## 39A.5 Election misconduct in the fourth degree.

- 1. A person commits the crime of election misconduct in the fourth degree if the person willfully commits any of the following acts:
- a. Election day acts.
- (1) As an employer, denying an employee the privilege conferred by section 49.109, or subjecting an employee to a penalty or reduction of wages because of the exercise of that privilege.
- (2) Failing or refusing to comply with an order or command of an election official made pursuant to chapter 49 for which another penalty is not provided.
- (3) Circulating, communicating, or attempting to circulate or communicate information with reference to the result of the counted ballots or making a compilation of vote subtotals before the polls are closed in violation of section 51.11 or 53.23.
- (4) Destroying, defacing, tearing down, or removing a list of candidates, card of instruction, or sample ballot posted as provided by law prior to the closing of the polls.
- (5) Removing or destroying the supplies or articles furnished for the purpose of enabling voters to prepare their ballots.
- (6) Violating or attempting to violate any of the provisions or requirements of chapter 49 to which another penalty does not apply.
- b. Miscellaneous offenses.
- (1) As a public employee, acting in connection with an absentee ballot in violation of section 53.7.
- (2) Violating any provision of chapter 53 for which another penalty is not provided.
- (3) Filing a challenge containing false information under section 48A.14.
- 2. Election misconduct in the fourth degree is a simple misdemeanor.

2002 Acts, ch 1071, §5; 2007 Acts, ch 59, §21, 38; 2007 Acts, ch 190, §14