one-half of 1 percent of the gross sum wagered shall be remitted to the treasurer of the county in which a horse racetrack is located and licensed under Iowa Code chapter 99D. The remaining amount of tax revenue collected shall be deposited with the commission.



## HEALTH AND SAFETY

- SENATE FILE 463** - Occupational Therapy Licensure and Audiology and Speech Language Pathology Interstate Compacts
- SENATE FILE 529** - Assisted Reproduction Fraud
- SENATE FILE 577** - Certificate of Nonviable Birth
- SENATE FILE 2119** - Cosmetology — Practice of Threading
- SENATE FILE 2345** - Congenital and Inherited Disorders — Screening of Newborns
- HOUSE FILE 771** - Self-Administration and Storage of Bronchodilators, Bronchodilator Canisters, and Bronchodilator Canisters and Spacers in Schools
- HOUSE FILE 803** - Physician Assistants — Scope of Practice
- HOUSE FILE 2123** - Redissemination of Information by Criminal or Juvenile Justice Agencies — Missing Persons Cases — Photographs or Digital Images
- HOUSE FILE 2168** - Massage Therapy — Continuing Education — Child and Dependent Adult Abuse Reporting
- HOUSE FILE 2169** - Practices of Pharmacy and Nursing — Vaccine and Immunization Administration — Nonresident Pharmacy Licensure
- HOUSE FILE 2172** - Health Care Facility Violations — Penalties
- HOUSE FILE 2201** - Controlled Substances — Scheduled Substances — Prescription Monitoring Program
- HOUSE FILE 2246** - Provisional Licenses in Psychology
- HOUSE FILE 2298** - Enrollment Prerequisites for Child Care Centers or Elementary, Secondary, or Postsecondary Schools — COVID-19 Immunization
- HOUSE FILE 2367** - Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator and Advisory Council
- HOUSE FILE 2420** - Newborn Safe Haven Act — Age of Newborn Infant
- HOUSE FILE 2521** - Health Care Employment Agencies

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 522** - Abuse of Dependent Adults and Older Individuals — Criminal and Civil Actions  
***SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.*** This Act relates to older individuals and dependent adults and certain criminal offenses and civil actions, and provides penalties. The Act establishes the crimes of older individual assault and theft against an older individual, changes the existing additional civil penalty for consumer frauds committed against elders (those 60 years of age or older) to apply to consumer frauds committed against older individuals consistent with other provisions relating to older individuals under the Act, establishes criminal penalties for elder abuse, and establishes the crime of financial exploitation of an older individual. The Act relocates the criminal penalties for dependent adult abuse as they currently exist from Iowa Code chapter 235B (dependent adult abuse) to Iowa Code chapter 726 (relating to the protection of the family and dependent persons).
- SENATE FILE 2232** - Water Treatment Systems — Sale, Lease, or Rental — Certification Requirements for Contaminant Removal Claims  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to the sale, lease, rental, and advertisement of water treatment systems claiming or representing the removal of health-related contaminants. The Act affects water treatment systems sold,

leased, rented, or advertised on and after January 1, 2023. A violation of the Act constitutes an unlawful practice under the Iowa Consumer Fraud Act. The Act takes effect January 1, 2023.

- SENATE FILE 2245** - Meat or Poultry Inspection — Establishment Licensing — Personal Use Exemption  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act creates a personal use exemption to licensing requirements in Iowa's Meat and Poultry Inspection Act (Iowa Code chapter 189A).
- SENATE FILE 2285** - County and City Zoning — Sale of Consumer Fireworks — Effect of Extension of City Zoning Jurisdiction Beyond City Limits  
**SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.** This Act relates to county and city zoning authority. The Act prohibits a county or city from adopting or enforcing any zoning ordinance to regulate, restrict, or prohibit the location of a permanent building or temporary structure used for the sale of consumer fireworks in any location zoned for commercial or industrial purposes. This prohibition took effect on April 21, 2022.
- SENATE FILE 2298** - Local Emergency Management Commissions — 911 Service Duties  
**SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.** This Act authorizes local emergency management commissions to assume the duties of a joint 911 service board.
- The Act provides that local emergency management commissions may be substituted, if agreed to by a two-thirds majority of the commission and a two-thirds majority of the joint 911 service board, for a joint 911 service board by the board of supervisors of the county in which the joint 911 service board is maintained.
- HOUSE FILE 2079** - Sexual Abuse — Conditions for Post-Arrest Release — Initial Appearance Required  
**SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.** This Act adds Iowa Code sections 709.2 (Sexual Abuse in the First Degree), 709.3 (Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree), and 709.4 (Sexual Abuse in the Third Degree) to Iowa Code section 664A.3, which requires an initial appearance before a magistrate for persons taken into custody or arrested for such sexual abuse offenses before release on bail or otherwise. The sexual abuse offenses added to Iowa Code chapter 664A allow a magistrate to enter a temporary no-contact order before the person is released on bail or otherwise.
- HOUSE FILE 2412** - Radon Testing and Mitigation in Public Schools  
**SEE EDUCATION.** This Act requires testing for radon at public schools and provides directions for the development of a radon mitigation plan. The Act requires the Iowa Department of Public Health to maintain and make available to school districts a list of approved school radon testing training programs.
- HOUSE FILE 2431** - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses  
**SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.** This Act relates to home-based businesses, including home food processing establishments. The Act provides labeling requirements for homemade food items and cottage food items and authorizes the Department of Inspections and Appeals to adopt rules to administer provisions related to the regulation, licensing, and inspection of home food processing establishments.
- HOUSE FILE 2517** - Levee Districts Governance and Funding Study — Appropriation — Nonreversion of Funds  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act provides that moneys appropriated during the 2021 Legislative Session for a governance and funding of levee districts study shall not revert but shall remain available to the Iowa Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management for expenditure for the purposes designated during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. The Act took effect June 13, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2573** - Abatement and Response to Opioid Use — Funds — Prescriptions for and Possession and Use of Opioid Antagonists by Schools  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act creates an Opioid Antagonist Medication Fund for first responders within the State Treasury under the control of the Department of Public Health (DPH). The fund shall consist of moneys appropriated to or deposited in the fund and may include available federal or state moneys, as well as any available opioid lawsuit settlement moneys. Funds may be transferred between other state agencies and the fund as appropriate. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to DPH for the purchase, maintenance, and replacement of opioid antagonist medication to be administered by first responders to persons experiencing an opioid-related overdose. Moneys in the fund may be designated for the purchase, maintenance, and replacement of opioid antagonist medication. First responders may contact DPH for the procurement of opioid antagonist medication and DPH shall keep a record of the distribution of moneys from the fund.
- The Act adds a school employee to the definition of “person in a position to assist,” which also includes a family member, friend, caregiver, health care provider, employee of a substance abuse treatment facility, school employee, or other person who may be in a place to render aid to a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose. A licensed health care professional may prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist.
- The Act provides that a school district may obtain a valid prescription for an opioid antagonist and maintain a supply of opioid antagonists in a secure location at each location where a student may be present for use as provided in Iowa Code section 135.90.
- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes numerous provisions relating to health programs, health care coverage, the Medicaid program, and health regulation. The Act includes funding for the Center of Excellence Program to encourage innovation and collaboration among regional health care providers in a rural area; provides for the realignment of the departments of Human Services and Public Health; provides for the nonreversion of moneys in the Hearing Aids and Audiological Services Funding Program remaining at the close of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021; redefines “intellectual disability” and the requirements for admission or transfer of a person with a diagnosis of an intellectual disability relative to a state mental health institute; includes provisions relating to health-related data; creates a More Options for Maternal Support Program and requires submission of a Medicaid postpartum coverage report; includes protections relating to health carriers and coverage for health care professionals who provide services for mental health conditions, illnesses, injuries, or diseases who are physically located out of state and participating via telehealth; and creates a state-funded Psychiatry Residency Program.
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** Division XI of this Act requires a health care provider who determines that a patient is a candidate for outpatient surgery and refers the patient to an ambulatory surgical center to provide the patient with a written document listing the factors the patient should consider to make a fully informed decision. Division XII provides that House File 2521 applies retroactively to any contract between a health care employment agency and an agency worker or health care entity that was entered into or executed on or after January 1, 2019. Division XIII requires rules adopted relating to physical examination requirements for licensed or registered facility personnel and the children being provided child care by the licensed or registered facility to allow any licensed physician to perform the physical examination.



## HEALTH AND SAFETY

### **SENATE FILE 463 - Occupational Therapy Licensure and Audiology and Speech Language Pathology Interstate Compacts**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act adopts two interstate professional licensing compacts: the Occupational Therapy Licensure Compact and the Audiology and Speech Language Pathology Interstate Compact. The compacts allow a person holding a valid, unencumbered license to practice occupational therapy, audiology, or speech language pathology in any member state (the “home” state) to seek a compact privilege to practice the licensed profession in any other member state (the “remote” state) under certain conditions.

The state that granted a license to practice occupational therapy, audiology, or speech language pathology to a person retains exclusive authority to take adverse action against a licensee’s license, regardless of where the licensee practices. However, a state that has granted a compact privilege may take disciplinary action against that privilege and all member states may investigate violations of the statutes and rules governing the practice of the profession of any other member state.

The compacts are administered by commissions consisting of delegates from each member state. The commissions may create rules and bylaws relating to the compacts, levy annual assessments and fees on member states to cover the operating costs of the commissions, sue and be sued, intervene in legal matters concerning the commissions, and appoint executive committees. The executive committees may recommend that the commissions change the rules governing the compacts and must manage the financial and administrative affairs of the commissions.

The compacts instruct the commissions to create databases and reporting systems containing licensure and investigative information on all licensed persons in member states. This information may be kept confidential from the public at the discretion of the member state supplying the information.

A member state may withdraw from a compact by enacting a statute repealing the compact. Such a withdrawal takes effect six months after the enactment of such a statute.

### **SENATE FILE 529 - Assisted Reproduction Fraud**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act creates the Fraud in Assisted Reproduction Act.

The Act defines “assisted reproduction,” “donor,” “gamete,” “health care professional,” “health facility,” “human reproductive material,” “live birth,” “patient,” and “spouse,” for purposes of the Act.

The Act prohibits a person from engaging in a practice or act the person knows or reasonably should have known provides false information to a patient related to an assisted reproduction procedure or treatment.

The Act prohibits a health care professional or health facility from knowingly or intentionally using or providing human reproductive material for assisted reproduction other than that to which the patient consented in writing, and from using or providing a patient with human reproductive material for assisted reproduction that is not provided with the donor’s consent or in a manner or to an extent other than that to which the donor consented. A violation of these provisions by a health care professional or health facility is grounds for denial of an application for, denial of renewal of, or revocation of any license, permit, certification, or any other form of permission required to practice a profession or to establish, conduct, or maintain a facility regulated by the state. Additionally, a violation of these provisions by a health care professional constitutes unprofessional conduct.

The Act provides for a private cause of action for damages by certain people. A cause of action brought under the Act is not subject to a statute of limitations, and may be brought at any time. A cause of action may be brought by the patient or spouse of the patient if the patient conceives and gives birth to a child through assisted reproduction as a result of a health care professional or a health facility violating the provisions of the Act relating to use or provision of human reproductive material that is other than that to which the patient expressly consented in writing or that is not provided with or in accordance with the donor’s consent. A cause of action based on this violation may also be brought by a child born as the result of being conceived through such violation if the patient who conceived and gave

birth to the child or the patient's spouse is deceased or is otherwise unable to bring such cause of action. A patient or spouse of a patient under these circumstances has a separate cause of action for each conception and birth of a child.

A patient or the spouse of a patient, if the patient conceives but the conception does not result in a live birth of a child through assisted reproduction as a result of a health care professional or a health facility violating the provisions of the Act relating to use or provision of human reproductive material that is other than that to which the patient expressly consented in writing or that is not provided with or in accordance with the donor's consent, may bring an action for damages. However, a cause of action under these circumstances is barred if the conception does not result in a live birth because of a reportable induced termination of pregnancy or if the patient or the patient's spouse intentionally terminates the pregnancy constituting feticide under Iowa Code section 707.7.

A cause of action for damages may also be brought by a donor whose reproductive material resulted in the conception or conception and birth of a child conceived through assisted reproduction or whose human reproductive material was used without the donor's consent or in a manner or to an extent other than that to which the donor consented in violation of the Act.

The Act provides awards for damages in addition to compensatory or punitive damages to a prevailing plaintiff.

A prevailing plaintiff who is a patient or the spouse of a patient who brings an action based on the patient conceiving and giving birth to a child through assisted reproduction as a result of a health care professional using the health care professional's own human reproductive material in violation of the Act, if the health care professional is determined to be the biological parent of the child, and the action is brought within the statute of limitations for minors, may be awarded statutory damages in the amount of \$200,000; costs attributable to the assisted reproduction procedure or treatment process; court costs; reasonable attorney fees; and damages that constitute child support, medical support, and a postsecondary education subsidy for the child, as well as other sums based on the circumstances of the plaintiff. A determination that a health care professional is a biological parent of the child or the awarding of such damages does not create a parent-child relationship between the child and the health care professional for any legal purpose.

A prevailing plaintiff who brings an action for damages based on a patient conceiving through assisted reproduction as a result of a health care professional or a health facility violating the provisions of the Act relating to use or provision of human reproductive material that is other than that to which the patient expressly consented in writing or that is not provided with or in accordance with the donor's consent, when the conception does not result in a live birth, may also be awarded statutory damages in the amount of \$5,000, costs attributable to the assisted reproduction procedure or treatment process, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees.

A prevailing plaintiff who is a donor may be awarded statutory damages in the amount of \$5,000, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees.

The Act establishes the crime of sexual abuse in the fourth degree. A health care professional commits sexual abuse in the fourth degree when the health care professional uses or provides a patient with human reproductive material for assisted reproduction other than that to which the patient expressly consented in writing. Sexual abuse in the fourth degree is an aggravated misdemeanor. However, sexual abuse in the fourth degree is a class "D" felony if the health care professional uses or provides the health care professional's own human reproductive material for assisted reproduction in violation of the Act. A parent-child relationship between a child and a health care professional is not created for any legal purpose when the child is born as the result of being conceived through commission of sexual abuse in the fourth degree. An information or indictment for sexual abuse in the fourth degree may be commenced at any time after the commission of the offense.

The Act provides that sexual abuse in the fourth degree, if the perpetrator is a health care professional who used or provided the health care professional's own human reproductive material for assisted reproduction in violation of the Act, is a tier III offense, and subjects the offender to required registration on the sex offender registry.

The Act provides that convictions for sexual abuse in the fourth degree or fraud in assisted reproduction are grounds for professional licensee discipline.

**SENATE FILE 577 - Certificate of Nonviable Birth**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to a certificate of nonviable birth. The provisions of the Act are similar to those relating to a certificate of birth resulting in stillbirth pursuant to Iowa Code section 144.31A. A “nonviable birth” is defined as an unintentional, spontaneous fetal demise occurring after demonstration of a doppler-detected heartbeat and prior to the twentieth week of gestation during a pregnancy that has been verified by a health care provider.

The Act requires a health care provider who attends or diagnoses a nonviable birth or a hospital at which a nonviable birth occurs to advise a patient who experiences a nonviable birth that the patient may request a certificate of nonviable birth and, upon request by the patient, provide a letter certifying the nonviable birth to the patient.

The Act authorizes the Department of Public Health (DPH) to prescribe by administrative rule the form and content of a request and the process for requesting a certificate of nonviable birth. DPH must issue a certificate within 60 days of receipt of a request by the patient and submission of the certification letter.

DPH must adopt administrative rules to prescribe the form and content of, and the fee not to exceed the actual cost for the preparation of, a certificate. The Act requires the certificate to include the date of the nonviable birth, name and gender information, and the statement: “This certificate is not proof of live birth.”

Fees collected are to be deposited in the General Fund of the State and the Vital Records Fund. A certificate of nonviable birth shall not be required to be filed or registered; DPH shall not register the nonviable birth associated with a certificate or use the nonviable birth in calculating live birth statistics; and a certificate of nonviable birth shall not be used to establish, bring, or support a civil cause of action seeking damages against any person for bodily injury, personal injury, or wrongful death for a nonviable birth.

A certificate of nonviable birth may be requested and issued only for nonviable births occurring on or after January 1, 2000.

**SENATE FILE 2119 - Cosmetology — Practice of Threading**

BY COURNOYER. This Act relates to the practice of cosmetology. The Act eliminates the removal of superfluous hair by threading from the definitions of “cosmetology” and “esthetics” and allows a person to practice threading without receiving a license to practice cosmetology arts and sciences and in a location that is not a licensed salon.

**SENATE FILE 2345 - Congenital and Inherited Disorders — Screening of Newborns**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to newborn screenings.

The Act codifies the Congenital and Inherited Disorders Advisory Committee (advisory committee), which was established only in administrative rules prior to the Act’s enactment. The Act provides that the advisory committee is established to assist the Center for Congenital and Inherited Disorders (center) and the Department of Public Health (DPH) in matters relating to genetic and genomic health care services for all Iowans. The Director of Public Health must appoint the members of the advisory committee, which must include persons with relevant expertise and interest and include parent representatives. The advisory committee is charged with assisting the center and DPH in designating the conditions to be included in the newborn screening and in regularly evaluating the effectiveness and appropriateness of the newborn screening.

The Act specifically requires that beginning July 1, 2022, the advisory committee must ensure that all conditions included in the federal Recommended Uniform Screening Panel (RUSP) as of January 1, 2022, are included in the newborn screening. Within 12 months of the addition of a new condition to the federal RUSP, the advisory committee must consider and make a recommendation to DPH regarding inclusion of the new condition in the newborn screening, including current newborn screening capacity to screen for the new condition and the resources necessary to screen for the new condition going forward. If the advisory committee recommends inclusion of a new



condition, DPH must ensure that the new condition is included in the newborn screening within 18 months of receipt of the recommendation.

The Act requires DPH to submit an annual status report to the General Assembly by December 31, regarding the current conditions included in the newborn screening, any new conditions currently under consideration or recommended by the advisory committee for inclusion in the newborn screening, any new conditions considered but not recommended by the advisory committee in the prior 12-month period and the reason for not recommending any such conditions, any departmental request for additional newborn screening program capacity or resources necessitated by the inclusion of a recommended new condition in the newborn screening, and any delay and the reason for the delay by the advisory committee or DPH in complying with the specified time frames for considering and recommending or adding a new condition to the newborn screening.

The Act requires the State Hygienic Laboratory to establish the newborn screening fee schedule in a manner sufficient to support the newborn screening system of care.

**HOUSE FILE 771 - Self-Administration and Storage of Bronchodilators, Bronchodilator Canisters, and Bronchodilator Canisters and Spacers in Schools**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to the self-administration, storage, and supply of bronchodilators, bronchodilator canisters, and bronchodilator canisters and spacers relative to schools and students.

Current law provides for the self-administration by students of asthma or other airway-constricting disease medication or epinephrine auto-injectors. The Act adds a bronchodilator specifically to the definition of “medication,” adds respiratory distress as a condition that may be treated by the medication, and adds bronchodilator canisters and bronchodilator canisters and spacers to the list of devices that may be self-administered by students and stored relative to students and schools. The Act defines “bronchodilator,” “bronchodilator canister,” and “spacer.”

The Act requires the board of directors of a school district and the authorities in charge of an accredited nonpublic school to meet the same conditions to permit the self-administration of other medications or the use of bronchodilator canisters and bronchodilator canisters and spacers by a student as are currently required for the self-administration of other medications or the use of an epinephrine auto-injector by a student. The existing requirements for self-administration and use of other medications or epinephrine auto-injectors relating to necessary permissions, written statements provided by licensed health care professionals, and maintaining relevant information provided to the school apply to bronchodilators, bronchodilator canisters, and bronchodilator canisters and spacers.

The Act expands provisions authorizing a licensed health care professional to prescribe epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of a school district or accredited nonpublic school to be maintained for use at a school to also include bronchodilator canisters and bronchodilator canisters and spacers. The Act also expands current provisions allowing personnel authorized to administer epinephrine to provide or administer an epinephrine auto-injector from the school’s supply to allow personnel authorized to administer a bronchodilator to provide or administer a bronchodilator canister or a bronchodilator canister and spacer from the school’s supply, and provides liability protection for persons who act reasonably and in good faith. The Act requires the Department of Education, the Board of Medicine, the Board of Nursing, and the Board of Pharmacy, in consultation with an organization representing school nurses, to adopt rules pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 17A to implement and administer the Act relative to bronchodilators, bronchodilator canisters, and bronchodilator canisters and spacers.

**HOUSE FILE 803 - Physician Assistants — Scope of Practice**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act allows a physician assistant to perform several duties currently performed by physicians. The Act does not alter the scope of practice of physician assistants. The Act also directs various departments of the state of Iowa to adopt rules adding physician assistants to lists of health care workers who may perform certain duties.



**HOUSE FILE 2123 - Redissemination of Information by Criminal or Juvenile Justice Agencies — Missing Persons Cases — Photographs or Digital Images**

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act relates to the authorized use and redissemination of an individual's driver's license photograph in certain cases involving missing persons.

The Department of Transportation is prohibited from releasing personal information that is in the form of an individual's photograph or digital image or a digital reproduction of an individual's photograph (driver's license photograph) unless released to a specified person or agency for a specific purpose as provided in Iowa Code section 321.11.

The Act authorizes a criminal or juvenile justice agency to redisseminate, in addition to the information authorized under Iowa Code section 692.3, an individual's driver's license photograph when the individual is reported as missing or if an individual is identified in a missing person report involving an unemancipated minor when there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the individual is involved with the minor's disappearance.

The Act took effect May 23, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2168 - Massage Therapy — Continuing Education — Child and Dependent Adult Abuse Reporting**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act adds licensed massage therapists to the list of persons required to report child and dependent adult abuse. The Act allows a licensed massage therapist to include the completion of training regarding child and dependent adult abuse toward the fulfillment of the continuing education requirement.

A person required to report a suspected case of child or dependent adult abuse who knowingly and willfully fails to do so is guilty of a simple misdemeanor. A person required to report a suspected case of child or dependent adult abuse who knowingly fails to do so is civilly liable for proximate damages caused by the failure to report.

**HOUSE FILE 2169 - Practices of Pharmacy and Nursing — Vaccine and Immunization Administration — Nonresident Pharmacy Licensure**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to the practices of pharmacy and nursing and licensing of nonresident pharmacies. The Act allows a registered nurse to practice under the order of a pharmacist to assist in the administration of vaccines and immunizations and the utilization of statewide protocols without obtaining a registration from the Board of Pharmacy.

The Act eliminates a requirement that a nonresident pharmacy provide on its license application evidence of a toll-free telephone number that is printed on a label affixed to each prescription dispensed or distributed in this state that allows patients to speak with a pharmacist who has access to patient records at least six days per week for a total of at least 40 hours.

**HOUSE FILE 2172 - Health Care Facility Violations — Penalties**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to the issuance of citations and assessment of fines by the Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA) for deficient practices of a health care facility. The law provides that if a facility self-identifies a deficient practice prior to an on-site visit inspection, there has been no complaint filed with DIA related to that specific deficient practice, and the facility corrects such practice prior to an inspection, no citation shall be issued or fine assessed except for those penalties arising pursuant to certain specified Iowa Code, Iowa Administrative Code, or Code of Federal Regulations provisions. The Act amends the listing of Iowa Administrative Code section references with successor provision references.

**HOUSE FILE 2201 - Controlled Substances — Scheduled Substances — Prescription Monitoring Program**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to controlled substances, the controlled substance schedules, and information collection and reporting requirements under the Iowa Prescription Monitoring Program.

### Division I — Controlled Substance Schedules — Precursor Substances Reporting

This division of the Act makes changes to controlled substance schedules I, II, IV, and V in Iowa's Uniform Controlled Substances Act and to the precursor substances reporting requirement to conform to the specific chemical designations of the substances contained in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.), parts 1300, 1308, and 1310. The division took effect May 2, 2022.

### Division II — Iowa Prescription Monitoring Program

This division of the Act amends the composition and appointment of the Iowa Prescription Monitoring Program Advisory Council. The Act changes the advisory council from a Governor-appointed council to a board-appointed council; removes the minimum number of council members; modifies the composition of the council; directs the board to adopt rules on matters pertaining to council membership including terms of appointment and quorum; requires the board to consult with professional organizations and licensing boards for counsel membership; and expands the responsibility of the council to monitor and ensure that patient confidentiality, best interests, and civil liberties are at all times protected and preserved during the existence of the Iowa Prescription Monitoring Program.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2246 - Provisional Licenses in Psychology**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act allows a person who is enrolled in a doctoral degree program in psychology at an institution approved by the Board of Psychology (board) but who has not completed the other requirements for licensure to apply for a provisional license during the person's internship program. The license is designated as a "provisional license in psychology," and the licensee is authorized to practice psychology under the supervision of a qualified supervisor. The provisional license is valid for two years. The board shall set the fee for the license to cover administrative costs, and shall set a fee for renewal of a provisional license.

Services of provisionally licensed psychologists who practice under a qualified supervisor are eligible for reimbursement under the Medicaid program and through third-party payment or prepayment policies or contracts.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2298 - Enrollment Prerequisites for Child Care Centers or Elementary, Secondary, or Postsecondary Schools — COVID-19 Immunization**

BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION. This Act prohibits required immunization against COVID-19, including a virus that mutated from COVID-19, for a person to be enrolled in any licensed child care center, elementary or secondary school, or postsecondary school in Iowa prior to July 1, 2029, regardless of whether a person's attendance is in person or virtual.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2367 - Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator and Advisory Council**

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act relates to the Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator and the Iowa Drug Policy Advisory Council.

The Act makes terminology changes used to describe the duties of the Iowa Drug Policy Coordinator. "Narcotics enforcement" is changed to "drug enforcement," and "substance abuse" is changed to "substance use disorder" when referring to treatment programs and professionals.

The Act increases the number of members of the Iowa Drug Policy Advisory Council from 15 to 17. The additional members, to be appointed by the Governor, are the State Public Defender, or designee, and a police chief. The titles of certain current members of the Advisory Council are changed to more accurately describe the stakeholders.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2420 - Newborn Safe Haven Act — Age of Newborn Infant**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act redefines "newborn infant" for purposes of the Newborn Safe Haven Act (Iowa Code chapter 233) as a child who is, or who appears to be, 90 days of age or younger, rather than 30 days of age or younger under prior law, thereby allowing for the voluntary release of custody of such newborn infant.

**HOUSE FILE 2521 - Health Care Employment Agencies**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to a health care employment agency (agency), defined by the Act as “an agency that contracts with a health care entity in this state to provide agency workers for temporary, temporary-to-hire, direct hire, or other contract or employee placements.” The Act requires each separate location of an agency operating in the state to annually register with and pay a \$500 fee to the Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA).

An agency must comply with specified requirements relating to agency workers, and is prohibited from restricting the employment opportunities of any agency worker by requiring a noncompete clause in any contract with an agency worker or health care entity; or by requiring payment of liquidated damages, employment fees, or other compensation if the agency worker is hired as a permanent employee of the health care entity in any contract with an agency worker or health care entity. Any contract that violates these provisions is unenforceable in court.

An agency is required to submit a quarterly report to DIA for each health care entity participating in Medicare or Medicaid with whom the agency contracts that must include, by health care entity type, a detailed list of the average amount charged to the health care entity for each individual agency worker category and a detailed list of the average amount paid by the agency to agency workers in each individual agency worker category.

An agency that fails to register in accordance with the Act or does not comply with the specified requirements relating to agency workers is subject to denial or revocation of registration for a period of one year and a penalty of \$500 for a first offense and \$5,000 for each offense thereafter. An agency that violates prohibited contract provisions or knowingly provides an agency worker who has an illegally or fraudulently obtained or issued diploma, registration, license, certification, or background check to a health care entity is subject to immediate revocation of registration. Additionally, the managing entity of an agency for which registration has been denied or revoked under the Act is not eligible to apply for or to be granted registration for another agency during the two-year period following the date of the denial or revocation; and DIA shall not approve a new registration or renew the existing registration for any agency for which the managing entity is also the managing entity of an agency for which registration has been denied or revoked while the registration of the violating agency is denied or revoked.

DIA must establish a system for members of the public to report complaints against an agency or agency worker, investigate all complaints received, and report findings to the complaining party and the agency involved.



