

Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

SF 542 – Youth Employment (LSB1838SV)

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Fiscal Note Version - New

Description

Senate File 542 relates to youth employment and makes the following changes:

- Removes language providing for child labor permits and migrant labor permits.
- Prohibits individuals 13 years of age or younger from working in any work activity.
- Removes language that allows migrant laborers who are 14 or 15 years of age to work during summer school hours.
- Allows minors to participate in certain work activities that are currently prohibited.
- Modifies the hours that minors may work.
- Allows the Labor Commissioner to issue waivers of youth employment restrictions in certain circumstances.
- Provides that the Director of the Iowa Workforce Development (IWD) or the Director of the
 Department of Education may grant exceptions from any provision of Iowa Code section
 92.6, 92.7, or 92.8 for individuals 14 to 17 years of age who are participating in work-based
 learning or a school- or employer-administered, work-related program if certain conditions
 are met.
- Creates exceptions to Iowa Code section 92.8 for students in approved work-based learning programs, registered apprenticeships, career and technical education programs, or student learner programs if certain conditions are met.
- Removes certain violations relating to child labor under lowa Code section <u>92.19</u>.
- Removes the serious misdemeanor penalty for an individual in charge of any migratory worker or of any child who engages in a street occupation in violation of Iowa Code chapter 92.
- Grants the Labor Commissioner the right to waive or reduce a civil penalty related to the violation of child labor laws based on the evidence the Commissioner obtains. The Bill also requires the Commissioner to provide a 15-day grace period before imposing a civil penalty.
- Modifies employer liability related to secondary students in work-based learning programs.
- Allows individuals 16 or 17 years of age to sell or serve alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises where sold if the employer has a written permission from the legal guardian or custodian of the individual on file.
- Allows an instruction permittee to operate a motor vehicle to and from the permittee's place of employment without an accompanying driver if certain conditions are met.
- Provides that a violation of instruction permittee restrictions under the Bill is punishable by a scheduled fine of \$200.

Background

Under current law, those between the ages of 10 and 13 may work in street occupations or migratory labor occupations under Iowa Code section 92.1. Civil penalties assessed by the Labor Commissioner under Iowa Code chapter 92 may not exceed \$10,000. A violation of restrictions related to instruction permittees is punishable by a scheduled fine of \$70.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing
 patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay (LOS); revocation rates; plea bargaining; and
 other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- A lag effect of six months is assumed from the effective date of this Bill to the date of first entry of affected offenders into the correctional system.
- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- Fine revenue is distributed pursuant to Iowa Code section 620.8106.
- The requirement for instruction permittees to submit new documentation to the Department of Transportation (DOT) comes with the following assumptions:
 - The increased volume of instruction permit applications will be accomplished by existing staff.
 - Most individuals 16 years of age will seek to upgrade to an intermediate license rather than continue to drive on an instruction permit or will continue to use the instruction permit only. Therefore, individuals 16 years of age are not included in the estimated fiscal impact.
 - Individuals who will seek to use an instruction permit to drive to work under the Bill already have an instruction permit and will not need a duplicate card to show they are work authorized.
 - The creation of a new programming path to process child labor instruction permits will require 340 hours at \$60.58 per hour, resulting in a one-time cost of approximately \$21,000.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of SF 542 cannot be estimated due to lack of data. The Bill modifies serious misdemeanors related to child labor under lowa Code chapter 92. The Bill also modifies a simple misdemeanor related to the serving or sale of alcohol by a minor under lowa Code section 123.49(2)(f). In FY 2022, there were no convictions under lowa Code chapter 92 and no convictions under lowa Code section 123.49(2)(f).

A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of between \$430 and \$2,560. A simple misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than 30 days and a fine of between \$105 and \$855.

Table 1 below shows estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or Community-Based Corrections (CBC) residential facilities; LOS under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of serious misdemeanors. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 20, 2023, for information related to the correctional system. A conviction of a simple misdemeanor does not result in a prison sentence, but does carry the possibility of confinement in jail for up to 30 days.

Table 1 — Sentencing Estimates and LOS

	Percent	FY 22 Avg LOS in	FY 22 Marginal		FY 22 Avg	FY 22 Avg	Percent Sentenced	FY 22	Percent Ordered		FY 22 Avg LOS	FY 22 Marginal
Conviction	Ordered	Prison in	Cost Per	Percent	LOS on	Cost Per	to CBC	Marginal	to	Marginal	on	Cost Per
Offense	to State	Months (All	Day	Ordered to	Probation	Day	Residential	Cost Per	County	Cost Per	Parole in	Day
Class	Prison	Releases)	Prison	Probation	in Months	Probation	Facility	Day CBC	Jail	Day Jail	Months	Parole
Serious Misd	1.9%	5.5	\$23.42	51.2%	13.7	\$7.27	0.9%	\$20.67	73.3%	\$50.00	0.5	\$7.27

Minority Impact

The minority impact of SF 542 cannot be estimated due to lack of data. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, *Minority Impact Statement*, dated January 20, 2023, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

Senate File 542 will result in a one-time operational cost of \$21,000 to the DOT's Motor Vehicle Division (MVD) information technology (IT) resources. The Bill would require the creation of a new programming path for the receipt and recording of the child labor instruction permits, an online submission stream through myMVD, and the creation of an indicator or a restriction viewable to law enforcement during the driver's license look-up. Changes to the current motor vehicle laws will be accomplished by existing staff and resources and do not have a fiscal impact to the MVD.

The IWD estimates the Bill to have little to no fiscal impact to the IWD.

Revenue generated from the \$200 scheduled fine under new lowa Code section 321.180B(1)(c)(3) cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. **Table 2** shows the distribution of fine revenue for one conviction, including court costs and the Crime Services Surcharge.

Table 2 — Fine Revenue Distribution

State County		Victim		Criminalistics		Drug Abuse					
General Gene		General	Compensation		Laboratory		Resistance		Juvenile Home		
		ınd Funds		Fund		Fund		Education Fund			
	Fund	Funds	Fu	nd	F	und	Educat	ion Fund	Deten	tion Fund	Total

Sources

Department of Human Rights, Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division Department of Transportation LSA calculations Iowa Workforce Development

/s/ Jennifer Acton
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The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to <u>Joint Rule 17</u> and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.

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