## HUMAN SERVICES

- HOUSE FILE 736** - Medicaid — Recovery of Provider Overpayment — Reimbursement
- HOUSE FILE 2171** - Medicaid — Release of Nursing Facility Reimbursement Rates
- HOUSE FILE 2202** - Medicaid Program Reporting Requirements
- HOUSE FILE 2252** - Department of Human Services — Child Care Assistance Program, Child and Family Services, Foster Care, Adoption, and the Dependent Adult Abuse Information Registry
- HOUSE FILE 2546** - Medicaid — Reimbursement of Psychiatric Intensive Inpatient Care

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- HOUSE FILE 2127** - State Child Care Assistance Program — Additional Payments  
*SEE CHILDREN AND YOUTH.* This Act allows a child care provider to collect from a family participating in the state Child Care Assistance (CCA) Program the difference between the CCA program reimbursement rate and the rate the provider would typically charge a private-pay family for child care, so long as the child care provider and family agree in writing to such additional payments prior to the provision of the child care.
- HOUSE FILE 2167** - Health Care Insurance Coverage — Autism Spectrum Disorder  
*SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.* This Act defines “autism spectrum disorder” as a mental health condition that meets the diagnostic criteria for such disorder as published in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association’s Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders and makes conforming changes to Iowa Code chapter 225D (Autism Support Program).
- HOUSE FILE 2198** - Child Care Centers — Employee Minimum Age, Fingerprinting, and Supervision — Staff-to-Children Ratios  
*SEE CHILDREN AND YOUTH.* This Act requires the Department of Human Services to lower the minimum age requirements for certain child care center employees and substitutes to 16 years of age and increase staff-to-children ratios for children two or three years of age at child care centers.
- HOUSE FILE 2239** - Evidence — Criminal or Postconviction Relief Actions — Victims of Physical or Sexual Abuse  
*SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.* This Act provides that the provisions of Rule of Evidence 5.412 (Sexual Abuse Cases; Victim’s Past Sexual Behavior) shall apply to discovery conducted in a criminal case or postconviction relief action including but not limited to depositions. If a defendant in a criminal action or an applicant for postconviction relief wishes to conduct discovery involving evidence subject to Rule of Evidence 5.412, the defendant or applicant shall comply with substantially the same procedural requirements for evidence sought to be offered at trial including timelines, offers of proof, service, purpose of proposed discovery, in camera hearings, relevancy, and the balancing of the probative value of the evidence with the danger of unfair prejudice. Discovery, by deposition or otherwise, is not permitted for evidence that would not be admissible at trial under Rule of Evidence 5.412.
- HOUSE FILE 2259** - Persons with Disabilities Special Registration Plates and Parking Permits — Statement of Disability — Occupational Therapists, Physical Therapists, and Out-of-State Medical Professionals  
*SEE TRANSPORTATION.* This Act authorizes an occupational therapist licensed under Iowa Code chapter 148B and a physical therapist licensed under Iowa Code chapter 148A

to provide the required medical professional's statement for persons with disabilities special registration plates and parking permits. The Act authorizes a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, chiropractor, occupational therapist, and physical therapist licensed in another state, rather than a contiguous state, to provide the required statement for parking permits.

- HOUSE FILE 2390** - Child Welfare — Foster Care — Court Appointed Special Advocates  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act relates to child welfare, including provisions relating to foster care and the Child Advocacy Board (CAB).

The Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) must jointly develop written protocols relating to the responsibilities of each department with regard to children under the purview of CAB. The protocols must be reviewed by both departments on an annual basis.

The agency responsible for the placement of a child in foster care must notify CAB of each placement and submit the child's case permanency plan and any case permanency plan revisions to a local citizen foster care review board according to the protocols developed by DIA and DHS.

DHS, an agent of DHS, or a child placement agency contracted by DHS must provide information and records relating to a child receiving foster care and the child's family to a court appointed special advocate, a local foster care review board, or CAB upon request by the court appointed special advocate, CAB, or local foster care review board.

- HOUSE FILE 2507** - Juvenile Justice and Child and Family Welfare  
**SEE CHILDREN AND YOUTH.** This Act makes changes to juvenile delinquency proceedings, child in need of assistance proceedings, and family in need of assistance proceedings; expenditures related to juvenile delinquency proceedings, child in need of assistance proceedings, and family in need of assistance proceedings; expenditures for living arrangements for certain persons; expenditures for juvenile detention facilities; and expenditures and programs for at-risk youth, youth who are low-to-moderate risk to a community, and youth adjudicated as juvenile delinquents.

- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes numerous provisions relating to human services and the Department of Human Services (DHS), including provisions relating to reimbursement for providers under the Medicaid program and child care providers; provides for the realignment of DHS and the Department of Public Health; redefines "intellectual disability" and the requirements for admission or transfer of a person with a diagnosis of an intellectual disability relative to a state mental health institute; creates a More Options for Maternal Support Program and requires submission of a Medicaid postpartum coverage report; includes provisions relating to insurance regulation applicability to the Medicaid and Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (hawk-i) programs; and includes provisions relating to application of the Nursing Facility Expansion or Relief Program.

- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** Division X of this Act provides that a caretaker who intentionally or recklessly commits dependent adult abuse is guilty of murder in the second degree if the intentional or reckless dependent adult abuse results in the death of the dependent adult.

## HUMAN SERVICES

### **HOUSE FILE 736 - Medicaid — Recovery of Provider Overpayment — Reimbursement**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to overpayments to providers under the Medicaid program. The Act provides that if a recipient is deemed ineligible for Medicaid following delivery of care or service by a provider, in an administrative action to recover an overpayment to the provider based solely on the grounds of such recipient's ineligibility, the Department of Human Services (DHS) is required to reimburse the provider for any recoupment of an overpayment using state-only funds for care or services delivered if certain conditions are met. The conditions include that the provider verified eligibility through the eligibility and verification system or the secure web portal of, and obtained any necessary prior authorization for, the recipient on whose behalf payment was made prior to the delivery of care or service to the recipient; and that the provider documented the eligibility verification performed and any necessary prior authorization obtained in a manner and format established by DHS by rule, and retained the required documentation in the recipient's file.

### **HOUSE FILE 2171 - Medicaid — Release of Nursing Facility Reimbursement Rates**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act authorizes the Department of Human Services (DHS) to release nursing facility rates prior to receiving approval of a state plan amendment from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) of the United States Department of Health and Human Services to reduce retrospective rate processing. The Act also authorizes DHS to retroactively adjust nursing facility rates released prior to receipt of federal approval and to retroactively reconcile payments based on such rates as necessary to reflect any differences between the rates submitted and the rates actually approved by CMS and to align the rates with available funding.

### **HOUSE FILE 2202 - Medicaid Program Reporting Requirements**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to reporting requirements under the Medicaid program.

The Act eliminates the required quarterly report by the Department of Human Services (DHS) to the Legislative Fiscal Committee of any savings realized and the amount of any costs paid through the Medicaid Preferred Drug List Program. DHS has revised the process to report program performance. The annual national health expenditure report released by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services that reflects the results of the new process is posted, annually, on the Iowa Medicaid website.

The Act also changes the date by which DHS is required to submit an annual report to the Governor and the General Assembly regarding the average amount expended per Medicaid waiver recipient for the elderly waiver and the brain injury waiver each fiscal year from October 1 to December 30.

### **HOUSE FILE 2252 - Department of Human Services — Child Care Assistance Program, Child and Family Services, Foster Care, Adoption, and the Dependent Adult Abuse Information Registry**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to programs and services under the purview of the Department of Human Services (DHS) including child care assistance, child and family services, foster care, adoption, and the Dependent Adult Abuse Information Registry.

*STATE CHILD CARE ASSISTANCE ELIGIBILITY.* The Child Care Assistance Program helps families pay for child care if the families meet certain eligibility conditions. One condition under prior law included the absence of a child's parent, guardian, or custodian for a limited period of time due to hospitalization, physical illness, or mental illness, or such person remained present but unable to care for the child for a limited time as verified by a physician. The Act eliminates the limited time restriction for this condition.

*CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES FOSTER CARE SERVICE PAYMENTS.* The definition of "child" for the purposes of sections of the Iowa Code relating to child and family services is amended to include persons 18, 19, or 20 years of age who meet certain criteria.



The Act limits payments for foster care services provided to a child who is 18 years of age or older to family foster care, supervised apartment living arrangements, and services for certain at-risk children facing housing or educational challenges.

The Act eliminates the requirement that DHS annually report to the Governor and the General Assembly certain information relating to the number of children for whom the state paid independent living services.

*ADOPTION.* The Act requires additional information and notice requirements for adoption petitions, preplacement investigation reports, and court findings when the parents of a person to be adopted had their parental rights terminated and a sibling of the person to be adopted was not placed in the same living arrangements as a sibling.

A court or juvenile court must order the opening of a juvenile court or court's permanent adoption record, permanent termination of parental rights record, or both, relating to an adopted person who is an adult, upon the request of the adopted person if the parents of the adopted person had their parental rights terminated.

*DEPENDENT ADULT ABUSE PROTECTIVE SERVICES.* DHS is allowed, during the course of an assessment, evaluation, or investigation of a report of dependent adult abuse, to disclose the initiation and status of the dependent adult abuse evaluation to certain financial institutions, persons assisting the dependent adult with finances, the Commissioner of Insurance, or the Commissioner of Insurance's deputy if DHS reasonably determines that such disclosure is necessary to protect the dependent adult's assets.

Certain financial institutions, persons assisting the dependent adult with finances, the Commissioner of Insurance, the Commissioner of Insurance's deputy, and the Social Security Administration are authorized to have access to founded dependent adult abuse information if DHS deems this necessary to protect the dependent adult's assets.

**HOUSE FILE 2546 - Medicaid — Reimbursement of Psychiatric Intensive Inpatient Care**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act requires the Department of Human Services, no later than January 1, 2023, to implement a tiered rate reimbursement methodology for psychiatric intensive inpatient care under the Medicaid program based on the level of patient acuity and other factors as recommended in the inpatient bed tracking study committee report submitted to the Governor and the General Assembly on December 1, 2021.



---

## LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

- [SENATE FILE 2190](#) - Child Labor — Operation of Pizza Dough Rollers
- [HOUSE FILE 2355](#) - Employment Security Benefits
- [HOUSE FILE 2411](#) - Workers' Compensation — Replacement of Permanent Prosthetic Devices

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- [HOUSE FILE 2470](#) - Artisanal Butchery — Implementation of Task Force Recommendations  
*SEE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.* This Act adopts and implements the recommendations of the artisanal butchery task force (task force), established pursuant to 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 175, section 2, as issued in its final report to the General Assembly on December 30, 2021.

The Act also requires the Department of Workforce Development (IWD) to collaborate with the Iowa Economic Development Authority, no later than December 31, 2022, to develop and maintain a library of resources that serves as a single resource point at which any Iowa-based business involved in meat processing may obtain education and financial assistance information as detailed in the Act. The Act requires IWD to add butchery, artisanal butchery, and meat processing to the list of high-demand jobs pursuant to Iowa Code section 84A.1B(14) no later than July 31, 2022.



## LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

### **SENATE FILE 2190 - Child Labor — Operation of Pizza Dough Rollers**

BY COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND BUSINESS RELATIONS. This Act creates an exception to the provision prohibiting a person under the age of 18 from operating certain power-driven bakery machines by allowing the person to operate power-driven pizza dough rollers that are equipped with certain safety features that are operational and not overridden. However, the Act does not allow a person under the age of 18 to set up, adjust, repair, oil, or clean a pizza dough roller.

### **HOUSE FILE 2355 - Employment Security Benefits**

BY COMMITTEE ON LABOR. This Act relates to employment security benefits.

The Act makes changes to the guide for interpretation of Iowa Code chapter 96 (Employment Security).

Weekly unemployment benefits now may be paid for a maximum of 16 weeks or 26 weeks if the state “off” indicator is in effect and the individual was laid off due to certain circumstances.

In cases in which an employer’s account has been charged for an overpayment of unemployment benefits, if the Iowa Department of Workforce Development (IWD) determines that an employer’s failure to respond timely or adequately to IWD’s request for information was due to insufficient notification from IWD, the employer may obtain relief for the overpayment. Under prior law, a failure to respond timely or adequately was a bar to relief regardless of the reason for the failure.

A definition of “misconduct” has been added for the purposes of determining when an individual is disqualified from receiving unemployment benefits.

When determining whether an individual turns down suitable work for the purposes of determining if the individual is disqualified from further unemployment benefits, an offer for work must equal or exceed the following percentages of the individual’s highest wages in a quarter of the individual’s base period to be considered suitable work under the Act: 100 percent if the offer is during the first week of unemployment; 90 percent if the offer is during the second or third week of unemployment; 80 percent if the offer is during the fourth or fifth week of unemployment; 70 percent if the offer is during the sixth through eighth week of unemployment; and 60 percent if the offer is after the eighth week of unemployment.

An appeal from an initial determination of an administrative law judge concerning unemployment benefits may be made to the Employment Appeal Board or directly to the district court. Prior law required an appeal to be made to the Employment Appeal Board, and an appeal of the Employment Appeal Board could be made to the district court.

The Shared Work Unemployment Compensation Program, or Voluntary Shared Work Program (VSW), is a program intended for use as an alternative to employee layoffs for businesses experiencing a decline in regular business activities. Under VSW, an employer creates a shared work plan to reduce the work hours of employees and unemployment insurance replaces lost earnings due to the reduced hours. The Act prohibits shared work plans from basing a reduction in employee work hours on a work week exceeding 40 hours.

Shared work plans will now be revoked if the employer participates in the shared work plan and lays off any employee, whether or not the employee is employed within a unit affected by the shared work plan.

A part-time employee is now eligible for VSW benefits if the employee meets all other requirements to participate in VSW.

### **HOUSE FILE 2411 - Workers’ Compensation — Replacement of Permanent Prosthetic Devices**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to permanent prosthetic devices for injured workers.

Employers are required to furnish a replacement permanent prosthetic device to an employee if the device is medically necessary, its replacement is necessary as a result of an injury compensable by workers' compensation, and the device is considered reasonable medical care.

When an employee suffers an injury that makes a permanent prosthetic device medically necessary or requires the modification of an existing device, a workers' compensation settlement must describe the device and identify which portion of the settlement proceeds are for the purpose of covering estimated costs of future repair or replacement of the device. Such identified moneys will not be used to calculate the injured worker's compensation schedule, and, upon approval of the settlement by the Workers' Compensation Commissioner, moneys identified as for the future repair or replacement of the device shall be paid to the Treasurer of State to be deposited in the Second Injury Fund until the Treasurer is permitted to make distributions to the employee in the future for repair or replacement of the device.

If an employee's permanent prosthetic device requires repair or replacement for a reason other than ordinary wear and tear, the employer is not required to provide for the device's repair or replacement if there is an account in the Second Injury Fund relating to the device for future repair or replacement.

When workers' compensation benefits are commuted, whether in part or in whole, if the injured worker received or is entitled to receive a permanent prosthetic device, then a portion of the lump sum payment must be designated for the purposes of covering the estimated cost of future repair and replacement of the device and deposited into the Second Injury Fund.

Upon the receipt of a voucher, the Treasurer of State shall pay directly to a prosthetics supplier the amount necessary for the repair or replacement of a permanent prosthetic device.

If an employee dies prior to receiving all Second Injury Fund moneys credited to the employee for future repair or replacement of a prosthetic device, then the Treasurer of State shall pay the remaining moneys to the employer which originally contributed the moneys. If the employer cannot be paid, then the remaining moneys shall be paid to the insurer named in relation to the workers' compensation claim. If neither the employer nor the insurer can be paid, then the moneys shall be paid to the employee's beneficiaries or, if the employee did not designate any beneficiary, to the employee's estate.

The Act authorizes the Labor Commissioner and the Commissioner of Insurance to adopt rules in order to pay injured workers from the Second Injury Fund for repairs and replacements of prosthetic devices covered by workers' compensation as provided in the Act.

The Act defines the terms "alteration," "prosthetic device," "prosthetics supplier," and "voucher."

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- SENATE FILE 384** - County Assessors and Staff — Joint County Agreements for Sharing Services
- SENATE FILE 2233** - Land Surveying — Terms Used to Describe Distances and Locations
- SENATE FILE 2267** - Emergency Response Districts
- SENATE FILE 2285** - County and City Zoning — Sale of Consumer Fireworks — Effect of Extension of City Zoning Jurisdiction Beyond City Limits
- SENATE FILE 2298** - Local Emergency Management Commissions — 911 Service Duties
- HOUSE FILE 728** - County Rules Requiring Periodic Septic Tank Pumping — Penalties Prohibited
- HOUSE FILE 2436** - County Joint 911 Service Boards Public Safety Answering Point Cost and Expense Data

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 183** - Construction of Public Improvements — Bidding and Contract Requirements and Restrictions  
*SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.* This Act concerns bidding procedures for public improvement contracts by a governmental entity. The Act modifies Iowa Code section 26.4, relating to architectural and engineering services, to prohibit fee-based selection of an architect, landscape architect, or engineer for a public improvement. The Act allows a guaranteed maximum price contract as an alternative method for entering into a public improvement contract and prohibits certain other alternative delivery methods in the public sector.
- SENATE FILE 2279** - Public Improvement Contracts — Electronic Submission of Bids  
*SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.* This Act allows a governmental entity in a notice to bidders for a public improvement contract under Iowa Code chapter 26 to provide that bids may be received in an electronic format. If bids are received in an electronic format, the Act requires the governmental entity to electronically record the date and time each bid is received.
- SENATE FILE 2296** - Garbage Placed in Public Areas for Waste Collection — Local Regulation and Privacy Expectations — Search and Seizure  
*SEE CRIMINAL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND CORRECTIONS.* This Act provides that it is the public policy of the state that a person has no reasonable expectation of privacy in garbage placed outside of the person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area. An ordinance or a regulation adopted by a city or county shall not be construed by a person to create a reasonable expectation of privacy in garbage placed outside of the person's residence for waste collection in a publicly accessible area.
- SENATE FILE 2323** - Inventory of Lands Managed or Owned by the Department of Natural Resources or County Conservation Boards  
*SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.* This Act relates to the inventory of land managed or owned by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and county conservation boards. The Act requires DNR to maintain the inventory on DNR's Internet site and include specific information. A county conservation board must regularly submit to DNR an inventory of all land owned or managed by the county conservation board. DNR must update its inventory within 60 days of receiving a report of a county conservation board's acquisition of property.

- SENATE FILE 2366** - Assessment and Taxation of Wind Energy Conversion Property  
**SEE TAXATION.** This Act specifies that the special valuation provisions governing wind energy conversion property authorized by local ordinance under Iowa Code section 427B.26 are in lieu of the assessment and taxation provisions of Iowa Code chapter 437A (electricity replacement tax). If such ordinance is repealed, the Act provides that such property shall continue to be valued under that Iowa Code section until the end of the 19th assessment year following the assessment year in which the property was first assessed. The Act also provides that maintaining, refurbishing, or repowering does not cause such property to receive a new special valuation schedule and that, for purposes of determining net acquisition cost, except for a clerical error, an adjustment shall not be made after the third year the property is assessed.
- The Act took effect May 23, 2022, and includes applicability and retroactive applicability provisions.
- SENATE FILE 2376** - Vehicles of Excessive Size and Weight — All-Systems Permits — Use of Funds  
**SEE TRANSPORTATION.** This Act requires every county to authorize vehicles permitted in accordance with the Act to operate on secondary roads within the county on or before July 1, 2025. Counties must indicate to the Department of Transportation in writing, including by means of electronic communication, those secondary roads for which a permit is not valid, as described in Iowa Code section 321E.3, as amended by the Act. The Act takes effect January 1, 2023.
- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions. Division I of the Act prohibits a county or city from requiring an inspection of a manufactured home that has been inspected according to requirements of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and that was constructed in compliance with federal manufactured home construction and safety standards.
- Division VI of the Act prohibits a city from charging veterans who display certain veteran status designations a parking fee.
- HOUSE FILE 2130** - Registered All-Terrain Vehicles and Off-Road Utility Vehicles — Miscellaneous Changes  
**SEE TRANSPORTATION.** This Act authorizes the operation of registered all-terrain vehicles, including off-road utility vehicles, (ATVs) on additional secondary roads and city streets.
- The Act authorizes a county to prohibit the operation of ATVs on secondary roads when the road is closed to motor vehicle traffic or designated as a detour route. If a county establishes an ordinance prohibiting the operation of ATVs on a secondary road for any other reason, the prohibition can last no longer than seven consecutive days and no more than 30 days in a calendar year.
- A city may regulate the operation of registered ATVs on streets under its jurisdiction; however, the city cannot charge a fee to operate an ATV within the city.
- The Act prohibits the use of fees collected for ATV registrations for law enforcement purposes outside of a designated ATV recreational riding area or for maintaining signs along a highway outside of a designated riding area.

- HOUSE FILE 2295** - Disaster Emergencies — Removal of Debris or Wreckage from Public Property by State Officers or Employees — Liability  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act provides that the state and any of its officers or employees who are engaged in the removal of debris or wreckage on public property in response to a disaster emergency proclamation shall not be liable to the affected local government on account of any act or omission taken in good faith in connection with the removal of debris or wreckage.
- HOUSE FILE 2340** - Public Safety Nuisances — Licensed Premises  
**SEE ALCOHOL REGULATION AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE.** This Act establishes a public safety nuisance under Iowa Code chapter 123 relating to alcoholic beverage control and provides for the abatement of such a nuisance. The Act provides that if the county attorney or city attorney where a licensed premises is located believes a public safety nuisance exists, the county attorney or city attorney may file a suit in equity in district court without bond seeking abatement of the public safety nuisance.
- HOUSE FILE 2341** - Foreign Vehicles — Transfer of Ownership — Insurance Carriers  
**SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.** This Act authorizes a person to transfer ownership of a vehicle that is registered and titled in a state other than Iowa without first obtaining an Iowa certificate of title if the person transfers the vehicle to an insurance carrier authorized to do business in Iowa. In accordance with current law, the person must register the vehicle with a county treasurer.
- HOUSE FILE 2431** - Regulation of Home-Based Businesses  
**SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.** This Act relates to home-based businesses. The Act provides that using residential property as a home-based business is generally permitted unless prohibited by covenant or ownership community agreement. The Act bars a county or city from prohibiting or requiring prior approval to operate a no-impact home-based business, but authorizes a county or city to regulate home-based businesses as long as such regulations are narrowly tailored to purposes provided in the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2475** - Municipal Utility Boards — Removal of Members  
**SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.** This Act provides that municipal utility board members may be removed from office by the mayor with unanimous approval from the city council for willful or habitual neglect or refusal to perform the duties of the office, willful misconduct or maladministration in office, corruption, extortion, conviction of a felony, intoxication or conviction for intoxication, campaign finance violations, failure to pay specified fines, or habitual nonattendance of board meetings.
- The Act took effect May 17, 2022.
- HOUSE FILE 2515** - Flood Recovery Fund Moneys — Use of Interest  
**SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.** This Act authorizes the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management to use the interest earned on moneys in the Flood Recovery Fund for specified purposes related to the Flood Mitigation Board and the Flood Mitigation Program.
- The Act took effect May 2, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2552** - State and Local Taxation — Department of Revenue Records, Duties, and Procedures — Assessment, Collection, Calculation, and Refunds of Taxes — Debt Collection — Property Assessment Appeal Board Salaries
- SEE TAXATION.** Under prior law, the county recorder remitted the real estate transfer tax to the Treasurer of State. Division VIII of this Act changes the remittance of the transfer tax by the county recorder by requiring the remittance by the county recorder to be made to the Department of Revenue (DOR).
- Division IX of the Act specifies that if a board of review member is removed, the board member shall not be eligible for appointment to a board of review in this state for six years following the date of the removal.
- Division X of the Act modifies provisions governing the appeal of equalization orders issued by DOR.
- Division XI of the Act repeals the Business Property Tax Credit under Iowa Code chapter 426C, modifies the amount and methodology for calculating the assessment limitation for commercial, industrial, and railway company property, and establishes an annual payment to local governments based on the modified assessment limitations.
- HOUSE FILE 2562** - Mobile Homes and Manufactured Housing — Landlord and Tenant Law — Forcible Entry and Detainer
- SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION.** Division IX of this Act provides that when there is a replacement of a preexisting manufactured home or mobile home, containing no more than the original number of dwelling units, the board of supervisors and the city shall not impose any conditions on the replacement home, the home site upon which the replacement home sits, or the owner's property that were not required of the preexisting home, home site, or property that would prevent the continuance of the property owner's lawful nonconforming use that had existed relating to the preexisting home, home site upon which the home sat, or the owner's property except if the replacement of the preexisting home with the replacement home would substantially increase the risk to the safety of life or property; the property owner has discontinued and abandoned the nonconforming use for the period of time established by ordinance, unless such discontinuance is caused by circumstances outside the control of the property owner as described in the division; the replacement results in the overall nature and character of the present use being substantially or entirely different from the original lawful preexisting nonconforming use; or the replacement results in an obstruction to a shared driveway or shared sidewalk providing vehicular or pedestrian access to other homes and uses unless the property owner makes modifications to remove the obstruction.
- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services
- SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes provisions relating to requirements for Mental Health and Disability Service Regions including that a single county region is subject to all of the same requirements as a multicounty region unless specifically exempted.
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes
- SEE APPROPRIATIONS.** Division XVI of this Act authorizes a cemetery that does not otherwise qualify to be under the jurisdiction and control of a county board of supervisors or county cemetery commission to designate a portion of the cemetery as a pioneer section.



## LOCAL GOVERNMENT

### **SENATE FILE 384 - County Assessors and Staff — Joint County Agreements for Sharing Services**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act allows two or more counties to enter into an agreement under Iowa Code chapter 28E to share the services of a county assessor, chief deputy assessor, and professional and clerical assistants for the assessor. The shared county assessor shall be appointed under Iowa Code section 441.6 in all of the counties that the assessor will serve. The agreement shall provide for the determination of the cost of the shared assessor and staff and the manner of allocation of the cost to each county for inclusion in the respective county budgets. The agreement shall designate one conference board to make payments for salaries and other costs, and that conference board shall be reimbursed by the other conference boards as provided by the agreement. The agreement may provide for the methods of abolishing the shared assessor agreement and the procedure to resolve a tie vote in any action taken by the conference boards. The Act states that a shared assessor shall have all of the same powers and duties, and be subject to the same restrictions, as a county assessor. However, an assessor serving multiple counties does not violate the duty to devote the assessor's full time to the duties of the office or refrain from another occupation or business that interferes with the assessor's duties by serving multiple counties that have agreed to share the assessor.

### **SENATE FILE 2233 - Land Surveying — Terms Used to Describe Distances and Locations**

BY COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE. This Act relates to terms used in the context of land surveying. The Act requires distances for a survey to be shown in decimal feet in accordance with the federal definition of a foot at the time the survey is performed rather than the definition of the U.S. survey foot. Additionally, distance measurements no longer need to refer to the horizontal plane.

The Act provides that the Iowa plane coordinate system may be used for the purpose of conducting official surveys. The "Iowa plane coordinate system," as amended by the Act, means the system established by the United States Geodetic Survey, or a successor agency, in use at the time the survey is performed. The Act repeals provisions relating to the designation of coordinate zones, identification of geographic locations, and application of terms associated with the Iowa plane coordinate system as it existed under prior law.

### **SENATE FILE 2267 - Emergency Response Districts**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to the establishment of emergency response districts. Prior law created a pilot project authorizing a county to establish an emergency response district within the county. A commission composed of a member of the county board of supervisors, the county sheriff, and the mayor from each city within the district was responsible for governing the district and no member could appoint a designee to serve on the commission. Certain boards of supervisors were authorized to call for the creation of an emergency response district and notify the State Fire Marshal's office if a motion to form a district had been adopted. Upon the approval of a district, an appointed civil engineer or the county engineer was required to submit a preliminary plat exhibiting certain details of the district and a subsequent report. The district fire chief was required to appoint an assistant fire chief for each existing fire department and station within the district to be responsible for delivery of fire protection service and emergency medical service within the areas designated by the commission.

The Act repeals the pilot program and authorizes a governmental entity, as defined in the Act, to establish an emergency response district. The Act amends the definition of "commission" to mean a member or designee of each governmental entity participating in the emergency response district. Each governmental entity intending to participate in an emergency response district must issue a notice of intent to hold a public hearing concerning the establishment of a proposed district and provide certain information with such notice. A hearing concerning the establishment of a proposed district must occur no less than 30 days and no more than 90 days after the notice is issued. The Act amends the process for changing district boundaries to require the approval of the commission and each governmental entity that is a member of the emergency response district. Incorporation documents of an emergency response district must include provisions for dissolution, the withdrawal of an individual member, and the dispensing of property in either event. The Act repeals provisions relating to the engineer's responsibilities and the appointment of assistant fire chiefs.

**SENATE FILE 2285 - County and City Zoning — Sale of Consumer Fireworks — Effect of Extension of City Zoning Jurisdiction Beyond City Limits**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to county and city zoning authority.

Current law authorizes a city to extend its zoning jurisdiction into the unincorporated area up to two miles beyond the limits of the city, subject to certain limitations. When a city extends its zoning jurisdiction in this manner, the city shall increase its planning and zoning commission and its board of adjustment each by two members. One of the members appointed to the planning and zoning commission shall be a member of the board of supervisors or the board's designee. Prior law required the board's designee, if any, to be a resident of the county in which the extended area is located. The other appointee to the planning and zoning commission shall be a resident of the area outside the city limits over which the zoning jurisdiction is extended.

The Act requires the member of the board of supervisors or the board's designee, if any, appointed to the planning and zoning commission to also be a resident of the area outside the city limits over which the zoning jurisdiction is extended. Additionally, at least one of the appointees to the planning and zoning commission and at least one of the appointees to the board of adjustment shall own land that is actively used for an agricultural purpose except when such requirement prevents the identification of an eligible and willing appointee for the planning and zoning commission or board of adjustment for at least six months from the effective date of the extension of zoning jurisdiction. The failure to identify an eligible and willing appointee who owns land that is actively used for an agricultural purpose shall be determined independently for the planning and zoning commission and the board of adjustment.

The Act authorizes a city to request, but not require, a property owner affected by a city's extended zoning jurisdiction to consent to annexation as a condition of receiving approval for a zoning classification, special or conditional use, variance, permit, or division of land into two tracts.

The Act prohibits a county or city from adopting or enforcing any zoning ordinance to regulate, restrict, or prohibit the location of a permanent building or temporary structure used for the sale of consumer fireworks in any location zoned for commercial or industrial purposes. This prohibition took effect on April 21, 2022.

**SENATE FILE 2298 - Local Emergency Management Commissions — 911 Service Duties**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act authorizes local emergency management commissions to assume the duties of a joint 911 service board.

The Act provides that local emergency management commissions may be substituted, if agreed to by a two-thirds majority of the commission and a two-thirds majority of the joint 911 service board, for a joint 911 service board by the board of supervisors of the county in which the joint 911 service board is maintained. The Act modifies the duties of a local emergency management commission upon approval to be responsible for the activities of a joint 911 service board if substitution occurs.

**HOUSE FILE 728 - County Rules Requiring Periodic Septic Tank Pumping — Penalties Prohibited**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act prohibits a county from requiring the payment of a penalty, fine, or fee due to a resident's noncompliance with rules adopted by a county sanitarian regarding periodic septic tank pumping as part of routine maintenance.

**HOUSE FILE 2436 - County Joint 911 Service Boards Public Safety Answering Point Cost and Expense Data**

BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY. This Act relates to public safety answering point cost and expense data collected from county joint 911 service boards.

The Act amends current law relating to the collection of data from a public safety communications facility that receives 911 calls. The Act provides that the 911 program manager appointed by the Director of the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management, in consultation with the 911 Communications Council and the Auditor of State, shall establish a methodology for determining and collecting public safety answering point cost and expense data through the county joint 911 service boards, which shall include the collection of data for only direct costs and expenses related to the operation of a public safety answering point, and shall account for the extent to which

identified costs and expenses are compensated for or addressed through 911 surcharges versus other sources of funding.



## NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION

- SENATE FILE 581** - Fishing and Hunting Licenses and Permits
- SENATE FILE 2323** - Inventory of Lands Managed or Owned by the Department of Natural Resources or County Conservation Boards
- SENATE FILE 2334** - Turkey Hunting — Authorized Shotguns and Shot Sizes
- SENATE FILE 2373** - Lake Manawa and Waubonsie State Park User Fee Pilot Programs — Miscellaneous Changes
- HOUSE FILE 2209** - Hunting or Trapping — Persons Under Sixteen Years of Age Accompanying an Adult

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 2176** - Natural Resources and Waste Management  
*SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.* This Act relates to certain regulatory programs within the Department of Natural Resources, including the management of solid waste. The Act repeals the State Interagency Missouri River Authority, which consisted of members of the executive branch who represented the interests of this state with regard to its membership in the Missouri River Association of States and Tribes. The Act also repeals the Mercury-Free Recycling Act.
- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing  
*SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.* This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions. Division V of the Act provides that upon payment of a fee, not to exceed \$5, for an annual armed forces fishing license (fishing license) or annual armed forces hunting and fishing combined license (combined license), the Department of Natural Resources shall issue an annual fishing license or annual combined license to a resident of Iowa who has served in the armed forces of the United States on federal active duty.
- HOUSE FILE 2130** - Registered All-Terrain Vehicles and Off-Road Utility Vehicles — Miscellaneous Changes  
*SEE TRANSPORTATION.* This Act authorizes the operation of registered all-terrain vehicles, including off-road utility vehicles, (ATVs) on additional highways for additional purposes.  
  
Under current law, an ATV must be registered with the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 321I prior to its operation on a highway, unless the operator is making a direct crossing of a highway or complies with the limited purposes as provided in Iowa Code section 321.234A. The Act prohibits the use of fees collected for ATV registrations for law enforcement purposes outside of a designated ATV recreational riding area or for maintaining signs along a highway outside of a designated riding area.
- HOUSE FILE 2560** - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources  
*SEE APPROPRIATIONS.* This Act appropriates moneys for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, and ending June 30, 2023, from the General Fund of the State (GF), the Environment First Fund (EFF), and the State Fish and Game Fund for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities, including the Department of Natural Resources (DNR). The Act appropriates moneys to DNR for purposes of supporting a number of regulatory and promotional programs associated with outdoor recreation. The Act appropriates moneys to the Iowa Resources Enhancement and Protection Fund from

the EFF in lieu of the GF. The Act also provides for the housing of DNR employees at state parks.

## NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION

### **SENATE FILE 581 - Fishing and Hunting Licenses and Permits**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to fishing and hunting licenses and permits as administered and enforced by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR).

Under current law, a person convicted of unlawfully selling, taking, catching, killing, injuring, destroying, or having in possession an antlerless deer is required to reimburse the state the value of the antlerless deer. The Act reduces the reimbursement amount for an antlerless deer from \$1,500 to \$750. The Act requires payment of a \$5 fee for the issuance of a deer depredation license or permit. The Act also allows deer depredation permits to be used in September, October, November, and December, in addition to any other periods that DNR finds necessary.

Under current law, deer hunting licenses are allocated by zones and counties. The Act establishes a January antlerless deer hunting season in a county whenever that county has unsold antlerless deer hunting licenses available in its county quota set by the Natural Resource Commission (commission). The commission must establish the season dates. The Act provides when a person may purchase a license for the January season and states that the license is valid only in the county identified on the license. A rifle with a barrel length of at least 16 inches and firing centerfire ammunition propelling an expanding-type bullet with a maximum diameter of no less than 0.233 inches and no larger than 0.500 inches and with a published or calculated muzzle energy of 500 foot pounds or higher is the approved method of take for the January antlerless deer hunting season.

The Act authorizes a nonambulatory person who is a resident and who is issued an any sex deer hunting license to use a shotgun, muzzleloading rifle, or any handgun or rifle described in Iowa Code section 481A.48 during any established deer hunting season. Prior law permitted the person to use the method of take authorized by rule for each season being hunted.

Prior law required DNR to provide up to 75 nonresident deer hunting licenses for specified allocations in addition to those made available pursuant to Iowa Code section 483A.8. Twenty-five of the licenses were made available for issuance to nonresidents who served in the armed forces of the United States on active federal service and who were disabled during the veteran's military service or who are serving in the armed forces of the United States on active federal service and have been disabled during military service. The license enables a nonresident service member to participate in a hunt sponsored by an organization that conducts hunting experiences in this state for disabled persons. The Act increases the total additional allocation to 125 licenses, with a total of 75 licenses allocated for issuance to disabled nonresident service members participating in a hunt conducted by such an organization. The Act also allows a person who qualifies for the disabled veterans homestead credit to receive a lifetime trout fishing license upon payment of a fee.

The Act requires DNR to conduct a study every three years to determine the estimated deer population in each county in this state. The Act requires DNR to review and provide scientific data relating to the environmental impact of deer populations, including the impact on crops and nut, fruit, Christmas, and lumber trees; review information relating to the spread of disease in deer and other cervidae wildlife populations; and include information on property loss, medical costs, and fatalities due to deer-vehicle accidents and incidents of runway incursions by deer. The Act requires DNR to work with relevant representatives from the Iowa State University of Science and Technology Agricultural Extension Service, the Department of Transportation, and the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce. Expenses for conducting the study are required to be paid from the Fish and Game Protection Fund. The Act requires DNR to submit a report to the General Assembly by October 1, 2024, and every three years thereafter.

### **SENATE FILE 2323 - Inventory of Lands Managed or Owned by the Department of Natural Resources or County Conservation Boards**

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT. This Act relates to the inventory of land managed or owned by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and county conservation boards. In 2018, the General Assembly enacted House File 2502, which required DNR to submit a report to the General Assembly that included all financial assistance provided to private entities for the acquisition of land and an inventory of all land managed or owned on behalf of the state by DNR (2018 Iowa Acts, chapter 1172). This Act requires DNR to maintain

the inventory on DNR's Internet site. A county conservation board must regularly submit to DNR an inventory of all land owned or managed by the county conservation board. DNR must update the inventory within 60 days of acquiring new property or acquiring a management interest in any property and also within 60 days of receiving a report of a county conservation board's acquisition of property. The inventory must include the common name, county, acres acquired, seller, year of acquisition, price paid, federal moneys used, state moneys used, county moneys used, and the manager of all land owned or managed by DNR or by a county conservation board. However, the requirement for the inventory to include the price paid or the seller of land owned or managed by a county conservation board does not apply to land acquired by a county conservation board prior to July 1, 2022.

**SENATE FILE 2334 - Turkey Hunting — Authorized Shotguns and Shot Sizes**

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT. This Act relates to shotguns that may be used to hunt turkey. The Natural Resource Commission (NRC) adopted rules that authorize a person to hunt turkey during certain times of the year using a shotgun that is not smaller than 20-gauge. The Act requires NRC to authorize a person hunting turkey with a license that authorizes the use of a shotgun to use a .410 bore shotgun or a 28-gauge shotgun, both of which are smaller than 20-gauge. A .410 bore shotgun or a 28-gauge shotgun used for hunting turkey shall only shoot shot not smaller than shot size number 10.

**SENATE FILE 2373 - Lake Manawa and Waubonsie State Park User Fee Pilot Programs — Miscellaneous Changes**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to the Lake Manawa State Park and Waubonsie State Park user fee pilot programs. The pilot programs currently require the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to charge entrance fees for each vehicle operated by a nonresident at Lake Manawa State Park and Waubonsie State Park. Prior law allowed a nonresident to pay a fee for up to two annual passes, one per vehicle, that granted daily entrance into the state park through one year after the date of purchase. The pilot programs authorized DNR to charge separate fees to a resident and nonresident for campsite and shelter reservations and for beach access.

The Act replaces the annual pass option with a pass that grants daily entrance into the state park for the calendar year during which the pass was purchased. However, an annual pass purchased before the effective date of the Act pursuant to prior law shall remain valid through one year after the date of purchase. The Act strikes the provision authorizing DNR to charge separate fees to a resident and nonresident for campsite and shelter reservations and for beach access and instead authorizes DNR to charge separate fees to a resident and nonresident for park amenities. The Act also authorizes DNR to identify situations in which a reservation fee or other fee will be accepted in lieu of an entrance fee or when an entrance fee will not be charged. The Act authorizes a temporary DNR officer to enforce the provisions of the pilot programs. The Act extends the date of the repeal of the pilot programs from July 1, 2022, to December 31, 2025, and took effect June 13, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2209 - Hunting or Trapping — Persons Under Sixteen Years of Age Accompanying an Adult**

BY COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES. This Act allows a resident under 16 years of age to accompany the minor's parent or guardian, or any other competent adult with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian, without a hunting or fur harvester license while the parent, guardian, or other adult is hunting or trapping any game or fur-bearing animal as long as the minor is not hunting or trapping and does not carry or use a firearm or any other weapon. Under prior law, a resident under 16 years of age could accompany the parent, guardian, or other adult without a fur harvester license only while the parent, guardian, or other adult was hunting raccoons.



## PUBLIC DEFENSE AND VETERANS

- HOUSE FILE 2300** - Employment and Insurance Coverage Protection for Members of the Civil Air Patrol or Coast Guard

### RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 581** - Fishing and Hunting Licenses and Permits  
***SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.*** This Act relates to fishing and hunting licenses and permits. The Act makes available a total of 75 nonresident deer hunting licenses allocated for issuance to disabled nonresident service members participating in a hunt sponsored by an organization that conducts hunting experiences in this state for disabled persons. The Act also allows a person who qualifies for the disabled veterans homestead credit to receive a lifetime trout fishing license upon payment of a fee.

- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing  
***SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.*** This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions. Division V of the Act provides that upon payment of a fee, not to exceed \$5, for an annual armed forces fishing license (fishing license) or annual armed forces hunting and fishing combined license (combined license), the Department of Natural Resources shall issue an annual fishing license or annual combined license to a resident of Iowa who has served in the armed forces of the United States on federal active duty.

Division VI of the Act prohibits the Department of Transportation (DOT) from charging a veteran with a permanent service-connected disability rating of 100 percent the fees for a noncommercial driver's license or motorcycle license. The division also prohibits the DOT from charging a veteran who is on federal or state active duty, or who was issued an honorable discharge or general discharge under honorable conditions from such service, the fees for a chauffeur's license or commercial driver's license. The division also prohibits a city that operates and maintains parking meters or non-metered parking lots from enforcing any ordinance related to parking meter fees against or charging a parking fee at any non-metered parking lot under the circumstances detailed in the Act.

- HOUSE FILE 2147** - Appropriations — U.S.S. Iowa  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act appropriates moneys from the General Fund of the State and the Veterans License Fee Fund to the Iowa Economic Development Authority for FY 2021-2022 to provide a grant to an entity in support of the christening and commissioning of the U.S.S. Iowa (SSN 797).

The Act took effect June 13, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2501** - Veterans Trust Fund — Investment and Use of Funds  
***SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.*** This Act relates to the investment and use of funds in the Veterans Trust Fund.

The Act allows the Treasurer of State to invest money not necessary for distributions to benefit veterans into investments authorized for the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and automatically appropriates moneys to the Commission of Veterans Affairs for the purpose of providing benefits to veterans. The amount of the appropriation to the Commission of Veterans Affairs varies depending on the beginning balance of the trust fund on July 1 of the current and immediately preceding fiscal years.

- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes funding for the Department of Veterans Affairs, the Iowa Veterans Home, and local veterans' services.
- HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** Division IX of this Act enhances criminal penalties for assaults committed against National Guard members engaged in National Guard duty or state active duty.

---

## PUBLIC DEFENSE AND VETERANS

### **HOUSE FILE 2300 - Employment and Insurance Coverage Protection for Members of the Civil Air Patrol or Coast Guard**

BY COMMITTEE ON VETERANS AFFAIRS. This Act provides that members of the Civil Air Patrol under 25 years of age who are insured as dependents under a group policy for accident or health insurance as full-time students, whose coverage would otherwise lapse while performing Civil Air Patrol duties, shall be considered continuously insured by such group coverage in the same manner as other members of the military.

Additional protections required by the state for insurance coverage to veterans does not extend to injuries or disease suffered in the line of duty by members of the Civil Air Patrol or any member of the United States Coast Guard.

The Act also provides that additional protections relating to discrimination, leaves of absence, and continuation of health coverage extend to any member of the United States Coast Guard in another state who is employed in this state.



## STATE GOVERNMENT

- SENATE FILE 183** - Construction of Public Improvements — Bidding and Contract Requirements and Restrictions
- SENATE FILE 2266** - Compensation and Benefit Limits — Retirees Under the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System and School Board Members
- SENATE FILE 2279** - Public Improvement Contracts — Electronic Submission of Bids
- SENATE FILE 2295** - Substantive Code Corrections
- SENATE FILE 2322** - Public Records — Fees for Examination and Copying
- SENATE FILE 2380** - George Washington Carver Day
- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing
- HOUSE FILE 2126** - State Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
- HOUSE FILE 2154** - Statewide Fire and Police Retirement System — Nonpublic Records
- HOUSE FILE 2295** - Disaster Emergencies — Removal of Debris or Wreckage from Public Property by State Officers or Employees — Liability
- HOUSE FILE 2373** - Restrictions on Companies Boycotting Israel — Parent Companies, Subsidiaries, or Affiliates
- HOUSE FILE 2390** - Child Welfare — Foster Care — Court Appointed Special Advocates
- HOUSE FILE 2463** - Nonsubstantive Code Corrections
- HOUSE FILE 2489** - Auditor of State, Certified Public Accountants, and Peer Review Records
- HOUSE FILE 2501** - Veterans Trust Fund — Investment and Use of Funds
- HOUSE FILE 2515** - Flood Recovery Fund Moneys — Use of Interest
- HOUSE FILE 2573** - Abatement and Response to Opioid Use — Funds — Prescriptions for and Possession and Use of Opioid Antagonists by Schools
- HJR 2005** - Proposed Constitutional Amendment — Gubernatorial Line of Succession

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 577** - Certificate of Nonviable Birth  
*SEE HEALTH AND SAFETY.* This Act establishes a process for obtaining of certificate of nonviable birth through the Department of Public Health. A “nonviable birth” is defined as an unintentional, spontaneous fetal demise occurring after demonstration of a doppler-detected heartbeat and prior to the twentieth week of gestation during a pregnancy that has been verified by a health care provider. A certificate of nonviable birth may be requested and issued only for nonviable births occurring on or after January 1, 2000.
- SENATE FILE 2176** - Natural Resources and Waste Management  
*SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.* This Act relates to certain regulatory programs within the Department of Natural Resources. The Act repeals the State Interagency Missouri River Authority, which consisted of members of the executive branch who represented the interests of this state with regard to its membership in the

Missouri River Association of States and Tribes. The state withdrew from the Missouri River Association of States and Tribes in 2011 and the association has since disbanded.

- SENATE FILE 2245** - Meat or Poultry Inspection — Establishment Licensing — Personal Use Exemption  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act creates a personal use exemption to licensing requirements in Iowa's Meat and Poultry Inspection Act (Iowa Code chapter 189A).
- SENATE FILE 2260** - Animals Used in Qualified Research Facilities — Adoption Program  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act requires that a research facility receiving state or federal moneys participate in an adoption program for dogs or cats confined at the research facility once the dog or cat is retired from use.
- HOUSE FILE 2128** - Renewable Fuels  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act includes a number of provisions related to the use of renewable fuels used to power motor vehicles, and includes certain compliance requirements and promotional programs administered by a number of state entities including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship and the Department of Administrative Services (DAS), and various other state entities. The Act provides that DAS, the Iowa Commission for the Blind, the State Board of Regents, the Department of Transportation, and the Department of Corrections must use a qualified renewable fuel, which is ethanol blended gasoline or biodiesel blended fuel, having the highest classification possible to power the motor vehicle. DAS and the other state entities must revise their bidding procedures as necessary to account for the purchase of motor vehicles powered by biodiesel blended fuel. The Act provides that DAS, in cooperation with the other state entities, must prepare an annual report to be submitted to the Governor and General Assembly providing information regarding their use of renewable fuels.
- HOUSE FILE 2217** - Insurance Holding Company Systems — Financial Reporting  
**SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.** This Act relates to financial reporting by insurance holding company systems.
- Under the Act, all information obtained by, disclosed to, reported to, or provided to the Commissioner of Insurance shall be considered a confidential record and be recognized and protected as a trade secret, and is subject to disclosure or prohibited from disclosure as detailed in the Act.
- HOUSE FILE 2220** - Antisemitism — Definition, Rules of Construction, Discriminatory Acts, and State Personnel Training  
**SEE CIVIL LAW, PROCEDURE, AND COURT ADMINISTRATION.** This Act relates to antisemitism in the state of Iowa. The Act provides that the definition of antisemitism must be used when providing discrimination and antibias training to state personnel.
- HOUSE FILE 2345** - Peace Officers — Designated Department of Transportation Employees — Repeal Extended  
**SEE TRANSPORTATION.** This Act extends the future repeal of provisions relating to Department of Transportation employees designated as peace officers to July 1, 2023.
- HOUSE FILE 2380** - Acreage Limitations for Hemp Production  
**SEE AGRICULTURE.** This Act increases the maximum acreage limits for a single crop site or all crop sites used to produce hemp under a license or licenses issued to a qualified producer by the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship. The maximum acreage limits are increased from 40 to 320 acres.

The Act took effect April 21, 2022.

- HOUSE FILE 2411** - Workers' Compensation — Replacement of Permanent Prosthetic Devices  
***SEE LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT.*** This Act authorizes the Treasurer of State to deposit certain moneys from workers' compensation settlements relating to permanent prosthetic devices into the Second Injury Fund until such time as the injured worker requests moneys to repair or replace the injured worker's permanent prosthetic device.
- HOUSE FILE 2436** - County Joint 911 Service Boards Public Safety Answering Point Cost and Expense Data  
***SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.*** This Act amends current law relating to the collection of data from a public safety communications facility that receives 911 calls. The Act provides that the 911 program manager appointed by the Director of the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management, in consultation with the 911 Communications Council and the Auditor of State, shall establish a methodology for determining and collecting public safety answering point cost and expense data through the county joint 911 service boards, which shall include the collection of data for only direct costs and expenses related to the operation of a public safety answering point, and shall account for the extent to which identified costs and expenses are compensated for or addressed through 911 surcharges versus other sources of funding.
- HOUSE FILE 2560** - Appropriations — Agriculture and Natural Resources  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act relates to agriculture, natural resources, and environmental protection by making appropriations to and from major and minor sources for purposes of supporting a number of administrative entities and related programs and projects under their respective control. Major sources include the General Fund of the State, the Environment First Fund, and the Resources Enhancement and Protection Fund. Administrative entities appropriated moneys include the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, the Department of Natural Resources, Iowa State University of Science and Technology, and the State University of Iowa. The Act supports a number of regulatory and promotional programs associated with education, farmers' health, the production and sale of agricultural commodities and products, biofuels, soil and water conservation, air and water quality, and outdoor recreation.
- HOUSE FILE 2578** - Appropriations — Health and Human Services  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act relates to and makes appropriations for health and human services for FY 2022-2023 and includes numerous provisions relating to health and human services including funding for institutions under the purview of the Department of Human Services and funding for the Autism Support Program, the State Family Planning Services Program, and the new More Options for Maternal Support Program. The Act includes funding for the Children's Behavioral Health System and Children's Behavioral Health System State Board; provides for realignment of the departments of Human Services and Public Health; eliminates the Non-State Government-Owned Nursing Facility Quality of Care Rate Add-On Program; provides requirements for the transfer of persons with a diagnosis of an intellectual disability to a state mental health institute; includes limitations on access to certain health-related data by state and local entities; includes provisions relating to the Nursing Facility Expansion or Relief Program; and creates a state-funded Psychiatry Residency Program.
- HOUSE FILE 2581** - Regulation of Agriculture, Agricultural Programs, and Motor Fuels  
***SEE AGRICULTURE.*** This Act requires the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship to establish and administer a Choose Iowa Promotional Program with the stated purpose of providing consumers a choice to purchase a food item originating as an agricultural commodity produced on an Iowa farm. The Act changes the qualifications and the manner in which members of the Iowa Sheep and Wool Promotion Board are elected and hold office. The Act amends provisions associated with the Local Food and Farm

Program, including by replacing the membership of the Local Food and Farm Program Council and expanding the program to provide for the funding of value-added products.

**HOUSE FILE 2589** - State and Local Government and Regulatory Matters — Appropriations and Miscellaneous Changes

***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** Division III of this Act establishes the Office of the Chief Information Officer within the Department of Management (DOM) and requires the Director of DOM to select, and set the salary of, the Chief Information Officer.



## STATE GOVERNMENT

### **SENATE FILE 183 - Construction of Public Improvements — Bidding and Contract Requirements and Restrictions**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act concerns bidding procedures for public improvement contracts by a governmental entity. The Act allows a guaranteed maximum price contract as an alternative method for entering into a public improvement contract and prohibits certain other alternative delivery methods in the public sector.

#### Division I — Public Construction Bidding Requirements

The Act modifies Iowa Code section 26.4, relating to architectural and engineering services, to prohibit fee-based selection of an architect, landscape architect, or engineer for a public improvement.

The Act prohibits the State Board of Regents from entering into a design-build contract to construct, repair, or improve buildings or grounds. This provision of the Act took effect June 14, 2022. However, this provision of the Act does not apply if an architect entered into a design-build contract with the State Board of Regents prior to June 14, 2022.

#### Division II — Guaranteed Maximum Price Contracts

The Act authorizes a governmental entity, which includes the State, political subdivisions of the State, and the State Board of Regents, to use a guaranteed maximum price contract for purposes of public improvement contracts.

The Act establishes the process for entering into a guaranteed maximum price contract. The Act provides procedures governing public disclosure of an intent to enter into a guaranteed maximum price contract, selection of an engineer, landscape architect, or architect, a request for qualifications process, a request for proposals and selection process, and selection of trade contractors and material packages.

The Act prohibits a governmental entity from entering into a design-build contract for the construction of a public improvement. The Act also prohibits a governmental entity from entering into a guaranteed maximum price contract for public improvements relating to highway, bridge, or culvert construction.

The Act defines “construction manager-at-risk,” “design-build contract,” “general conditions,” “governmental entity,” “guaranteed maximum price contract,” “public improvement,” “repair or maintenance work,” and “self-perform” for purposes of guaranteed maximum price contracts.

### **SENATE FILE 2266 - Compensation and Benefit Limits — Retirees Under the Iowa Public Employees’ Retirement System and School Board Members**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act modifies the earnings limitation for retirees under the Iowa Public Employees’ Retirement System (IPERS) and the limitation on compensation and benefits for a member of a school board.

The Act provides that a retiree under IPERS who has not reached age 65 shall have their retirement allowance reduced by 50 cents for every dollar the retiree earns over \$50,000 in full-time employment covered by IPERS in a calendar year. Previously, the earnings limitation was \$30,000.

The Act allows a member of the board of directors of a school corporation to enter into a contract with the school corporation if the benefit from the contract to the director does not exceed \$20,000 in a fiscal year. Previously, the contract benefit limitation was \$6,000.

The Act took effect March 23, 2022.

### **SENATE FILE 2279 - Public Improvement Contracts — Electronic Submission of Bids**

BY COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT. This Act allows a governmental entity in a notice to bidders for a public improvement contract under Iowa Code chapter 26 to provide that bids may be received in an electronic

format. If bids are received in an electronic format, the Act requires the governmental entity to electronically record the date and time each bid is received.

**SENATE FILE 2295 - Substantive Code Corrections**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act contains statutory corrections that adjust language to reflect current practices, insert earlier omissions, delete redundancies and inaccuracies, delete temporary language, resolve inconsistencies and conflicts, update ongoing provisions, or remove ambiguities.

Changes are made in provisions relating to the Empower Rural Iowa Broadband Grant Program; the Secretary of State's preclearance filing service; coordination of bonding activities by the Treasurer of State; economic development tax credits; Executive Council action regarding Iowa Fund of Funds activities; the Butchery Innovation and Revitalization Fund and program; the Administrative Rules Review Committee; waivers of administrative rules; personal information held by tax-exempt entities; exceptions to government competition with private enterprise requirements; local government budget preparation requirements; state mandate of fiscal assessments; enforcement of state, local, and municipal laws; state regulation of firearms and ammunition permits; 911 emergency telephone systems; elections, candidates, and electors; public employee leaves of absence; peace officers' health insurance; workers' and occupational disease compensation and employer's liability insurance; elevators; minimum wage; unemployment compensation; the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System; regulation of lotteries; regulation of electricians and electrical contractors; controlled substances; medical cannabidiol; health facility regulation; regulation of orthotics, prosthetics, and pedorthics; regulation of massage therapy; licensing of social workers; soil and water conservation; juvenile justice; State Supplementary Assistance; educational instruction and standards; special education funding; funding for Iowa State University of Science and Technology; substitute teacher authorizations; organization of school boards; preschool attendance information; establishment, alteration, and vacation of highways; location of utility facilities by highways; secondary roads; motor vehicle regulation and financial responsibility; operation of motor vehicles while intoxicated and substance abuse evaluation and treatment; supervision and regulation of common carriers; organization, powers, and duties of county government; judicial review of county zoning; county hospitals; official newspapers; ownership responsibilities for dogs and other animals; benefited water districts; emergency medical services districts; townships and township officers; income and sales and use taxation; homestead tax credits; assessment and valuation of property; solid waste regulation; waste tire collection and processing; oil, gas, and mineral rights; public lands and waters; levee and drainage districts; electric transmission lines; pipelines and underground gas storage; regulation of hunting and fishing; limited liability companies and business corporations; regulation of insurance and insurers; uninsured motorists; consumer credit transactions; engineers and land surveyors; the Iowa Competition Law; adoption; probate and conservatorships; custodial trusts; agricultural tourism; decisions of boards of arbitration and conciliation; the Sex Offender Registry; sex acts; defrauding of drug or alcohol urine tests; forfeiture of bail; indigent defense; confidential records of the Iowa Department of Corrections and the district departments of correctional services; and victim compensation.

Changes made to provisions relating to the Third-Party Developer Tax Credit; seizure of abandoned vehicles by law enforcement; sales taxes on building materials sold to nonprofits engaged in the construction, remodeling, or rehabilitation of one-family or two-family, low-income dwellings; appropriations for a student innovation center at Iowa State University of Science and Technology; and tax credits for redevelopment of brownfield sites apply retroactively to July 1, 2021. Changes made to provisions relating to the date of ownership of certain electric transmission lines apply retroactively to July 1, 2020.

**SENATE FILE 2322 - Public Records — Fees for Examination and Copying**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act relates to fees associated with public records requests. The Act provides that fulfillment of a request for copies of public records may be contingent upon receipt of payment of reasonable expenses, that the lawful custodian shall make every reasonable effort to provide the public records at no cost, and that a person is allowed to contest the reasonableness of the fees charged by the custodian.

Actual costs shall only include reasonable expenses directly attributable to supervising the examination of and making of copies of public records. Costs for legal services shall only be charged for the redaction or review of confidential information.

**SENATE FILE 2380 - George Washington Carver Day**

BY WHITVER AND WAHLS. This Act authorizes and requests the Governor to annually issue a proclamation designating the first day of February as George Washington Carver Day. The Act does not make February 1 a state holiday.

**SENATE FILE 2383 - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions.

Division I — County and City Inspections

This division of the Act prohibits a county or city from requiring an inspection of a manufactured home that has been inspected according to requirements of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and was constructed in compliance with federal manufactured home and construction standards.

Division II — Work-Based Learning

This division of the Act relates to work-based learning. The division requires the Department of Education (DE) to establish and maintain a process that requires the boards of directors of school districts to annually report to DE on student participation in work-based learning programs established by the board.

Under prior law, a supervisor of a work-based learning program (program) that awards career and technical education credit had to be a licensed practitioner who completed both educational and work experience requirements. The division requires the Board of Educational Examiners to adopt rules relating to a certification system for supervisors of programs as detailed in the division, and requires the certification program to be considered a professional development program.

The division requires a student's individualized career and academic plan (ICAP) be developed in grade 8 and to identify the coursework and work-based learning needed in grades 9 through 12 to support the student's postsecondary education and career options. The ICAP must meet the requirements detailed in the division.

Division III — Health Care Workforce Recruitment

This division of the Act relates to the Rural Iowa Primary Care Loan Repayment Program, the Health Care Professional Recruitment Program, and the Health Care Loan Repayment Program.

The Rural Iowa Primary Care Loan Repayment Program provides student loan repayments (repayments) for medical students who agree to practice as physicians in certain areas of the state for five years. Under prior law, eligible medical students were required to complete an Iowa-based program to fulfill the residency program requirement. The division permits a medical student to complete a residency program outside of Iowa. The division also authorizes repayments for medical students who practice neurology and those who practice part-time. The division defines "part-time practice" as at least 70 percent of a 40-hour workweek.

Prior law prohibited the College Student Aid Commission (commission) from entering into more than 20 program agreements annually under the program. The division authorizes the commission to enter into more than 20 program agreements if surplus funds are available.

In addition to medical students who were eligible for repayments under the program, and subject to availability of surplus funds, prior law required the commission to adopt rules to provide repayments to eligible physicians who completed an Iowa-based residency program. The division allows the residency program be based in a state other than Iowa. The division provides that an eligible physician may engage in full-time or part-time practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in a service commitment area. The division also provides that the amount of loan repayment provided to a physician shall be subject to the same limitations applicable to an eligible

student, and the total amount of a physician's eligible loans shall be established on the date the physician applies for the loan repayment program.

The division provides that for agreements entered into prior to July 1, 2022, the commission and the eligible person may consent to amend the agreement so the person may engage in part-time practice and may specialize in neurology.

The division provides that moneys in the Rural Iowa Primary Care Trust Fund, up to the total amount that an eligible student or physician may receive for an eligible loan, shall be considered encumbered for the duration of the eligible student's or physician's obligation under the program.

Prior law provided that the obligation to engage in practice under the program had to be postponed during any period of an obligated person's temporary medical incapacity during which the person was unable to engage in full-time practice. Under the division, this postponement extends to the inability to engage in part-time practice as well.

The Health Care Professional Recruitment Program provides repayments for certain health care professionals who graduate from an eligible institution and who agree to practice in an eligible rural community. The division adds community college to the definition of "eligible institution" and advanced registered nurse practitioners and registered nurses to the definition of "health care professional."

The Health Care Loan Repayment Program is renamed the Health Care Award Program under the division and provides financial awards to qualified registered nurses, advanced registered nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and certain nurse educators in the amount of \$6,000 for not more than five consecutive years. A part-time nurse educator must practice as a registered nurse or an advanced registered nurse practitioner to qualify for an award under the program.

#### Division IV — Professional Licensing — Military Spouses

This division relates to professional licensing and requires each professional licensing board to expedite the licensing of a person married to an active duty member of the military forces of the United States or who is a veteran. If the board determines that the occupation or profession applied for does not have a substantially similar scope of practice, the board shall issue a temporary license to the person for a period of time necessary to meet the licensing requirements of this state. The Act moves current Iowa Code language regarding licensure of military personnel and spouses to new Iowa Code section 272C.12A.

The division requires a licensing board, an agency, a department, or the Board of Educational Examiners to waive an initial application fee and one renewal fee charged to an applicant for a license issued pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 272C (Regulation of Licensed Professions and Occupations) or by the Board of Educational Examiners if the applicant has been honorably or generally discharged from federal active duty or National Guard duty within the last five years. The division requires each such board, agency, or department to adopt rules to implement this procedure by January 11, 2023.

#### Division V — Fishing and Hunting Licenses — Military Veterans

This division of the Act provides that upon payment of a fee, not to exceed \$5, for an annual armed forces fishing license (fishing license) or annual armed forces hunting and fishing combined license (combined license), the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) shall issue an annual fishing license or annual combined license to a resident of Iowa who has served in the armed forces of the United States on federal active duty. DNR is required to prepare an application to be used to request an annual fishing license or annual combined license. DNR may consult with the Department of Veterans Affairs when adopting rules to verify the status of applicants.

#### Division VI — Driver's License and Parking Fees — Veterans

This division of the Act prohibits the Department of Transportation (DOT) from charging a veteran with a permanent service-connected disability rating of 100 percent, as certified by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, the fees

for a noncommercial driver's license or motorcycle license. The division also prohibits the DOT from charging a veteran who is on federal or state active duty, or who was issued an honorable discharge or general discharge under honorable conditions from such service, the fees for a chauffeur's license or commercial driver's license.

The division prohibits a city that operates and maintains parking meters or non-metered parking lots from enforcing any ordinance related to parking meter fees against, or charging a parking fee at any non-metered parking lot to, a person whose vehicle is lawfully displaying medal of honor, ex-prisoner of war, or purple heart special registration plates or a registration plate displaying the alphabetical characters "DV" preceding the registration plate number. The division provides that this prohibition shall not be construed to limit a city's authority to enforce other parking-related ordinances as detailed in the Act.

#### Division VII — Temporary Licenses — Insurance Producers

This division of the Act provides that the Commissioner of Insurance may issue a temporary insurance producer license for a period not to exceed 180 days without requiring an examination to an applicant for a resident insurance producer license (resident license) who has met all of the requirements under Iowa Code section 522B.5(1), and to an applicant for a nonresident insurance producer license (nonresident license) that has met all of the requirements under Iowa Code section 522B.7, and who has not been issued a resident license or nonresident license within 10 business days from the date that the applicant submits fingerprints and any other required information to the commissioner.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2126 - State Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act changes references in the Iowa Code to the comprehensive financial report of the state from the "comprehensive annual financial report" to the "annual comprehensive financial report."

#### **HOUSE FILE 2154 - Statewide Fire and Police Retirement System — Nonpublic Records**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act strikes and rewrites language governing the Statewide Fire and Police Retirement System established by Iowa Code chapter 411 concerning what pension system member and beneficiary records containing personal information are not public records. The Act provides that records of the pension system containing social security numbers, specifying amounts accumulated in members' accounts, containing names or addresses of members or their beneficiaries, containing amounts of payments to members or their beneficiaries, and containing financial or commercial information that relates to the investment of retirement system funds are not public records for the purposes of Iowa Code chapter 22.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2295 - Disaster Emergencies — Removal of Debris or Wreckage from Public Property by State Officers or Employees — Liability**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act provides that the state and any of its officers or employees who are engaged in the removal of debris or wreckage on public property in response to a disaster emergency proclamation shall not be liable to the affected local government on account of any act or omission taken in good faith in connection with the removal of debris or wreckage.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2373 - Restrictions on Companies Boycotting Israel — Parent Companies, Subsidiaries, or Affiliates**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act provides that public sector restrictions regarding companies boycotting Israel pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 12J apply to a wholly owned subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company, or affiliate of such company. Iowa Code chapter 12J restricts the Treasurer of State, the State Board of Regents, the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System, the Public Safety Peace Officers' Retirement System, the Statewide Fire and Police Retirement System, and the Judicial Retirement System, from directly investing in publicly traded foreign companies engaged in a boycott of Israel and restricts other public entities from entering into certain contracts with one of these companies.

**HOUSE FILE 2390 - Child Welfare — Foster Care — Court Appointed Special Advocates**

BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES. This Act relates to child welfare, including provisions relating to foster care and the Child Advocacy Board (CAB).

*CHILD ADVOCACY BOARD.* The Department of Inspections and Appeals (DIA) and the Department of Human Services (DHS) must jointly develop written protocols relating to the responsibilities of each department regarding children under the purview of CAB. The protocols must be reviewed by both departments on an annual basis.

The agency responsible for the placement of a child in foster care must notify CAB of each placement and submit the child's case permanency plan and any case permanency plan revisions to a local citizen foster care review board (local board) according to the protocols developed by DIA and DHS.

CAB must review the activities and actions of local boards and the Court Appointed Special Advocate (CASA) program.

An annual report prepared by CAB must now include information on all children served by CAB, the total number of days of foster care provided to these children, and the characteristics of the children receiving foster care. The report no longer needs to include information on the frequency and results of court reviews for foster children.

CAB must evaluate the data collected by local boards and CASAs, and disseminate the data to the Governor, DHS, child-placing agencies, and the State Court Administrator for dissemination to the Supreme Court and the chief judge of each judicial district.

Mandatory training requirements for CAB members entail training concerning the duties of CAB, the duties of local boards, the duties of CASAs, and applicable child welfare laws and practices that influence the work of local boards and CASAs.

CAB is no longer required to assist local boards in reviewing cases of children receiving foster care, coordinate with DIA regarding CAB's administrative functions, or work in conjunction with the Legislative Services Agency and in consultation with DHS, the Supreme Court, and private foster care providers to develop and maintain an evaluation program regarding citizen foster care review programming.

When CAB makes recommendations for improvements of systems in which it is involved, it must make those recommendations to the State Court Administrator for dissemination to the Supreme Court and chief judge of each judicial district instead of to the Supreme Court and chief judge directly.

*COURT APPOINTED SPECIAL ADVOCATES.* A CASA must, with respect to a child unless otherwise directed by a court with jurisdiction over the child, conduct in-person interviews with the child every 30 days if the child's age is appropriate for interviews, and interview each parent, guardian, or other person having custody of the child as needed; visit the home, residence, or both, of the child; visit a prospective home or residence of the child, including each time placement is changed; interview any person providing medical, mental health, social, educational, or other services to the child; if possible, obtain firsthand knowledge of the facts, circumstances, and parties involved; attend any depositions, hearings, and trial proceedings; assist the Transition Committee in the development of a transition plan if the child's case permanency plan calls for one; submit a written report containing case-related observations and recommendations prior to each hearing to the juvenile court and each party entitled to disclosure of the report, unless otherwise directed by the court; submit periodic reports to the court and interested parties detailing the child's situation as long as the child remains under the jurisdiction of the court; and file other reports as ordered by a court.

A CASA must prepare a report for a hearing that includes the strengths of the child and the child's family as identified by the CASA, the concerns identified by the CASA, the CASA's recommendations regarding the child's placement, and other recommendations the CASA believes are in the child's best interests.

A CASA must receive notice of all depositions, hearings, and trial proceedings relating to a matter in which the CASA was appointed.

*LOCAL CITIZEN FOSTER CARE REVIEW BOARDS.* The required composition of a local board is changed from five members and two alternate members to a minimum of five members and a maximum of seven members. The CAB may appoint local board members without consulting the chief judge of the relevant judicial district.

The required demographic composition of a local board is changed from persons of various social, economic, racial, and ethnic groups and occupations in the respective district to various racial and ethnic groups and occupations of the respective district, to the extent possible.

A person employed by DIA may now serve on a local board.

CAB is no longer required to provide the names of local board members to DHS.

A restriction on how a local board member may be paid has been eliminated.

Local board members are required to pass background checks and complete other requirements established by CAB prior to taking an oath of confidentiality necessary to serve on a local board. Local board members are also required to receive periodic continuing education during each term of service.

Local boards must review the efforts of the foster care agency responsible for the placement of a child to locate and provide services to a child's legal guardians or fictive kin in addition to a child's biological or adoptive parents, when such person provides the majority of a child's daily food, lodging, and support. Previously, such reviews did not include efforts to locate and provide services to legal guardians or fictive kin.

A person who wishes to make a statement at a local board review meeting may either do so in person or submit a statement rather than provide testimony. An interested party may also provide a statement in a private setting upon the request of the interested party or a motion of the local board. Such statements may be written, oral, or electronic.

The review of a child's care by a local board may only include issues that pertain to the child's permanency plan.

An agency or individual providing foster care services to a child may submit a written or recorded statement instead of providing testimony when requested by a local board.

A local board may now consider written or recorded statements from interested parties instead of just written testimony.

A local board must submit its findings and recommendations for a child's case to DHS within 15 days of reviewing the case.

A local board must notify an intervenor in a child's case to all local board meetings involving the child.

*CONFIDENTIALITY OF FOSTER CARE RECORDS.* DHS, an agent of DHS, or a child placement agency contracted by DHS must provide information and records relating to a child receiving foster care and the child's family to a CASA, a local board, or the CAB upon request by the CASA, CAB, or local board.

A court with jurisdiction of a child receiving foster care may release information and records the court deems necessary to determine the needs of the child to a local board or CASA upon the request of the local board or CASA.

If confidential information and records are distributed to a CASA or staff of the CASA program, the information shall be marked confidential and the CASA and CASA program staff shall take appropriate steps to prevent unauthorized disclosure.

A CASA may disclose case-related observations and recommendations about a child and the child's parent or about a child and the child's legal guardian to the parent or guardian to which the observations and recommendations pertain or to such parent or guardian's legal representative.



*CASE PERMANENCY PLAN.* Care and services provided to a child's fictive kin and efforts made to place a child with fictive kin must be included in a child's case permanency plan.

*DEFINITIONS.* The Act changes the definition of "court appointed special advocate" and creates a new definition of "fictive kin."

### **HOUSE FILE 2463 - Nonsubstantive Code Corrections**

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. This Act makes Iowa Code changes and corrections that are considered to be nonsubstantive and noncontroversial, in addition to style changes.

Changes made include supplying missing definite and indefinite articles; adding the word "and" before the last item in a series; updates to usage or style; corrections to spelling, grammar, capitalization, and punctuation; conforming string citations to current Iowa Code style; changing terms to other terms with the same meaning to match use of terms elsewhere in the Iowa Code; adding commas after prefatory clauses; changing the word "such" to the word "the"; correcting references by name to state agencies, entities, or programs; conforming the use of defined terms to definitions; dividing Iowa Code sections based upon content and numbering the resulting unnumbered paragraphs; correcting terminology used to describe internal references; numbering or lettering unnumbered paragraphs; updating the format and style of lettered lists; striking archaic and redundant language; replacing "and not" with "or" to eliminate double negatives; changing a singular use of a term to a plural use to match other language; correcting federal citations; adding terminal commas or semicolons before the last items within complex series; eliminating citations to repealed Iowa Code sections within string citations; placing items that appear after a colon in an alphanumeric list; replacing parentheses with commas; dividing long sentences; striking a reserved subsection, renumbering the remaining subsections, and correcting internal references; moving qualifying language to become a prefatory clause; moving a sentence from in between two related sentences; changing the acronym "KV" to the word "kilovolt"; moving a clause to improve readability; eliminating the redundant word "or" from a series, changing a singular noun to a plural, and adding a comma to set off a clause; correcting an Iowa Acts citation; supplying a missing verb; conforming the numeric formatting within a form to the format used elsewhere in the Iowa Code; adding the missing word "section" within an internal reference; and substituting a date for the words "the effective date of this section."

The corrections to 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 101, correcting incorrect internal referencing terminology; 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 143, correcting references to the Iowa Geological Survey; and 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 183, correcting an incorrect internal reference, are retroactively applicable to July 1, 2021. The correction to 2021 Iowa Acts, chapter 165, correcting a reference by name to the Iowa Utilities Board, is retroactively applicable to January 1, 2022.

### **HOUSE FILE 2489 - Auditor of State, Certified Public Accountants, and Peer Review Records**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act requires the Auditor of State to establish divisions within the Office of Auditor of State. For each division that is responsible for performing attest services, the Act requires the division to be headed by a deputy auditor of state who is a certified public accountant. If the Auditor of State is not a certified public accountant, attest reports issued by the Office of Auditor of State shall be signed by the appropriate deputy auditor of state rather than the Auditor of State. The Act also requires the Auditor of State to comply with the applicable rules of professional conduct adopted by the Iowa Accountancy Examining Board.

The Act qualifies the Office of Auditor of State as a certified public accounting firm subject to the requirements of Iowa Code sections 11.31, 11.31A, and 542.7. For the purposes of Iowa Code section 542.7, the Auditor of State shall be deemed to be the owner of the Office of Auditor of State, which shall be deemed to comply with the ownership requirements of Iowa Code section 542.7 if the Auditor of State is a certified public accountant or all divisions of the Office of Auditor of State performing attest services are led by a certified public accountant. The Act exempts the Office of Auditor of State from certain requirements applicable to certified public accounting firms under Iowa Code chapter 542 (Public Accountants).

The Act took effect May 23, 2022, and applies retroactively to July 1, 2002.



**HOUSE FILE 2501 - Veterans Trust Fund — Investment and Use of Funds**

BY COMMITTEE ON VETERANS AFFAIRS. This Act relates to the investment and use of funds in the Veterans Trust Fund.

Pursuant to the Act, the Veterans Trust Fund (trust fund) is exempted from rules adopted by the Treasurer of State to limit certain investments and no longer needs to return moneys being used for cash flow purposes to the fund by the end of a fiscal year.

The Treasurer of State, in consultation with the Commission of Veterans Affairs (commission) and the Public Retirement Systems Committee, may invest moneys in the trust fund in any investments authorized for the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System. Any earnings are credited to the trust fund, and the Treasurer may make contracts and agreements with certain professionals for the administration of investments. Investment management expenses are paid from the income of the trust fund.

The commission, the Public Retirement Systems Committee, the Treasurer of State, and their employees are exempt from liability based on an act or omission related to the trust fund, except if the act or omission involves malicious or wanton misconduct.

The Act also provides for the use of funds in the trust fund depending on the balance of moneys in the trust fund.

For each fiscal year that the beginning balance of the trust fund on July 1 is below \$50 million, the interest and earnings on moneys in the trust fund and the first \$500,000 of the \$2.5 million transferred annually to the trust fund from the lottery fund will be appropriated to the commission to benefit veterans.

For each fiscal year that the beginning balance of the trust fund on July 1 is above \$50 million but the beginning balance of the trust fund on July 1 was below \$50 million in the previous fiscal year, the full amount of the \$2.5 million transferred annually to the trust fund from the lottery fund will be appropriated to the commission to benefit veterans.

For each fiscal year that the beginning balance of the trust fund on July 1 is above \$50 million and the beginning balance of the trust fund was above \$50 million in the previous fiscal year, money equal to the net income from the previous fiscal year, including the full \$2.5 million transferred annually to the trust fund from the lottery fund, are appropriated to the commission to benefit veterans.

**HOUSE FILE 2515 - Flood Recovery Fund Moneys — Use of Interest**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act authorizes the Department of Homeland Security and Emergency Management to use the interest earned on moneys in the Flood Recovery Fund for reimbursement of actual expenses of voting members of the Flood Mitigation Board and for costs incurred by the department to administer the Flood Mitigation Program and to provide assistance to the Flood Mitigation Board and program applicants under Iowa Code section 418.7.

The Act took effect May 2, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2573 - Abatement and Response to Opioid Use — Funds — Prescriptions for and Possession and Use of Opioid Antagonists by Schools**

BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS. This Act creates funds relating to the abatement of and response to opioid use, allows school districts to obtain opioid antagonist prescriptions, and makes an appropriation.

*OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND.* The Act creates an Opioid Settlement Fund. The state portion of any moneys paid to the state as a result of a national settlement of litigation with entities that manufactured, marketed, sold, distributed, dispensed, or promoted opioids, made in connection with claims arising from the manufacturing, marketing, selling, distributing, dispensing, or promoting of opioids, are required to be deposited in the fund. This does not apply to such moneys paid to the state that are earmarked for or otherwise required to be transferred or distributed to counties, cities, or other local governmental entities. Moneys in the fund can only be used pursuant to appropriations from the fund by the General Assembly for purposes of abating the opioid crisis in Iowa.

The Act appropriates \$3.8 million from the Opioid Settlement Fund to the Department of Justice for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, to be used for a medication addiction treatment program administered by the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics.

*OPIOID ANTAGONIST MEDICATION FUND.* The Act provides that an Opioid Antagonist Medication Fund for first responders is created within the State Treasury under the control of the Department of Public Health (DPH). The fund shall consist of moneys appropriated to or deposited in the fund and may include available federal or state moneys, as well as any available opioid lawsuit settlement moneys. Funds may be transferred between other state agencies and the fund as appropriate. Moneys in the fund are appropriated to DPH for the purchase, maintenance, and replacement of opioid antagonist medication to be administered by first responders to persons experiencing an opioid-related overdose. Moneys in the fund may be designated for the purchase, maintenance, and replacement of opioid antagonist medication. First responders may contact DPH for the procurement of opioid antagonist medication and DPH shall keep a record of the distribution of moneys from the fund.

The Act provides that moneys in the fund that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of a fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure, unless federal regulations otherwise require, and interest or earnings on moneys in the fund shall be credited to the fund.

The Act provides that DPH shall submit a report to the co-chairpersons and ranking members of the Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on the Justice System and to the Legislative Services Agency on or before December 31 of each year, which shall contain a list of deposits and expenditures from the fund for the prior fiscal year and the amount of carryover funds, if any, to be distributed in the next fiscal year.

The Act provides definitions for “first responder,” “opioid antagonist,” and “opioid-related overdose.”

*POSSESSION AND ADMINISTRATION OF OPIOID ANTAGONISTS.* The Act adds a school employee to the definition of “person in a position to assist,” which also includes a family member, friend, caregiver, health care provider, employee of a substance abuse treatment facility, or other person who may be in a place to render aid to a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose. A licensed health care professional may prescribe an opioid antagonist to a person in a position to assist.

The Act provides that a school district may obtain a valid prescription for an opioid antagonist and maintain a supply of opioid antagonists in a secure location at each location where a student may be present for use as provided in Iowa Code section 135.90.

#### **HJR 2005 - Proposed Constitutional Amendment — Gubernatorial Line of Succession**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Joint Resolution proposes an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Iowa regarding the gubernatorial line of succession. In the case of a temporary disability of the Governor or Governor-elect, the Lieutenant Governor or Lieutenant Governor-elect shall act as Governor or Governor-elect until the disability is removed, or the Governor dies, resigns, or is removed from office. In the case of the death, resignation, or removal from office of the Governor or Governor-elect, the Lieutenant Governor or Lieutenant Governor-elect shall become Governor or Governor-elect for the residue of the term, and the office of Lieutenant Governor shall become vacant. The Governor may fill a vacancy in the Office of Lieutenant Governor as provided in the Constitution of the State of Iowa.

The Joint Resolution will be published and then referred to the next General Assembly (90th) for adoption before being submitted to the electorate for ratification.

## TAXATION

- SENATE FILE 2366** - Assessment and Taxation of Wind Energy Conversion Property
- SENATE FILE 2367** - Sales, Use, Excise, Motor Fuel, and Franchise Taxes — Tax Permits — Solar Energy System Tax Credits — Income Tax Deductions for Certain Premium Pay and Bonuses
- HOUSE FILE 2317** - State Taxation and Revenue — Tax Rates, Credits, and Exemptions
- HOUSE FILE 2552** - State and Local Taxation — Department of Revenue Records, Duties, and Procedures — Assessment, Collection, Calculation, and Refunds of Taxes — Debt Collection — Property Assessment Appeal Board Salaries

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 384** - County Assessors and Staff — Joint County Agreements for Sharing Services  
***SEE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.*** This Act allows two or more counties to enter into an agreement under Iowa Code chapter 28E to share the services of a county assessor, chief deputy assessor, and professional and clerical assistants for the assessor. The Act provides requirements and additional considerations for inclusion in the agreement and states that an assessor serving multiple counties does not violate the duty to devote the assessor's full time to the duties of the office or refrain from another occupation or business that interferes with the assessor's duties by serving multiple counties that have agreed to share the assessor.
  
- SENATE FILE 2370** - Aircraft — Special Certificates for Manufacturers, Transporters, and Dealers — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions  
***SEE TRANSPORTATION.*** This Act specifies that fees received by the Department of Transportation for the issuance of certain special certificates must be deposited in the State Aviation Fund, in accordance with the current practice.  
  
Under prior law, Iowa Code section 423.3 exempted from the Iowa sales and use tax, among other things, the sale or use of aircraft component parts permanently attached to an aircraft, provided the aircraft is used in either a scheduled or nonscheduled interstate Federal Aviation Administration certified air carrier operation (scheduled or nonscheduled FAA operation).  
  
The Act removes the requirement that the aircraft be used in a scheduled or nonscheduled FAA operation to qualify for the exemption. The sale or use of the component parts and certain services will be exempt from the sales and use tax when permanently attached to or performed on any aircraft.
  
- SENATE FILE 2378** - Regulation, Redemption, and Disposal of Beverage Containers  
***SEE ENVIRONMENT, ENERGY, AND PUBLIC UTILITIES.*** This Act relates to Iowa's Bottle Bill. The Act, as amended by 2022 Iowa Acts, House File 2589 (see Appropriations), authorizes a distributor who pays a handling fee for a beverage container that was sold for consumption off the premises and that used to contain beer, including high alcoholic content beer, to claim a refund of the barrel tax paid by the distributor in the amount of 1 cent for each such beverage container accepted by the distributor. The Department of Revenue (DOR) shall prescribe forms for a distributor to use to claim a refund and identifying information collected by DOR that can be used to identify a specific distributor shall be considered confidential information. These provisions of the Act take effect January 1, 2023.

**HOUSE FILE 2128** - Renewable Fuels

***SEE AGRICULTURE.*** This Act includes a number of provisions related to the use of renewable fuels used to power motor vehicles, and includes certain compliance requirements and promotional programs administered by a number of state entities including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship (DALs) and the Department of Revenue (DOR). The Act amends provisions applying the excise tax imposed on gasoline, diesel fuel, and its biofuel components. The Act provides for information regarding gasoline and diesel fuel sold by retail dealers of motor fuel required to be reported to DOR, provides for the filing of such reports, imposes a penalty on retail dealers who do not file a report, and requires DOR to submit certain information contained in those reports to DALs. The Act extends the promotional excise tax rates for both ethanol blended gasoline and biodiesel blended fuel and increases the threshold classification for biodiesel blended fuel. The Act no longer requires a licensed blender to apply for a refund for an overpayment amount. The Act increases the amount of the refund of the sales and use tax entitled to be claimed by a biodiesel producer. The Act amends provisions establishing the E-85 Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, the E-15 Plus Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, and the Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit. The Act changes the threshold classifications and designated rates for the Biodiesel Blended Fuel Tax Credit and the E-15 Plus Gasoline Promotion Tax Credit, and extends the period before each of the three tax credits expire.

## TAXATION

### **SENATE FILE 2366 - Assessment and Taxation of Wind Energy Conversion Property**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act specifies that the special valuation provisions governing wind energy conversion property authorized by local ordinance under Iowa Code section 427B.26 are in lieu of the assessment and taxation provisions of Iowa Code chapter 437A (electricity replacement tax). If such ordinance is repealed, the Act provides that such wind energy conversion property shall continue to be valued under that Iowa Code section until the end of the 19th assessment year following the assessment year in which the property was first assessed and specifies the other provisions of law that govern the assessment and taxation of such property after conclusion of the 19-year period.

The Act also provides that maintaining, refurbishing, or repowering wind energy conversion property does not cause the wind energy conversion property to receive a new special valuation schedule and that, for purposes of determining net acquisition cost, except for a clerical error, an adjustment shall not be made after the third year the wind energy conversion property is assessed.

The Act took effect May 23, 2022, and includes applicability and retroactive applicability provisions.

### **SENATE FILE 2367 - Sales, Use, Excise, Motor Fuel, and Franchise Taxes — Tax Permits — Solar Energy System Tax Credits — Income Tax Deductions for Certain Premium Pay and Bonuses**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to state taxation by specifying when returns are due, striking sales tax exemptions and exempting other products, modifying distributions of revenue to local governments and school districts, and modifying the liability of sellers, the franchise tax, motor fuel tax reporting, tax refunds and credits, and the state individual income tax.

#### Division I — Sales, Use, and Excise Tax — Returns Due

The Act allows a taxpayer to have a combined sales and use tax permit and to file a combined return for sales and use taxes. Under prior law, a taxpayer was required to possess a separate sales and use tax permit and file separate sales and use tax returns.

Under prior law, a person was required to file a sales or use tax return on a quarterly basis. The Act changes this filing requirement from a quarterly basis to a monthly basis. The Act does allow a person required to file a sales or use tax return and who collects less than \$1,200 in sales or use tax in a calendar year to file a return once a year on or before the last day of the month following the close of the calendar year.

The Act allows the Department of Revenue (DOR) to establish a temporary penalty and interest grace period for taxpayers as sales and use tax returns are transitioned to monthly returns due.

The Act expands the definition of “commercial enterprise” to include a public utility. As a result, the sales price of specified digital products, prewritten computer software, and other enumerated digital and computer services furnished to a public utility are exempt from the sales tax, if exclusively used by the public utility.

The Act allows certain persons required to collect sales or use tax who do not meet the definition of a “retailer maintaining a business in this state” in Iowa Code section 423.1(48)(a)(1) to be issued only one sales or use tax permit.

The Act allows the Director of DOR (director), if necessary, to ensure the payment of sales or use tax by requiring a sales or use tax return be filed on a different basis other than on a monthly basis.

The Act strikes a provision allowing a person required to file a sales or use tax return to take a credit against the total quarterly amount of tax due, upon a proper showing of necessity, allowing for the balance of tax due to be paid up to 30 days after the return was due.

The Act strikes a provision requiring a seller who collects more than \$30,000 of sales or use tax in the preceding calendar year to make additional remittances to the state under the rules adopted by the director.

The Act allows DOR to adopt emergency rules to implement the division of the Act. The emergency rules provision took effect June 17, 2022.

#### Division II — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions

The Act strikes the sales and use tax exemption on the sales price or rental price of computer or computer peripherals by an insurance company, financial institution, or commercial enterprise. This provision takes effect January 1, 2024.

The Act exempts the sale of feminine hygiene products and diapers (child and adult), from the sales and use tax. These provisions take effect January 1, 2023.

#### Division III — Distributions of Revenue to Local Governments and School Districts

Under prior law, by August 15, DOR estimated the local option sales tax (LOST) and Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) tax amounts that were to be transferred to each local government or school district on a fiscal year and monthly basis. The transfer estimates may be revised for the year and remaining months by the director if the estimates are incorrect.

Commencing with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, the Act changes the LOST and SAVE transfer amount procedures by requiring DOR to transfer the actual LOST and SAVE taxes collected that are attributable to each local government or school district to that local government or school district.

The Act also creates a transition procedure for the LOST and SAVE tax amounts transferred during July through August 2022. Under the transition procedure, DOR shall transfer estimated amounts of LOST and SAVE to each local government or school district for the months of July, August, and September 2022. However, beginning with the October 2022 transfer, DOR shall transfer the actual amount of tax attributable to each local government or school district for the LOST and SAVE tax remitted in September 2022. The Act requires any adjustment amount that is necessary to the July, August, or September 2022 estimated transfer amounts be made by the close of business on December 30, 2022.

#### Division IV — Liability of Sellers Using Certified Service Provider

The Act specifies that a seller of personal property or services who contracts with a certified service provider is not liable to the state for sales or use tax due on transactions processed by the certified service provider unless the certified service provider establishes that it is not liable in accordance with the agreement with the seller. The Act specifies that if the certified service provider is liable for the sales or use tax due, the seller is not subject to audit on transactions processed by the certified service provider.

#### Division V — Authority to Cancel Various Permits Issued by the Department

The Act allows the director to cancel the following tax permits if DOR determines the permits are no longer in use: income tax withholding, sales or use tax, or motor fuel tax.

#### Division VI — Economic Development Authority Sales and Use Tax Refund Incentives

Under prior law, for certain sales or use tax refund incentives in Iowa Code section 15.331A administered by the Iowa Economic Development Authority (IEDA), an eligible business applied for a sales or use tax refund for items purchased prior to the project completion date. The Act changes the refund procedures by requiring an eligible business to apply for such sales or use tax refunds for items purchased prior to the completion of the contract rather than completion of the project. The Act also requires such an application be made within one year of the project completion date, and that DOR be informed in writing after the contract completion. The Act defines “contract completion” as the date of completion of a written contract relating to the construction or equipping of the facility that is part of the project of the eligible business.

For the tax credit provided in Iowa Code section 15.331C for sales and use taxes paid by a third-party developer, the Act specifies that this credit is in lieu of the sales and use tax refund tax incentive provided in Iowa Code section 15.331A. The Act also provides that the eligible business shall make an application to DOR within one year of the project completion date, and that DOR be informed in writing after the contract completion. The Act requires DOR to audit any third-party developer tax credit claim prior to issuing a third-party developer tax credit certificate.

The Act makes changes to the procedures for workforce housing tax incentives in Iowa Code section 15.355. The Act permits a housing business to claim a refund of the sales and use taxes paid prior to the completion of the housing project that are directly related to the housing project and specified in an agreement. In order to receive the sales and use tax refund, the Act requires a contractor or subcontractor working on the housing project to submit a form under oath stating the amount of sales and use taxes paid prior to the housing project. A contractor or subcontractor who willfully makes a false claim under oath relating to the workforce sales and use tax refund commits a simple misdemeanor. The Act then requires, after the agreement completion date, the housing business to make an application to DOR for any sales and use tax refund. The Act defines “agreement completion date” to mean the date the IEDA notifies DOR that all applicable requirements of the agreement have been met. The Act also requires DOR to audit the claim prior to issuing the sales and use tax refund.

These provisions took effect June 17, 2022, and applied to claims for refunds filed on or after that date.

#### Division VII — Franchise Tax

The Act phases in a reduction of the current franchise tax of 5 percent of net income as follows: Commencing with the tax years beginning during the 2023 calendar year, 4.70 percent; for tax years beginning during the 2024 calendar year, 4.40 percent; for tax years beginning during the 2025 calendar year, 4.10 percent; for tax years beginning during the 2026 calendar year, 3.80 percent; and for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027, 3.50 percent.

#### Division VIII — Manufactured Food — Sales Tax Exemption

The Act exempts from the sales tax the sales of certain items and services used by a manufacturer to primarily produce food or food ingredients, including the lease or rental of tangible personal property used to primarily produce such food or food ingredients.

Under prior law, in order to receive the sales tax exemption the items or services had to be used to produce marketable food products for human consumption.

The Act requires refunds of taxes, interest, or penalties arising from claims resulting from the enactment of the Act for sales or services occurring between January 1, 2019, and the effective date of the division to be filed prior to October 1, 2022. Refunds of taxes, interest, or penalties shall not exceed \$100,000 in the aggregate in any calendar year in which claims are eligible for a refund.

These provisions took effect June 17, 2022, and apply retroactively to January 1, 2019.

#### Division IX — Motor Fuel Reporting Requirement — Penalty

The Act specifies that each motor fuel retail dealer shall file a report with DOR detailing their total motor fuel gallonage within a reporting period in the manner required by the department and in compliance within the time frames established in Iowa Code section 452A.61. The Act permits DOR to require a retail dealer to file such a report with the department by electronic transmission. The Act allows DOR to impose a civil penalty on the retail dealer, not to exceed \$100, for each instance a retail dealer fails to timely file a report or fails to maintain records required to file the report.

### Division X — Solar Energy System Tax Credit

The Solar Energy System Tax Credit expired for residential installations completed after December 31, 2021, due to conforming with a version of federal law that no longer applies. Additionally, a maximum of \$5 million of both residential and commercial solar energy system credits could be claimed annually, and a wait list existed for installations completed on or prior to December 31, 2021.

The Act extends the residential Solar Energy System Tax Credit for the following Solar Energy System Tax Credit applications for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022: installations that were completed prior to the 2022 calendar year that were denied solely due to the expiration of the credit, regardless of whether the applicant appealed the denial; and installations that were completed during the 2021 calendar year as long as the application was received by June 30, 2022. The Act does not extend the residential Solar Energy System Tax Credit to installations that occurred after December 31, 2021.

The Act also removes the annual \$5 million limit placed on the Solar Energy System Tax Credit for applicants who qualify for the tax credit under the Act.

These provisions took effect June 17, 2022, and apply retroactively to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

### Division XI — Individual Income Tax Exclusion — Certain Premium Pay and Bonuses

The Act excludes from the individual income tax up to \$1,000 of premium pay and bonuses received by certain occupations during the COVID-19 pandemic. The premium pay and bonus exclusion applies to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, but before January 1, 2023, for payments received during the 2022 calendar year.

### **HOUSE FILE 2317 - State Taxation and Revenue — Tax Rates, Credits, and Exemptions**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to state revenue and finance by modifying the individual and the corporate income taxes.

### Division I — Sale of Certain Qualified Stock — Net Capital Gain Exclusion

The Act grants an employee-owner one irrevocable lifetime election to exclude from state individual income tax the net capital gain from the state of the capital stock on one qualified corporation. The election applies to all subsequent sales or exchanges of such capital stock.

The Act phases in over a three-year period the complete exclusion from the individual income tax the net capital gain from the sale of capital stock on one qualified corporation. The percentage of the capital gain that is excluded for tax years beginning in 2023, 2024, and 2025 and beyond is 33 percent, 66 percent, and 100 percent, respectively. Several requirements must be met for the capital stock to qualify as capital stock of a qualified corporation.

The Act provides that the election applies to transfers of the capital stock by inter vivos gift from the employee-owner to a spouse, or to a trust for the benefit of the employee-owner's spouse, if the spouse was married to the employee-owner on the date of the sale or the date of the employee-owner's death.

If, after making a valid inter vivos gift of stock that meets all the requirements for an election, an employee-owner dies without making an election, the surviving spouse, or the personal representative of the employee-owner's estate if there is no surviving spouse, may make the election.

Division I takes effect January 1, 2023, and applies to tax years beginning on or after that date.

### Division II — Retired Farmer Lease Income Exclusion

Commencing with tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, the Act excludes from the individual income tax a retired farmer's total net income received pursuant to a farm tenancy agreement covering real property held by the retired farmer for 10 or more years, if the farmer materially participated in a farming business for 10 or more years.



The Act defines “farming business” to mean any of the following activities intended for profit: the production, care, growing, harvesting, preservation, handling, or storage of crops or forest or fruit trees; the production, care, feeding, management, and housing of livestock; or horticulture.

Net income from a farm tenancy agreement earned by an entity taxed as a partnership for federal tax purposes, an S corporation, or a trust or estate is not eligible for the lease income exclusion, even if the net income passes through to a retired farmer.

A retired farmer is not eligible for the lease income exclusion unless the farmer is at least 55 years of age and no longer materially participating in farming.

A retired farmer who elects to claim the lease income exclusion is not eligible, in the tax year the election is made or in succeeding tax years, to claim the capital gain exclusion under Iowa Code section 422.7(21), as amended by another division of the Act, or the Beginning Farmer Tax Credit.

Division II takes effect January 1, 2023, and applies to tax years beginning on or after that date.

#### Division III — Retired Farmer Capital Gain Exclusion

The Act modifies capital gain exclusion provisions set to go into effect for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, relating to the sale of real property used in a farming business. Prior to the modification of the capital gain exclusion provisions by the Act, a taxpayer who materially participates in a farming business for at least 10 years and held real property used in such a business for at least 10 years may make a single lifetime exclusion election from the individual income tax of the capital gain of the sale of such property for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

For sales consummated after January 1, 2023, the Act modifies the term “materially participated” in a farming business to include a retired farmer if the retired farmer materially participated in a farming business for 10 years or more, in the aggregate, prior to making the election to exclude the capital gain of the sale of real property used in a farming business.

In addition to a single lifetime exclusion of the capital gain from the sale of real property used in a farming business, the Act allows a retired farmer to make a single lifetime exclusion of the net capital gain from the sale of cattle or horses if held by the retired farmer for breeding, draft, dairy, or sporting purposes for more than 24 months, and only if the retired farmer materially participated in the farming business for five of the eight years preceding the retired farmer’s retirement or disability and if the retired farmer sold all or substantially all of the retired farmer’s interest in the farming business by the time the election to exclude capital gain of the sale of livestock from the individual income tax is made.

Additionally, the Act allows a retired farmer to make a single lifetime exclusion of the net capital gain from the sale of breeding livestock, other than cattle and horses, if the livestock is held by the retired farmer for more than 12 months, and only if the retired farmer materially participated in the farming business for five of the eight years preceding the retired farmer’s retirement or disability and if the retired farmer sold all or substantially all of the retired farmer’s interest in the farming business by the time the election to exclude capital gain of the sale of livestock from the individual income tax is made.

Under the Act, a retired farmer is not eligible for the capital gain exclusion if the retired farmer claims the beginning farmer tax credit in the same tax year. A retired farmer electing the capital gain exclusion is not eligible to elect to exclude retired farmer lease income in the same tax year or any succeeding tax year.

Division III takes effect January 1, 2023, and applies to sales consummated on or after that date. Existing law in Iowa Code section 422.7(21) governs sales consummated prior to January 1, 2023.

Division IV — Individual Income Tax — Tax Years 2023-2025

The Act repeals the individual income tax rates and brackets described in 2018 Iowa Acts, chapter 1161, section 107, which otherwise would have gone into effect January 1, 2023, and strikes and replaces the individual income tax rates and brackets for the tax year beginning January 1, 2023, in Iowa Code section 422.5A. The Act reduces individual income tax rates beginning with the 2023 tax year, and reduces the number of individual income tax brackets beginning with the 2024 tax year. The modified individual income tax rates and brackets are as follows:

For the 2023 tax year:

Married filing jointly

Income over:	But not over:	Tax Rate:
1) \$0	\$12,000	4.40%
2) \$12,000	\$60,000	4.82%
3) \$60,000	\$150,000	5.70%
4) \$150,000		6.00%

All other filers other than married filing jointly

Income over:	But not over:	Tax Rate:
1) \$0	\$6,000	4.40%
2) \$6,000	\$30,000	4.82%
3) \$30,000	\$75,000	5.70%
4) \$75,000		6.00%

For the 2024 tax year:

Married filing jointly

Income over:	But not over:	Tax Rate:
1) \$0	\$12,000	4.40%
2) \$12,000	\$60,000	4.82%
3) \$60,000		5.70%

All other filers other than married filing jointly

Income over:	But not over:	Tax Rate:
1) \$0	\$6,000	4.40%
2) \$6,000	\$30,000	4.82%
3) \$30,000		5.70%

For the 2025 tax year:

Married filing jointly

Income over:	But not over:	Tax Rate:
1) \$0	\$12,000	4.40%
2) \$12,000		4.82%

All other filers other than married filing jointly

Income over:	But not over:	Tax Rate:
1) \$0	\$6,000	4.40%
2) \$6,000		4.82%

The Act phases in changes to the alternate tax rate until the rate is set at 4.40 percent commencing with tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.

Division IV takes effect January 1, 2023, and applies to tax years beginning on or after that date.

Division V — Individual Income Tax — Flat Rate

Commencing with tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026, the Act establishes a flat 3.90 percent individual income tax rate on all taxable income. Division V takes effect January 1, 2026, and applies to tax years beginning on or after that date.

### Division VI — Retirement Income Exclusion

Under prior law, a taxpayer who was disabled, who was at least 55 years of age, or who is the surviving spouse or other specified survivor of that qualifying taxpayer, may exclude a maximum of \$6,000 of other retirement income (\$12,000 for married persons).

Commencing with tax years beginning January 1, 2023, the Act excludes retirement income from the computation of net income for purposes of the individual income tax. In order to be eligible for the retirement income exclusion, a person must be disabled, at least 55 years of age, or be the surviving spouse of an individual or be a survivor having an insurable interest in an individual who would have qualified for the retirement income exclusion.

The Act also excludes this retirement income from the calculation of net income for purposes of determining whether a taxpayer's net income exceeds the amount at which the individual income tax will not be imposed, and for which an individual income tax return is not required to be filed, and for purposes of calculating the alternate tax, and further provides that any retirement income excluded from the individual income tax will not be added back to these calculations for tax years beginning in 2023 or later.

### Division VII — Research Activities Tax Credit

The Act modifies the Research Activities Tax Credit available against the individual and corporate income taxes.

The Act requires a taxpayer to use the alternative simplified credit method described in federal law for state tax calculations if the taxpayer elected or was required to use the alternative simplified credit method for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year.

The Act requires the additional regular or alternative credit allowed in Iowa Code section 15.335 to be computed in the same manner as the credit authorized for individual and corporate income taxpayers in Iowa Code sections 422.10 and 422.33(5), respectively.

For individual and corporate income taxpayers, commencing with the tax year beginning January 1, 2023, the Act gradually reduces the refundability of any credit in excess of tax liability from 100 percent refundability to 75 percent or 50 percent refundability, depending upon the circumstances of the credit claimed by the taxpayer.

In lieu of claiming a refund, a taxpayer may elect to have the overpayment that is otherwise eligible for a refund credited to the tax liability for the following tax year.

The Act specifies the credit shall be claimed on a return filed by the due date for filing the return. If the credit is timely claimed on a return, a taxpayer shall not increase the credit claim on an amended return unless the amended return is filed within six months of the due date for filing the return, or the increased credit claim is the result of an audit by the Internal Revenue Service or the Department of Revenue (DOR).

The Act also establishes additional criteria in order to claim the credit when a taxpayer increases research activities in the state.

When calculating the credit, the Act specifies that basic research payments and qualified research expenses shall only include amounts for research conducted in this state and such calculation shall be subject to additional criteria created in the Act.

### Division VIII — Other Tax Credits

*HIGH QUALITY JOBS.* The Act specifies that in allocating tax credits in Iowa Code section 15.119, the Iowa Economic Development Authority shall prioritize allocating tax credits for additional Research Activities Tax Credits.

*REDEVELOPMENT.* Under prior law, 100 percent of the Redevelopment Tax Credit in excess of tax liability was refundable if certain conditions were met. Commencing with the tax year beginning January 1, 2023, the Act

gradually reduces the refundability of the credit in succeeding tax years until 75 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability is refundable for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027.

The Act restricts the transferability of the credit if the taxpayer is a nonprofit organization.

*ENDOW IOWA.* The Act reduces the maximum amount of the credits available to one individual taxpayer from 5 percent of the \$6 million of the authorized credits to \$100,000 of the authorized credits.

*THIRD-PARTY DEVELOPER.* Under prior law, 100 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability was refundable. Commencing with the tax year beginning January 1, 2023, the Act gradually reduces the refundability of the credit in succeeding tax years until 75 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability is refundable for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The credit in excess of tax liability that is otherwise eligible for a refund may be carried forward in future tax years.

*HISTORIC PRESERVATION.* Under prior law, 100 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability was refundable. Commencing with the tax year beginning January 1, 2023, the Act gradually reduces the refundability of the credit in succeeding tax years until 75 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability is refundable for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The credit in excess of tax liability that is otherwise eligible for a refund may be carried forward in future tax years.

*GEOTHERMAL HEAT PUMP.* The Act specifies the credit does not apply to heat pump installations occurring after December 31, 2023.

*ASSISTIVE DEVICE.* Under prior law, 100 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability was refundable for corporate taxpayers. Commencing with the tax year beginning January 1, 2023, the Act gradually reduces the refundability of the credit in succeeding tax years until 75 percent of the credit in excess of tax liability is refundable for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The credit in excess of tax liability that is otherwise eligible for a refund may be carried forward in future tax years.

*PRESERVATION OF EXISTING RIGHTS.* The Act preserves existing rights and is intended to not limit, modify, or otherwise adversely affect any amount of the credit issued, awarded, or allowed prior to January 1, 2023, including but not limited to any credit carryforward amount.

*EFFECTIVE DATE.* Division VIII takes effect January 1, 2023, and applies to tax years beginning on or after that date.

#### Division IX — Corporate Income Tax Rates — Adjustments

The Act establishes a procedure by which corporate income tax rates may be modified commencing with tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

By November 1, 2022, and by November 1 each year thereafter, the Department of Management shall determine the net corporate income tax receipts for the fiscal year preceding the determination date.

Under the Act, if a determination has been made that net corporate income tax receipts for the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$700 million, DOR shall adjust the two highest current corporate tax rates and apply the adjusted rates for tax years beginning on or after the next January 1 following the determination date.

The Act requires the tax rates subject to adjustment to be adjusted in such a way that when combined with all the rates specified in Iowa Code section 422.33(1), the tax rates would have generated net corporate income tax receipts that equal \$700 million. The Act prohibits the tax rates to be adjusted below 5.5 percent.

If a tax rate is adjusted, the Act requires the Director of DOR to cause an advisory notice containing the new corporate tax rates to be published in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin and on the Internet site of DOR. The calculation and publication of the adjusted tax rate by the director is exempt from Iowa Code chapter 17A, and shall be submitted for publication by the first December 31 following the determination date to adjust the tax rates.

Division X — Corporate Income Tax — Flat Tax

When the corporate income tax rates are adjusted to a point at which all the rates equal 5.5 percent, the Act amends Iowa Code section 422.33(1) to codify that the corporate tax rate is 5.5 percent. Division X contingently takes effect the first January 1 after such an occurrence, and applies to tax years beginning on or after that date.

Division XI — Tax Expenditure Committee

The Act strikes the review of tax expenditures by the Tax Expenditure Committee, and requires the applicable department charged with administering a tax expenditure to submit a report to the General Assembly detailing the review in the year the tax expenditure is scheduled to be reviewed.

Division XII — Taxpayer Relief Fund Contingent Transfers

For FY 2023-2024 and subsequent fiscal years, the Act provides for transfers of moneys from the Taxpayer Relief Fund to the General Fund of the State if actual net revenue for the General Fund of the State grows less than 3.5 percent per fiscal year.

**HOUSE FILE 2552 - State and Local Taxation — Department of Revenue Records, Duties, and Procedures — Assessment, Collection, Calculation, and Refunds of Taxes — Debt Collection — Property Assessment Appeal Board Salaries**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to state and local finances and the duties and procedures of the Department of Revenue (DOR) by providing for electronic filing, communications, and records, modifying transfer tax remittances, the assessment of property, the collection of debt, and the taxation of pass-through entities, reducing inheritance taxes for unknown heirs, and establishing salaries.

Division I — Record Retention

Under prior law, the Director of DOR may destroy useless records of any taxpayer filed with or kept by the department. However, the director shall destroy useless records by the end of the calendar year following the year in which the records are determined to be useless. The Act permits a taxpayer or DOR to request the director retain a useless record under certain circumstances. The Act also permits DOR to retain some records if personally identifiable information has been removed, or the records are related to a rule, statement of law or policy, or a final order, decision, or opinion.

The Act allows DOR to make electronic copies of records or use other methods to make such copies.

Division I takes effect January 1, 2025.

Division II — Electronic Filing — Fiduciaries — Business Entities

The Act requires a fiduciary to file an electronic return under any of the following certain circumstances: the individual, estate, or trust has gross receipts of \$250,000 or more; the fiduciary is required to provide 10 or more schedules (K-1) to the beneficiaries; or the fiduciary reports \$25,000 or more of Iowa tax credits.

The Act requires a partnership to file an electronic return under any of the following circumstances: the partnership has gross receipts of \$250,000 or more; the partnership is required to provide 10 or more schedules (K-1) to the partners; or the partnership reports \$25,000 or more of Iowa tax credits.

If a pass-through entity that is required to file a composite return is required to file an electronic return, the Act requires the pass-through entity to file the composite return of the pass-through entity in an electronic format for the same taxable year.

The Act requires a corporation to file an electronic return if the corporation has gross receipts of \$250,000 or more, or the corporation reports \$25,000 or more of Iowa tax credits, or in the case of an S corporation, the corporation is required to issue 10 or more schedules (K-1) to the shareholders.

The Act requires an affiliated group of corporations to file an electronic return regardless of the amount of gross receipts of the affiliated group or lowa tax credits claimed.

The Act requires a financial institution (bank) to file an electronic return under any of the following circumstances: the financial institution has gross receipts of \$250,000 or more; the financial institution reports \$25,000 or more of lowa tax credits, or in the case of an S corporation, the financial institution is required to issue 10 or more schedules (K-1) to the shareholders.

Division II applies to tax years ending on or after December 31, 2022, for a partnership, pass-through entity, corporation, or financial institution, and applies to tax years ending on or after December 31, 2023, for a fiduciary, or for tax years ending on or after December 31 of the calendar year in which DOR implements a system for receiving the electronic returns required by the division.

#### Division III — Electronic Filing — Credit Unions

The Act requires a credit union to file a return in an electronic format specified by DOR.

Division III applies to tax years ending on or after December 31, 2024, or for tax years ending on or after December 31 of the calendar year in which DOR implements a system for receiving the electronic returns required by the division.

#### Division IV — Authority to Charge Fees

The Act specifies DOR may charge a fee for a copy of a return. The fee may be established by rule.

#### Division V — Authority to Act on Behalf of Taxpayer

The Act strikes and replaces provisions relating to the authority of a person to act on behalf of a business entity before DOR, and specifies that such a person must be designated to act on behalf of the business entity in tax matters.

The Act specifies DOR may authorize a trustee to have authority to act on behalf of a taxpayer, if the trustee complies with certain conditions requested by DOR.

The Act specifies DOR may authorize a person named as an agent in a general or durable power of attorney document that is currently in force.

The Act specifies DOR may authorize a person named as a successor of a very small estate to act on behalf of the taxpayer.

The Act requires a person acting on behalf of a taxpayer to certify that the person possesses actual authority to act on behalf of the entity in tax matters.

The Act allows DOR to require any documents or other evidence to demonstrate an individual has authority to act on behalf of the taxpayer before DOR.

#### Division VI — Electronic Communication

Under the Act, DOR may permit a person to elect to receive a notice, correspondence, or other communication electronically.

If a person makes an election to receive an electronic communication, the posting of the electronic communication to the DOR electronic portal satisfies any requirement of mailing or personal service in many circumstances.

The Act allows DOR to send any notice, correspondence, or other communication by mail to a person who has elected to receive an electronic communication.

### Division VII — Income Statements to be Provided to the Department

The Act updates and amends penalties for willful violations of the following: failure to furnish an employee with an income statement; furnishing a false or fraudulent income statement to an employee; failure to file an income statement with DOR; filing a false or fraudulent income statement with DOR; failure to file an annual reporting of taxes withheld with DOR; and filing a false or fraudulent annual reporting of taxes withheld with DOR. Under both the Act and prior law, each violation is punishable by a \$500 civil penalty.

The Act specifies that a person, withholding agent, or other person required to file a withholding return shall be subject to the penalties provided in Iowa Code section 421.27 in addition to the tax or additional tax due.

The Act provides that the director may allow additional time for the filing of documents required by withholding income tax in the case of illness, disability, absence, or if good cause is shown.

### Division VIII — Remittances of Transfer Tax

Under prior law, the county recorder remitted the real estate transfer tax to the Treasurer of State. The Act changes the remittance of the transfer tax by the county recorder by requiring the remittance of the transfer tax by the county recorder to be made to DOR.

### Division IX — Board of Review Eligibility

The Act specifies that if a board of review member is removed, the board member shall not be eligible for appointment to a board of review in this state for six years following the date of the removal.

### Division X — Equalization Adjustments — Appeals

The Act amends Iowa Code section 441.48 to provide that, in addition to the board of supervisors or the city council, a city or county attorney or other official of the county or assessing jurisdiction may provide written notice of intent to appeal an equalization to DOR. The Act also requires the written notice of appeal to be provided within 10 days of the notice provided by DOR. Upon receiving a timely notice of intent to appeal, the Act requires DOR to schedule a hearing on the proposed adjustment with the county or assessing jurisdiction and specifies the allowable formats for the hearing or written presentation of the appeal. The Act specifies that appeals of a proposed adjustment are not subject to Iowa Code chapter 17A.

### Division XI — Business Property Tax Credit and Assessment Limitation

Iowa Code chapter 426C provides a Business Property Tax Credit for commercial, industrial, and railway property for property taxes due and payable in fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2014. The Business Property Tax Credit is funded from an annual standing appropriation of \$125 million.

The Act eliminates the annual appropriation for the Business Property Tax Credit under Iowa Code section 426C.2 for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2023, and provides that moneys remaining in the Business Property Tax Credit Fund at the end of the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022, shall be transferred by DOR for deposit in the General Fund of the State. The Act also establishes a future repeal date for Iowa Code chapter 426C of July 1, 2024.

Previously, Iowa Code section 441.21 imposed an assessment limitation (commonly referred to “rollback”) on commercial property, industrial property, and property valued by DOR under Iowa Code chapter 434 (railway company property) of 90 percent for assessment years beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The Act modifies the amount and methodology for calculating the assessment limitation for property units, as defined in the Act, within those classifications of property. Instead of a uniform percentage of value, for valuations established for the assessment year beginning January 1, 2022, and each assessment year thereafter, the portion of actual value at which each property unit of commercial property shall be assessed shall be the sum of the following: (1) an amount equal to the product of the assessment limitation percentage applicable to residential property multiplied by the actual value of the property that exceeds \$0 but does not exceed \$150,000; and (2) an amount equal to 90

percent of the actual value of the property for that assessment year that exceeds \$150,000. The Act establishes a similar provision for industrial property and provides that the assessed value of railway company property shall be determined in the same manner as commercial property.

The Act also establishes an annual payment to local governments based on the modified assessment limitations imposed on that portion of the value of commercial and industrial properties that does not exceed \$150,000. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2023, there is appropriated from the General Fund of the State to DOR the sum of \$125 million to be used for such payments. If an amount appropriated for a fiscal year is insufficient to make all payments, the director shall prorate the payments to the county treasurers.

#### Division XII — Wage Assignment Notice

The Act modifies Iowa Code section 421.17B (Administrative Wage Assignment Cooperative Agreement). Under the Act, the Centralized Debt Collection Facility (facility) within DOR may proceed against an obligor if a 20 days' notice of intent has been sent to the obligor notifying the obligor the facility intends to begin a wage assignment action. The Act specifies that the 20 days' notice period does not apply if the facility determines the collection of past due amounts would be in jeopardy. After the 20 days' notice period has run, the Act requires the facility to notify the obligor of the initiation of the wage assignment action within two working days of sending the notice to the obligor's employer, and the facility may obtain multiple wage assignments, if the obligor has multiple employers.

#### Division XIII — Out-of-State Reciprocal Collections

The Act modifies provisions related to out-of-state reciprocal debt collections. Under prior law, the provisions were limited to the collection of out-of-state tax debt. The Act expands the types of debt the director is able to collect, and allows the director to enter into an agreement with a department in another state to collect the debts being collected by DOR. The Act allows the director to enter into agreements to collect the debts of another state through DOR. The Act requires the out-of-state debt being collected by DOR to be delinquent and not subject to litigation prior to accepting the collection on such debt.

The Act establishes procedures to collect out-of-state debt including procedures for challenging the collection of such debt. The Act allows DOR to collect a fee from the amount of out-of-state debt collected.

The Act specifies that DOR may release taxpayer information that otherwise would be confidential when working with an out-of-state department or agency, provided the out-of-state department or agency complies with Iowa confidentiality law.

#### Division XIV — Pass-Through Entity Taxation

The Act changes the term "state partnership representative" to "state pass-through representative" numerous times.

The Act modifies certain penalties for pass-through entities that fail to timely file an income return. The provision took effect May 2, 2022, and applies retroactively to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.

The Act permits a pass-through entity filing a composite return that has a nonrefundable income tax credit carryforward amount attributable to the composite return following the close of the entity's composite return for the tax year that began during the 2021 calendar year to allocate those income tax credit carryforward amounts to the pass-through entity's partners, members, beneficiaries, or shareholders in the pass-through entity's tax year that begins during the 2022 calendar year.

#### Division XV — Inheritance Tax — Unknown Heirs

Under prior law, if an heir entitled to an estate interest cannot be found, a tax of 5 percent was paid to the state, until the heir was found, and at such time the correct amount of inheritance tax was recomputed and paid to the state. The Act reduces the inheritance tax on an unknown heir on the same percentage basis the inheritance tax is being reduced in Iowa Code section 450.10.



Division XV applies retroactively to January 1, 2021.

Division XVI — Notice Requirements for Publication of Interest Rates

The Act strikes a provision requiring the director to publish the rate of interest in a newspaper, and substitutes this requirement by allowing for the publication of interest rates on the Internet site of DOR.

Division XVII — Property Assessment Appeal Board — Salaries

The General Assembly periodically establishes salary ranges for certain appointed state officers and authorizes a person (generally the Governor) to establish the salaries of those state officers. In 2013, the General Assembly amended the most recent salary range legislation (2008 Iowa Acts, chapter 1191) to add members of the Property Assessment Appeal Board to salary range 5 (\$73,250 to \$112,070) (2013 Iowa Acts, chapter 123). The Act removes members of the Property Assessment Appeal Board from the most recent salary range and provides that the salaries of such members shall be set by the Governor and be commensurate with the salary of an administrative law judge.

This division of the Act applies to fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2022, effective with the pay period beginning June 24, 2022.

Division XVIII — Due Dates — Holidays

The Act establishes more uniformity for references to due dates and holidays of DOR and makes related conforming changes.

Division XIX — Aviation and Marine Fuel — Calculations

The Act specifies the calculations to be used to calculate the amounts to be deposited into the aviation and marine fuel funds.

Division XX — Inheritance Tax Repeal — Submission of Proposed Iowa Code Changes

The Act delays by two years the due date of the proposed bill DOR must submit to the General Assembly for Iowa Code updates relating to the inheritance tax repeal. The Act is now required to be submitted to the General Assembly by the 2024 regular session of the 90th General Assembly.



## TRANSPORTATION

- SENATE FILE 333** - Authorized Emergency Vehicles — Operation — Equipment — Liability
- SENATE FILE 551** - Fire Fighters and Emergency Medical Services Members — Motor Vehicle Operation, Equipment, and Training — Emergencies
- SENATE FILE 2337** - Commercial Driver's License Testing — Third-party Testers and Test Examiners
- SENATE FILE 2370** - Aircraft — Special Certificates for Manufacturers, Transporters, and Dealers — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions
- SENATE FILE 2376** - Vehicles of Excessive Size and Weight — All-Systems Permits — Use of Funds
- HOUSE FILE 2124** - Airport Registration and Site Approval
- HOUSE FILE 2130** - Registered All-Terrain Vehicles and Off-Road Utility Vehicles — Miscellaneous Changes
- HOUSE FILE 2259** - Persons with Disabilities Special Registration Plates and Parking Permits — Statement of Disability — Occupational Therapists, Physical Therapists, and Out-of-State Medical Professionals
- HOUSE FILE 2345** - Peace Officers — Designated Department of Transportation Employees — Repeal Extended
- HOUSE FILE 2518** - Cranes of Excessive Size and Weight — Annual Permit

## RELATED LEGISLATION

- SENATE FILE 581** - Fishing and Hunting Licenses and Permits  
*SEE NATURAL RESOURCES AND OUTDOOR RECREATION.* This Act relates to fishing and hunting licenses and permits and deer population management. The Act requires the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to conduct a study every three years regarding various impacts of the deer population in this state. The Act requires DNR to work with relevant representatives from the Iowa State University of Science and Technology Agricultural Extension Service, the Department of Transportation, and the Insurance Division of the Department of Commerce.
- SENATE FILE 2383** - Local Inspections of Manufactured Homes — Work-Based Learning — Health Care Professionals Loan Repayment and Award Programs — Licensing Regulation and Fees and Veterans and Military Spouses — Insurance Producer Licensing  
*SEE STATE GOVERNMENT.* This Act relates to various matters under the purview of the state and is organized into seven divisions. Division VI of the Act prohibits the department of transportation (DOT) from charging a veteran with a permanent service-connected disability rating of 100 percent the fees for a noncommercial driver's license or motorcycle license. The division also prohibits the DOT from charging a veteran who is on federal or state active duty, or who was issued an honorable discharge or general discharge under honorable conditions from such service, the fees for a chauffeur's license or commercial driver's license. The division prohibits a city from charging veterans who display certain veteran status designations a parking fee.
- HOUSE FILE 2128** - Renewable Fuels  
*SEE AGRICULTURE.* This Act includes a number of provisions related to the use of renewable fuels used to power motor vehicles, and includes certain compliance requirements and promotional programs administered by a number of state entities including the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship. The Act requires a retail dealer of motor fuel owning or operating a retail motor fuel site to comply with an E-15 access standard by advertising and selling E-15 from a minimum number of qualifying

gasoline dispensers located at the retail dealer's retail site. The Act amends provisions establishing excise taxes imposed on gasoline, diesel fuel, and their biofuel components. The Act also amends provisions establishing income tax credits claimed by eligible retail dealers.

- HOUSE FILE 2167** - Health Care Insurance Coverage — Autism Spectrum Disorder  
***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act defines “autism spectrum disorder” as a mental health condition that meets the diagnostic criteria for such disorder as published in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association’s Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders and makes conforming changes to Iowa Code section 321.189 (driver’s licenses) and Iowa Code section 321.190 (nonoperator’s identification cards).
- HOUSE FILE 2341** - Foreign Vehicles — Transfer of Ownership — Insurance Carriers  
***SEE BUSINESS, BANKING, AND INSURANCE.*** This Act authorizes a person to transfer ownership of a vehicle that is registered and titled in a state other than Iowa without first obtaining an Iowa certificate of title if the person transfers the vehicle to an insurance carrier authorized to do business in Iowa.
- HOUSE FILE 2557** - Appropriations — Transportation  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act makes appropriations to the Department of Transportation for FY 2022-2023, and includes certain appropriations for FY 2023-2024 and FY 2024-2025.
- HOUSE FILE 2579** - Appropriations — Infrastructure and Capital Projects  
***SEE APPROPRIATIONS.*** This Act requires the Department of Transportation to establish a Des Moines Area Regional Transit Authority Alternative Funding Advisory Committee to study alternative methods to increase funding without an increase in property taxes and submit a report.

## TRANSPORTATION

### **SENATE FILE 333 - Authorized Emergency Vehicles — Operation — Equipment — Liability**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act relates to authorized emergency vehicles and the operation of such vehicles.

*OPERATION IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS.* The Act allows the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle to exercise the privileges set forth in Iowa Code section 321.231 when in pursuit of a perpetrator of a misdemeanor, as opposed to a felony under prior law. Under such circumstances, the Act also allows the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle to drive the vehicle on the shoulder or median of a highway, to disregard laws or regulations governing turning the vehicle in specified directions, and to disregard laws or regulations governing overtaking or passing other motorists. The Act also allows the driver of an official fire department vehicle, police vehicle, rescue vehicle, ambulance, emergency medical services vehicle, or emergency management vehicle, or a peace officer riding a police bicycle, to proceed past a stop signal or stop sign, but only after slowing down to or maintaining a speed deemed necessary for safe operation by the driver, and to exceed the maximum speed limits so long as the driver does not recklessly endanger life or property.

The Act provides that a peace officer operating an authorized emergency vehicle may execute a pursuit intervention technique (PIT), as defined in the Act, if such execution is reasonable under the circumstances based on the information perceived by the officer at the time, and the officer has completed a PIT training course approved by the Iowa Law Enforcement Academy.

*PARADES AND EVENTS.* The Act allows the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle to operate the vehicle as part of an official governmental event for the purposes of the safety and security of an elected official, candidate for public office, or the public, or as part of an approved parade or other public service event.

*IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.* The Act provides that a certified fire fighter, emergency medical care provider, peace officer, reserve peace officer, or emergency management agency employee who has completed certain training, or an associated entity, shall not be liable for any consequence of injury or loss arising from the operation of an authorized emergency vehicle in response to an emergency call or to an incident dangerous to the public unless the vehicle is operated with reckless disregard for the safety of persons or property.

The Act specifies that the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle shall not be liable for any injury or loss unless reckless disregard for the safety of persons or property is proven by a preponderance of the evidence. In a claim against the operator of an authorized emergency vehicle, a judge must make a prima facie finding of recklessness before the matter proceeds to trial.

*LIGHTS, SIRENS, AND AIR HORNS.* The Act allows an authorized emergency medical services program, fire department, or law enforcement agency to equip one or more vehicles with an air horn or low-frequency siren and requires certain vehicles to be equipped with an electric or electronic siren capable of emitting at least two distinct siren tones, and one or more compatible siren speakers.

The Act provides when an authorized emergency vehicle's emergency lights, siren, whistle, air horn, or bell may be used and when such devices must be used.

*DESIGNATION AS AUTHORIZED EMERGENCY VEHICLE.* The Act includes in the list of vehicles authorized to be designated as authorized emergency vehicles those vehicles owned by a certified chief or certified fire officer of a volunteer fire department, a fire department comprised of a combination of volunteer and paid members, or a nonprofit corporation that delivers emergency services; and vehicles owned by a chief, medical director, or certified medical provider of an authorized emergency medical service.

The Act prohibits a public or private entity from requiring an employee or volunteer to apply for or maintain a certificate of designation for an authorized emergency vehicle, and from requiring a person to operate or use an authorized emergency vehicle.

The Act took effect May 24, 2022, and Iowa Code section 321.231B (limiting liability for certain authorized emergency vehicle operators), as enacted, applies to causes of action accrued on or after May 24, 2022.

**SENATE FILE 551 - Fire Fighters and Emergency Medical Services Members — Motor Vehicle Operation, Equipment, and Training — Emergencies**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act relates to fire fighters and emergency medical services members responding to emergency situations.

The Act allows the driver of a vehicle displaying blue lights or fire fighter or emergency medical services registration plates to reasonably exceed the maximum speed limits based on the facts and circumstances at the time when responding to, but not upon returning from, an emergency call or fire alarm. The driver must have received emergency vehicle operations training and be a current member of a paid or volunteer fire department or emergency medical services agency.

The Act does not relieve the driver from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of all other persons, and the Act does not protect the driver from the consequences of the driver's reckless disregard for the safety of others.

Under current law, a person who is a current member of a paid or volunteer emergency medical services agency, or a current or retired member of a paid or volunteer fire department, may apply for fire fighter or emergency medical services registration plates.

The Act requires a court to dismiss and expunge from a driver's record any speeding citation issued to a driver under circumstances in which the driver complied with the Act and who presents to the court a signed statement from the applicable fire chief or chief officer of an emergency medical services agency providing relevant details about the driver's operation of the vehicle while responding to an emergency call or fire alarm. However, this provision does not apply to a driver who holds a commercial driver's license or commercial learner's permit.

The Act extends the authorized use of a flashing blue light to vehicles authorized by the chief officer of an emergency medical services agency, when a member of such organization makes a request to the Department of Transportation to display a blue light for purposes of the Act. In addition, the Act requires a member of a fire department to receive emergency vehicle operations training prior to being authorized to use blue flashing lights.

**SENATE FILE 2337 - Commercial Driver's License Testing — Third-party Testers and Test Examiners**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act relates to third-party commercial driver's license testing.

The Department of Transportation (DOT) is required to examine applicants for driver's licenses. However, under prior law, the DOT was authorized to designate community colleges and other third-party testers to administer the driving skills test required for a commercial driver's license (CDL), but not the knowledge skills test. The DOT adopted rules, in accordance with prior law, requiring that a third-party tester, other than a community college, either be an Iowa-based motor carrier, or its subsidiary, that maintains a principal office and operates a permanent commercial driver training facility in Iowa, or an Iowa nonprofit corporation that serves as a trade association for Iowa-based motor carriers.

The Act authorizes third-party testers who comply with federal regulatory requirements, and who are designated by the DOT, to administer the knowledge and driving skills tests required for commercial learner's permits and CDLs. The Act authorizes Iowa public transit systems (an urban or regional transit system providing transit services accessible to the general public and receiving federal, state, or local tax support) and Iowa regional transit systems (a public transit system serving one county or all or part of a multicounty area whose boundaries correspond to the same boundaries as those of the regional planning areas designated by the Governor except as agreed upon by the county and the DOT) to be third-party CDL testers.

**SENATE FILE 2370 - Aircraft — Special Certificates for Manufacturers, Transporters, and Dealers — Sales and Use Tax Exemptions**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act relates to aircraft, including special certificates issued to aircraft manufacturers, transporters, and dealers, and sales tax exemptions associated with aircraft.

*SPECIAL CERTIFICATES.* Under current law, an aircraft manufacturer or dealer may operate an aircraft for purposes of transporting, testing, demonstrating, or selling the aircraft without registering the aircraft by obtaining a special certificate from the Department of Transportation (DOT).

The Act limits the period a manufacturer or dealer may operate such an aircraft under a special certificate to three years. The Act increases the annual fee for a special certificate from \$100 to \$400, and provides that a special certificate expires at midnight on October 31 rather than midnight on June 30. The Act provides that the DOT may refuse to issue, or may revoke or suspend, a special certificate if the person making application for, or holding, the special certificate operated such an aircraft without a special certificate for the aircraft in violation of the Act.

The Act specifies that fees received by the DOT for the issuance of special certificates must be deposited in the State Aviation Fund, in accordance with the current practice.

These provisions take effect June 30, 2022, and apply to special certificates issued by the DOT that are valid for a period beginning after midnight on June 30, 2022. The Act provides that special certificates issued by the DOT that are valid for a period beginning after midnight on June 30, 2022, but beginning before midnight on October 31, 2022, will expire at midnight on October 31, 2023, and such special certificates will be considered valid for only one year, even if the certificate was held for more than one year.

Iowa Code section 328.40 provides that any person who violates any of the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 328 (Aeronautics), including the provisions of the Act, is guilty of a fraudulent practice.

*SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTIONS.* Under prior law, Iowa Code section 423.3 exempted from the Iowa sales and use tax, among other things, the sale or use of aircraft component parts permanently attached to an aircraft, including repair or replacement materials or parts, and repair, remodeling, and maintenance services used on an aircraft, aircraft engine, or aircraft component materials or parts, provided the aircraft is used in either a scheduled or nonscheduled interstate Federal Aviation Administration certified air carrier operation (scheduled or nonscheduled FAA operation).

The Act removes the requirement that the aircraft be used in a scheduled or nonscheduled FAA operation to qualify for the exemption. The sale or use of the component parts and services described above will be exempt from the sales and use tax when permanently attached to or performed on any aircraft. The Act defines "aircraft" to mean the same as it does for purposes of Iowa Code chapter 328, which includes any contrivance now known, or hereafter invented, used or designed for navigation of or flight in the air, for the purpose of transporting persons or property, or both.

#### **SENATE FILE 2376 - Vehicles of Excessive Size and Weight — All-Systems Permits — Use of Funds**

BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS. This Act creates an annual permit for vehicles exceeding the statutory gross vehicle weight limit.

Under current law, Iowa Code chapter 321E authorizes single-trip, multi-trip, and annual permits for vehicles that exceed the size and weight limitations under Iowa Code chapter 321 (Motor Vehicles and Law of the Road). Generally, such permits may be issued by the Department of Transportation (DOT) for vehicles traveling on highways under its jurisdiction. A local authority may also generally issue such permits for streets or highways under its jurisdiction. The DOT may issue an annual all-systems permit authorizing vehicles of excessive size and weight, not to exceed 80,000 pounds, to travel on certain state highways and certain local streets or highways. The fee for an annual all-systems permit is \$160.

The Act authorizes the DOT to issue a new annual all-systems permit for vehicles carrying an indivisible or divisible load not exceeding the current size restrictions under Iowa Code chapter 321 and not exceeding the gross weight authorized under Iowa Code section 321.463 by more than 12 percent. Vehicles permitted under the Act with a gross weight exceeding 80,000 pounds are prohibited from traveling on any portion of the interstate road system.

The fee for the permit is \$500 and the fee is deposited into the Road Use Tax Fund. Of the total for each fee collected, \$375 must be credited to the DOT every month. The DOT must distribute such moneys to counties having jurisdiction

over secondary roads on which vehicles issued a permit pursuant to the Act are authorized to operate. Such moneys must be used to inspect, maintain, repair, or construct bridges on the county's secondary roads.

The Act requires every county to authorize vehicles permitted in accordance with the Act to operate on secondary roads within the county on or before July 1, 2025. Counties must indicate to the DOT in writing, including by means of electronic communication, those secondary roads for which a permit is not valid, as described in Iowa Code section 321E.3, as amended by the Act.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2023.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2124 - Airport Registration and Site Approval**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act relates to airports, air traffic patterns, and airport site approval.

The Act eliminates the Department of Transportation (DOT) requirement to promulgate rules to ensure that airports adopt safe air traffic patterns and demonstrate that such air traffic patterns are safely coordinated, as those matters are currently administered and enforced by the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Aviation Administration.

The Act also eliminates all of the following: a requirement that the DOT adopt rules governing the issuance of certificates of airport site approval; a requirement that the DOT charge a reasonable site safety inspection fee for the issuance of certificates of airport site approval; a requirement that the DOT investigate whether the site is adequate for the proposed airport, whether such proposed airport will conform to minimum standards of safety, and whether safe air traffic patterns are established for the proposed airport and safely coordinated; provisions governing when a certificate of airport site approval remains in effect; a prohibition against requiring a certificate of airport site approval for an existing airport; and an authorization for the DOT to hold a related administrative hearing.

#### **HOUSE FILE 2130 - Registered All-Terrain Vehicles and Off-Road Utility Vehicles — Miscellaneous Changes**

BY COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT. This Act authorizes the operation of registered all-terrain vehicles, including off-road utility vehicles, (ATVs) on additional highways for additional purposes.

The Act specifies that an ATV is considered a motor vehicle under current law, and as such, ATVs are required to comply with existing applicable vehicle equipment requirements when operated on a highway.

Current law requires a person operating an ATV on a highway to have a valid driver's license and operate the ATV at speeds of 35 miles per hour or less. Unless the operation is between sunrise and sunset and is incidental to the ATV's use for agricultural purposes, the Act adds that a person must also be at least 18 years old, have financial liability coverage in effect for the ATV, and carry proof of such coverage.

The Act authorizes a person to operate a registered ATV on all unpaved secondary roads. A person may also operate a registered ATV on undivided two-lane primary highways, not including interstate highways, and on paved, undivided two-lane secondary roads over the most direct and accessible route between an ATV park or trail, another secondary road or city street on which ATVs are authorized, and the ATV operator's residence. In addition, a county may authorize the operation of ATVs on other paved and undivided secondary roads.

Under current law, an ATV must be registered with the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 321I prior to its operation on a highway, unless the operator is making a direct crossing of a highway or complies with the limited purposes as provided in Iowa Code section 321.234A. The Act prohibits the use of fees collected for ATV registrations for law enforcement purposes outside of a designated ATV recreational riding area or for maintaining signs along a highway outside of a designated riding area.

The Act authorizes a county to prohibit the operation of ATVs on secondary roads when the road is closed to motor vehicle traffic or designated as a detour route. If a county establishes an ordinance prohibiting the operation of ATVs on a secondary road for any other reason, the prohibition can last no longer than seven consecutive days and no more than 30 days in a calendar year.



A city may regulate the operation of registered ATVs on streets under its jurisdiction; however, the city cannot charge a fee to operate an ATV within the city.

**HOUSE FILE 2259 - Persons with Disabilities Special Registration Plates and Parking Permits — Statement of Disability — Occupational Therapists, Physical Therapists, and Out-of-State Medical Professionals**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act authorizes certain medical professionals to make a statement that is required when a person applies for persons with disabilities special registration plates and parking permits.

Under current law, persons with disabilities may submit an application to the Department of Transportation (DOT) for persons with disabilities special registration plates and parking permits. The application must provide a statement from a licensed physician, physician assistant, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or chiropractor (medical professional). An application for plates or permits must provide a statement from a medical professional licensed in Iowa, while the statement for a permit must be provided by a medical professional licensed to practice in Iowa or, under prior law, a contiguous state. Current law requires the medical professional to provide the statement in writing on the medical professional's stationery and comply with other DOT rules.

The Act authorizes an occupational therapist licensed under Iowa Code chapter 148B and a physical therapist licensed under Iowa Code chapter 148A to provide the required statement for both plates and permits. The Act authorizes a physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, chiropractor, occupational therapist, and physical therapist licensed in another state, rather than a contiguous state, to provide the required statement for permits.

**HOUSE FILE 2345 - Peace Officers — Designated Department of Transportation Employees — Repeal Extended**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. In 2017, the General Assembly amended Iowa Code section 321.477 to specify the powers, duties, and limitations of Department of Transportation employees who are designated as peace officers. Under the terms of the legislation, the amended language was set to be repealed effective July 1, 2018. In 2018, the General Assembly extended the future repeal provision to July 1, 2019, and in 2019, the General Assembly again extended the future repeal provision to July 1, 2022. This Act extends the future repeal provision to July 1, 2023.

The Act took effect May 23, 2022.

**HOUSE FILE 2518 - Cranes of Excessive Size and Weight — Annual Permit**

BY COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. This Act relates to annual permits for cranes of certain sizes and weights.

Current law authorizes a permitted crane to move temporarily on streets, roads, or highways if its gross weight was less than or equal to 24,000 pounds on any single axle, which exceeds the generally allowed single-axle weight limit by 4,000 pounds. Based on this provision, the Department of Transportation's administrative rules provide for single-trip permits for cranes with a single-axle load not exceeding 24,000 pounds, but do not provide for annual permits or other permits for such cranes.

The Act creates an annual permit for cranes with a single-axle weight not exceeding 24,000 pounds that are being temporarily moved on highways. A permitted crane must not exceed the width, height, and length limits established under Iowa Code chapter 321 (Motor Vehicles and Law of the Road) and may be moved on highways specified by the permit-issuing authority if the total gross weight of the crane does not exceed 80,000 pounds.

The fee for the annual permit is \$400.

The Act takes effect January 1, 2023.



## 2022 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

## KEY TO CHART

**Eff. Date:** Indicates first date on which bill section has legal effect, not necessarily specified in bill.  
**App. Date:** Indicates first date on which bill section practically applies as particularly specified in the bill.  
**Gov's Action:** Signed, Veto, Item Veto Full, or Item Veto Part.  
**Gov's Action Date:** Indicates date of approval, veto, or item veto.

**LAST UPDATED:** June 27, 2022

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
1C.17	New	<a href="#">SF2380, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">2.45 (5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2317, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">2.48 (1,2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2317, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">2.48 (3)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">2.48 (3)(f)(5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2552, §28, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">2.48 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">4.1 (9A)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2578, §58</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">7A.3 (1)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">7D.16</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §89, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">8.53</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2126, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">8.54 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">8.57C (3)(a)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">8.57C (3)(j)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2579, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">8.57E (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">8A.111 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2126, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
8A.360	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
8A.360A	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">8A.362 (3)(b)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
8A.368	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
8A.369	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">8A.502 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2126, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">8A.504 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2126, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">8B.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §23, 27, 28</a>	2022-06-21	2022-06-24	Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">8B.11 (5)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">8D.3 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §24, 27, 28</a>	2022-06-21	2022-06-24	Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">9.4A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2385, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">9.14 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">9A.114</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF364, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">9C.3 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">9C.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">9E.7 (4A)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §110, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">9G.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">9G.6 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">10.1 (9)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">10A.104 (11)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">11.5B (15)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §25, 27, 28</a>	2022-06-21	2022-06-24	Signed	2022-06-21
11.31A	New	<a href="#">HF2489, §1, 7, 8</a>	2022-05-23	2002-07-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">11.41 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">12.30 (5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2295, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">12.43 (5)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §90, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
12.51	New	<a href="#">HF2573, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">12.61 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">12B.10 (6)(n)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2501, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">12B.10C (4)(k)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2501, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">12I.3 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">12J.2 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2373, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">13.2 (1)(p)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF522, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">15.108 (9)(g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §1, 12</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.119 (2)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2564, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.119 (2)(a)(3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §45, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.120 (1)(h)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2325, §2, 12</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.120 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §3, 12</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.261</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §15, 20, 21</a>	2022-06-17	2020-06-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.262</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §16, 20, 21</a>	2022-06-17	2020-06-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.271 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">15.275</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2564, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.293A (1)(c)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §46, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.293A (2)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §47, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.293B (5A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2295, §183, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">15.331A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §54, 58, 59</a>	2022-06-17	2022-06-17	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.331A (4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2367, §55, 58, 59</a>	2022-06-17	2022-06-17	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.331C (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §49, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.331C (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §5, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">15.331C (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §56, 58, 59</a>	2022-06-17	2022-06-17	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15.335 (4)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §30, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.335 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §31, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.335 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §32, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15.335C (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §4, 12</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.335C (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2325, §5, 12</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.352 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §6, 12, 13</a>	2022-03-23	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.352 (11)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2325, §7, 12, 13</a>	2022-03-23	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.353 (2)(e)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2325, §8, 12, 13</a>	2022-03-23	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.353 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §9, 12, 13</a>	2022-03-23	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.354 (3)(c)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §10, 12</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.354 (3)(e)(2)(b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2325, §11, 12, 13</a>	2022-03-23	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">15.355 (2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2367, §57, 58, 59</a>	2022-06-17	2022-06-17	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15E.71</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">15E.305 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §48, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">15E.370 (6)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">15F.401 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15F.401 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15F.401 (4,5,6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15F.402 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15F.403 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15F.403 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15F.403 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">15F.404</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2579, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">15J.5 (1)(b)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">16.2D (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2258, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.2D (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2258, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.2D (2)(b)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2258, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.2D (3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2258, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.2D (4)(a)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2258, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.2D (6)(a,b)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2258, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">16.2D (8)(d,e)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2258, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.2D (9)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2258, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">16.79A (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">17A.7 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">17A.8 (2,8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">17A.9A (4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">22.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2322, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">22.7 (5A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF513, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">22.7 (75)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2378, §1, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">22A.1 (u1)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2295, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">23A.2 (10)(k)(8,10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">24.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">24.9 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">24.10</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">24.11</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">24.18</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2295, §186</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">25B.6 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">26.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF183, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">26.7 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2279, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">26.7 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2279, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">26.10 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2279, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">26A.1</a>	New	<a href="#">SF183, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">26A.2</a>	New	<a href="#">SF183, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">26A.3</a>	New	<a href="#">SF183, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">26A.4</a>	New	<a href="#">SF183, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">27B.1 (u1)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2295, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">Ch. 28L</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">29A.43 (2,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2300, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">29B.4 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">29C.6 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2295, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">29C.9 (9A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2298, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">29C.25 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">34A.2 (1,2,3,17)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">34A.3 (3A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2298, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">34A.7A (5)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2436, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">34A.8 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">35A.13 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2501, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">35A.13 (3A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2501, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">35A.13 (4)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2501, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">39.28</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">39A.4 (1)(c)(9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §180</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">41.1 (19,40,97)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">43.20 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2466, §1, 4</a>	2022-03-22		Signed	2022-03-22
<a href="#">43.114</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">44.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">44.18 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">45.1 (7)(0a)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2466, §2, 4</a>	2022-03-22		Signed	2022-03-22
<a href="#">45.1 (7)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2466, §3, 4</a>	2022-03-22		Signed	2022-03-22
<a href="#">45.1 (7)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">46.3 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2558, §7</a>	2022-07-01		IV Full	2022-06-17
<a href="#">46.6 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2558, §8</a>	2022-07-01		IV Full	2022-06-17
<a href="#">46.14 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">46.14A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">47.3 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">49.17</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2589, §29, 30</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">49.53 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">53.47 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">68A.405A (3,4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">70A.39 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">73A.21 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">80.6A (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">80.48 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2559, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">80B.11 (1)(l)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2358, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">80B.15 (1)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2358, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">80D.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">80E.1 (2)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2367, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">80E.2 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2367, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">80E.2 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">80F.1 (1)(0a,0f)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2496, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">80F.1 (23)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2496, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">80F.1 (23)(c)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2496, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">80F.1 (24)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2496, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">85.1 (3)(b)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">85.27 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2411, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.27 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2411, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.31 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">85.35 (7A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2411, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.45 (4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2411, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.48</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2411, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.61 (01)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2411, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.65</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2411, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.66 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2411, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85.67</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">85.67A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2411, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">85A.8</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">87.19</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">89.3 (5)(a)(4)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">89.3 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">89A.10 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">90A.1 (5A,5B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF803, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">90A.8 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">91A.2 (3)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">91C.1 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">91C.9 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">91D.1 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">92.8 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2190, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">96.1A (14)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.1A (16)(e)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.1A (16)(g)(3)(d)(iii)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2355, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.3 (5)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2355, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.3 (7)(b)(1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2355, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.5 (1)(d,e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">96.5 (2)(d)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2355, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.5 (3)(a)(1)(a,b,c,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2355, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.5 (3)(a)(1)(e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2355, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">96.6 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2355, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.7 (2)(d)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.7 (7)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.14 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.14 (3)(b,i)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.14 (3)(j)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.14 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.14 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.14 (13)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.15 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">96.40 (2)(l)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2355, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">96.40 (4A,12)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2355, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">97A.6 (11)(b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">97B.48A (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2266, §1, 3</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">97B.50A (5)(b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">97B.56</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">97D.4 (3)(0g)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2501, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">99B.3 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §91, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.3 (3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §92, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.43 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §93, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.43 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §94, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.43 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §95, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.43 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §96, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.53 (2,3,4,13)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §97, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99B.55 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §98, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">99D.7 (5)(c)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2378, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">99D.7 (23)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99D.9 (6)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99D.9D</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2497, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99D.15 (4)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2497, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99D.24 (4)(c,d)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2497, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99D.27A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2378, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">99D.28 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.1 (18)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.1 (24)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.1 (27A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2497, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.1 (28)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.4 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.4 (22)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.5A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2497, §17, 18, 19</a>	2022-06-17	2022-06-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.7 (10)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.7A (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.7A (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.12 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.15 (4)(n,o)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2497, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99F.19 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2497, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99G.30A (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">99G.36 (3)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">99G.36 (4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">100.31 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">103.36</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">123.3 (9,11,22,29,30)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §16, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.3 (40)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §17, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07



## 2022 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">123.3 (45)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §18, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.3 (46)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §19, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.9 (5,7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §20, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.10 (3,6,14)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §21, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.15</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §22, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.16 (6,7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §23, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.17 (7)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2564, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">123.17 (7A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2385, §30, 32</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">123.22 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §24, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.23 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §7, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.24</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §25, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.26</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §26, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.28 (2,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §27, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.30</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §1, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.31</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §2, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
123.31A	New	<a href="#">SF2374, §3, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
123.31B	New	<a href="#">SF2374, §4, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.32</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §28, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.34</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §29, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
123.35	New	<a href="#">SF2374, §30, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.36</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §8, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.38 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §31, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.38 (2)(a)(4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §32, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.39 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §33, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.39 (1)(b)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §34, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.39 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §35, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.40</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §36, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.41 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §9, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.43 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §10, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.43A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §37, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.43A (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §38, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.45 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §39, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.45 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §40, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.46 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §41, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.46A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §42, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.47 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §43, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.48 (1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §44, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.49 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §45, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.49 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §46, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.49 (2)(d)(1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §47, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.49 (2)(g,i)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §48, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.49 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §49, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.49 (4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §50, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.50 (1,2,4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §51, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.50 (3)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §52, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
123.56	New	<a href="#">HF2340, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-09
<a href="#">123.92 (2)(a,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §53, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.92 (3)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §54, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.95 (2)(a,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §55, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.97</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §87, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.122 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §56, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.123</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §87, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.124</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §57, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07



Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">123.125</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §58, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.127 (2)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §59, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.128</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.129</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.130 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §60, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.130 (2,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §61, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.131</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.132</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.134</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §11, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.135 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §12, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.135 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §62, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.138 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §63, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.138 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §64, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.138 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §65, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.138 (2)(d)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §66, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.140</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.141</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §67, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.142 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §68, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.143 (1)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §69, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.143 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §70, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.150</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §87, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.171 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §71, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.172</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §87, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.173</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §72, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.173A</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §73, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.173B</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §87, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.175 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §74, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.175 (1)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §75, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.175 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §76, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.175 (2)(d,g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §77, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.176 (2,5,7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §78, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.177 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §79, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.177 (3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §80, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.178</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.178A</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.178B</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §5, 6</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.179</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2374, §13, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.180 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §14, 15</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.180 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §81, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.181 (1)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §82, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.181 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §83, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.185</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2374, §87, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.187 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §84, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">123.187 (2)(d)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2374, §85, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">124.204 (2)(bt,bu,bv,bw,bx,by,bz,ca,cb,cc,cd,ce,cf, cg,ch,ci,cj,ck,cl,cm)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2201, §1, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.204 (2)(cl)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §7, 20, 21</a>	2022-06-21	2022-05-02	Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">124.204 (4)(bs,bt,bu,bv,bw,bx,by,bz)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2201, §2, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.204 (6)(i)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2201, §3, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.204 (7)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2201, §4, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.204 (9)(a,h,i,j,k,l,n,o,p,q,r)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2201, §5, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02

## 2022 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">124.204 (9)(x)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2201, §6, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.206 (2)(a)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2201, §7, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.206 (2)(a)(u1)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2589, §16, 20, 21</a>	2022-06-21	2022-05-02	Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">124.210 (6)(n)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2201, §8, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.212 (5)(f)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2201, §9, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.401 (1)(a)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2462, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.401 (1)(b)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2462, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.401 (1)(c)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2462, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.401 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">124.555 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2201, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.555 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2201, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124.555 (3)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2201, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124B.2 (1)(ae,af,ag)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2201, §10, 11</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">124E.2 (13)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2295, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">125.2 (11A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF513, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">125.59 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §86, 88</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">125.91 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF513, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">125.92 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">135.107 (2)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">135.109 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">135.146 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">135.166 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
135.180	New	<a href="#">HF2578, §82</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">135.190 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2573, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">135.190 (4A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2573, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
135.190A	New	<a href="#">HF2573, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">135C.2 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">135C.3 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">135C.36 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2172, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">135J.1 (01)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF803, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">135J.1 (6)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">135J.3 (1,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">135N.1</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2200, §1, 2, 3</a>	2022-05-12	2022-05-12	Signed	2022-05-12
135Q.1	New	<a href="#">HF2521, §1</a>	2022-07-01	2019-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
135Q.2	New	<a href="#">HF2521, §2</a>	2022-07-01	2019-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">136A.2 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2345, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
136A.3A	New	<a href="#">SF2345, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">136A.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2345, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">136A.5A (1,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2345, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">137D.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137D.1 (4)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">137D.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137D.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137D.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137D.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137D.8</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137F.1 (2A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2431, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137F.1 (2A)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">137F.1 (8)(d,e,f)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">137F.1 (9)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §99, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
137F.20	New	<a href="#">HF2431, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
137G.1	New	<a href="#">SF2374, §103, 106</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-07
137G.2	New	<a href="#">SF2374, §104, 106</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-07

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
137G.3	New	<a href="#">SF2374, §105, 106</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">139A.3 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
139A.8B	New	<a href="#">HF2298, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">141A.5 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">141A.6 (3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">141A.7 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
144.31B	New	<a href="#">SF577, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">144A.2 (2A,10A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF803, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144A.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144A.7A (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144A.7A (3)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144B.1 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144B.5 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144B.6 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144D.4 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">144F.2 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">147.55 (7A,7B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF529, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
147.77	New	<a href="#">HF803, §51</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
147.77 (1)(l)	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
147.77 (1)(p)(3)	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
147.163	New	<a href="#">HF2589, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">147C.1 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
147E.1	New	<a href="#">SF463, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
147F.1	New	<a href="#">SF463, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">148F.3 (8)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2295, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">148F.9</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2295, §186</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">152.1 (7)(g)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2169, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">152C.3 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2168, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">152C.5A</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2295, §186</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">152C.7A</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2295, §186</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">154B.6 (4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2246, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">154C.3 (1)(c)(4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">154C.3 (1)(c)(5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2295, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">155A.13A (1)(e)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2169, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
155A.33B	New	<a href="#">HF2169, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">157.1 (5)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2119, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">157.1 (12)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2119, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
157.12B	New	<a href="#">SF2119, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">159.20 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2581, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">159.25</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2581, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
159.26	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">159.27</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2581, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
159.28	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
159.29	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
159.30	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
159.31	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
159.31A	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">159A.11 (6)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §85, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.11 (6A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §86, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.11 (10)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2128, §87, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.12</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §88, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.13 (6)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2128, §89, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §90, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">159A.14 (3)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §91, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (3)(b)(4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §92, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (4A,4B,4C)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §93, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (5)(u1)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §94, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (5)(a)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §95, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (5)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §96, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.14 (6)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §97, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.15 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §98, 99</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">159A.16 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">161A.20 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
162.10	New	<a href="#">SF2260, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">182.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">182.7</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">182.8</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">182.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">182.10</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">189A.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2245, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">189A.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">204.2 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2380, §1, 3</a>	2022-04-21		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">204.4 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2380, §2, 3</a>	2022-04-21		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">206.12 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">206.19 (5)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">210.23</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2431, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">214.1 (1A,1B,3A,4A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214.1 (3,4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
214.12	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.1 (2,5,13)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.1 (2A,10A,12A,16A,16B, 16C,18A,19A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
214A.1A	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
214A.1A	New	<a href="#">HF2581, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.2 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.2 (4)(b)(5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.2A (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.2B</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.3</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.5 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.7</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.8</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.8</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.11 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.11 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.16</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">214A.19</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.20</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.20</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.21</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.22</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.23</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.24</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">214A.25</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">HF2128, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.31</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.32</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.33</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.34</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.35</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.36</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">214A.37</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">216B.3 (16)(a)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">216F.1</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2220, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">216F.2</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2220, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">216F.3</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2220, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">216F.4</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2220, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">217.15</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">217.41C</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2578, §67</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">218.31</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">218.44</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">225.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225.10 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225.10 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225.12</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225.15 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225.16 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225C.14 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225C.16 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">225C.25</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">225C.29</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">225C.42 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">225D.1 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">226.8</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §59</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">229.1 (8A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF513, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">229.22 (2)(a)(4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF513, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">230.6 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">232.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (6)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">232.2 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (12)(e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §43, 44</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">232.2 (20A,20B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (21)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (22)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (22)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (22)(b)(8,9)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (22)(e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (35A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (42)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (045A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (46A)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.2 (52)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.3 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.19 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.37 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">232.37 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">232.52 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">232.52 (3)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §74</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.57 (2)(d,e,f,g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.67</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.68 (2)(a)(4)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.68 (2)(a)(7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.69 (1)(b)(15)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2168, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">232.70 (1)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.70 (4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2507, §75</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.71B (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.71B (11)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.71B (16)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §76</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.78 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.78 (4)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.78 (5)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.78 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.78 (8)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.79 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.79 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.79 (2)(0c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.79A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
232.79B	New	<a href="#">HF2507, §29, 93</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.82</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.83 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §77</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.83 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.84 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.84 (4,5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.89 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.89 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.89 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.89 (5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2507, §78</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.91 (1,2,3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
232.94B	New	<a href="#">HF2507, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.95 (2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.95 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">232.95 (5,6)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.96 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.96 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.96 (11)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
232.96A	New	<a href="#">HF2507, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.97 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.98 (1)(b)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §79</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.102 (1)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.102 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.102 (5,11,12)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2507, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.102 (9)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §80</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.102 (10)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
232.102A	New	<a href="#">HF2507, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.103 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.103A (8)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §51</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.104 (2)(d)(1,2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §52</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.104 (4A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.107</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24



Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">232.108 (1,2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.111 (2)(a)(2,4,5,6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §55</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.112 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.116 (1)(d)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.116 (1)(i)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §58</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.116 (1)(l)(1,2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §59</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.117 (3)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.117 (4)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2507, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.117 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §81</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.118 (1)(a,b)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.126 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.127 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.141 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §66</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.142 (3,4,5,6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §67</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.142 (7,8,9,10)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2507, §68, 92</a>	2023-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.143</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.175</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.176</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.177</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.178</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.179</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.180</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.181</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.182</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.183</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.188 (5)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §69</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.189</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §91</a>	2023-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.191</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §91</a>	2023-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.192</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2507, §70, 92</a>	2023-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.195</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">232.196</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2507, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">233.1 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2420, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">234.1 (2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2252, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.6 (1)(e)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §82</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.22</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">234.35 (1)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §83</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.35 (1)(i)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2507, §84</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.35 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2252, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.35 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §85</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.35 (3)(b)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2507, §86</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.35 (4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2252, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">234.35 (4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2507, §87</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">235A.13 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">235B.3 (2)(i)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2168, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">235B.3 (8A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">235B.6 (2)(e)(20,21,22)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">235B.6 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2252, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">235B.20</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF522, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">235E.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">236.5 (1)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF825, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">236.5 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF825, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">236A.7 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF825, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">236A.7 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF825, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">237.15 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2252, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">237.15 (4A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2390, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.16 (4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2390, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.17</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.18</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.19</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.20 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.20 (1)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.20 (1)(b,c,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.20 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.20 (4)(a)(9)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2390, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.21 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.21 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.21 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §88</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">237.22</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2390, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.24</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2390, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">237.24</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2507, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">237A.5 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">237A.12 (6)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">237A.13 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2252, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">237A.13 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">237A.13 (4A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2127, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">237A.31</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2564, §22, 28</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">249.3 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">249.3 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">249.3 (2)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">249A.20A (11)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2202, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">249A.42A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF736, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">249A.42A (2)</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">249K.2 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §79</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">249K.5 (2)(c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §80</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">249L.2 (6,7)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2578, §52</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">249L.2 (7,8)</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2578, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">249L.2 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">256.7 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2081, §1, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">256.7 (31)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256.9 (31)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256.9 (64)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256.9 (65)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">256.16 (1)(a)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2081, §2, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">256.16 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256.16 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2081, §3, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">256.16 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2081, §4, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">256.16 (3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2081, §5, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">256.25 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §18, 19</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">256B.9 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §51</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256B.10</a>	New	<a href="#">HF604, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">256E.4 (4)(l)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256E.5 (4)(l)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256E.7 (2)(j)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2080, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">256E.8 (2)(a,b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §20, 23</a>	2022-06-17		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">256E.8 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §21, 23</a>	2022-06-17		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">256E.9 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21



Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">256F.3 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">256F.4 (2)(k)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2080, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">256F.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §32, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">257.8 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2316, §1, 6</a>	2022-02-17		Signed	2022-02-17
<a href="#">257.9 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2316, §2, 6</a>	2022-02-17		Signed	2022-02-17
<a href="#">257.11 (5)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">257.11 (5)(a)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2080, §1, 3, 4</a>	2022-06-13	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">257.11 (5)(a)(2)(0b)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2080, §2, 3, 4</a>	2022-06-13	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">257.16B (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2316, §3, 6</a>	2022-02-17		Signed	2022-02-17
<a href="#">257.16C (3)(d)(3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2316, §4, 6</a>	2022-02-17		Signed	2022-02-17
<a href="#">257.35 (16A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">260C.36 (1)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">260C.48 (1)(b)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">260C.48 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">261.25 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">261.113 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (3)(c,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (5,7,8,9,10,12)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (11)(a)(6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (11)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (11)(c)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (13)(0c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.113 (13)(c)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">261.115 (5)(a,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.116</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">261.116 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">261.117</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2549, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">261.131 (1)(g)(1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2165, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">261B.4 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2130, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">261B.11 (1)(f)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2130, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">261B.11 (1)(n,o)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2130, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">261B.11 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2130, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">261I.1</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2416, §1, 3</a>	2022-03-03		Signed	2022-03-03
<a href="#">261I.2</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2416, §2, 3</a>	2022-03-03		Signed	2022-03-03
<a href="#">262.25A (2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">262.34 (6)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF183, §2, 3, 4</a>	2022-06-14	2022-06-14	Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">262.78 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">263.17 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">266.28</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §52</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">267A.2 (5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2581, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">267A.3 (2,3)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2581, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">267A.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">272.1 (18)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272.2 (14)(b)(5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2081, §6, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">272.2 (22)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2081, §7, 9, 10</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">272.16</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2383, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272.31 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">272C.4 (11,12,13)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2383, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272C.12 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272C.12 (1)(b)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2383, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272C.12 (3)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272C.12A</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2383, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272C.14</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">272C.14</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">272C.15 (4)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">279.1 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">279.7A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2266, §2, 3</a>	2022-03-23		Signed	2022-03-23
<a href="#">279.51 (3A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2575, §15, 16</a>	2022-06-17		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">279.60 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §55</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">279.61 (1)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2383, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">279.61 (1)(a)(4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">279.76</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2080, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">280.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">280.16</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF771, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">280.16A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF771, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">280.32</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2412, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">282.18 (2)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §33, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">282.18 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §34, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">282.18 (4,5,15)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2589, §35, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">282.18 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §36, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">282.18 (7)(c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §37, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">282.18 (11)(a)(8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §38, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">284.11 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2128, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">284.13 (1)(a,b,c,e,f,g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">290.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §39, 41</a>	2022-06-21		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">306.44</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2295, §186</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">306A.13</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">307.21 (4)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">309.12</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2295, §186</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.17</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.27</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §58</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.28</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §59</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.29</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.37 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.38</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.48 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §51</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.63</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.69</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.81</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">309.82</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §66</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">312.2 (18)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2376, §1, 8</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321.14</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §52</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.23 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2341, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.34 (14)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2259, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321.89 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §67, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.105A (2)(a)(2)(c)(iii)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §68</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.105A (4)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">321.158</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §69</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.187 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2337, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">321.189 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.190 (1)(b)(6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.191 (10)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">321.231 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF333, §1, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.231 (2)(c,d,e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF333, §2, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.231 (3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF333, §3, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.231 (3A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF333, §4, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
321.231A	New	<a href="#">SF333, §5, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
321.231A	New	<a href="#">SF551, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
321.231B	New	<a href="#">SF333, §6, 11, 12</a>	2022-05-24	2022-05-24	Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.234A (1)(f)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321.234A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321.234A (2A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2130, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321.320</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §70</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.324A (3A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF333, §7, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.375 (4)(b)(4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">321.384 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321.385</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321.386</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321.389</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §71</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.420</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §72</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.423 (3)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF551, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.423 (3)(a)(03)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF551, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.423 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF551, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.433</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF333, §8, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.446 (3)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">321.451 (1)(g,h)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF333, §9, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.451 (4,5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF333, §10, 11</a>	2022-05-24		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">321.483</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §73</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321.501</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §74</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321A.1 (11)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §75</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321A.5 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §76</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321A.15 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §77</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321A.21 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §78</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321E.2 (1,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2376, §2, 8</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321E.3 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2376, §3, 8</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321E.8 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2376, §4, 8</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321E.8 (2A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2518, §1, 3</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321E.14 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2518, §2, 3</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321E.14 (1)(i)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2376, §5, 8</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321E.14 (1)(0j)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2376, §6, 8</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321I.8 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321I.10 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2130, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321I.10 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321I.10 (5)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321I.10 (5)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2130, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">321J.3 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §79</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">321L.2 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2259, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321L.2 (1)(a)(3)(a)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2259, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321L.2 (1)(a)(3)(a)(ii)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2259, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321L.2 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2259, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">321L.2A (1)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2259, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">327D.77</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §80</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">327D.78</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §81</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">328.19 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2124, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">328.19 (2,3,4,5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2124, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">328.28 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2370, §1, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-30	2022-06-30	Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">328.29</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2370, §2, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-30	2022-06-30	Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">328.32</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2370, §3, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-30	2022-06-30	Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">328.34 (7)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2370, §4, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-30	2022-06-30	Signed	2022-06-14

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">328.36 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2370, §5, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-30	2022-06-30	Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">329.6 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">331.301 (18)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF728, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">331.303 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §100, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">331.323 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §82</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">331.325 (3)(d)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">331.381 (1,11)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §83</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">331.389</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §69</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.390 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §70</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.391 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §71</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.392 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §72</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.393 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §73</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.393 (6)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2578, §74</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.512 (5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2552, §29, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">331.559 (15)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2552, §30, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">331.910 (2)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §75</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">331.910 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF513, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">331.910 (4)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF513, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
335.2A	New	<a href="#">SF2285, §1, 4</a>	2022-04-21		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">335.3 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">335.19</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §84</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">335.30 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
335.35	New	<a href="#">HF2431, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">347.20</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §85</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">347B.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">347B.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">349.13</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §86</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">351.43</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §87</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">355.5 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2233, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">355.16</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2233, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">355.17</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2233, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">355.18</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2233, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">355.19</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2233, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">357.1B (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §88</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §89</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357.21</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357.33</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §91</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357F.8 (2)(c)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §92</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357H.9 (1)(d)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §31, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">357H.9 (1)(f)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §32, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">357J.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2267, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2267, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.3</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2267, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2267, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.5</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2267, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.6</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2267, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.7</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2267, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.8</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2267, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.9</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2267, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">357J.14</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2267, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
357J.19	New	<a href="#">SF2267, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">359.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §93</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">359.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §94</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">359.13</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §95</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">359.25</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §96</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">359.26</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §97</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">364.3 (17)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">376.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §98</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">384.12 (19)(g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §99</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">388.3 (4,5,6)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2475, §1, 2</a>	2022-05-17		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">390.1 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §55</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">403.16 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">403.20</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §33, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">404A.2 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §50, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">411.5 (6)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2154, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">411.5 (6)(d)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2154, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">414.1 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">414.1 (1)(f)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2285, §2, 4</a>	2022-04-21		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">414.23 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2285, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">414.28 (3A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">414.33</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2431, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">418.16 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2515, §1, 2</a>	2022-05-02		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.1A (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §58, 60</a>	2022-07-01	2022-06-24	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.7 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.9 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.9A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2552, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17 (27)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2126, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17 (37)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17 (37)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2367, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">421.17A (1)(g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17B (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17B (3)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17B (4)(c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17B (6)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.17B (9)(a)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.24</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2552, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.26</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">421.27 (9)(a)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §19, 23, 24</a>	2026-01-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">421.59 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.59 (2)(d)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2552, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.59 (2)(i,j,k)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.59 (3A,3B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.60 (11)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2552, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">421.65 (1)(b)</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2126, §7, 8</a>	Contingent		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.1 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.5 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §20, 23, 24</a>	2026-01-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.5 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §25, 28, 29</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.5 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §12, 17, 18</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.5 (3B)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §26, 28, 29</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.5 (3B)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §13, 17, 18</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.5 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §14, 17, 18</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.5A</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2317, §15, 17, 18</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.7 (21)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2317, §7, 10, 11</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.7 (21A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §4, 5, 6</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.7 (31)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §27, 28, 29</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01



## 2022 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">422.7 (63)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §1, 2, 3</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.7 (63)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2367, §70, 71, 72</a>	2022-06-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.10 (1)(a)(3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §33, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.10 (1)(b)(3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §34, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.10 (1)(c,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §35, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.10 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §36, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.10 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §37, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.11L (4)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §66, 68, 69</a>	2022-06-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.11L (7)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2367, §67, 68, 69</a>	2022-06-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.11O (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11O (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11O (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11P (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §48, 53</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11P (4)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §49, 53</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11P (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §50, 53</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11Y (4)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §54, 58</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.11Y (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §55, 58</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.12D (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">422.12G (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §184</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.12I (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §184</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.12L (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">422.12N (6,7)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §51, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.12O</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2564, §23, 28</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.14 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §3, 9</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.15 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §4, 9</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.16 (2)(b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.16 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.16 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §58</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.16 (10)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.16 (12)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §59</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.16 (15)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.16B (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §21, 23, 24</a>	2026-01-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.16B (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §5, 9</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.20 (5)(a)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §100</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.25 (4)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">422.25A (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.25A (4)(a)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.25A (4)(b)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.25A (4)(c)(3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.25A (5)(c)(3,4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §22, 23, 24</a>	2026-01-01	2026-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.25A (5)(c)(6)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §49, 53, 54</a>	2022-05-02	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.25B</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.25C (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §51</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.33 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (1)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2317, §57, 58, 59</a>	Contingent	Custom	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (5)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §38, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (5)(c,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §39, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (5)(e)(3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2317, §40, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (5)(f)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §41, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (5)(g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §42, 43, 44</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (9)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2317, §52, 54, 55</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-03-01
<a href="#">422.33 (11B)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.33 (11C)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §51, 53</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">422.33 (11D)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §56, 58</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">422.33 (32)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2564, §24, 28</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.36 (8)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §6, 9</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.37 (8)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §7, 9</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.60 (15)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2564, §25, 28</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.61 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">422.62</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §8, 9</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.63</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">422.68 (3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §1, 2</a>	2025-01-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">422.72 (8)(a)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §101</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">423.1 (57)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2126, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">423.2 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (39)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (47)(a)(4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2367, §41, 45</a>	2024-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (47A)(b)(2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §102</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">423.3 (49)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §61, 63, 64</a>	2022-06-17	2019-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (68)(c)(1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §42, 44</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (75)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2370, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">423.3 (76)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2370, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">423.3 (80)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (88)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §181, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">423.3 (104)(b)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §9, 40</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.3 (107)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §103</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">423.3 (108,109)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2367, §43, 44</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.4 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §82, 83</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">423.5 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.14 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.14A (3)(c)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.31 (1,3,5,6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.31 (2)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2367, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.32</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2367, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.33 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.33 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.34</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.36 (4)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.36 (4)(c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2367, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.36 (7,8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.40 (1,2,3,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.45 (4)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.45 (5)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.48 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §52</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.50 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.50 (4,5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2552, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">423.57</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423.58</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423A.6 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423B.5 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423B.6 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423B.7 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423B.7 (2)(b,c)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2367, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423C.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423D.4 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423F.2 (4)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">423F.2 (4)(b)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2367, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423F.2 (4)(c)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2367, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">423F.3 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2412, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">423G.5 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">425.10</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §104</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">426C.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §34, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">426C.10</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2552, §35, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">427B.26 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2366, §1, 4, 5</a>	2022-05-23	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">427B.26 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2366, §2, 4, 5</a>	2022-05-23	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">427B.26 (3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2366, §3, 4, 5, 6</a>	2022-05-23	Multiple	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">428A.8 (1)(a,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">428A.8 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">428A.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">432.120</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2564, §26, 28</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">441.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF384, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">441.1 (3)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">441.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §105</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">441.7</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">441.19 (1)(b,e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §106</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">441.21 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §36, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">441.21 (9,10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §37, 38</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">441.32 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">441.48</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">441.48 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">450.93</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §55, 56</a>	2022-07-01	2021-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">452A.2 (37A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §60, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.2A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §61, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.3 (1)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §77, 80</a>	2024-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.3 (3)(a)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §78, 80</a>	2024-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.3 (3)(a)(2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §79, 80</a>	2024-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.8 (2)(a)(3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §81</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.12 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">452A.31 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §62, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.31 (2)(a)(1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §63, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.31 (2)(a)(1)(d)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §64, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.31 (3)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §65, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.31 (4)(a)(1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §66, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.31 (4)(a)(1)(d)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2128, §67, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.31 (5)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §68, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.33 (1)(a)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §69, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.33 (1)(b)(1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §70, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.33 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §71, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.33 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">452A.33 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §72, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.33 (2)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §73, 75, 76</a>	2022-05-17	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">452A.61 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">452A.61 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2552, §66</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">452A.82</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §69</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">452A.84 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §70</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">453A.8 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">453A.10</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §67</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">453A.14 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §68</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">453A.22</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21



Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">453A.23 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455A.14A (1)(b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2373, §1, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">455A.14A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2373, §2, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">455A.14B (1)(b,c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2373, §3, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">455A.14B (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2373, §4, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">455B.145 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.174 (1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §66</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.261 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §67</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.301 (14)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.303 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §107</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.303 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.304 (4,5,6,7,11,13,14)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.305 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.305 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.306 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.306 (7)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.306 (9)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.306 (9)(b)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.306 (9)(e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.310 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.314</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2176, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.381 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §68</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.801</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.802</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.803</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.804</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.805</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.806</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.807</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.808</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455B.809</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF2176, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455C.1 (1,6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §2, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.1 (11A,12A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2378, §3, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §4, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.2 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §51, 52</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">455C.3 (1,2,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §5, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §6, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.4 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2374, §101, 102</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-07
<a href="#">455C.5 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §7, 20</a>	2023-11-15		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.6 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §8, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.12 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §9, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.12 (6,7)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2378, §10, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.12A</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2378, §11, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.12B</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2378, §12, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.12C</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2378, §13, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.12D</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2378, §14, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.13</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §15, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.16</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2378, §16, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455C.18</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2378, §17, 20</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">455D.11A (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §108</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">455G.2A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §24, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">455G.30</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §25, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">455G.31 (1)(a)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2128, §26, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">455G.31 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2581, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">455G.31 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §27, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">455G.31 (3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2128, §28, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
455G.32	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §29, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
455G.33	New	<a href="#">HF2128, §30, 31</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-05-17
456.5A	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2463, §107, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">456.5A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">456.7</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §108, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
456A.13B	New	<a href="#">HF2560, §34, 35</a>	2022-06-17		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">456A.14</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2373, §5, 6, 7</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">456A.24 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §69</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">458A.19</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §109</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">458A.20</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §110</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">461A.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §111</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">461A.65</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §112</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">461A.66</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §113</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">462A.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §70</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">462A.82 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §71</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.17</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §114</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.22 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §115</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.28</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §116</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.49 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §72</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.210</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §117</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.274</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §118</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.294</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §119</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.381</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §120</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.517</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §121</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.576</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §122</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">468.577</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §123</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">476.23 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §73</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">478.11</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §124</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">478.12</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §125</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">478.15 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §74</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">478.16 (1)(b)</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">SF2295, §185, 188</a>	2022-07-01	2020-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">478.17</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §126</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">478.23</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §75</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §76</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.5 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §77</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.5 (4)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §78</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §127</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.10</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §128</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.11</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §129</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.17</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §130</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.19</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §131</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.21</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §132</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.22</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §133</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.28</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §134</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.32</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §79</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">479.34 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §80</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.1 (21)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §135</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.30</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §81</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.48 (6)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §136</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.52</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §137</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">481A.58</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §82</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.93</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §138</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.120</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §83</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.122 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §139</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">481A.130 (1)(0h)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF581, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">481A.130 (1)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">481C.2A (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.7 (5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2334, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">483A.8 (9)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF581, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.8C (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §84</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">483A.24 (3)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.24 (3)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.24 (5)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.24 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2209, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.24 (19)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF581, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">483A.24 (20)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">489.102 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2310, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">489.14107 (1)(x)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §140</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.120 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.140 (12A,12B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2469, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.140 (57)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.141</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.141 (13)(a)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §141</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.143 (1)(a,b,e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §142</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.143 (1)(e)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.209</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §143</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.401 (2)(c,e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.401 (4)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.401 (4)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §144</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.720</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.748 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.749 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.903</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2463, §109, 112</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.922 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.1511 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.1601 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.1621 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">490.1621 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §146</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">490.1704 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">496C.14 (6)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §147</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">496C.20 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2469, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">501A.102 (10,26)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2310, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">504.1701 (2,3,4,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §148</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">504.1703 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §85</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">505.34</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2578, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">505B.1 (11A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2330, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">507B.4 (3)(t)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2384, §1, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">509.2 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §86</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">510B.1</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2384, §2, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.3</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2384, §15, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §3, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §4, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">510B.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §5, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.7</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2384, §6, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.8</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2384, §7, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.8A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2384, §8, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.8C</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2384, §9, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.8D</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2384, §10, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.9</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §11, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.10</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2384, §12, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.11</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2384, §13, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510B.12</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2384, §14, 16, 23</a>	2022-06-13	2022-06-13	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510C.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §17, 23</a>	2022-06-13		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510C.2 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §18, 23</a>	2022-06-13		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510C.2 (1)(c,d,e,g)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §19, 23</a>	2022-06-13		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510C.2 (2)(a)(1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §20, 23</a>	2022-06-13		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">510C.2 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2384, §21, 23</a>	2022-06-13		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">511.8 (19)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2288, §1, 2</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">511.8 (22)(b)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2217, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">514B.32 (5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">514C.17 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">514C.18 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">514C.18 (1)(b)(1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">514C.20 (1)(a,b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">514C.25 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF803, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">514C.28 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §4, 8</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">514C.28 (2)(b,c,d,j,k)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §5, 8</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">514C.28 (3,7,10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §6, 8</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">514C.31 (2)(b,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2167, §7, 8</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">514C.34 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §76, 77, 78</a>	2022-06-14	Custom	Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">514F.8</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2399, §1, 2</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">514I.2 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">514I.5 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §66</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">514J.101</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §87</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515A.6 (7)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §149</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515A.10 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §150</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515A.11 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §151</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515D.7 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §152</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.1</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.2</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.3</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.4</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.5</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.6</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.7</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.8</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.9</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">515K.10</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2540, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">516A.3 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §153</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">520.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §154</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">521A.1 (5A,9A,9B,10A,11A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2217, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">521A.3 (2)(a)(12)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2217, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">521A.4 (3,12)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2217, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">521A.4 (12A,12B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2217, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">521A.7 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2217, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">521A.7 (3)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2217, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">521A.7 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2217, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
521A.7A	New	<a href="#">HF2217, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">522B.10 (1)(e,f)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2383, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
<a href="#">523A.207</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2155, §1, 8</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">523A.401 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2155, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">523A.402 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2155, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
523A.505	New	<a href="#">HF2155, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
523A.505 (1)	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
523A.506	New	<a href="#">HF2155, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">523A.601 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §88</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
523A.605	New	<a href="#">HF2155, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">523A.807 (3)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2155, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
523I.403	New	<a href="#">HF2589, §55</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">524.102 (10)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.103 (2A,22A,32A,34A,36A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.103 (6,8,10,12,13,16,17,20,22,25,27,29,33,34,38,39,41,44,48)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.103 (26)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.105 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.107 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.109 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.203</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.207 (2,6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.208</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.211 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.211 (8)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.212 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.217 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.218</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.220 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.221 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.223</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.224</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.225</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.226</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.228</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
524.230	New	<a href="#">SF586, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.301</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.302 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.302 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.302A</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.303 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.304 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.305 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.305 (3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.306</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.307</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.310 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.312</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.313</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.314</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12



## 2022 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">524.315</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.521</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.522 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §39</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.523 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §40</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.523 (3)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.523 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §42</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.524</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §43</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.525 (4)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §44</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.526</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.527 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.528 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.532</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §48</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.533 (1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.535 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §50</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.536</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §51</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.537 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §52</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.538 (1,3,5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.538A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.544 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §55</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.544 (1A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.544 (2)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.604 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §58</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.604 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §59</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.605 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §60</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.606 (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §61</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.607 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §62</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.607 (2A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §63</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.607 (3)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §64</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.607 (4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §65</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.607A (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §66</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.608</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §67</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.610 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §68</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.611 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §69</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.703 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §70</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.707 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §71</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.802 (9,11,13)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §72</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.802A</a>	New	<a href="#">SF586, §73</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.803 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §74</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.810A (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §75</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.812 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §76</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.816</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §77</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.819</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §78</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.821</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §79</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.901 (7)(a)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §80</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.901 (7)(a)(3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §81</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.901 (7)(c)(02)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §82</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.901 (8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §83</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.901 (8A,10,11)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §84</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.904 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §85</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.904 (3)(a,b,e)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §86</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.904 (4)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §87</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.904 (5)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §88</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.905 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §89</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">524.910 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1003 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §91</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1003 (1)(b)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §92</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1003 (1)(c,d)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §93</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1003 (2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §94</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1004</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §95</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1005A</a>	New	<a href="#">SF586, §96</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1007</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §97</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1008</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1009</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §98</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1106</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §99</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1201</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §100</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1205</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1206</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §101</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1301 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §102</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1303 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §103</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1303 (3,4,5,6)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §104</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1304 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §105</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1305 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §106</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1305 (2)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §107</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1305 (3)(a,b,d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §108</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1306 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §109</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1308A (5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §110</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1308B (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §111</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1308B (2)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §112</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1309</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §113</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1310 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §114</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1311 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §115</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1401</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §116</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1402</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §117</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1403</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §118</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1404</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §119</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1405 (2)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF586, §120</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1405 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §121</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1406</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §122</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1408</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §123</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1409</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §124</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1410</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §125</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1411 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §126</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1411 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §127</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1412</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">SF586, §145</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1413 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §128</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1414</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §129</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1415</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §130</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1416 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF586, §131</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1417 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §132</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1421 (2)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §133</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1422</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §134</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1502 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §135</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1503 (1,3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §136</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1504 (1)(c,e)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §137</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1504 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §138</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1506 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §139</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">524.1508 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §140</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1801 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §141</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1802 (1)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §142</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.1805 (1,2,3,4,5)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF586, §143</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">524.2001</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF586, §144</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">533.329 (2)(m)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2564, §27, 28</a>	2022-07-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">533.329 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §10, 11</a>	2022-07-01	Custom	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">537.1107 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §155</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">537.2309</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §156</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">537.2510 (2)(a)(1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §89</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">537.3606 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §90</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">537.5301 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §157</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">542.3 (20)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2489, §2, 7, 8</a>	2022-05-23	2002-07-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">542.3 (20A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2489, §3, 7, 8</a>	2022-05-23	2002-07-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">542.7 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2489, §4, 7, 8</a>	2022-05-23	2002-07-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">542.7 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2489, §5, 7, 8</a>	2022-05-23	2002-07-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">542.7A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2489, §6, 7, 8</a>	2022-05-23	2002-07-01	Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">542B.22</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §158</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">543B.5 (019)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2324, §1, 3</a>	2022-07-01	2022-12-31	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">543B.25</a>	New	<a href="#">SF2324, §2, 3</a>	2022-07-01	2022-12-31	Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">543D.2 (9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §91</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">544A.13 (1)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §92</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">544A.17 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §93</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">544A.18 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §94</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">553.9 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §159</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">553.11</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §160</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">553.12 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §161</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">554.1201 (2)(0q)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.1201 (2)(x)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.1204 (u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.2106 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §95</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">554.9102 (1)(b,bi)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9102 (1)(0ab,00ab,0af,0bc,0cb)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9102 (2)(0i,0ae)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9105A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9107A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9203 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9203 (10)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9207 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9208 (2)(e,f)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9208 (2)(g,h)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9301 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9306A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9308 (8)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9310 (2)(h)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §26</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9312</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §27</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9313 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §28</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9314 (1,2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §29</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9326A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §30</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9331</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §31</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9332</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §32</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9406 (1,2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13



Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">554.9406 (11)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9601 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §35</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9605</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §36</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9628 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2445, §37</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.9628 (6)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2445, §38</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554.12107</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §96</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
554.14101	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14102	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14103	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14104	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14105	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14106	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14107	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14108	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554.14109	New	<a href="#">HF2445, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554D.103 (4,8,9)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2443, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554D.103 (5,16)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2443, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554D.106A</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2443, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">554D.108 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2443, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.1	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §1, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.1	New	<a href="#">HF2443, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.2	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §2, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.2	New	<a href="#">HF2443, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.3	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §3, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.3	New	<a href="#">HF2443, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.4	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §4, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.4	New	<a href="#">HF2443, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.5	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §5, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.6	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §6, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.7	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §7, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.8	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §8, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
554E.9	New	<a href="#">HF2401, §9, 10</a>	2023-01-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">555B.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §20</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">555B.4 (4,5)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2562, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">555B.8 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §22</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">555B.9 (1,2,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §23</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">555B.9 (3)(0c)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2562, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">556E.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §97</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">558.69 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2343, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">558.69 (3)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">HF2343, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">558.69 (4,7,8)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2343, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">558.69 (8A,8B)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2343, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">562B.7 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §3, 6, 7</a>	2022-05-17	2022-05-17	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.10 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §4, 6, 7</a>	2022-05-17	2022-05-17	Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.10 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.11 (1)(e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2562, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.14 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.14 (7)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §5, 6, 7</a>	2022-05-17	2022-05-17	Signed	2022-05-17
562B.16A	New	<a href="#">HF2562, §15, 16</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-05-17
562B.17A	New	<a href="#">HF2562, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.19 (3)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
562B.23A	New	<a href="#">HF2562, §9, 10</a>	2022-05-17		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">562B.32 (1)(d)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">562B.32 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">590.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §98</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">591.16 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §99</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">600.4 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §162</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">600.5 (9A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">600.5 (9A)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">600.6 (2A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">600.8 (1)(a)(4)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">600.11 (2)(a)(7)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">600.16A (2)(e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2252, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">600A.9 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §100</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.1301 (2)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2558, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">602.2301 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.6201 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.6302 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.6303 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.6304</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2481, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.6305 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.6502</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.7103B</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2481, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.7103C (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">602.9116 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2558, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">602.11101 (1)(e)(2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">622.31A</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2239, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">622.31B</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2239, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">633.3 (1,8,11,14,16,17,18,20,21,24,27,28,31,34,39,40,41)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §163</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633.20B</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2481, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633.20C (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2481, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633.440</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §164</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633.448</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §101</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633.570 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §165</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633A.3110 (12)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2484, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">633A.4213 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2484, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">633A.4402 (27)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2484, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">633A.6302 (3)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2484, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">633A.6304</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2484, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">633F.11 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §166</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633F.17 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §167</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">633F.18 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §168</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">648.5 (1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §19</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">648.19 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2562, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">664A.1 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">664A.2 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">664A.3 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2079, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">664A.7 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">671A.2 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §15</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">673A.6 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §169</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">679A.20</a>	New	<a href="#">HF2468, §1, 2</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">679B.14 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §170</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">692.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2123, §1, 2</a>	2022-05-23		Signed	2022-05-23
<a href="#">692A.102 (1)(c)(012)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF529, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">692A.102 (1)(c)(012)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">692A.106 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §171</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">692A.128</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2363, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-12
<a href="#">702.17 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §172</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">707.8 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2372, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-23
708.2D	New	<a href="#">SF522, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">708.3A (1,2,3,4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §45</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">708.3A (5)(f,g,h)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §46</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">708.7 (07)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2463, §106, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed	2022-04-21
709.4A	New	<a href="#">SF529, §7</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">709.15 (4)(c)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §102</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">709A.5</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2507, §89</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">714.1 (4)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2287, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
714.2A	New	<a href="#">SF522, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">714.16 (1)(b,c,d,g,h,i)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2232, §1, 5, 6</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">714.16 (1)(e)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2232, §2, 5, 6</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">714.16 (1)(0g)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2232, §3, 5, 6</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">714.16 (2)(h)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2232, §4, 5, 6</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">714.16A</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF522, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">714.27 (1)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2287, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">714.27 (5)(a)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2287, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
<a href="#">714.27 (5)(b)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF2287, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
714.27A	New	<a href="#">SF2287, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
714I.1	New	<a href="#">SF529, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
714I.2	New	<a href="#">SF529, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
714I.3	New	<a href="#">SF529, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
714I.4	New	<a href="#">SF529, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">715A.11 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §173</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">716.14 (2)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §103</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">724.31A (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §174</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">726.7</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">SF522, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">726.8</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">SF522, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">726.23 (2)(e)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2198, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-16
726.24	New	<a href="#">SF522, §4</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
726.25	New	<a href="#">SF522, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
726.26	New	<a href="#">SF522, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">726.26 (2A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-21
<a href="#">726.27</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">SF522, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">726.28</a>	Amendment Directive	<a href="#">SF522, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">728.1 (6)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §33</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">728.5 (1)(u1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2367, §34</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
802.2E	New	<a href="#">SF529, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-14
<a href="#">805.8C (10A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF2287, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-24
808.16	New	<a href="#">SF2296, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">811.6 (1)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2097, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">811.6 (2)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §175</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">814.6A (1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2222, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">815.7 (5)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §176</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">815.7 (6A)</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2559, §21</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-17
<a href="#">815.10 (1)(b)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2516, §1</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-02
<a href="#">822.3A (1,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2222, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-13
<a href="#">901C.3 (2)(c)</a>	Strike	<a href="#">SF522, §16</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">904.312A (1)</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2128, §41</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-05-17
<a href="#">904.602 (10)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §177</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action	Gov's Action Date
<a href="#">904.805 (2,3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §104</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">904.812</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §105</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">915.22 (6)</a>	Add	<a href="#">SF522, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-06-15
<a href="#">915.38 (3)</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §178</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21
<a href="#">915.94</a>	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §179</a>	2022-07-01		Signed	2022-04-21

### 2022 ACTS AMENDED (LISTED BY BILL)

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
<a href="#">House File 2155.4</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §53</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2200.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §15, 20, 22</a>	2022-06-21	2022-05-12	Signed
<a href="#">House File 2201.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §7, 20, 21</a>	2022-06-21	2022-05-02	Signed
<a href="#">House File 2201.7</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2589, §16, 20, 21</a>	2022-06-21	2022-05-02	Signed
<a href="#">House File 2252.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §13</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2367.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §6</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2431.2</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §56</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2431.8</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §57</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2466.3</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2521</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §49</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 2581.13</a>	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2589, §18</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 2295.184</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 2378.4</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §51, 52</a>	2023-01-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 2383.16</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §11</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 2383.22</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §24</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 2383.23</a>	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">HF2575, §25</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 736.1</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §10</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 803.51</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §8</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">House File 803.51</a>	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2589, §9</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 384.1</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §12</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 522.6</a>	Add	<a href="#">HF2589, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
<a href="#">Senate File 529.6</a>	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §14</a>	2022-07-01		Signed

### ACTS FROM YEARS BEFORE 2022 (LISTED BY CHAPTER)

#### 2021 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2021 Acts - Chapter 12.7A	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §180</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 86.59	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §181, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 101.1	Add	<a href="#">HF2463, §106, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 143.12	Amend	<a href="#">HF2560, §32, 33</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 143.40	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2463, §107, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 143.41	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §108, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 165.126	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2463, §109, 112</a>	2022-07-01	2022-01-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 166.21	Amend	<a href="#">HF2517, §1, 2</a>	2022-06-13		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 167.1 (7)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §10, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2021 Acts - Chapter 167.1 (10)(d)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §11, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 167.5	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2295, §182, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 170.10 (3)(c)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2575, §26, 27</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 177.14	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §71</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 177.42	Add	<a href="#">SF2295, §183, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 182.3 (2)(e)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2578, §56, 57</a>	2022-06-14		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 182.9 (7)	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §44, 49</a>	2022-06-14		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 182.19 (24)	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §45, 49</a>	2022-06-14		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 182.20 (4)	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §46, 49</a>	2022-06-14		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 182.27 (3)	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §47, 49</a>	2022-06-14		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 182.28 (8)	Add	<a href="#">HF2578, §48, 49</a>	2022-06-14		Signed
2021 Acts - Chapter 183.5	Amend	<a href="#">HF2463, §110, 111</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed

### 2020 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2020 Acts - Chapter 1053.1	Amend	<a href="#">HF2202, §3</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1063.390	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2578, §55</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1064.16 (1)(b)	Amend New	<a href="#">HF2126, §7, 8</a>	Contingent		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1064.17	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1064.17	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §184</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1064.18	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §17</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1064.18	Amend	<a href="#">SF2295, §184</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1120.1 (10)(b)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §9, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1120.5	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2295, §182, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1120.8	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §5, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2020 Acts - Chapter 1121.128	Amend New	<a href="#">SF2295, §185, 188</a>	2022-07-01	2020-07-01	Signed

### 2019 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2019 Acts - Chapter 85.104	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2578, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 85.108	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2578, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 7.1	Amend	<a href="#">HF2345, §1, 2</a>	2022-05-23		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 52.4 (u2)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2557, §5</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 82.1	Amend	<a href="#">HF2202, §2</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 85.103	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2578, §54</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 137.2	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §7, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 137.4	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §8, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 137.6	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2295, §182, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2019 Acts - Chapter 162.1	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2317, §9, 10, 11</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed

### 2018 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2018 Acts - Chapter 1161.107	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2317, §16, 17, 18</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1161.113	Repeal	<a href="#">HF2317, §8, 10, 11</a>	2023-01-01	2023-01-01	Signed

## 2022 SECTIONS AMENDED, ADDED, OR REPEALED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2018 Acts - Chapter 1162.1 (10)(b)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §5, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1162.4	Amend	<a href="#">HF2579, §6, 12</a>	2022-06-17		Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1162.9	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2295, §182, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1163.8	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §59, 60</a>	2022-07-01	2022-06-24	Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1165.81	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §59, 60</a>	2022-07-01	2022-06-24	Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1170.3	Amend	<a href="#">HF2345, §1, 2</a>	2022-05-23		Signed
2018 Acts - Chapter 1172.44 (1)	Amend	<a href="#">SF2323, §1, 2</a>	2022-07-01	2022-07-01	Signed

## 2017 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2017 Acts - Chapter 149.4	Amend	<a href="#">HF2345, §1, 2</a>	2022-05-23		Signed
2017 Acts - Chapter 173.11	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2295, §182, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed

## 2016 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2016 Acts - Chapter 1106.3	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §57, 58</a>	2023-01-01		Signed
2016 Acts - Chapter 1106.6	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2016 Acts - Chapter 1106.10	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §52, 53</a>	2023-01-01		Signed

## 2015 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2015 Acts - Chapter 139.1 (10)(b)	Strike and Replace	<a href="#">SF2295, §182, 187</a>	2022-07-01	2021-07-01	Signed

## 2013 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2013 Acts - Chapter 123.63	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §59, 60</a>	2022-07-01	2022-06-24	Signed

## 2011 ACTS AMENDED

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2011 Acts - Chapter 113.37	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §57, 58</a>	2023-01-01		Signed
2011 Acts - Chapter 113.20	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed
2011 Acts - Chapter 113.31	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §52, 53</a>	2023-01-01		Signed

**2010 ACTS AMENDED**

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2010 Acts - Chapter 1193.26	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §26, 27, 28</a>	2022-06-21	2022-06-24	Signed

**2008 ACTS AMENDED**

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2008 Acts - Chapter 1191.14 (5)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2552, §59, 60</a>	2022-07-01	2022-06-24	Signed
2008 Acts - Chapter 1191.14 (7)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2589, §26, 27, 28</a>	2022-06-21	2022-06-24	Signed

**2006 ACTS AMENDED**

Reference	Action	Bill/Section	Eff. Date	App. Date	Gov's Action
2006 Acts - Chapter 1142.49 (3)	Amend	<a href="#">HF2128, §47</a>	2022-07-01		Signed